1)	STARTING SPARK
2)	RUNNING FIRST SPARK PROGRAM ON COMMAND LINE4
3)	USING IPYTHON NOTEBOOK
4)	WORKING WITH SPARK APIS – USING PYSPARK (INTERACTIVE)6
5)	SPARK PROGRAMMING (BATCH): SPARK-SUBMIT7
6)	PARTICIPANT'S ASSIGNMENT7
7)	WORKING WITH SPARK DATAFRAMES7
8)	START HADOOP SERVICES8
9)	WORKING WITH HDFS9
10)	CONFIGURING SPARK TO RUN ON YARN MODE
11)	WORKING WITH HADOOP: HDFS, YARN & SPARK SQL12
12)	MONITORING & DEBUGGING12
13)	SHUTDOWN HADOOP CLUSTER13
14)	PARTICIPANT'S ASSIGNMENT 2: WORKING WITH SPARK DATAFRAMES14
15)	USING SPARK STREAMING
16)	VISUALIZATION, STATISTICS & MACHINE LEARNING LIBRARIES
17)	ASSIGNMENT: VISUALIZATION, STATISTICS & MACHINE LEARNING LIBRARY17
18)	APPENDIX A: CONFIGURING SPARK
19)	APPENDIX: CONFIGURING HADOOP

### 1) Starting Spark

Note: Step A and B are already completed. So, directly go to step C.

### A. Install Spark

Go to software installation directory

#### cd /home/hadoop/lab/software

• Untar the spark installable

tar -xvf /home/hadoop/lab/downloads/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6.tgz

### B. Configure spark

• Configure the paths in .bash\_profile

This is already configured. So, skip this step. This is only given for your reference.

```
PATH=$PATH:$HOME/bin:/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/sbin
export JAVA HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre-1.7.0-openjdk.x86 64
export HADOOP INSTALL=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP COMMON HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP_HDFS_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP MAPRED HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP_YARN_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/etc/hadoop
export YARN CONF DIR=$HADOOP CONF DIR
export PATH=$PATH:$HADOOP_INSTALL/bin
export SQOOP HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/sqoop-1.4.4.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha
export PATH=$PATH:$SQOOP HOME/bin
export HIVE HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-1.2.1-bin
export PATH=$PATH:$HIVE HOME/bin
export PIG_INSTALL=/home/hadoop/lab/software/pig-0.12.0
export OOZIE HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/oozie-4.0.0
export PATH=$PATH:$PIG_INSTALL/bin:$OOZIE_HOME/bin
export PATH=$PATH:/home/hadoop/lab/software/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6/bin
#export IPYTHON=1
#export IPYTHON OPTS="notebook"
export SPARK HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6
export PYSPARK_SUBMIT_ARGS="--master local[2] pyspark-shell --packages
com.databricks:spark-csv 2.10:1.3.0 -- jars /home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-1.2.1-
bin/lib/*,/home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-1.2.1-bin/lib/mysql-connector-java-5.1.30-
bin.jar --file /home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-1.2.1-bin/conf/hive-site.xml"
export PYSPARK PYTHON=python3
export HADOOP CMD="/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/bin"
export HADOOP_STREAMING="/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-
2.7.1/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-2.7.1.jar"
```

Configure spark default configs
 A template config file is available in lab/template directory
 Copy the file into spark's \$SPARK HOME/conf directory.

cp /home/hadoop/lab/templates/spark-defaults.conf /home/hadoop/lab/software/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6/conf/

