

## Dictionaries

Dictionaries are used to store data values in key-value pairs.

A dictionary is a collection which is ordered, changeable and do not allow duplicates.

```
In [1]: d={}
        print(type(d))
<class 'dict'>

In [48]: d1={"name":"manatha","stream":"VLSI-DV"}
        print(d1)
        print(type(d1))
{'name': 'manatha', 'stream': 'VLSI-DV'}
<class 'dict'>

In [3]: d={}
        d["name"]="manatha"
        d["class"]="python"
        d["time"]=5.381
        print(d)
{'name': 'manatha', 'class': 'python', 'time': 5.381}

In [4]: d3=dict({})
        print(type(d3))
<class 'dict'>

In [1]: d3=dict(course="python",students=5)
        print(d3)
{'course': 'python', 'students': 5}

In [3]: d3=dict(Name="Sachin",Age=48)
        print(d3)
{'Name': 'Sachin', 'Age': 48}

In [7]: d=dict([("name",'Sachin'),('age',48)])
        print(a)
{'name': 'Sachin', 'age': 48}

In [39]: d=dict([("name",'Sachin'),('age',48)])
        print(a)
{'name': 'Sachin', 'age': 48}

In [41]: d=dict([("name",'Sachin'),('age',48)])
        print(a)
{'name': 'Sachin', 'age': 48}

In [9]: # dupliants are not allowed:
        # Duplicate values will overwrite existing values:
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964,
            "year": 2020
        }
        print(thisdict)
        print(len(thisdict))
{'brand': 'Ford', 'model': 'Mustang', 'year': 2020}
3

In [10]: # accessing the elements
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        x = thisdict["model"] # 1st method
        print(x)
        y = thisdict.get("model") #2nd method using get()
        print(y)
Mustang
Mustang

In [14]: #GET KEYS:
        # The keys() method will return a list of all the keys in the dictionary.
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        x = thisdict.keys()
        print(x)
dict_keys(['brand', 'model', 'year'])

In [16]: car = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        x = car.keys()
        print(x) #before the change
        car["color"] = "white"
        print(x) #after the change
dict_keys(['brand', 'model', 'year'])
dict_keys(['brand', 'model', 'year', 'color'])

In [17]: # get value:
        # values() method will return a list of all the values in the dictionary.
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        x = thisdict.values()
        print(x)
dict_values(['Ford', 'Mustang', 1964])

In [18]: car = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        x = car.values()
        print(x) #before the change
        car["year"] = 2020
        print(x) #after the change
dict_values(['Ford', 'Mustang', 1964])
dict_values(['Ford', 'Mustang', 2020])

In [19]: # GET ITEMS
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        x = thisdict.items()
        print(x)
dict_items([('brand', 'Ford'), ('model', 'Mustang'), ('year', 1964)])

In [21]: # check the key value exist or not
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        if "model" in thisdict:
            print("Yes, 'model' is one of the keys in the thisdict dictionary")
Yes, 'model' is one of the keys in the thisdict dictionary

In [22]: # change the variable
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        thisdict["year"] = 2018
        print(thisdict)
{'brand': 'Ford', 'model': 'Mustang', 'year': 2018}

In [23]: # update:
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        thisdict.update({"year": 2020})
        print(thisdict)
{'brand': 'Ford', 'model': 'Mustang', 'year': 2020}

In [24]: #add the elements:
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        thisdict["color"] = "red"
        print(thisdict)
{'brand': 'Ford', 'model': 'Mustang', 'year': 1964, 'color': 'red'}

In [25]: thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        thisdict.update({"color": "red"})
        print(thisdict)
{'brand': 'Ford', 'model': 'Mustang', 'year': 1964, 'color': 'red'}

In [26]: #pop
        thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        thisdict.pop("model")
        print(thisdict)
{'brand': 'Ford', 'year': 1964}

In [45]: thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        thisdict.popitem()
        #thisdict.popitem("model") #dict.popitem() takes no arguments (1 given)
        print(thisdict)
{'brand': 'Ford', 'model': 'Mustang'}

In [28]: thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        del thisdict["model"]
        print(thisdict)
{'brand': 'Ford', 'year': 1964}

In [29]: thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        del thisdict
        print(thisdict) #this will cause an error because "thisdict" no longer exists.

-----
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[29], line 7
      1 thisdict = {
      2     "brand": "Ford",
      3     "model": "Mustang",
      4     "year": 1964
      5 }
      6 del thisdict
----> 7 print(thisdict)

NameError: name 'thisdict' is not defined

In [30]: thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        thisdict.clear()
        print(thisdict)
{}

In [32]: thisdict = {
            "brand": "Ford",
            "model": "Mustang",
            "year": 1964
        }
        for x in thisdict:
            print(x)
        print()
        for x in thisdict:
            print(thisdict[x])

brand
model
year

Ford
Mustang
1964

In [33]: # add a key value pair to the dict
        key=input("Enter the key (int) to be added:")
        value=input("Enter the value for the key to be added:")
        d={}
        d.update({key:value})
        print("Updated dictionary is:")
        print(d)
Updated dictionary is:
{'': 16}

In [34]: # python program to check if a given key exists in a dic or not:
        dic={2:4,3:9,4:16,5:25,6:36}
        #print(dic)
        key=input("Enter the key:")
        if key in dic:
            print("yes, it corresponding value is",dic[key])
