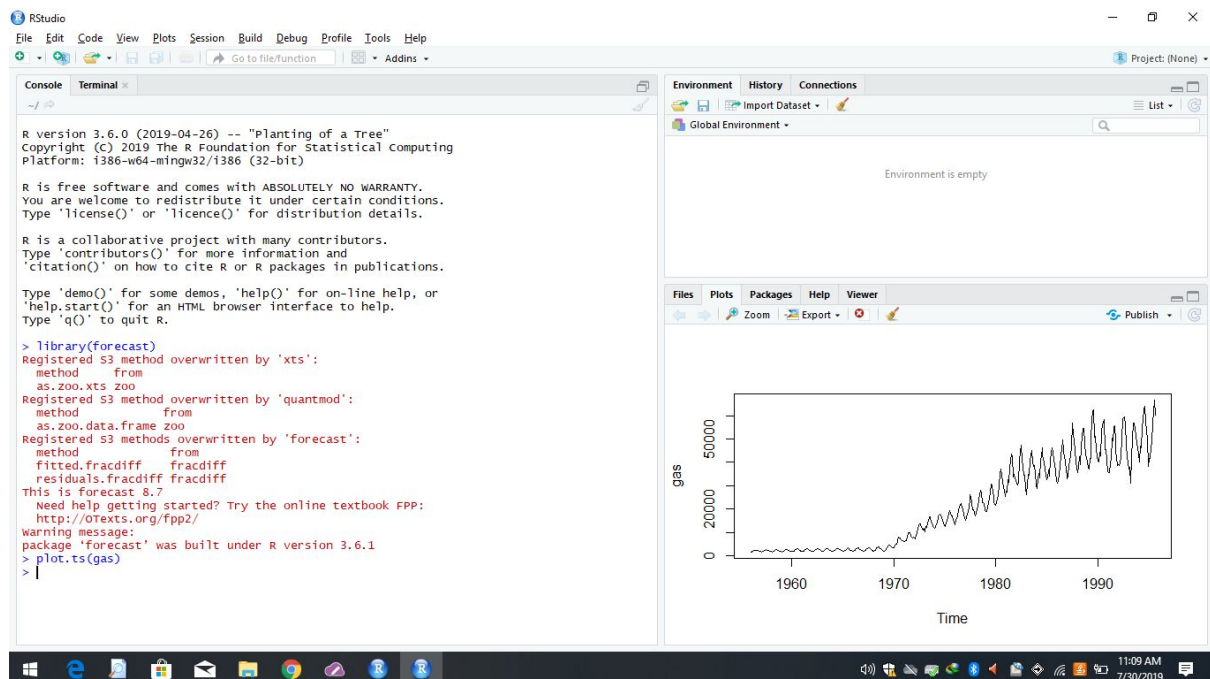


For this assignment, you are requested to download the **Forecast** package in R. The package contains methods and tools for displaying and analyzing univariate time series forecasts including exponential smoothing via state space models and automatic ARIMA modelling. Explore the **gas** (Australian monthly gas production) dataset in Forecast package to do the following:

- Read the data as a time series object in R. Plot the data **(5 marks)**
- What do you observe? Which components of the time series are present in this dataset? **(5 marks)**
- What is the periodicity of dataset? **(5 marks)**
- Is the time series Stationary? Inspect visually as well as conduct an ADF test? Write down the null and alternate hypothesis for the stationarity test? De-seasonalise the series if seasonality is present? **(20 marks)**
- Develop an ARIMA Model to forecast for next 12 periods. Use both manual and auto.arima (Show & explain all the steps) **(20 marks)**
- Report the accuracy of the model **(5 marks)**

