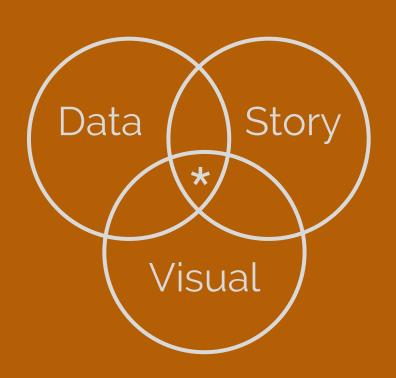
Data Visualisation

Amit Kapoor @amitkaps



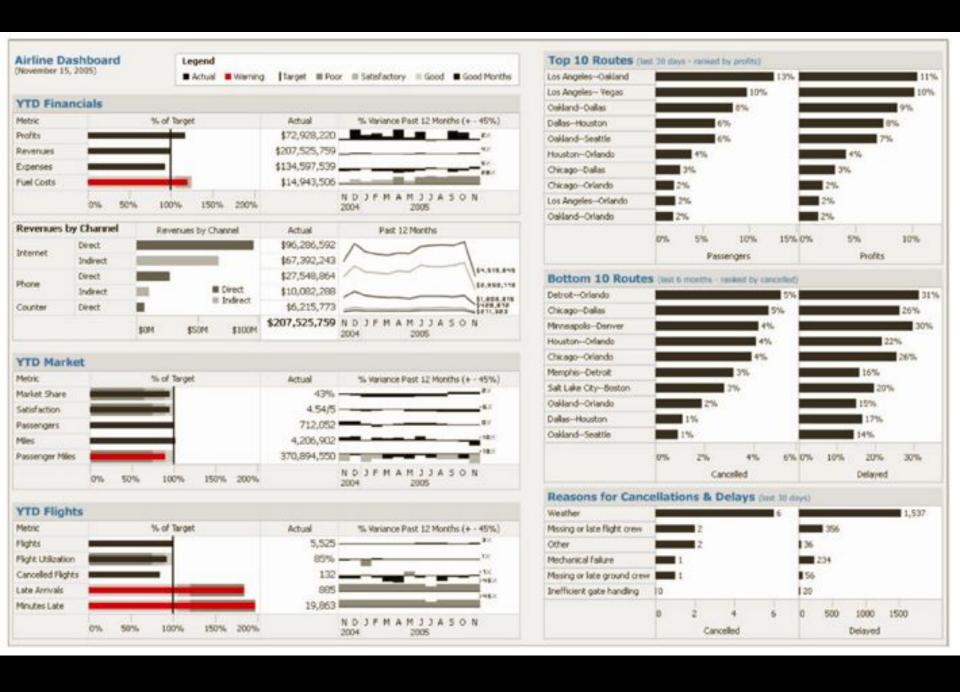
Dashboards

Dashboard

"A dashboard is a visual display of the most important information needed to achieve one or more objectives that has been consolidated on a single screen so it can be monitored at a glance" Stephen Few

Analogy - Car Dashboard





Additional Characteristics



- High-level summaries
- Small, concise, clear, and intuitive display mechanisms
- Customized
- Metrics or KPIs?