### C. Check Spark Version

Enter the command at linux prompt

### pyspark --master local[2]

The spark console should start as shown in the figure below along with Spark Version.

```
Fython 3.4.3 | Amaconda 2.3.0 (64-bit)| (default, Jun 4 2015, 15:29:08)

[SCC 4.1.7 2012031] (Red Hat 4.4.7-1)| on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credites" or "license" for more information.

16/02/13 18:54:56 INFO spark.sparkContext: Running Spark version 1.6.0

16/02/13 18:54:56 INFO spark.sparkContext: Running Spark version 1.6.0

16/02/13 18:54:58 INFO spark.securityManager: Changing view acls to: hadoop

16/02/13 18:54:58 INFO spark.securityManager: Changing view acls to: hadoop

16/02/13 18:54:58 INFO spark.securityManager: ScurityManager: authentication disabled; ui acls disabled; users with view permissions |

16/02/13 18:54:59 INFO viil.Utils: Successfully started service 'sparkDriver' on port 37912.

16/02/13 18:55:00 INFO slf4; Slf4; logger: Slf4]Logger started

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO Remoting: Starting remoting

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO Remoting: Starting remoting

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO Remoting: Starting remoting

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO spark.sparkBhry: Registering MapOutputTracker

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO spark.sparkBhry: Registering MapOutputTracker

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO storage.DiskNow: Registering BlockManagerMaster

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO storage.DiskNow: MemoryStore started with capacity 511.5 MB

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO storage.DiskNow: MemoryStore started with capacity 511.5 MB

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO storage.DiskNow: MemoryStore started with capacity 511.5 MB

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO storage.DiskNow: Started SparkUll on port 4040.

16/02/13 18:55:01 INFO storage.DiskNow: Started SparkUll at the port of the
```

Type the following commands at the spark prompt to verify some more information.

```
>>> sc.version
'1.6.0'
>>> sc.master
'local[2]'
>>> sc.startTime
1455386096092
>>> sc.pythonVer
'3.4'
>>> sc.pythonExec
'python3'
```

### 2) Running first spark program on command line

The first program will be a word count problem.

Enter the following lines at pyspark prompt

```
file = sc.textFile("file:///home/hadoop/lab/data/words")
file.first()
word_tokens = file.flatMap( lambda line: line.split() ).map( lambda word: (word, 1 ))
word_tokens.first()
word_counts = word_tokens.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a+b)
word_counts.first()
word_counts.foreach(print)
```

### 3) Using IPython Notebook

• Change directory to /home/hadoop/lab

cd /home/hadoop/lab

• Start the ipython notbook server

nohup ipython notebook --profile=pyspark &

• Check the port number of the ipython notebook server port

tail -f nohup.out

```
[hadoop@sparklab ~]$ tail -f nohup.out
[I 21:16:12.180 NotebookApp] Using MathJax from CDN: https://cdn.mathjax.org/mathjax/latest/MathJax.js
[W 21:16:12.321 NotebookApp] WARNING: The notebook server is listening on all IP addresses and not using encryption. This is not recommended.
[I 21:16:12.465 NotebookApp] Serving notebooks from local directory: /home/hadoop
[I 21:16:12.466 NotebookApp] 0 active kernels
[I 21:16:12.466 NotebookApp] The IPython Notebook is running at: http://[all ip addresses on your system]:9998/
[I 21:16:12.466 NotebookApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
```

Make a note of the port number on which the notebook server is started.

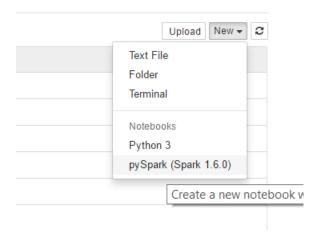
 Open a browser and enter the following URL (Change the port number as shown in the output above)

```
http://<VM IP Address>:9998/
```

This should list the directories under /home/hadoop under the VM.



• Then traverse to lab/programs. Drop down on the "new" button available on the right side of the page. And click on pyspark (Spark 1.6.0)



• It should open a new notebook. Click on "Untitled" on top of the page and rename it to "WordCount".

```
In [1]: sc
Out[1]: <pyspark.context.SparkContext at 0x7f668c8ce240>
In [2]: file = sc.textFile("file:///home/hadoop/lab/data/words")
In [3]: file.first()
Out[3]: 'Big data[1][2] is the term for a collection of data sets so large and complex that it beco
         d database management tools or traditional data processing applications. The challenges inc
         earch, sharing, transfer, analysis[4] and visualization. The trend to larger data sets is d
         vable from analysis of a single large set of related data, as compared to separate smaller
         ta, allowing correlations to be found to "spot business trends, determine quality of resear
         tions, combat crime, and determine real-time roadway traffic conditions."[5][6][7]A visuali
         its. At multiple terabytes in size, the text and images of Wikipedia are a classic example
In [4]: word_tokens = file.flatMap( lambda line: line.split() ).map( lambda word: (word, 1 ))
In [5]: word_tokens.first()
Out[5]: ('Big', 1)
In [6]: word_counts = word_tokens.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a+b)
In [7]: word_counts.first()
Out[7]: ('analysis[4]', 1)
In [9]: tokens = word counts.collect()
In [10]: tokens[0:10]
Out[10]: [('analysis[4]', 1),
          ('mobile', 1),
          ('Digitization', 1),
          ('before', 1),
          ('trends,', 1),
          ('At', 1),
          ('limitations', 2),
          ('http://www.martinhilbert.net/WorldInfoCapacity.htm', 1),
          ('business', 2),
          ('information-sensing', 1)]
```

 To shut down a notebook, go to *Running* tab and click *shutdown* against the notebook link.