Australian monthly gas production

- Read the data as a time series object in R. Plot the data

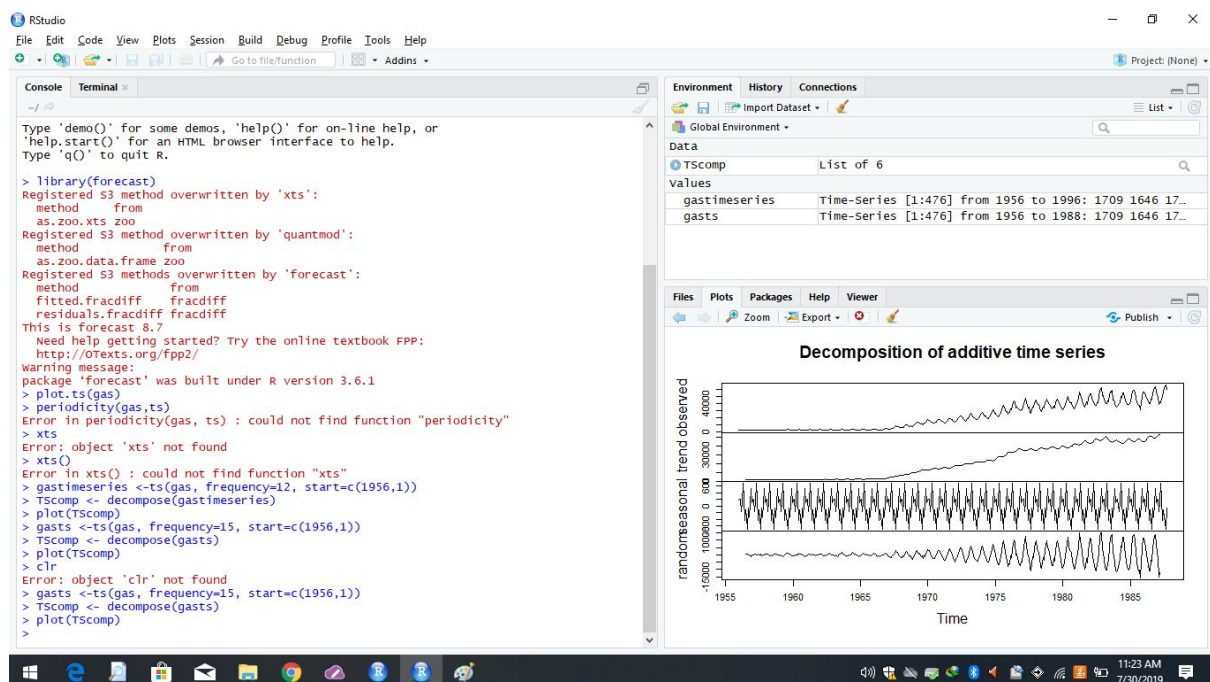


- What do you observe? Which components of the time series are present in this dataset?

From the plot my observation is, x-axis indicates year from 1960 till 1990 and y-axis indicated amount of gas produced.

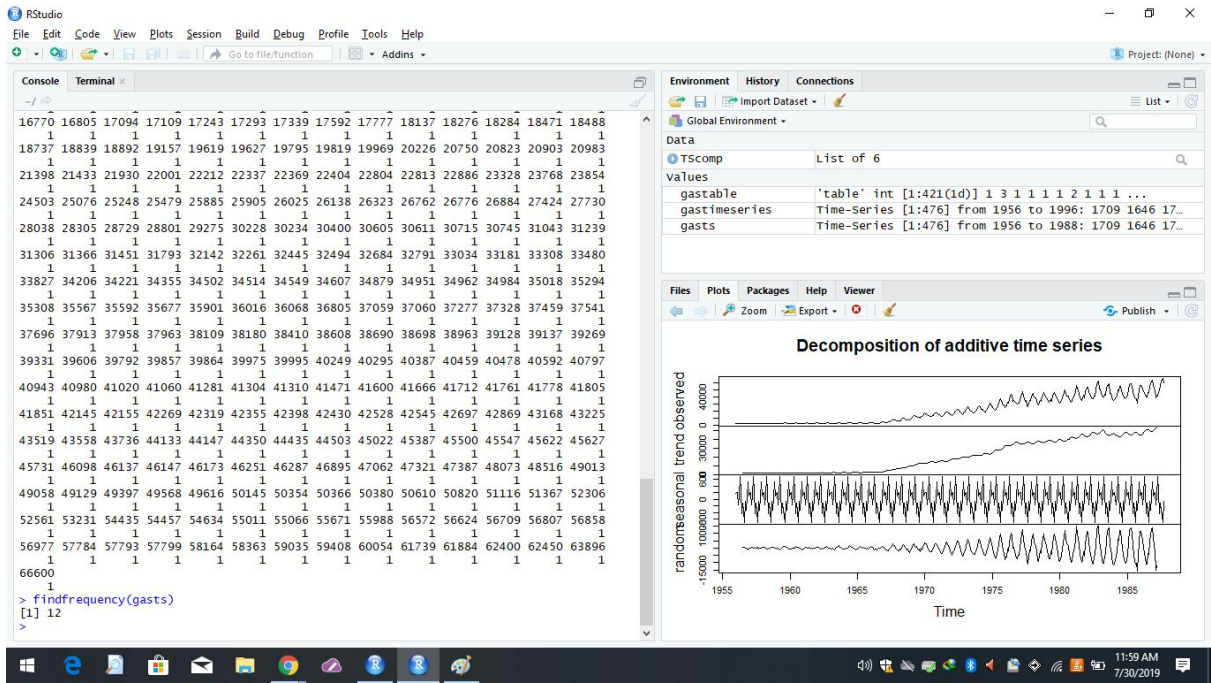
Till 1970, the gas production was low and stagnant but after 1970 the gas production has become extremely variable.