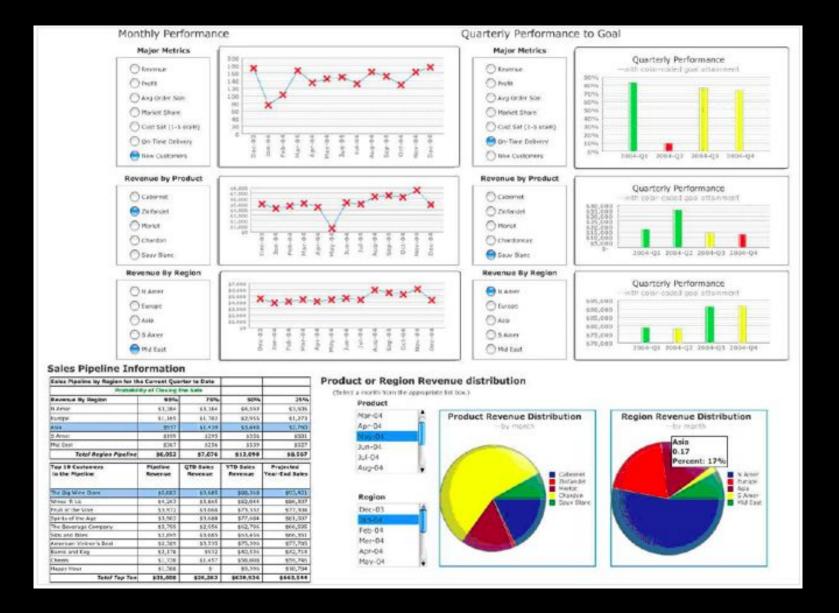
Poor Dashboard Design

- 1 Structural Challenges
 - Exceeding the boundaries of a single screen
 - Supplying inadequate context for the data
 - Arranging the data poorly

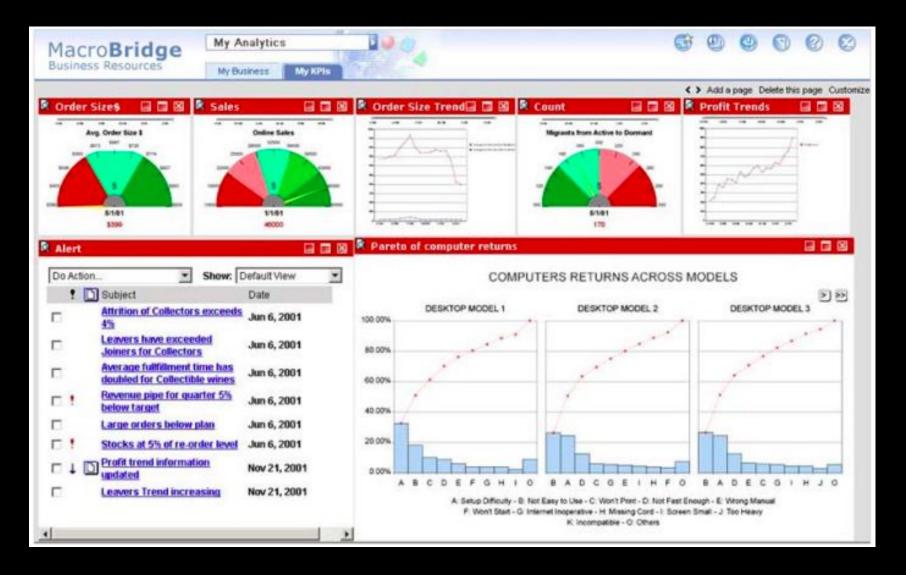
- ² Measure Challenges
 - Displaying excessive detail or precision
 - Choosing a deficient measure

- (3) Encoding Challenges
 - Choosing inappropriate media of display
 - Introducing meaningless variety
 - Encoding quantitative data inaccurately
 - Ineffectively highlighting what's important
- 4 Visual Design Challenges
 - Cluttering the screen with useless decoration
 - Misusing or overusing color
 - Designing an unappealing visual display

