

# Unit 3

## Boolean Algebra (Continued)

Logic Circuits (Spring 2022)

### SOP Representation

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- Sum-of-products (SOP)
  - All products are the products of single variables
  - Examples
$$AB' + CD'E + AC'E'$$
$$ABC' + DEFG + H$$
- Two distributive laws are used to *multiply out* an expression
  - An expression is fully multiplied out  $\Leftrightarrow$  it is in sum-of-products form
- *Multiplying out*
  - POS expression  $\Rightarrow$  SOP expression
  - $X(Y+Z) = XY + XZ$

## POS Representation

- Product-of-Sums (POS)
  - All sums are the sums of single variables
  - Examples
$$(A + B')(C + D' + E)(A + C' + E')$$
$$(A + B)(C + D + E)F$$
- Two distributive laws are used to *factor* an expression
  - An expression is fully factored  $\Leftrightarrow$  it is in product-of-sums form
- *Factoring*
  - SOP expression  $\Rightarrow$  POS expression
  - $X + YZ = (X+Y)(X+Z)$

## Multiplying Out & Factoring

- Multiplying out
  - $(X+Y)(X'+Z) = XZ + X'Y$
- Factoring
  - $AB + A'C = (A+C)(A'+B)$
- Example
$$(Q + \overline{AB})(\overline{C'D} + Q') = QC'D + Q'AB'$$
$$(Q + AB')(C'D + Q') = QC'D + QQ' + AB'C'D + AB'Q'$$

## Multiplying Out Expressions: Example

Example

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (A + B + C')(A + B + D)(A + B + E)(A + D' + E)(A' + C) \\
 &= (A + B + C'D)(A + B + E)[AC + A'(D' + E)] \\
 &= (A + B + C'DE)(AC + A'D' + A'E) \\
 &= AC + ABC + A'BD' + A'BE + A'CDE
 \end{aligned}$$

## Factoring Expressions: Example

Example of Factoring

$$\begin{aligned}
 & AC + A'BD' + A'BE + A'CDE \\
 &= \underbrace{AC}_{XZ} + A'(\underbrace{BD' + BE + CDE}_{Y}) \\
 &= (A + BD' + BE + CDE)(A' + C) \\
 &= [\underbrace{A + CDE}_{X} + \underbrace{B(D' + E)}_{YZ}](A' + C) \\
 &= (A + B + CDE)(A + CDE + D' + E)(A' + C) \\
 &= (A + B + C')(A + B + D)(A + B + E)(A + D' + E)(A' + C)
 \end{aligned}$$

## Algebraic Simplification: Case 1

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- Combining terms

- $X\textcolor{red}{Y} + X\textcolor{red}{Y}' = X$

- Examples

$$abc'd' + abcd' = abd'$$

$$ab'c + abc + a'bc = ab'c + abc + abc + a'bc = ac + bc$$

$$(a + bc)(d + e') + a'(b' + c')(d + e') = d + e'$$

$$[X = d + e', Y = a + bc, Y' = a'(b' + c')]$$

## Algebraic Simplification: Case 2

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- Eliminating terms

- $X + X\textcolor{red}{Y} = X$

- $XY + X'Z + \textcolor{red}{Y}Z = XY + X'Z$

- Examples

$$a'b + a'bc = a'b$$

$$a'bc' + bcd + a'bd = a'bc' + bcd$$

## Algebraic Simplification: Case 3

- Eliminating literals

- $X + X'Y = X + Y$

- Examples

$$\begin{aligned}A'B + A'B'C'D' + ABCD' &= A'(B + B'C'D') + ABCD' \\&= A'(B + C'D') + ABCD' \\&= B(A' + ACD') + A'C'D' \\&= B(A' + CD') + A'C'D' \\&= A'B + BCD' + A'C'D'\end{aligned}$$

## Algebraic Simplification: Case 4

- Adding redundant terms

- $XX'$
  - $X + X'$
  - Consensus term
  - Don't care term

- Examples

$$\begin{aligned}WX + XY + X'Z' + WY'Z' \\&= WX + XY + X'Z' + WY'Z' + WZ' \\&= WX + XY + X'Z' + WZ' \\&= WX + XY + X'Z'\end{aligned}$$