#### **Spark Developer Training - 3 Days**

# Manaranjan Pradhan manaranjan@enablecloud.com

This notebook is given as part of Spark Training to Participants. Forwarding others is strictly prohibited.

# **Python Basics for Spark Developers**

This tutorial is meant to revise basic features of python programming for the participants. This will help participants start developing programs using Spark framework.

The topic that will be covered here are:

- Declating variables and prinitng
- · Arithmatic or logical operations on variables
- Built-in functions
- · Control flow statements
- Working with Data Structures: List, Tuple, Set & Dictionary
- Dealing with String
- · Functions in Python
- Lambda functions
- Classes

#### **Declaring Variables and prinintg**

```
In [1]:
var1 = 2
var2 = 5

In [2]:
var1
Out[2]:
2
In [3]:
print( var1 )
```

```
In [4]:

mystring = 'This is python'
print( mystring )

This is python

In [5]:
print( var1, var2, mystring )

2 5 This is python
```

### Operations on variables .. Arithmatic or logical

```
In [6]:
var1 + var2
Out[6]:
7
In [7]:
var1 * var2
Out[7]:
10
In [8]:
var1 == 2
Out[8]:
True
In [9]:
var1 == var2
Out[9]:
```

#### **Built-in functions**

False

```
In [10]:
round( 1.234 )
Out[10]:
1
In [11]:
# Round upto a number of decimal values
round( 1.234, 2 )
Out[11]:
1.23
In [12]:
# Importing a math function
import math
In [13]:
math.ceil( 1.2 )
Out[13]:
2
In [14]:
math.floor( 1.2 )
Out[14]:
1
In [15]:
abs( -1.2 )
Out[15]:
1.2
In [16]:
# Get the variable type
type( var1 )
Out[16]:
int
```

```
In [17]:
pow( var1 , 2 )
Out[17]:
4
In [18]:
## Generate a sequence number
numbers = range( 1, 10 )
In [19]:
numbers
Out[19]:
range(1, 10)
In [20]:
type( numbers )
Out[20]:
range
In [21]:
for i in numbers:
     print( i )
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
In [22]:
len( numbers )
Out[22]:
9
```

```
In [23]:
```

2 3 4

```
for i in numbers:
    print(i , end = " ")
```

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

#### **Control Flow Statements**

```
In [24]:
if var1 > 1:
    print( "Bigger" )
Bigger
In [25]:
if var1 > 5:
    print( "Bigger" )
else:
    print( "Smaller" )
Smaller
In [26]:
x = 10
y = 12
if x > y:
    print ("x>y")
elif x < y:
    print ("x<y")</pre>
else:
    print ("x=y")
x<y
In [27]:
for i in range(5):
    print (i)
0
1
```

```
In [28]:
i = 1
while i < 5:
    print(i)
    i = i+1
print('Bye')
1
2
3
4
Bye
In [29]:
i = 1
while i < 5:
    print(i)
    i = i+1
    if i == 4:
        break
print('Bye')
1
2
3
Bye
In [30]:
i = 1
while i < 5:
    i = i+1
    if i == 3:
        continue
    print(i)
print('Bye')
2
4
5
Bye
```

## **Working with Data Structures**

# List - Collection of elements... ( Elements can repeat )

In	[31]:				

```
## Create an empty list
fruits = ['apple', 'orange', 'banana', 'papaya']
In [33]:
fruits[0]
Out[33]:
'apple'
In [34]:
## Slicing an list
fruits[1:3]
Out[34]:
['orange', 'banana']
In [35]:
## Accessing the last element
fruits[-1]
Out[35]:
'papaya'
In [36]:
# how many elements in the list
len( fruits )
Out[36]:
4
In [37]:
seasonal_fruits = ['mango', 'cherry', 'watermelon']
In [38]:
all_fruits = fruits + seasonal_fruits
In [39]:
all_fruits
Out[39]:
['apple', 'orange', 'banana', 'papaya', 'mango', 'cherry', 'watermelo
```

