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COURSE CODE

CSA - 0389

COURSE NAME

DATASTEUCTURE FOR STACK OVERFLOW

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white the algorithm for insertion sort and sort the following requence :

3,1,4,1,5,9,2,6,5

ii, Explain the procedure for nerge cont and perform the nerge each sort for the following inpute. Also, show the result for Heration 64,8, 216,512,27,72,90,1,343,125 step of

ALGORITHM FOR INSERTION !-

1. Begin with the second element in the list

3. Compare the current element to the previous elements 3. Shift all larger elements one position to the right

4. Insert the current element into its correct position. 15. Repeat steps 2-4 for each element in the list until

CORTING THE LEGUENCE:

requence: 3, 1,4,1,5,9,2,6,5

compare 5 £ 2, 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , 51, 2 , swap 5,2 1 1 3 4 2 5 9 6 5 compare 4 £ 2, 1 1 3 2 4 5 9 6 5 compare 3 £ 2, 1 1 2 3 4 5 9 6 5 Compare 9 86 1936 til sit et timele brookwap 9,6 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 5 Compare 9 8 5 , 9 35 the single desired one property, 5% 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 5 9 Compare 6 85,615 Wap 6,5 man some done of swap 6,5 1 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 9 Sorted S SON SON SHE SHE

Sorted sequence: -1,1,2,3,4,5,5,6,9

- MERGE SORT PROCEDURE:-* split the list into halver until each sublist has on element.
- * combine the sublists to produce new sorted sublists until there is one sorted list

MERGE SORT WITH 64,8, 216,512,27,729,0,1, 348,125 1. Pritial split:

· [64,8,216,512,27] and [729,0,1,343,25]

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, [64,8] and [216, 512,27]
· [729,0] and [1,343,125]
3. Further split:
[64] and [8]
· [729] and [0]
. [1] and [343, 125]
4. Merge ?
. Merge [64] and [8] \rightarrow [8,64]
. Merge [512,27] -> [27,512]
. Merge [216] and [27,512] -> [27,216,512]
. Merge [o] and [729] \rightarrow [0,729]
. Merge [125, 343] → [125, 343]
· Merge [1] and [125, 343] -> [1, 125, 343]
5. Final Merge:
· Merge [8,64] and [27,216,512] -> [8,27,64,216,512]
· Merge [0, 729] and [1,125,343] -> [0,1,125,343,729]
· Merge [8, 27, 64, 216, 512] and [0,1,125,343,729]
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Sorted list: -0,118, 27,64, 125, 216, 343, 512, 729

→ [0,1,8,27,64,125,216,343,512,729]

(10W Draw the concept map of partitioning in quick cont, try to write an algorithm for it, which is as follows and. develop a program considering the steps. step 1 - choose the highest index has pivot Step 2 - Take two variables to point left and right of the list excluding pivot step 3 - left points to the low index using elements your own ALGORITHM & 101 * select the element at the highest index as the pivot. * Set 'left' to the low index and (right' to the high index -1 * Move 'left' rightwards and 'right' leftwards until left' is greater than or equal to 'right', swapping elements as the needed. * swap the pivot with the element at the left' pointer position * Return the index of the pivot element. PROGRAM 8 -# include 1stdio.hs int main() { int an(] = {64,8, 216, 512, 27, 729, 0,1, 343, 125);

int n = size of (arr) / size of (arr[o]);

int int int while (

whi

4 while

> 39 if

```
int low = 0, high = n-1;
while (10w & high) &
   int pivot = arr[high];
   int left = 10w;
   int right = high-1;
while Cleft <= right) {
   while (left <= right && arr[left] < pivot) {
 4
 while (right >= low & e arr[right] > pivot] {
      right -- ;
 3
 if
     (left right) ?
     int temp = arr[left];
     arr [left] = arr[right];
     orr[right] = temp;
      left++;
      right -- ',
    4
    3
    int temp = arr[left];
     arr[left] = arr[high];
     arr[high] = temp;
```

```
high = left -1;
                                     if (high 1 low) {
                                                                    low = left + 1',
                                                                high = n-1',
                                        printf (" sorted array: ");
                        for (int i=0; izn; i++) {
                                                   printf (" /.d", arr(i]);
               printf ("In"); 2 1 tolig 2
                  return o',
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 7 (toloirs that)
     Output : -
Dorted array 8-0,1,8,27,64,125,216,343,512,729
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(+ 113)

constallations :

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