### 4) Working with Spark APIs – using Pyspark (Interactive)

The guide for this will be shared before the workshop.

### 5) Spark Programming (Batch): Spark-submit

The **pyspark** program to find the top captains is available as topCaptains.py

Go to programs directory

### cd /home/hadoop/lab/programs

• Submit the program for execution

```
spark-submit --master local[1] --name topcaptains topCaptains.py
```

 Go to /home/hadoop/lab/results directory. topCaptains directory should have been created.

### cd /home/hadoop/lab/results

• Go to topCaptains directory and list the files

### [hadoop@sparklab topCaptains]\$ Is -I

```
total 4
```

```
-rw-r--r-. 1 hadoop root 224 Feb 13 22:39 part-00000
```

```
-rw-r--r-. 1 hadoop root 0 Feb 13 22:39 _SUCCESS
```

Print the content of the file part-00000

### [hadoop@sparklab topCaptains]\$ cat part-00000

```
('Smith G C', 0.61, 0.49)
```

('Fleming S P', 0.45, 0.35)

('Border A R', 0.6, 0.34)

('Dhoni M S\*', 0.55, 0.45)

('Waugh S R', 0.63, 0.72)

('Cronje W J', 0.71, 0.51)

('Ranatunga A', 0.46, 0.21)

('Ponting R T', 0.72, 0.62)

### 6) Participant's Assignment

Use the RDD APIs to analyse these data.

### 7) Working with Spark DataFrames

The guide for this will be shared before the workshop.

### 8) Start Hadoop Services

- a. Start HDFS and YARN services
  - Go to /home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/sbin directory and type the following command

cd /home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/sbin

```
./start-dfs.sh
```

## Note: verify if all the following three processes have started by typing *ips* command

```
2750 NameNode
2964 SecondaryNameNode
2840 DataNode
```

And then type the following command

### ./start-yarn.sh

Run jps and verify if all the following processes are running

```
[hadoop@hadooplab sbin]$ jps

2583 DataNode

3083 NodeManager

2713 SecondaryNameNode

2981 ResourceManager

3496 Jps

2485 NameNode

[hadoop@hadooplab sbin]$
```

Run the history server, which will provide information about completed jobs Go to /home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0/sbin directory and type the following command

#### ./mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start historyserver

And run jps to confirm if the history server is started or not.

```
[hadoop@hadooplab sbin]$ ./mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start historyserver starting historyserver, logging to /home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0 bigdataleap.com.out [hadoop@hadooplab sbin]$ jps 3165 DataNode 3286 SecondaryNameNode 5546 Jps 5513 JobHistoryServer 3076 NameNode 3560 ResourceManager 3655 NodeManager
```

> If all six processes are running, then hadoop is up and running

### 9) Working with HDFS

Listing Directories

hdfs dfs -ls /

Creating directory

hdfs dfs -mkdir /sparklab

Copying files

Using *WinSCP*, first transfer the file *txnjsonsmall* from your desktop /*spark/data* folder to the directory in VM /*home/hadoop/lab/data/txnjsonsmall* 

Then copy the file from VM's directory to HDFS directory /sparklab

hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal /home/hadoop/lab/data/txnjsonsmall /sparklab