And while decomposing the time series, we can find the components such as seasonality, trend, random..



- What is the periodicity of dataset? (5 marks)

Periodicity is nothing but the frequency of the data which can be found using `findfrequency()` function. Here the output is 12 which is data is taken every month.

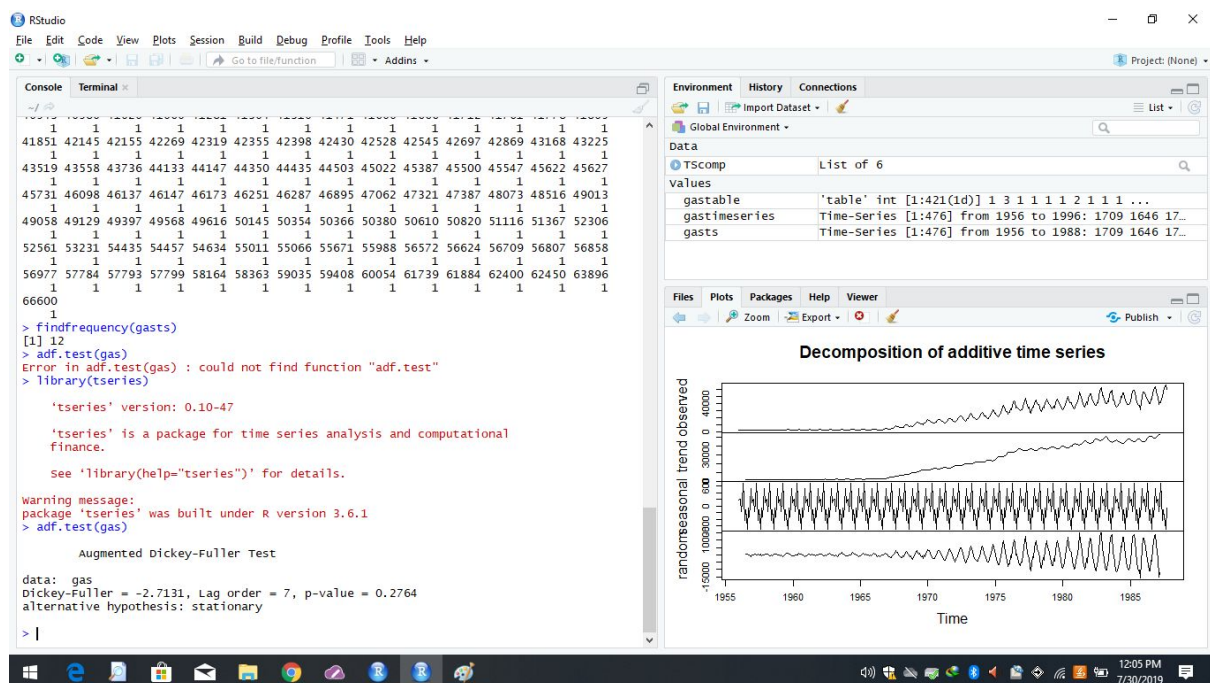


- Is the time series Stationary? Inspect visually as well as conduct an ADF test? Write down the null and alternative hypothesis for the stationarity test? De-seasonalise the series if seasonality is present?

By Visualising the plot, it is very clear that the data is non-stationary series.

ADF test can be used to check this. If P value < 0.05 then Time series is stationary. But the P-value we got here is 0.2764 (as in the image below). Hence the time series is non-stationary (Null hypothesis is accepted).

But from the image below, ADF test confirms that time series is stationary (alternate hypothesis) with P value 0.2764

