



STUDENT REPORT

DETAILS

Name

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EXPERIMENT

Title

SUM OF NUMBERS AT PRIME FACTORS

Description

Prime factors of a positive integer are the prime numbers that divide that integer exactly.

Given an array arr of n integers and a positive integer num.

Let's suppose prime factorization of num is: $p^a \times q^b \times r^c \times \dots \times z^f$, where p,q,r...z are prime numbers.

Sum of numbers in array arr at indices of prime factors of number num is: $a \times arr[p] + b \times arr[q] + c \times arr[r] + \dots + f \times arr[z]$.

You are given an array arr of size n and a positive integer num. You are required to calculate the sum of numbers in arr as mentioned above, and print the same.

Note:

- If arr is empty, print -1.
- If prime factor of num not found as indices, print 0.

Input Format:

The input consists of three lines:

- The first line contains an integer, i.e. n.
- The second line contains an array arr of length of n.
- The third line contains an integer num

The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidates.

Output Format:

Print the sum that was mentioned in the problem statement.

Example:

Input:

6

11 21 32 45 1 23

6

Output:

77

Explanation:

$6=2^1 \times 3^1$

$sum=1*arr[2]+1*arr[3]=1*32+1*45=77$

Source Code:

```
import math
from collections import Counter

def prime_factor(n):
    factors=Counter()
    while n%2==0:
        factors[2]+=1
        n//=2

    for i in range(3,int(math.sqrt(n))+1,2):
        while n%i==0:
            factors[i]+=1
            n//=i

    if n>2:
        factors[n]+=1

    return factors
def sum_prime(arr,num):
    if not arr:
        return -1

    prime_factor_dict=prime_factor(num)

    total_sum=0

    for prime,power in prime_factor_dict.items():
        if prime < len(arr):
            total_sum+=power*arr[prime]
        else:
            continue
    return total_sum

arr=list(map(int,input().split()))
num=int(input())
result=sum_prime(arr,num)
print(result)
```

RESULT

0 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 0 %