Useful File system commands
 hdfs fsck /sparklab/txnjsonsmall -files -blocks -locations

```
Connecting to namenode via http://sparklab.awesomestats.in:50070/fsck?ugi=hadoopsfiles=1&blocks=1&locations=1&path=%2Fsparklab%2Ftxnjsonsmall FSGK started by hadoop (auth:SIMPLE) from /192.168.133.129 for path /sparklab/txnjsonsmall at Sun Feb 14 00:42:41 CET 2016 /sparklab/txnjsonsmall 588495 bytes, i block(s): OK 0. BP-1598173478-192.168.229.144-1441355465832:blk_1073742758_1934 len=588495 repl=1 [DatanodeInfoWithStorage[192.168.133.129:50010,DS-9824f1']

Status: HEALTHY
Total size: 588495 B
Total dirs: 0
Total files: 1
Total symlinks: 0
Total symlinks: 0
Total blocks (validated): 1 (avg. block size 588495 B)
Minimally replicated blocks: 1 (100.0 %)
Over-replicated blocks: 0 (0.0 %)
Under-replicated blocks: 0 (0.0 %)
Mis-replicated blocks: 0 (0.0 %)
Mis-replicated blocks: 0 (0.0 %)
Default replication factor: 1
Average block replication: 1.0
Corrupt blocks: 0
Missing replicas: 0 (0.0 %)
Number of data-nodes: 1
Number of racks: 1
Number of racks: 1
SECK ended at Sun Feb 14 00:42:41 CET 2016 in 5 milliseconds

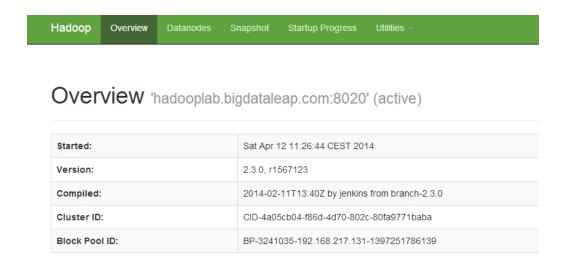
The filesystem under path '/sparklab/txnjsonsmall' is HEALTHY
```

The file to blocks mapping are shown as a result of the above command.

HDFS Web UI

Open your browser & enter the following url

http://hadooplab.bigdataleap.com:50070/



File system explorer and log explorer is available under utilities menu



### 10) Configuring Spark to run on YARN mode

Stop IPython Notebook Process

Shut down all the notebooks running



Shutdown all the notebooks running.

 Get the process id for the ipython notebook Run the following command at linux prompt

### ps -A | grep ipython

```
[hadoop@sparklab ~]$ ps -A | grep ipython 2390 ? 00:00:09 ipython [hadoop@sparklab ~]$ kill -9 2390
```

Note down the process id

Kill the ipython notebook server

### kill -9 cess id>

### Configure .bash\_profile

Open the .bash profile file from WinSCP

Copy & paste the whole "export PYSPARK\_SUBMIT\_ARGS" line to a new line

comment the current "export PYSPARK SUBMIT ARGS" settings

Change the deployment mode in the other "export PYSPARK\_SUBMIT\_ARGS" line from *local[2]* to *yarn-client* (as shown below)

```
PATH=$PATH:$HOME/bin:/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/sbin
export JAVA HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre-1.7.0-openjdk.x86 64
export HADOOP_INSTALL=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP_COMMON_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP HDFS HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP_YARN_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1
export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/etc/hadoop
export YARN CONF DIR=$HADOOP CONF DIR
export PATH=$PATH:$HADOOP INSTALL/bin
export SQOOP HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/sqoop-1.4.4.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha
export PATH=$PATH:$SQOOP HOME/bin
export HIVE_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-1.2.1-bin
export PATH=$PATH:$HIVE HOME/bin
export PIG_INSTALL=/home/hadoop/lab/software/pig-0.12.0
export OOZIE_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/oozie-4.0.0
export PATH=$PATH:$PIG INSTALL/bin:$00ZIE HOME/bin
export PATH=$PATH:/home/hadoop/lab/software/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6/bin
#export IPYTHON=1
#export IPYTHON OPTS="notebook"
export SPARK_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6
#export PYSPARK_SUBMIT_ARGS="--master local[2] pyspark-shell --packages com.databricks:s;
export PYSPARK SUBMIT ARGS="--master yarn-client pyspark-shell --packages com.databricks
export PYSPARK_PYTHON=python3
export HADOOP CMD="/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/bin"
export HADOOP STREAMING="/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/share/hadoop/tools/lib/ha
```

save and close.

### • Run the bash profile

Run the following command at the command prompt.