        else:
            print("No")
yes, it corresponding value is 4

In [35]: # python program to concatenate two dic into one.
        dic1={1:1,2:4,3:9,4:16}
        dic2={5:25,6:36,7:49,8:64}
        dic1.update(dic2)
        print(dic1)
{1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64}

In [38]: # {n,n*n}
        n=int(input("Enter the value: "))
        d={}
        for x in range(1,n+1):
            d[x]=x*x
        print(d)
{1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25}

In [39]: # Python Program to Sum All the Items in a Dictionary
        d1={"a":100,"b":20,"c":39,"d":43}
        print(sum(d.values()))
200

In [40]: d1={"a":100,"b":20,"c":39,"d":43}
        tot=0
        for i in d:
            tot=tot+d[i]
        print(tot)
200

In [41]: # multiplication:
        d1={"a":100,"b":20,"c":39,"d":43}
        mul=1
        for i in d:
            mul=mul*d[i]
        print(mul)
3198060

In [42]: keys=[]
        values=[]
        n=int(input("Enter number of elements for dictionary:"))
        print("For keys:")
        for x in range(0,n):
            element=int(input("Enter element" + str( x+1) + ":"))
            keys.append(element)
            print("For values:")
        for x in range(0,n):
            element=int(input("Enter element" + str( x+1) + ":"))
            values.append(element)
        d=dict(zip(keys,values))
        print("The dictionary is:")
        print(d)

For keys:
For values:
For values:
For values:
For values:
The dictionary is:
{1: 12, 2: 24, 3: 36, 4: 48, 5: 60}

In [44]: #examples:
        d={'A':1,'B':2,'C':3}
        key=input("Enter key to check:")
        if key in d.keys():
            print("key is present and value of the key is:")
            print(d[key])
        else:
            print("key isn't present!")

Key is present and value of the key is:
2

In [45]: d1={'A':1,'B':2}
        d2={'C':3}
        d1.update(d2)
        print("Concatenated dictionary is:")
        print(d1)
Concatenated dictionary is:
{'A': 1, 'B': 2, 'C': 3}

In [46]: #Python Program to Remove the Given Key from a Dictionary
        dic = {'A':1,'B':2,'C':3,'d':4}
        print("Initial dictionary")
        print(dic)
        key=input("Enter the key to delete(a-d):")
        if key in dic:
            del dic[key]
        else:
            print("key not found!")
            exit(0)
        print("Updated dictionary")
        print(dic)
Initial dictionary
{'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3, 'd': 4}
Updated dictionary
{'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'd': 4}

In [25]: courses_info = {
    "CS101": {"title": "Intro to Computer Science", "credits": 3, "instructor": "Dr. Smith"},
    "MATH101": {"title": "Calculus I", "credits": 4, "instructor": "Dr. Johnson"},
    "ENGL101": {"title": "English Literature", "credits": 3, "instructor": "Dr. Brown"}
}

# Print course titles and their instructors
for course_code, info in courses_info.items():
    print(f"{info['title']} is taught by {info['instructor']}")

Intro to Computer Science is taught by Dr. Smith
Calculus I is taught by Dr. Johnson
English Literature is taught by Dr. Brown

In [35]: weather_forecast = {
    "Monday": {"temperature": 75, "condition": "Sunny"},
    "Tuesday": {"temperature": 72, "condition": "Partly Cloudy"},
    "Wednesday": {"temperature": 78, "condition": "Rainy"}
}

# Print weather forecast for the week
for day, forecast in weather_forecast.items():
    print(f"{day}: {forecast['condition']}, {forecast['temperature']}F")

Monday: Sunny, 75F
Tuesday: Partly Cloudy, 72F
Wednesday: Rainy, 78F

In [21]: student_grades = {
    "Alice": {"Math": 85, "Science": 92, "English": 88},
    "Bob": {"Math": 78, "Science": 81, "English": 82},
    "Charlie": {"Math": 95, "Science": 89, "English": 94}
}

# Calculate the average grade for each student
average_grades = {}
for student, grades in student_grades.items():
    total = sum(grades.values())
    count = len(grades)
    average_grades[student] = total / count

print("Average grades:", average_grades)

Average grades: {'Alice': 88.33333333333333, 'Bob': 77.66666666666667, 'Charlie': 92.06666666666667}

In [27]: attendance_record = {
    "January": {"Alice": 20, "Bob": 22, "Charlie": 18},
    "February": {"Alice": 19, "Bob": 21, "Charlie": 20},
    "March": {"Alice": 22, "Bob": 20, "Charlie": 19}
}

# Calculate total attendance for each employee over three months
total_attendance = {}
for month, records in attendance_record.items():
    for employee, days in records.items():
        if employee not in total_attendance:
            total_attendance[employee] = 0
        total_attendance[employee] += days

print("Total attendance by employee:", total_attendance)

Total attendance by employee: {'Alice': 61, 'Bob': 63, 'Charlie': 57}

In [29]: team_performance = {
    "TeamA": {"Wins": 10, "Losses": 5, "Draws": 2},
    "TeamB": {"Wins": 8, "Losses": 6, "Draws": 3},
    "TeamC": {"Wins": 12, "Losses": 3, "Draws": 2}
}

# Calculate the total number of matches played by each team
total_matches = {}
for team, record in team_performance.items():
    total = record["Wins"] + record["Losses"] + record["Draws"]
    total_matches[team] = total

print("Total matches played by team:", total_matches)

Total matches played by team: {'TeamA': 17, 'TeamB': 17, 'TeamC': 17}

In [31]: seating_arrangement = {
    "Row1": ["Alice", "Bob", "Charlie"],
    "Row2": ["David", "Eve", "Frank"],
    "Row3": ["Grace", "Heidi", "Ivan"]
}

# Print the students in each row
for row, students in seating_arrangement.items():
    print(f"Students in {row}: {', '.join(students)}")
```

Students in Row1: Alice, Bob, Charlie  
Students in Row2: David, Eve, Frank  
Students in Row3: Grace, Heidi, Ivan

In [ ]:

Students in Row1: Alice, Bob, Charlie