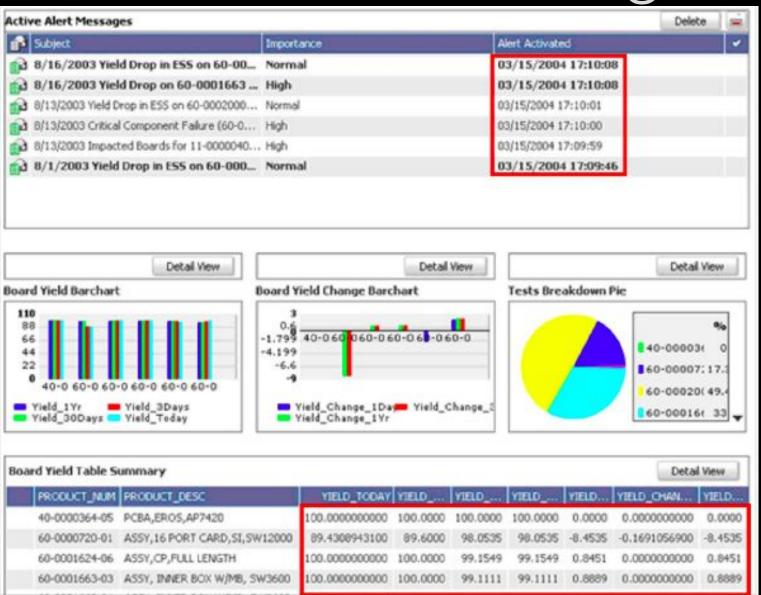
1. Structural Challenges



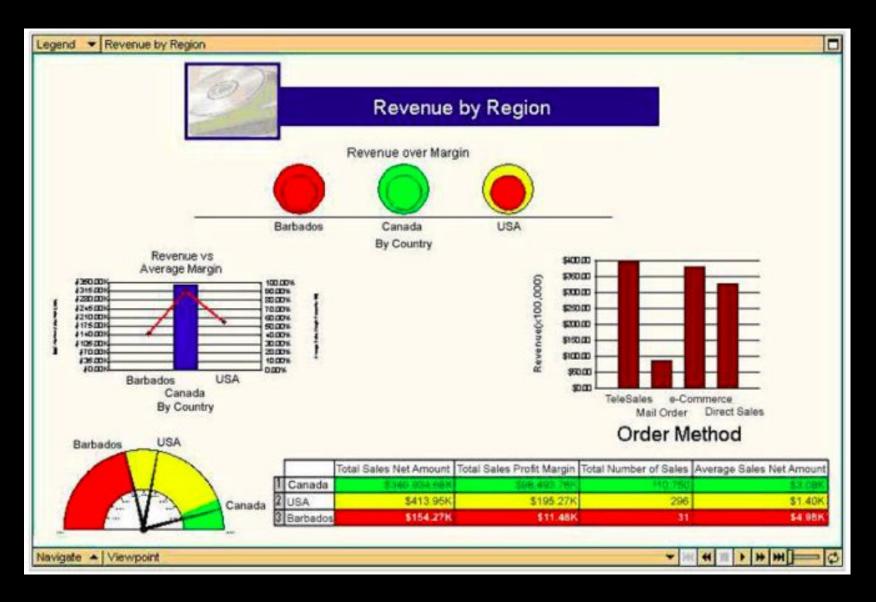
1. Structural Challenges



2. Measure Challenges



3. Encoding Challenges



3. Encoding Challenges



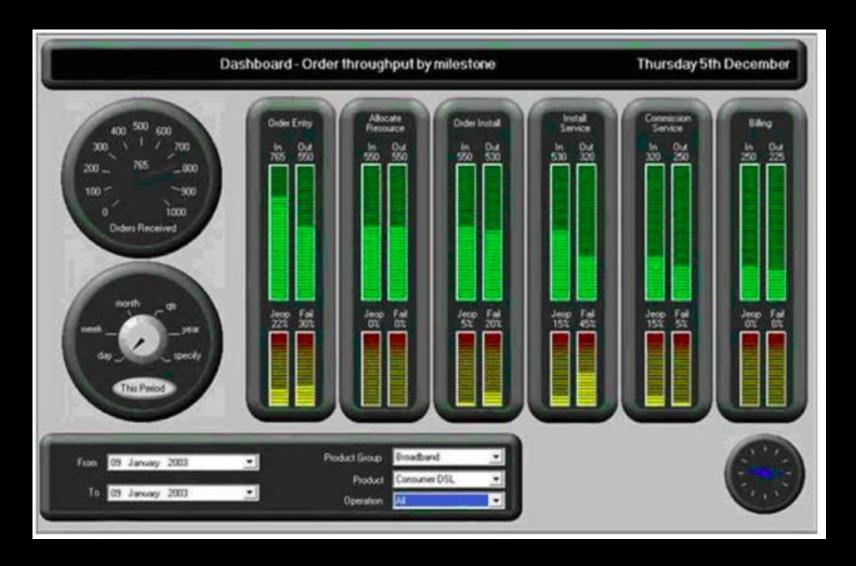
3. Encoding Challenges



4. Visual Design Challenges



4. Visual Design Challenges



Who is the Audience?

