

HARDWARE SECURITY W3C COMMUNITY GROUP MEETING

April 2016



W3C HARDWARE SECURITY WG - LONDON APRIL 26/27

DEUTSCHE TELEKOM VIEW OF PROBLEM SPACE













HARDWARE FEATURES TO SUPPORT

- Embedded Secure Element
 - Found in many handsets (e.g. Apple iPhone)
- Smartcard
 - Via card reader attached to PC
 - Contactless via NFC
 - In the handset as microSD card
- UICC
 - In handset connected via Single Wire Protocol
- TEE
 - Hardware-backed security for ARM and Intel processors
- TPM
 - Security anchor in PCs







Car Key

One-time password

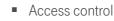


Ticketing (e.g. public transport)





Banking (German HBCI)



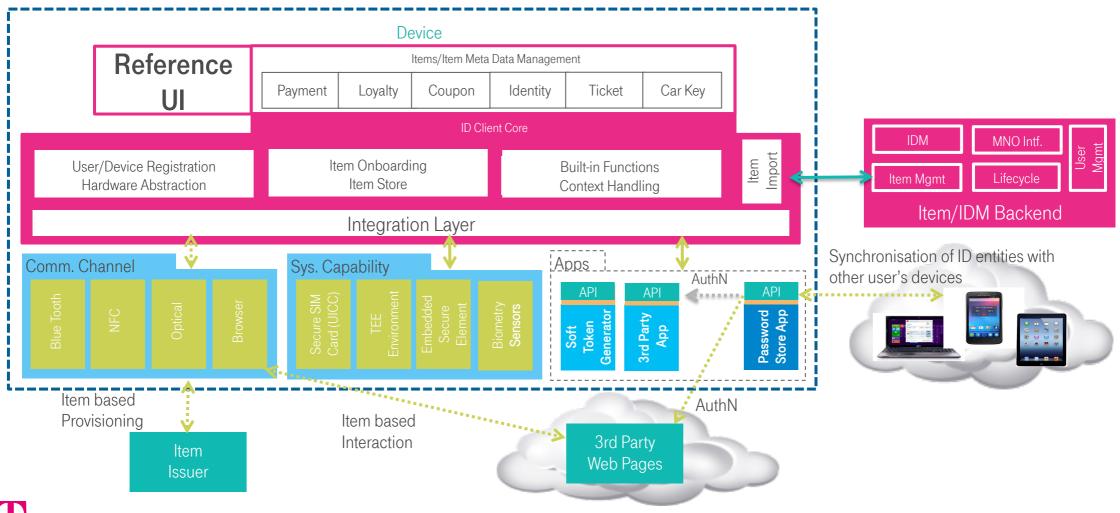


 Authentication, signature, encryption (typical smartcard scenarios) - FIDO



T-LABS ID-CLIENT

OVERALL FUNCTIONAL ARCHITECTURE



Telekom Innovation Laboratories

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS WITH HARDWARE SECURITY

Hardware security is being used billions of times all around the world

- SIM cards
- Payment
- Contactless tickets (some even ,with contact')
- Door keys (in corporations as well as in e.g. hotels)
- Citizen IDs

Many of which already have - or could have - touchpoints with the Web

- 'Embedded SIMs' allowing to virtualize what used to be a distinct piece of hardware
- Finally getting EMVCo ,Card present' payment in the web (VISA/ MC seem to be working on using the SE for this...)
- Derived Identity Data' from proprietary citizen IDs

The potential to ,webinize' the processes for virtualizing, provisioning, purchasing and administrating existing hardware security-based everyday processes is huge