. .bash\_profile

### Configure spark-defaults.conf

Go to /lab/reference directory of your desktop

Copy and replace the file **spark-defaults.conf** onto the following directory in VM **/home/hadoop/lab/software/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6/conf** 

Go the putty terminal

cd /home/hadoop

Then run .bash profile

. .bash\_profile

Run *export* command at the linux prompt. It should show the new settings for PYSPARK SUBMIT ARGS

Re-Start the ipython notbook server

cd /home/hadoop

rm nohup.out

nohup ipython notebook --profile=pyspark &

• Check the port number of the ipython notebook server port

tail -f nohup.out

```
[I 21:16:12.180 NotebookApp] Using MathJax from CDN: https://cdn.mathjax.org/mathjax/latest/MathJax.js
[W 21:16:12.321 NotebookApp] WARNING: The notebook server is listening on all IP addresses and not using encryption. This is not recommended.
[I 21:16:12.465 NotebookApp] Serving notebooks from local directory: /home/hadoop
[I 21:16:12.466 NotebookApp] 0 active kernels
[I 21:16:12.466 NotebookApp] The IPython Notebook is running at: http://[all ip addresses on your system]:9998/
[I 21:16:12.466 NotebookApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
```

Make a note of the port number on which the notebook server is started.

 Open a browser and enter the following URL (Change the port number as shown in the output above)

http:// <VM IP Address>:9998/

This should list the directories under /home/hadoop under the VM.

Traverse to the *lab/programs* folder

### 11) Working with Hadoop: HDFS, YARN & Spark SQL

The guide for this will be shared before the workshop.

### 12) Monitoring & Debugging

The guide for this will be shared before the workshop.

### 13) Shutdown Hadoop cluster

### a. Stop HDFS and YARN services

Go to /home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/sbin directory and type the following command

cd /home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/sbin

./stop-dfs.sh

- And then type the following command ./stop-yarn.sh
- Stop the history server
  - ./mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh stop historyserver
- > Run jps and make sure that all six processes are stopped.

### b. Configure .bash\_profile

Open the .bash\_profile file from WinSCP

Commen the line "export PYSPARK\_SUBMIT\_ARGS" which contains yarn-client and uncomment the line which contain local[2]

save and close.

Run the bash profile

Run the following command at the command prompt.

- . .bash\_profile
- c. Stop and restart IPython Notebook Process

Shut down all the notebooks running



Shutdown all the notebooks running.

Get the process id for the ipython notebook
 Run the following command at linux prompt

### ps -A | grep ipython

```
[hadoop@sparklab ~]$ ps -A | grep ipython 2390 ? 00:00:09 ipython [hadoop@sparklab ~]$ kill -9 2390
```

Note down the process id

Kill the ipython notebook server

kill -9 cess id>

• Re-Start the ipython notbook server

cd /home/hadoop

rm nohup.out

nohup ipython notebook --profile=pyspark &

• Check the port number of the ipython notebook server port

### tail -f nohup.out

```
[hadoop@sparklab ~]$ tail -f nohup.out
[I 21:16:12.180 NotebookApp] Using MathJax from CDN: https://cdn.mathjax.org/mathjax/latest/MathJax.js
[W 21:16:12.321 NotebookApp] WARNING: The notebook server is listening on all IP addresses and not using encryption. This is not recommended.
[I 21:16:12.465 NotebookApp] Serving notebooks from local directory: /home/hadoop
[I 21:16:12.466 NotebookApp] 0 active kernels
[I 21:16:12.466 NotebookApp] The IPython Notebook is running at: http://[all ip addresses on your system]:9998/
[I 21:16:12.466 NotebookApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
```

Make a note of the port number on which the notebook server is started.

 Open a browser and enter the following URL (Change the port number as shown in the output above)

http:// <VM IP Address>:9998/

This should list the directories under **/home/hadoop** under the VM.

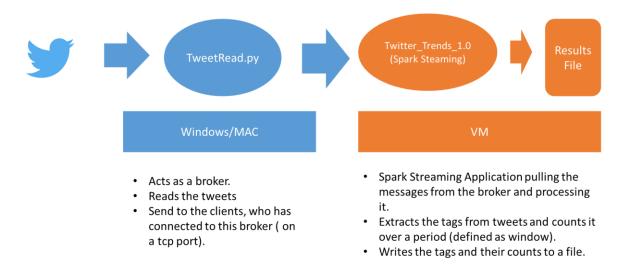
Traverse to the *lab/programs* folder

- 14) Participant's Assignment 2: Working with Spark DataFrames
- 15) Using Spark Streaming

**Preparation Step:** 

- Get the ip address of your local machine (Windows or MAC)
- Ping the ip address from the spark VM. It should get replies.
- Open the command terminal on your host machine (Windows or MAC)

- Go to the directory spark/code (Under your lab distribution folder)
- Follow the diagram below to understand how to accomplish this task.