Role of the Audience

- What decision to they make?
- What questions do they need to make?

Fit in Workflow

- In what context will they be reviewing it?
- What data are they using daily?
- How much time do they have to review?

Data Comfort and Expertise

- How sophisticated are the users?
- Familiarity with tools and KPIs

Value of Dashboard

Direction

- Set Goals and Expectations
- Specific Action

Tracking

- Exceptions and Alerts
- Performance Tracking

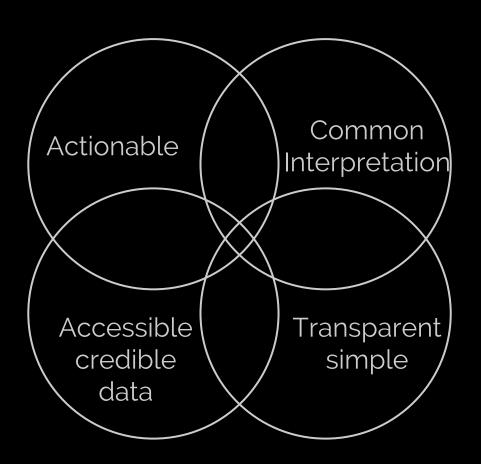
Communicate

- Common Interface
- Educate and Inform
- Progress and Success

Type of Dashboard

Scope	☐ Broad : Displaying information about the entire organization		Specific: Focusing on a specific function, process, product, etc.		
Business role			Operational: Provides a focused, near-term, and tactical view of performance		
Time horizon	☐ Historical: Looking backwards to track trends	Snapshot: Showing performance at a single point in time	Real-time: Monitoring activity as it happens	Predictive: Using past performance to predict future performance	
Customization	One-size-fits-all single view for all us		Customizable: Fusers create a view needs	functionality to let that reflects their	
Level of detail	☐ High : Presenting only the most critical top-level numbers		☐ Drill-able : Providing the ability to drill drill down to detailed numbers to gain more context		
Point of view	Prescriptive: The dashboard explicitly tells the user what the data means and what to do about it		Exploratory: User has latitude to interpret the results as they see fit		

Deciding KPIs



Quantitative Measure

Category	Measures
Sales	Bookings,Billings, Sales pipeline (anticipated sales) Number of orders, Order amounts, Selling prices
Marketing	Market share, Campaign success, Customer demographics
Finance	Revenues, Expenses, Profits
Technical Support	Number of support calls, Resolved cases, Customer satisfaction, Call durations
Fulfillment	Number of days to ship, Backlog, Inventory levels
Manufacturing	Number of units manufactured, Manufacturing times Number of defects
Human Resources	Employee satisfaction, Employee turnover Count of open positions, Count of late performance reviews
Information Technology	Network downtime, System usage Fixed application bugs
Web Services	Number of visitors, Number of page hits, Visit durations

