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1) MULTIPLE PRIORITY QUEUE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define N 3
int queue [3][N];
int front[3] = {0,0,0};
int rear [3] = {-1,-1,-1};
int item, pr;

void pqinsert (int pr)
 {
 if (rear [pr] == N-1)
 printf ("\n Queue overflow \n");
 else
 {
printf ("\n enter the item\n");
scanf ("%d", &item);
rear [pr]++;
queue [pr][rear [pr]] = item;
 }
 }

return ;
}
```

```
void pqdelete(){
int i;
for(i=0; i<3; i++)
{
if(rear[i]==front[i]-1)
printf("queue empty\n");
else
{
printf("deleted item is %d of queue%d\n", queue[i][front[i]],
i+1);
front[i]++;
return;}
}
}

void display(){
int i,j;
for(i=0; i<3; i++)
{
if(rear[i]==front[i]-1)
printf("queue empty %d\n", i+1);
else
{
printf("\n QUEUE %d:", i+1);
```

```
for (j = front[i]; j<=rear[i]; j++)
printf("%d\t", queue[i][j]);
  }
}
return;
}

int main() {
int ch;
printf ("PRIORITY QUEUE\n");
printf ("*********\n");
printf ("\n\t1: PQ insert\n");
printf ("\n\t2: PQ delete\n");
printf ("\n\t3: PQ display\n");
printf ("\n\t4: Exit\n");
while (1)
{
printf ("\n enter the choice\n");
scanf ("%d", &ch);
switch (ch)
{
case 1: printf ("\n enter the priority number\n");
scanf ("%d", &pr);
if (pr>0 && pr<4)
```

```
pq.insert(pr-1);
else
printf("only 3 priority exists 1 2 3 \n");
break;
case 2: pq.delete(); break;
case 3: display(); break;
case 4: break;
   }
}
return 0;
}
```

2) ASCENDING PRIORITY QUEUE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX 4
int pq [MAX];
int count =0 , d =0 ;

void insert (int data) {
int i =0;
if (count ==MAX )
{ printf ("Queue overflow \n");
   return;
}
// if queue is empty, insert data
if (count ==0) {
pq [count ++] =data;
} else {
// start from right end of the queue
for (i= count -1; 1; i >=0; i--) {
// if data is smaller shift right
 if (data < pq [i ]) {
  pq [i+1]=pq [i ]; }
else {
  break; }
}
```

```
// insert data
pq[i+1] = data;
count ++;
 }
}

int removeData() {
 return pq[d++];
 }


void display () {
 int i;
if (count ==0)
 {
printf ("queue is empty\n");
 return;
}
                          in ascending ~~order~~ priority
printf ("contents of queue:");
for (i=d; i<count; i++)
 {
 printf("%d", pq[i]);
 }

printf ("\n");
}
```

```
int main() {
int choice, item;
do
{
printf("\n1. insert 2: delete_smallest 3: display 4: exit\n");
printf("Enter the choice: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
switch(choice)
{
case 1: printf("Enter the item to be inserted: ");
        scanf("%d", &item);
        insert(item);
        break;
case 2: item = removeData();
        if(item == -1)
        printf("Queue is empty\n");
        else
        printf("item deleted = %d\n", item);
        break;
case 3: display(); break;
default: break;
}
} while(choice != 4);
return 0;
}
```

3) DESCENDING PRIORITY

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX 4
int pq[MAX];
int count=0;
int d=0;

void insert(int data){
int i=0;
 if(count==MAX)
{
printf("Queue overflow\n");
return;
}
if(count==0){
 pq[count++]=data;
}else{
for(i=count-1;i>=0;i--){
if(data>pq[i]){
pq[i+1]=pq[i];}
else{
break;}
 }
```

```
pq[i+1] = data;
count++;
}
}
int removeData() {
return pq[d++];
}
void display()
{ int i;
if (count == 0)
 {
printf("queue is empty\n");
return;
}
printf("contents of queue in descending priority:");
for (i=d; i<count; i++)
  {
printf("%d", pq[i]);
}
printf("\n");
 }

int main() {
int choice, item;
```

```
do
{
printf("\n1. insert 2: delete_largest 3 : display 4: exit\n");
printf("Enter the choice : ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
switch(choice)
{
case 1: printf("enter the item to be inserted : ");
        scanf("%d", &item);
        insert(item);
        break;
case 2 : item = removeData();
        if (item == -1)
        printf("Queue is empty \n");
        else
        printf("item deleted = %d\n", item);
        break;
case 3 : display(); break;
default : break;
}
} while(choice != 4);
return 0;
}
```