#### Step 1:

Open a twitter account or sign in to your twitter account

### Step 2:

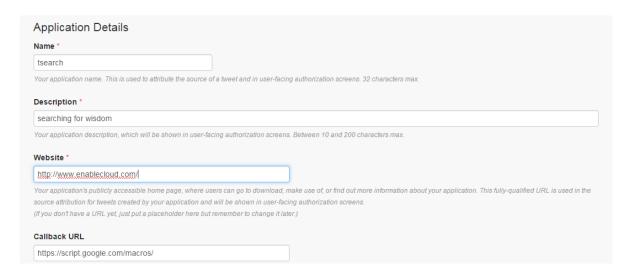
Go to <a href="https://apps.twitter.com/">https://apps.twitter.com/</a>

Click on "Create New App"

Enter the details. (The name should be unique).

You can enter any url or skip it.

### Create an application



Once application is created successfully, click on the application and click on "Keys and Access Tokens"

Copy all details to a notepad

- Consumer API key and secret
- Access token and secret

#### Step 4:

- Go to the directory spark/code (Under your lab distribution folder of your windows or mac machine)
- Change the host IP address to the IP address of your windows or MAC Machine
- Open the program TweetRead.py and update the variable with appropriate tokens.
   And save the program.
- Go the terminal and run the program TweetRead.py as follows

#### python TweetRead.py

#### Step 5:

Go to putty session of your VM and go to the following directory.

#### cd /home/hadoop/lab/programs/trends

Create a file called results and listen to the end of the file

#### touch results

#### tail -f results

#### Step 6:

- Go to the ipython notebook
- Traverse to the directory lab/programs
- Click on the file *Twitter\_Trends\_1.0.ipynb*
- Change the IP address of the following line to the IP address of your windows or mac machine. (Where TweetRead.py is listening)
  - o lines = ssc.socketTextStream("172.19.96.85", 5555)
- Then execute the steps one by one
- The last step will run indefinitely.

### Step 7:

Once these steps are executed, go to the putty session (as step 5) and wait for tweets tags and their counts (as shown below)

#### Step 8:

After the lab is completed, stop all processes.

- Stop TweetRead.py running on windows and mac machine. (Ctrl + c will work)
- Stop the ipython notebook. Select kernel -> interrupt
- Then execute the last stop *ssc.stop()*
- Go to the notebook tree page and go to the "running" tab and shutdown the application



- Go to the VM putty session and stop the tail -f results command. (Ctrl + c will work)
- 16) Visualization, Statistics & Machine Learning Libraries The guide for this will be shared before the workshop.
- 17) Assignment: Visualization, Statistics & Machine Learning Library The guide for this will be shared before the workshop.
- 18) Appendix A: Configuring Spark
  - A. Install Spark
    - Go to software installation directory

#### cd /home/hadoop/lab/software

• Untar the spark installable

tar -xvf /home/hadoop/lab/downloads/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6.tgz

- B. Configure spark
  - Configure the paths in .bash\_profile

This is already configured. So, skip this step. This is only given for your reference.

```
PATH=$PATH:$HOME/bin:/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/sbin export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre-1.7.0-openjdk.x86_64 export HADOOP_INSTALL=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1 export HADOOP_COMMON_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1 export HADOOP_HDFS_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1 export HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1 export HADOOP_YARN_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1 export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/etc/hadoop
```

```
export YARN CONF DIR=$HADOOP CONF DIR
export PATH=$PATH:$HADOOP INSTALL/bin
export SQOOP_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/sqoop-1.4.4.bin__hadoop-2.0.4-alpha
export PATH=$PATH:$SQOOP HOME/bin
export HIVE_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-1.2.1-bin
export PATH=$PATH:$HIVE_HOME/bin
export PIG_INSTALL=/home/hadoop/lab/software/pig-0.12.0
export OOZIE HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/oozie-4.0.0
export PATH=$PATH:$PIG_INSTALL/bin:$OOZIE_HOME/bin
export PATH=$PATH:/home/hadoop/lab/software/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6/bin
#export IPYTHON=1
#export IPYTHON_OPTS="notebook"
export SPARK HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6
export PYSPARK SUBMIT ARGS="--master local[2] pyspark-shell --packages
com.databricks:spark-csv_2.10:1.3.0 --jars /home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-1.2.1-
bin/lib/*,/home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-1.2.1-bin/lib/mysql-connector-java-5.1.30-
bin.jar --file /home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-1.2.1-bin/conf/hive-site.xml"
export PYSPARK PYTHON=python3
export HADOOP_CMD="/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.7.1/bin"
export HADOOP STREAMING="/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-
2.7.1/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-2.7.1.jar"
```