What to do with measures

Variation in timing

e.g. This year/quarter/month/week to date

Enrichment through comparison

e.g. budget vs. actual, typical range

Enrichment through evaluation

e.g. alerts, good/bad signals

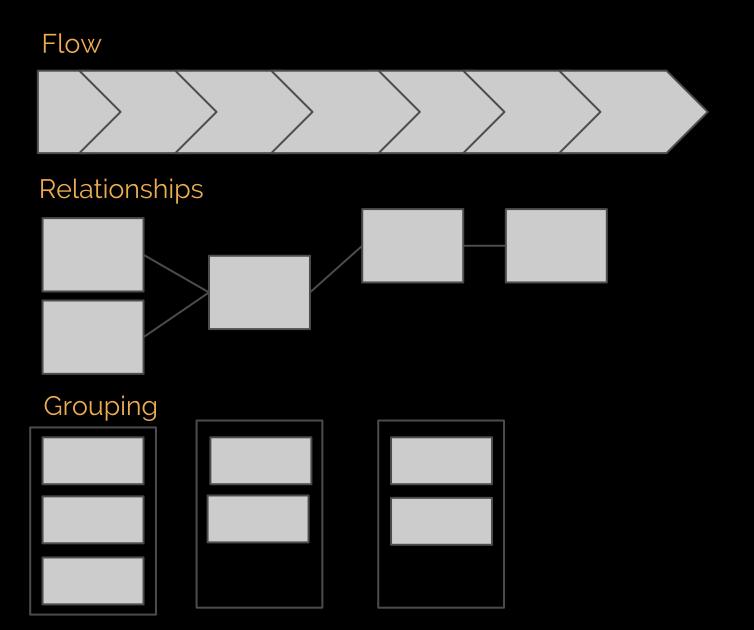
Add qualitative data

e.g. top 10 customer, issues to investigate

Format for Dashboard

	Paper One- pager	Paper Presentation	Excel	Online app	E-mail / text message	Large screen
Timeliness	-	-	+	+	+	+
Aesthetic	+	+		+	-	+
Mobility	141				+	
Connectivity				+	+	+
Data detail	-	+	+	+		
Data density	+	+			-	
Interactivity		*		+		-
Collaboration					+	-

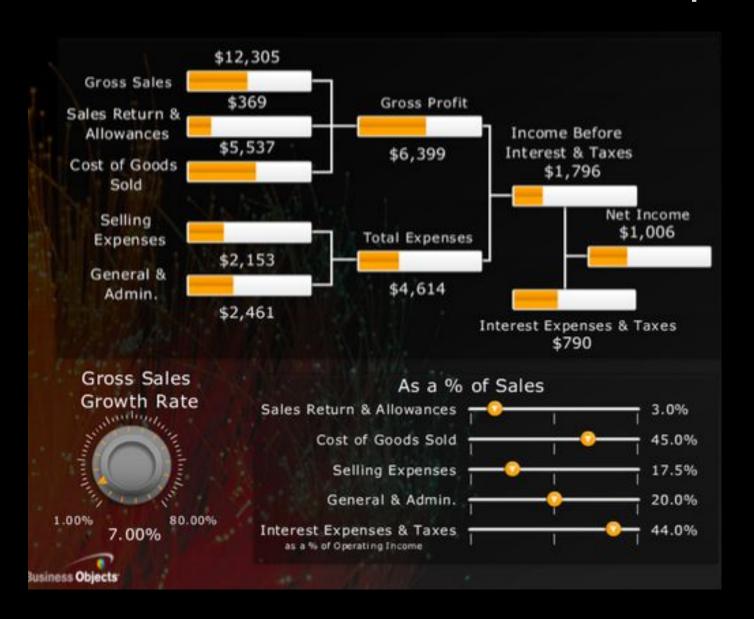
Structure for Dashboard



Structure - Flow



Structure - Relationship



Structure - Grouping

HISTORICAL CHART FINANCIALS TABLE					
Google Inc. Change		Fun	damentals Incom	e Statement Cash Flow Balan	nce Sheet SEC Filings
Size		Per Share Data		Ratios	
Market capitalization	146.0B	Earnings per share	\$14.41	Gross margin	61.51%
Enterprise value	126.7B	Revenue per share	\$70.13	Return on equity	15.93%
Revenues	22.3B	Cash flow per share	\$19.28	Price/Sales	6.6)
Net income	4.6B	Dividends per share	\$0.00	Price/Earnings	32.00
No. of employees	19,786	Book value per share (MRQ)	\$99.85	Price/Book (MRQ)	4.60
All data trailing twelve months.		All data trailing twelve months except wh	ere noted.	All data trailing twelve months exce	opt where noted.
Enterprise value - Market cap plus debt, minorii and preferred shares, minus cash and cash equ		MRQ - Most recent quarter		MRQ - Most recent quarter	

Dashboard Characteristics



Compactness/ Modularity Gradual Reveal Guide Attention Focus & Guide Attention

Wireframe your Dashboard





Focus your Attention

Emphasized	Neither emphasized nor de-emphasized
Neither emphasized nor de-emphasized	De-emphasized

