```
SHOW DATABASES:
    USE ORG;
  • DROP DATABASE ORG;
  • CREATE TABLE Worker (
     WORKER ID INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY AUTO INCREMENT,
     FIRST NAME CHAR (25),
     LAST NAME CHAR (25),
     SALARY INT (15),
     JOINING DATE DATETIME,
     DEPARTMENT CHAR (25)
);
  • INSERT INTO Worker
     (WORKER ID, FIRST NAME, LAST NAME, SALARY, JOINING DATE,
DEPARTMENT) VALUES
           (001, 'Monika', 'Arora', 100000, '14-02-20
09.00.00', 'HR'),
           (002, 'Niharika', 'Verma', 80000, '14-06-11
09.00.00', 'Admin'),
           (003, 'Vishal', 'Singhal', 300000, '14-02-20
09.00.00', 'HR'),
           (004, 'Amitabh', 'Singh', 500000, '14-02-20
09.00.00', 'Admin'),
           (005, 'Vivek', 'Bhati', 500000, '14-06-11 09.00.00',
'Admin'),
           (006, 'Vipul', 'Diwan', 200000, '14-06-11 09.00.00',
'Account'),
           (007, 'Satish', 'Kumar', 75000, '14-01-20 09.00.00',
'Account'),
           (008, 'Geetika', 'Chauhan', 90000, '14-04-11
09.00.00', 'Admin');
  • CREATE TABLE Bonus (
     WORKER REF ID INT,
     BONUS AMOUNT INT(10),
     BONUS DATE DATETIME,
     FOREIGN KEY (WORKER REF ID)
           REFERENCES Worker (WORKER ID)
       ON DELETE CASCADE
);
    INSERT INTO Bonus
     (WORKER REF ID, BONUS AMOUNT, BONUS DATE) VALUES
           (001, 5000, '16-02-20'),
           (002, 3000, '16-06-11'),
           (003, 4000, '16-02-20'),
           (001, 4500, '16-02-20'),
           (002, 3500, '16-06-11');
     CREATE TABLE Title (
```

• CREATE DATABASE ORG;

```
WORKER REF ID INT,
     WORKER TITLE CHAR (25),
     AFFECTED FROM DATETIME,
     FOREIGN KEY (WORKER REF ID)
           REFERENCES Worker (WORKER ID)
        ON DELETE CASCADE
);
    INSERT INTO Title
     (WORKER REF ID, WORKER TITLE, AFFECTED FROM) VALUES
 (001, 'Manager', '2016-02-20 00:00:00'),
 (002, 'Executive', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
 (008, 'Executive', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
 (005, 'Manager', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
 (004, 'Asst. Manager', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
 (007, 'Executive', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
 (006, 'Lead', '2016-06-11 00:00:00'),
 (003, 'Lead', '2016-06-11 00:00:00');
      SHOW TABLES;
      SELECT * FROM BONUS;
      SELECT * FROM TITLE;
      SELECT * FROM WORKER;
 # Q.1) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO FETCH "FIRST NAME" FROM THE
WORKER TABLE USING THE ALIAS NAME <WORKER NAME>.
 SELECT FIRST NAME AS WORKER NAME FROM WORKER;
 #Q.2) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO FETCH "FIRST NAME" FROM WORKER
TABLE ISN UPPER CASE.
 SELECT UPPER (FIRST NAME) FROM WORKER;
 #Q.3) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO FETCH UNIQUE VALUES OF DEPERTMENT
FROM THE WORKER TABLE.
 SELECT distinct DEPARTMENT FROM WORKER;
 # Q.4) WRITE THE SQL QUERY TO PRINT THE FIRST THREE
CHARACTERS OF FIRST NAME FROM THE WORKER TABLE
 SELECT substring(FIRST NAME, 1, 3) FROM WORKER;
 # Q.5) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO FIND THE POSITION OF THE
ALPHABET ("A") IN THE FIRST NAME COLUMN "AMITABH" FROM THE
WORKER TABLE
SELECT instr( FIRST NAME, BINARY"A") FROM WORKER WHERE
FIRST NAME="AMITABH";
# 0.Q.6) WRITE THE SQL QUERY TO PRINT THE FRIST NAME FROM THE
WORKER TABLE AFTER REMOVING WHITE SPACE FROM THE RIGHT SIDE.