n']

```
In [40]:
'banana' in all_fruits
Out[40]:
True
In [41]:
'grapes' in fruits
Out[41]:
False
In [42]:
all_fruits.index( 'banana' )
Out[42]:
2
In [43]:
all_fruits.append( 'grapes' )
In [44]:
all_fruits
Out[44]:
['apple',
 'orange',
 'banana',
 'papaya',
 'mango',
 'cherry',
 'watermelon',
 'grapes']
In [45]:
a = [1,1,2,4,5,6,7]
In [46]:
а
Out[46]:
[1, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

```
In [47]:
min( a )
Out[47]:
1
In [48]:
max( a )
Out[48]:
7
In [49]:
## How many times an element exists in a list
a.count( 1 )
Out[49]:
2
In [50]:
a.insert(3, 3)
In [51]:
а
Out[51]:
[1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
In [52]:
a.reverse()
In [53]:
a
Out[53]:
[7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1]
In [54]:
a.sort()
```

```
In [55]:
а
Out[55]:
[1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
Tuples - Immutable List
In [56]:
tup1 = ( 1, 3, 'orange' )
In [57]:
tup1
Out[57]:
(1, 3, 'orange')
In [58]:
## It is not allowed t change the tuple elements..
tup1[1] = 'a'
                                          Traceback (most recent call 1
TypeError
ast)
<ipython-input-58-f67dd2a4584f> in <module>()
      1 ## It is not allowed t change the tuple elements..
----> 2 tup1[1] = 'a'
TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
In [59]:
tupa = tuple( a )
In [60]:
tupa
Out[60]:
(1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)
```

#### Set - Order list of non-repeating items

```
In [61]:
b = set([6,1,1,2,4,5])
In [62]:
b
Out[62]:
{1, 2, 4, 5, 6}
In [63]:
b.add( 3 )
In [64]:
b
Out[64]:
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
In [65]:
c = set([2,4,6,7])
In [66]:
c.union( b )
Out[66]:
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
In [67]:
b.intersection( c )
Out[67]:
{2, 4, 6}
In [68]:
c.difference( b )
Out[68]:
{7}
In [69]:
b.remove( 3 )
```

```
In [70]:
b
Out[70]:
{1, 2, 4, 5, 6}
In [71]:
b.clear()
In [72]:
b
```

# Iterating through the elements in list or set

```
In [73]:
```

```
for i in a:
    print( i * 2 )

2
2
4
6
8
10
12
14

In [74]:

for i in b:
    print( i )
```

# **Using a Dictionary**

```
In [75]:

d0 = {}
d1 = dict( { 'One': 1, 'Two':2 } )
d1

Out[75]:
{'One': 1, 'Two': 2}
```

```
In [76]:
d0['One'] = 1
d0['OneTwo'] = 12
print( d0 )
{'One': 1, 'OneTwo': 12}
In [77]:
d0['One']
Out[77]:
1
In [78]:
# Join two lists and create an dictionary...
names = ['One', 'Two', 'Three', 'Four', 'Five']
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
In [79]:
d2 = dict( zip(names, numbers) )
In [80]:
print( d2 )
{'Two': 2, 'Four': 4, 'Three': 3, 'One': 1, 'Five': 5}
In [81]:
d2.keys()
Out[81]:
dict_keys(['Two', 'Four', 'Three', 'One', 'Five'])
In [82]:
d2.values()
Out[82]:
dict_values([2, 4, 3, 1, 5])
In [83]:
d2['six'] = 6
```