Graphs - Sparklines



"data-intense, design-simple, word-sized graphic" - Edward Tufte

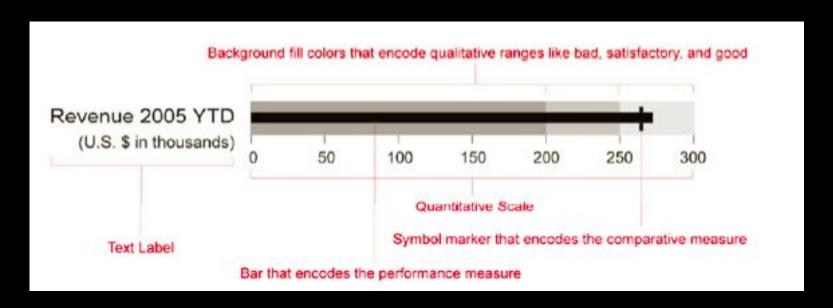
- Provide a quick sense of historical perspective
- No quantitative scale intentional
- Ideal for dashboards

League Standings

Team	W	L	Percent
QPB Ballers	9	1	90%
B&N Rockets	8	2	80%
Amazon Bats	8	2	80%
Brusing Borders	5	5	50%
Power Powell's	2	8	20%
Half Price Bases	2	8	20%
Comic Cruisers	1	9	10%

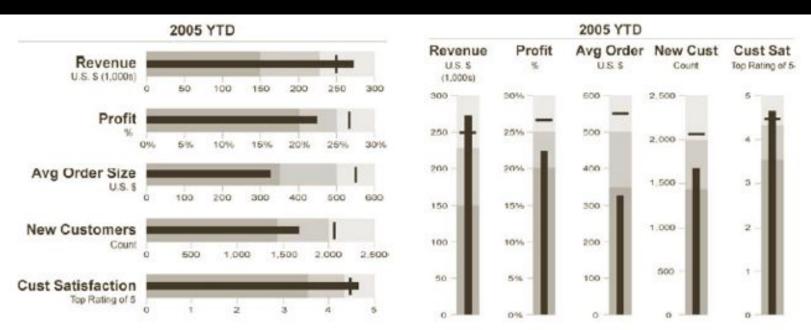
Team	w	L	History	Percent
QPB Ballers	9	1		90%
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Amazon Bats	8	2		80%
Brusing Borders	5	5		50%
Power Powell's	2	8	*********	20%
Half Price Bases	2	8		20%
Comic Cruisers	1	9	**********	10%

Bullet Graphs



- Developed by Stephen Few to replace meters and gauges in dashboards
- Dense display in a small space
- Support comparison of featured measure to one or more related measures
- Example a target, or same measure a year ago
- Relate featured measure to definitive quantitative ranges (example: good, satisfactory or poor)

Bullet Graphs

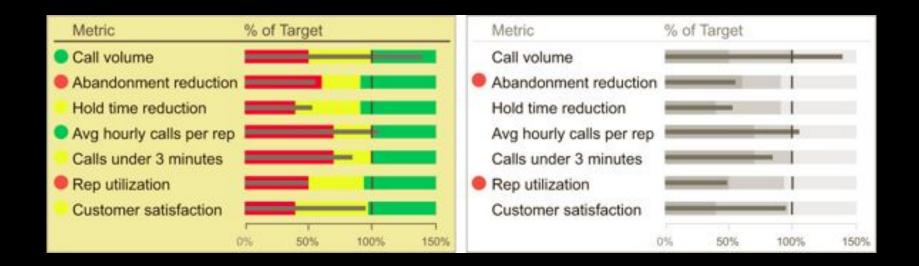


Two examples of multiple bullet graphs: one arranged horizontally and one vertically