SELECT RTRIM (FIRST NAME) FROM WORKER;
# Q.7) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO PRINT THE DEPARTMENT FROM THE
WORKER TABLE AFTER REMOVING WHITTE SPACES FROM LEFT SIDE
SELECT LTRIM (DEPARTMENT) FROM WORKER;
#Q.8) WRITE SQL QUERY THAT FETCHES THE UNIQUE VALUES OF
DEPARTMENT FROM THE WORKER TABLE AND PRINTS ITS LENGTH
SELECT DISTINCT LENGTH (DEPARTMENT) FROM WORKER;
# Q.9) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO PRINT THE FIRST NAME FROM THE
WORKER TABLE AFTER REPLACING "a" WITH "A"
SELECT REPLACE (FIRST NAME, "a", "A") FROM WORKER;
```

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# Q.10) WRITE FIRST NAME AND LAST NAME FROM WORKER TABLE INTO
A SINGLE COLUMN COMPLETE NAME
SELECT CONCAT(FIRST NAME, " ", LAST NAME) FROM WORKER;
#Q.11) PRINT ALL WORKER DETAILS FROM WORKER ORDERD BY
FIRST NAME ASCENDING
SELECT * FROM WORKER ORDER BY FIRST NAME ASC;
# Q.12) PRINT ALL WORKER DETAILS FROM WORKER ORDERD BY
FIRST NAME ASCENDING AND DEPARTMENT DESCENDING
SELECT * FROM WORKER ORDER BY FIRST NAME ASC , DEPARTMENT
DESC;
# Q.13) WRITE A QUERY TO PRINT DETAILS FOR WORKERS WITH THE
FIRST NAMES "VIPUL" AND "SATISH" FROM THE WORKER TABLE
SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE FIRST NAME IN ("VIPUL" , "SATISH");
# Q.14) WRITE A QUERY TO PRINT DETAILS FOR WORKERS WITH THE
FIRST NAMES EXCEPT "VIPUL" AND "SATISH" FROM THE WORKER TABLE
SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE FIRST NAME NOT IN ("VIPUL" ,
"SATISH");
#Q.15) WRITE A SQL QUERY TO PRTINT DETAILS OF WORKERS WITH
DEPARTMENT NAMR AS "ADMIN"
SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE DEPARTMENT="ADMIN";
# Q.16) PRINT THE DETAILS OF WORKER WHOSE FIRST NAME CONTAIN
SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE FIRST NAME LIKE "%A%";
#Q.17) PRINT THE DETAILS OF WORKER WHOSE FIRST NAME END WITH
SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE FIRST NAME LIKE "%A";
#Q.18) PRINT DETAILS OF THE WORKER WHOSE FIRST NAME ENDS
WITH"H" AND CONTAINS SIX ALPHABETS
SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE FIRST NAME LIKE "%H" AND
LENGTH (FIRST NAME) = 6;
# Q.19) PRINT DETAILS WHOSE SALARY LIES BETWEEN 100000 AND
500000
SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE SALARY>100000 AND SALARY<500000;
#Q.20) PRINT DETAILS WHERE WORKER JOINED IN FEB 2014
SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE YEAR (JOINING DATE) = 2014 AND
MONTH(JOINING DATE) = 2;
#Q.21) SQL QUERY TO FETCH THE COUNT OF EMPLOYEES WOEKING IN
THE DEPARTMENT"ADMIN'
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM WORKER WHERE DEPARTMENT="ADMIN";
#Q.22) FETCH WORKER NAMES WITH SLARIES>=50000 AND <= 100000
SELECT CONCAT(FIRST NAME, " ", LAST NAME) AS WORKER NAME,
SALARY FROM WORKER WHERE SALARY>=50000 AND SALARY<=100000;
#Q.23) FETCH THE NUMBER OF WORKER FOR EACH DEPARTMENT IN DESC
ORDER
SELECT DEPARTMENT, COUNT (WORKER ID) AS NO OF WORKER FROM
WORKER GROUP BY DEPARTMENT ORDER BY NO OF WORKER DESC ;
#Q.24) PRINT DETAILS WHO WORK AS A MANAGER
SELECT * FROM WORKER INNER JOIN TITLE ON
WORKER.WORKER ID=TITLE.WORKER REF ID WHERE
WORKER TITLE="MANAGER";
# Q.25) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO FETCH DUPLICATES RECORDS HAVING
MATCHING DATA IN SOME FIELDS OF A TABLE
SELECT WORKER TITLE, AFFECTED FROM, COUNT (*) FROM TITLE GROUP BY
WORKER TITLE, AFFECTED FROM HAVING COUNT (*) >1;
```

#Q.26) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO SHOW THE ONLY ODD ROW FRO THE

TABLE

SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE MOD(WORKER ID, 2)!=0;

#Q.27) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO SHOW THE ONLY EVEN ROW FRO THE TABLE

SELECT * FROM WORKER WHERE MOD (WORKER ID, 2) = 0;

#Q.28) WRITE SQL QUERY TO CLONE A NEW TABLE FROM ANOTHER TABLE CREATE TABLE WORKERCLONE LIKE WORKER;

SELECT * FROM WORKERCLONE;

#Q.29) WRITE AN SQL QUERY TO FETCH INTERSECTING RECORDS OF TWO TABLES

SELECT * FROM WORKER LEFT JOIN TITLE ON

WORKER.WORKER_ID=TITLE.WORKER_REF_ID

INTERSECT

SELECT * FROM WORKER RIGHT JOIN TITLE ON

WORKER.WORKER ID=TITLE.WORKER REF ID;

#Q.30) WRITE QUERY TO SHOW THE TOP 10 RECORDS OF A SALARY

SELECT * FROM WORKER ORDER BY SALARY DESC LIMIT 10;