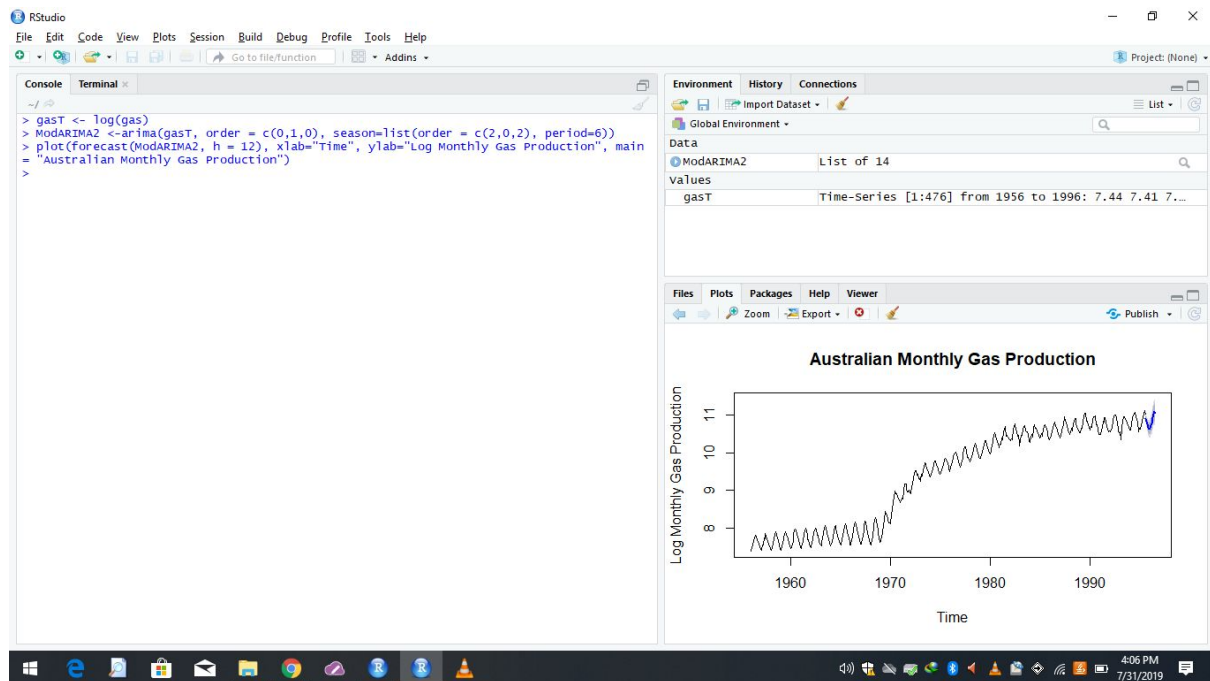


Here the Null hypothesis is time series is non-stationary, i.e $P\text{-value} > 0.05$

Alternate hypothesis is time series is stationary, i.e $P\text{-value} \leq 0.05$

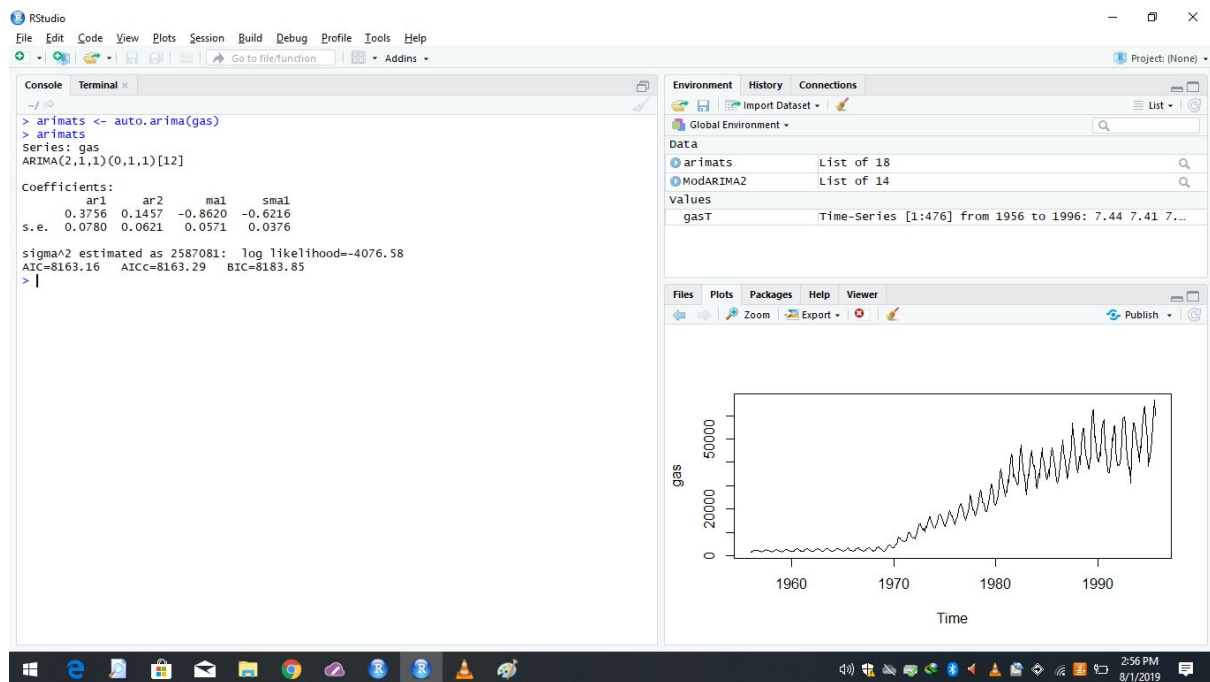
Deseasonalise:

- Develop an ARIMA Model to forecast for next 12 periods. Use both manual and auto.arima (Show & explain all the steps)



The above graph shows a similar pattern develops in the next 12 months.

Auto arima



- Report the accuracy of the model