```
In [84]:
d2
Out[84]:
{'Five': 5, 'Four': 4, 'One': 1, 'Three': 3, 'Two': 2, 'six': 6}
In [85]:
# Remove an element and return it
d2.pop( 'six' )
Out[85]:
6
In [86]:
d2
Out[86]:
{'Five': 5, 'Four': 4, 'One': 1, 'Three': 3, 'Two': 2}
Dealing with Strings
In [87]:
string0 = 'python'
string1 = "Data Science"
string2 = '''This is Data science
        workshop
        using Python'''
In [88]:
print( string0, string1, string2)
python Data Science This is Data science
       workshop
        using Python
In [89]:
string2.find( "Python" )
Out[89]:
53
```

```
In [90]:
string0.capitalize()
Out[90]:
'Python'
In [91]:
string0.upper()
Out[91]:
'PYTHON'
In [92]:
len( string2 )
Out[92]:
59
In [93]:
string2.split()
Out[93]:
['This', 'is', 'Data', 'science', 'workshop', 'using', 'Python']
In [94]:
string2.replace( 'Python', 'R')
Out[94]:
'This is Data science \n
                                                   using R'
                            workshop\n
Type Markdown and LaTeX: \alpha^2
Functions in Python
In [95]:
def addElements( a, b ):
    return a + b
In [96]:
addElements( 2, 3 )
Out[96]:
```

```
In [97]:
addElements( 2.3, 4.5 )
Out[97]:
6.8
In [98]:
addElements( "python", "workshop" )
Out[98]:
'pythonworkshop'
In [99]:
def addElements( a, b ):
    return a, b, a + b
In [100]:
addElements( 2, 3 )
Out[100]:
(2, 3, 5)
In [101]:
addElements( 2.3, 4.5 )
Out[101]:
(2.3, 4.5, 6.8)
In [102]:
x, y, z = addElements(4, 5)
In [103]:
Х
Out[103]:
4
In [104]:
def addElements( a, b = 4 ):
    return a + b
```

```
In [105]:
addElements( 2 )
Out[105]:
6
In [106]:
addElements( 2, 5 )
Out[106]:
7
In [107]:
def add_n(*args):
    sum = 0
    for arg in args:
        sum = sum + arg
    return sum
In [108]:
add_n( 1, 2, 3 )
Out[108]:
6
In [109]:
add_n( 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 )
Out[109]:
21
In [110]:
add_n()
Out[110]:
0
Lambda Functions in Python
```

```
In [111]:
a = lambda x: x * x
```

```
In [112]:
a(2)
Out[112]:
4
In [113]:
a(2) * a(2)
Out[113]:
16
In [114]:
mylist = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]
In [115]:
xsquare = []
for x in mylist:
    xsquare.append( pow( x, 2 ) )
print( xsquare )
[1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81]
In [116]:
map(lambda x: pow(x, 2), mylist)
Out[116]:
<map at 0x7fa9cdc941d0>
In [117]:
xsquare1 = list( map( lambda x: pow( x, 2 ), mylist) )
In [118]:
print( xsquare1 )
[1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81]
In [119]:
mylist1 = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]
```

```
In [120]:
listprods = list( map( lambda x, y: x * y, mylist, mylist1 ) )
In [121]:
listprods
Out[121]:
[1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81]
In [122]:
list( filter( lambda x : x < 5, list1 ) )</pre>
                                          Traceback (most recent call 1
NameError
ast)
<ipython-input-122-d2cc08ce53a1> in <module>()
----> 1 list( filter( lambda x : x < 5, list1 ) )
NameError: name 'list1' is not defined
Classes and Objects
In [123]:
class Student:
   workshop = 'python'
    def init (self,name,age):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
    def describe( self ):
        print( self.name, " is ", self.age, " years old and participating in ", Stude
        return
```

```
return

In [125]:
student1 = Student( "manaranjan", 39 )

In [126]:
student1.name
```

Out[126]:

'manaranjan'

```
In [127]:
student1.describe()
manaranjan is 39 years old and participating in python class
In [130]:
Student.workshop = "Spark Developer Training"
In [131]:
```

student1.workshop
Out[131]:

'Spark Developer Training'