



**Department of Statistics & Computer Science, University of Kelaniya**  
**ACADEMIC YEAR – 2020/2021**  
**COSC / COST 11023 – Fundamentals of Programming**  
**Lab Session – 05**

Throughout this lab session, you will learn more conditional statements, switch statements and loops in C.

1. Write a C program that prompts the user to enter the number of credit hours earned so far and displays his/her corresponding category:

First – Year Student: students with  $\leq 30$  credit hours earned

Second – Year Student:  $30 < \text{credit hours earned} \leq 60$

Third – Year Student:  $60 < \text{credit hours earned} \leq 90$

Fourth – Year Student:  $90 < \text{credit hours earned}$

If the user input is not valid, i.e., credit hours entered  $< 0$ , an error message is displayed.

Test data and expected output (sample run 1):

Please enter your total credit hours earned: 35

You are a Second – Year Student.

Test data and expected output (sample run 2):

Please enter your total credit hours earned: -10

Invalid input.

**Upload your completed program to the Lab 05 – Program 01 folder.**

2. Write a C program, that reads three integer values from the user (through keyboard entry), then display the three values in ascending order. For example, if the user entered 3 values: 84 3 130, the program should output the three values as: 3, 84, 130. Here are a few example runs of the program:

Sample run 1

Please enter three integer values: 4 10 6

The three values in ascending order are: 4 6 10

Sample run 2

Please enter three integer values: 20 5 3

The three values in ascending order are: 3 5 20

**Upload your completed program to the Lab 05 – Program 02 folder.**

3. Write a C program to implement the following statements using a switch statement.

if( letter == 'X' ) Ans:

```
sum = 0;
else if ( letter == 'Z' )
    valid_flag = 1;
else if( letter == 'A' )
    sum = 1;
else
    printf("Unknown letter -->%c\n", letter );
```

**Upload your completed program to the Lab 05 – Program 03 folder.**

4. Write a C program that produces the following output.

```
*****
*           *
*           *
*           *
*           *
*           *
*           *
*           *
*           *
*****
```

**Upload your completed program to the Lab 05 – Program 04 folder.**

5. Write a for loop which sums all values between 10 and 100 into a variable called `total`. Then, display the value of the `total` variable.

**Upload your completed program to the Lab 05 – Program 05 folder.**

6. Write a C program that prints out the prime numbers between 1 and 100.

**Upload your completed program to the Lab 05 – Program 06 folder.**