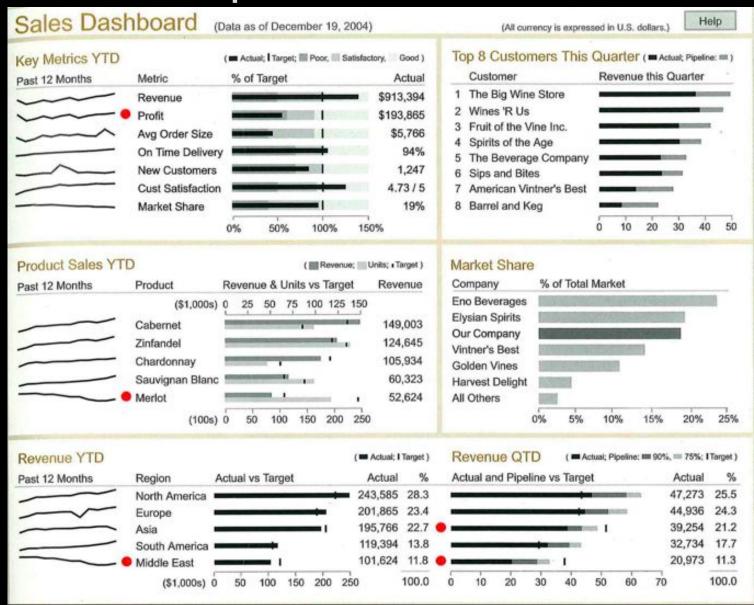
Treemaps



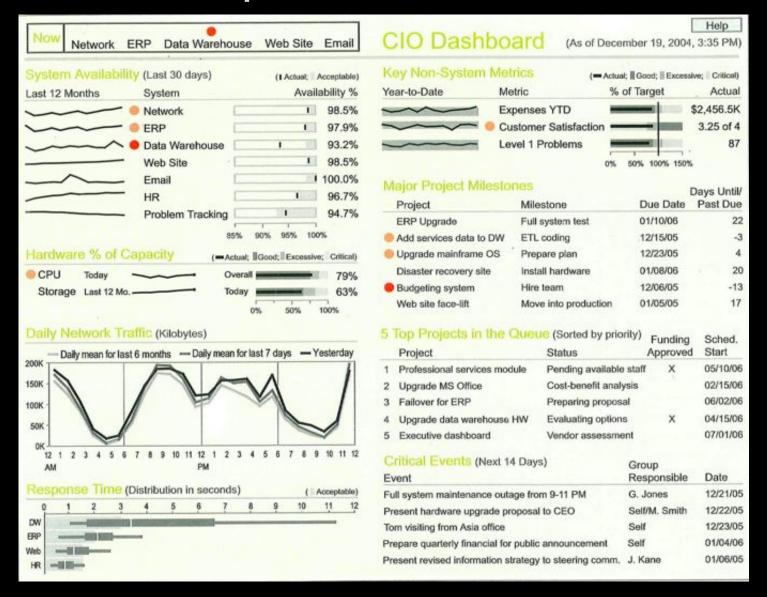
Use color carefully



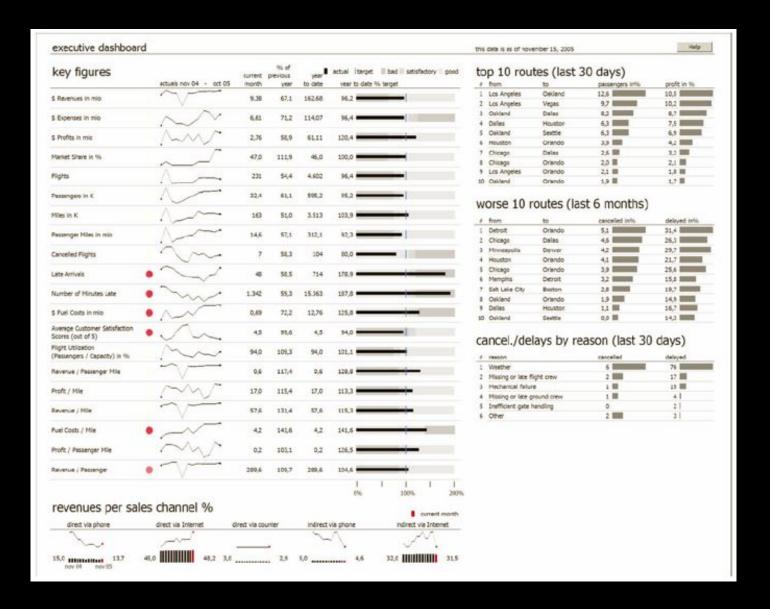
Sample Dashboard



Sample Dashboard



Sample Dashboard



32,0

2.9

15,0 ppopulation

5,0



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amitkaps.com