Configure spark default configs
 A template config file is available in lab/template directory
 Copy the file into spark's \$SPARK\_HOME/conf directory.

cp /home/hadoop/lab/templates/spark-defaults.conf /home/hadoop/lab/software/spark-1.6.0-bin-hadoop2.6/conf/

### 19) Appendix: Configuring Hadoop

All directory paths are under home directory /home/hadoop

#### d. Untar Hadoop jar file

Note: Change your directory to lab/software and untar the hadoop tar file from lab/downloads directory into lab/software folder.

Follow the following steps

- Go to lab/software
  - cd /home/hadoop/lab/software
- Untar Hadoop files into software folder
  - tar -xvf /home/hadoop/lab/downloads/hadoop-2.3.0.tar.gz
- Browse through the directories and check which subdirectory contains what files

### e. Set up .bash profile

(Note: Skip this step. This is already configured. This is only given for your understanding.)

Open .bash\_profile file under home directory

cd /home/hadoop

vi .bash\_profile

**Enter the following settings** 

```
PATH=$PATH:$HOME/bin
export JAVA HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre-1.7.0-openjdk.x86 64
export HADOOP INSTALL=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0
export HADOOP_COMMON_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0
export HADOOP_HDFS_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0
export HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0
export HADOOP YARN HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0
export HADOOP CONF DIR=/home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0/etc/hadoop
export YARN CONF DIR=$HADOOP CONF DIR
export PATH=$PATH:$HADOOP INSTALL/bin
export SQOOP HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/sqoop-1.4.4.bin hadoop-2.0.4-alpha
export PATH=$PATH:$SQOOP HOME/bin
export HIVE_HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/apache-hive-0.13.0-bin
export PATH=$PATH:$HIVE_HOME/bin
export PIG_INSTALL=/home/hadoop/lab/software/pig-0.12.0
export OOZIE HOME=/home/hadoop/lab/software/oozie-4.0.0
export PATH=$PATH:$PIG_INSTALL/bin:$OOZIE_HOME/bin
export PATH
```

- Save and exit .bash\_profile
- run following command

### . .bash profile

- Verify whether variables are defined or not by typing export at command prompt export
- Check the following versions

java –version

```
[hadoop@hadooplab ~]$ java -version
java version "1.7.0_51"
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (rhel-2.4.4.1.el6_5-x86_64 u51-b02)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 24.45-b08, mixed mode)
```

#### hadoop version

```
[hadoop@hadooplab ~]$ hadoop version
Hadoop 2.3.0
Subversion http://svn.apache.org/repos/asf/hadoop/common -r 1567123
Compiled by jenkins on 2014-02-11T13:40Z
Compiled with protoc 2.5.0
From source with checksum dfe46336fbc6a044bc124392ec06b85
This command was run using /home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0/share/
```

### f. Configuring pseudo-distributed mode

Go to conf directory of hadoop installation folder

cd /home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0/etc/hadoop

Note: You need not type the following files. The following files are already available in the **lab/references** folder on your windows or mac machine, where you copied the contents of the USB drive. You can transfer these files from your windows machine to your VM using WinSCP or scp command in MAC.

#### Note for MAC Users: People using MAC machine can use scp command

core-site.xml

```
<configuration>
    cproperty>
      <name>fs.defaultFS</name>
      <value>hdfs://hadooplab.bigdataleap.com:8020/</value>
    </property>
    </configuration>
hdfs-site.xml
   <configuration>
   cproperty>
   <name>dfs.replication</name>
   <value>1</value>
   </property>
   cproperty>
   <name>dfs.blocksize</name>
   <value>67108864
   </property>
   cproperty>
   <name>dfs.namenode.name.dir</name>
   <value>file:///home/hadoop/lab/cluster/hdfs/nn</value>
   </property>
   cproperty>
   <name>fs.checkpoint.dir</name>
   <value>file:///home/hadoop/lab/cluster/hdfs/snn</value>
   </property>
   cproperty>
   <name>dfs.namenode.checkpoint.period</name>
   <value>3600</value>
   </property>
   cproperty>
   <name>dfs.datanode.data.dir</name>
   <value>file:///home/hadoop/lab/cluster/hdfs/dn</value>
   </property>
   cproperty>
```

