

# Reglas de asociación - MLxtend

Inteligencia Artificial  
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# MLxtend

- MLxtend: <http://rasbt.github.io/mlxtend/>
  - Clasificación
  - Clustering
  - Reglas de asociación
    - Extracción de itemsets frecuentes
    - Generación de reglas de asociación



# MLxtend

- Descubrimiento de itemset frecuentes

```
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori  
  
frequent_itemsets = apriori(df, min_support=0.6)
```

- df es un DataFrame de Pandas con un formato “*one-hot encoded*”

# Formato one-hot encoded

	Apple	Corn	Eggs	...	Onion	Milk	Yogurt
0	False	False	False	...	True	False	True
1	False	False	True	...	True	False	True
2	True	False	False	...	False	False	False
3	False	True	False	...	False	True	True
4	False	True	False	...	True	False	False

# Preprocesamiento

- Transacciones con items

```
dataset = [['Milk', 'Onion', 'Nutmeg', 'Kidney Beans',  
           'Eggs', 'Yogurt'],  
           ['Dill', 'Onion', 'Nutmeg', 'Kidney Beans',  
           'Eggs', 'Yogurt'],  
           ['Milk', 'Apple', 'Kidney Beans', 'Eggs'],  
           ['Milk', 'Unicorn', 'Corn', 'Kidney Beans',  
           'Yogurt'],  
           ['Corn', 'Onion', 'Onion', 'Kidney Beans',  
           'Ice cream', 'Eggs']]
```

- TransactionEncoder() provisto por MLxtend

# Preprocesamiento

- Atributos nominales

	Brand	Price
0	Ferrari	high
1	Honda	medium
2	Fiat	low

- `get_dummies()` provisto por Pandas

	brand_ Ferrari	brand_ Fiat	brand_ Honda	price_ high	price_ low	price_ medium
0	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0	0	1	0

# Itemsets frecuentes

- Descubrimiento de itemset frecuentes

```
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori  
  
frequent_itemsets = apriori(df, min_support=0.8,  
                             use_colnames=True)
```

	support	itemsets
0	0.8	(Eggs)
1	1.0	(Kidney Beans)
2	0.8	(Eggs, Kidney Beans)

# Generación de reglas de asociación

- Generación de reglas de asociación

```
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import  
                                association_rules  
  
rules = association_rules(frequent_itemsets,  
                          metric="confidence", min_threshold=0.7)
```



# Generación de reglas de asociación

	Ant.	Cons.	Ant. support	Cons. support	support.	confidense	lift	leverage	conviction
0	(Eggs)	(Kidney Beans)	0.8	1.0	0.8	1.00	1.00	0.00	inf
1	(Kidney Beans)	(Eggs)	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.80	1.00	0.00	1.0
2	(Onion)	(Eggs)	0.6	0.8	0.6	1.00	1.25	0.12	inf
3	(Eggs)	(Onion)	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.75	1.25	0.12	1.6
4	(Milk)	(Kidney Beans)	0.6	1.0	0.6	1.00	1.00	0.00	inf
5	(Onion)	(Kidney Beans)	0.6	1.0	0.6	1.00	1.00	0.00	inf
6	(Yogurt)	(Kidney Beans)	0.6.	1.0	0.6	1.00	1.00	0.00	inf

# Postprocesamiento

- Podemos utilizar las herramientas que provee Pandas

- `rules[(rules['conviction'] > 1.5) & (rules['lift'] > 1.2)]`
- `rules[rules['antecedents'] == {'Eggs', 'Kidney Beans'}]`
- `rules[rules['consequents'].apply(lambda x: 'Onion' in x)]`