<name>dfs.namenode.secondary.http-address</name>
<value>hadooplab.bigdataleap.com:50090</value>

> yarn-site.xml

</property>
</configuration>

```
<configuration>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.resourcemanager.address</name>
   <value>hadooplab.bigdataleap.com:8032</value>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.resourcemanager.webapp.address</name>
   <value>hadooplab.bigdataleap.com:8088</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.nodemanager.local-dirs</name>
   <value>/home/hadoop/lab/cluster/yarn/local</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir</name>
   <value>/home/hadoop/lab/cluster/yarn/remote</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.nodemanager.log-dirs</name>
   <value>/home/hadoop/lab/cluster/yarn/logs</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.nodemanager.resource.memory-mb</name>
   <value>3072</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services</name>
   <value>mapreduce shuffle</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services.mapreduce.shuffle.class
   <value>org.apache.hadoop.mapred.ShuffleHandler</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.scheduler.maximum-allocation-mb</name>
   <value>3072</value>
 </property>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.scheduler.minimum-allocation-mb</name>
   <value>300</value>
 </property>
 cpropertv>
  <name>yarn.nodemanager.vmem-check-enabled</name>
  <value>false</value>
 </property>
 cpropertv>
  <name>yarn.log.server.url</name>
  <value>http://hadooplab.bigdataleap.com:19888/jobhistory/logs</value>
 </property>
   <name>yarn.nodemanager.vmem-pmem-ratio</name>
   <value> 4 </value>
 </property>
</configuration>
```

### > mapred-site.xml

```
<configuration>
cproperty>
    <name>mapreduce.framework.name</name>
    <value>yarn</value>
</property>
cproperty>
    <name>mapreduce.cluster.local.dir</name>
    <value>/home/hadoop/lab/cluster/mr/local</value>
</property>
cproperty>
    <name>mapreduce.map.memory.mb</name>
    <value>300</value>
</property>
cproperty>
    <name>mapreduce.reduce.memory.mb</name>
    <value>300</value>
</property>
cproperty>
    <name>mapreduce.map.java.opts</name>
    <value>-Xmx300m</value>
</property>
cproperty>
    <name>mapreduce.reduce.java.opts</name>
    <value>-Xmx300m</value>
</property>
cproperty>
    <name>mapreduce.jobhistory.webapp.address
    <value>hadooplab.bigdataleap.com:19888</value>
</property>
cproperty>
cproperty>
    <name>mapreduce.map.log.level</name>
    <value>INFO</value>
</property>
cproperty>
    <name>mapreduce.reduce.log.level</name>
    <value>INFO</value>
</property>
cproperty>
   <name>yarn.app.mapreduce.am.resource.mb</name>
    <value>300</value>
</property>
cproperty>
        <name>mapreduce.cluster.administrators</name>
        <value>hadoop</value>
</property>
cproperty>
        <name>mapreduce.reduce.log.level</name>
        <value>INFO</value>
</property>
cproperty>
        <name>mapreduce.map.log.level</name>
        <value>INFO</value>
</property>
</configuration>
```

### g. Copy the 64 bit libraries

- Copy the 64 bit native libraries
   Go to the following directory
   cd /home/hadoop/lab/downloads/lib64bit/
- cp libhadoop.so.1.0.0 \$HADOOP\_INSTALL/lib/native/
- cp libhdfs.so.0.0.0 \$HADOOP\_INSTALL/lib/native/

### h. Configure JAVA HOME

➤ Go to /home/hadoop/lab/software/hadoop-2.3.0/etc/hadoop directory

Enter the following line

```
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre-1.7.0-openjdk.x86_64
```

at the beginning of all the following files:

- hadoop-env.sh
- mapred-env.sh
- yarn-env.sh

Note: Comment the existing JAVA HOME line if already there.

#### i. Format the namenode

Enter the following command at prompt
 ( Note: Please type the command on your putty terminal, do not copy and paste )

#### hdfs namenode -format

- > Go to /home/hadoop/lab/cluster/hdfs/nn/current directory and verify whether all files have been created.
  - o fsimage (file system image) and it's md5 file (fingerprint)
  - VERSION (contains unique cluster, layout version and other details...)