In []: #Lists: List items are ordered, changeable, and allow duplicate values. ordered means index based both positiv`e and negitive changeable means we can change, add, and remove items in a list after it has been created. duplicate means in the list same value can repeat n.no of times. In [11]: l1=["python", "system_verilog", "verilog", "UVM", "perl"] 12=[9,2,7,8,9,3,6] 13=[True, False, True, True] 14=["python", 9, True] l5=list((100, "python", "day3", "class", 99, True)) print(f"list : {11} \n\t {12} \n\t {13} \n\t {14} \n\t {15}") list : ['python', 'system_verilog', 'verilog', 'UVM', 'perl'] [9, 2, 7, 8, 9, 3, 6] [True, False, True, True] ['python', 9, True] [100, 'python', 'day3', 'class', 99, True] In [35]: #Changable l1=["python", "system_verilog", "verilog", "UVM", "perl"] l1[1]="System Verilog" 11[-1]="OVM" print(f"After 1st change the elements are : {11} ") # l1[1:3]=["AI","ML"] print(f"After 2nd change the elements are : {11} ") 11[1:3]=["Data_science"] print(f"After 3rd change the elements are : {11} ") l1[1:3]=["Data_science","ML","AI"] print(f"After 3rd change the elements are : {11} ") 11.insert(2,"matlab") print(f"After 4rth change the elements are : {11} ") 11.append("SQL") print(f"After 5th change the elements are : {l1} ") 11.remove("matlab") print(f"After 6th change the elements are : {11} ") #11.remove() it required exist arugument #print(f"After 6th change the elements are : {11} ") 11.pop(2) print(f"After 6th change the elements are : {11} ") 11.pop() print(f"After 6th change the elements are : {11} ") l1.clear() #here list will remain only elements in the list will clear print(f"After 7th change the elements are : {11} ") l1=["python", "system_verilog", "verilog", "UVM", "perl"] print(f"After 8th change the elements are : {l1} ") **del** 11[2] print(f"After 9th change the elements are : {11} ") **del** 11 #completely delete the list #print(f"After 10th change the elements are : {l1} ") #if we try to access after delete it will through the error like "l1 is not define" After 1st change the elements are : ['python', 'System Verilog', 'verilog', 'UVM', 'OVM'] After 2nd change the elements are : ['python', 'AI', 'ML', 'UVM', 'OVM'] After 3rd change the elements are : ['python', 'Data_science', 'UVM', 'OVM'] After 3rd change the elements are : ['python', 'Data_science', 'ML', 'AI', 'OVM'] After 4rth change the elements are : ['python', 'Data_science', 'matlab', 'ML', 'AI', 'OVM'] After 5th change the elements are : ['python', 'Data_science', 'matlab', 'ML', 'AI', 'OVM', 'SQL'] After 6th change the elements are : ['python', 'Data_science', 'ML', 'AI', 'OVM', 'SQL'] After 6th change the elements are : ['python', 'Data_science', 'AI', 'OVM', 'SQL'] After 6th change the elements are : ['python', 'Data_science', 'AI', 'OVM'] After 7th change the elements are : [] After 8th change the elements are : ['python', 'system_verilog', 'verilog', 'UVM', 'perl'] After 9th change the elements are : ['python', 'system_verilog', 'UVM', 'perl'] In [1]: 12=[9,2,7,8,9,3,6] 12.sort() print("asscending order : ",12) 12.sort(reverse=True) print("reverse order : ",12) 13=12.copy() print("list 13: ",13) 14=list(12) print("list 14 : ",14) 14.reverse() print("list reverse : ",14) print(14[::-1]) asscending order : [2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9] reverse order : [9, 9, 8, 7, 6, 3, 2] list 13: [9, 9, 8, 7, 6, 3, 2] list 14: [9, 9, 8, 7, 6, 3, 2] list reverse : [2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9] [9, 9, 8, 7, 6, 3, 2] In [1]: #odd numbers into the list list1=[] for i in range(0,51): **if(**i%2!=0): list1.append(i) print(list1) [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49] In [2]: ls=[] n=int(input("enter the range: ")) sum1=0 for i in range(0,n): a=int(input("enter the number: ")) ls.append(a) print(ls) for i in ls: sum1=sum1+i avg=sum1/n print("average of numbers:", avg) [98, 89, 92, 95, 88, 90] average of numbers: 92.0 In [5]: # multiplication of 10 ls=[] n=int(input("enter the range:")) for i in range(0,n): mul=i*10 ls.append(mul) print(ls) [0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60] In [11]: #remove the duplicates l1=["a", "b", "c", "a", "c"] 12=[] for i in l1: if i not in 12: 12.append(i) print(12) ['a', 'b', 'c'] In []: #input is "python is very easy" # output = ["easy", "very", "is", "python"] #output = ["nohtyp" , "si", "yrev", "ysae"] In [2]: s=input(" ") s1=s.split() #print(s1) 11=[] l=len(s1)-1 #print("length :", 1) while(1>=0): 11.append(s1[1]) 1=1-1 output=" ".join(l1) print(l1) print(output) ['easy', 'very', 'is', 'python'] easy very is python In [22]: s=input(" ") s1=s.split() #print(s1) 11=[] i=0 l=len(s1)-1 while(i<=1):</pre> 11.append(s1[i][::-1]) output=" ".join(l1) print(l1) print(output) ['nohtyP', 'si', 'yrev', 'ysae'] nohtyP si yrev ysae In [12]: evensum=0 oddsum=0 el=[] ol=[] n=int(input("enter a range: ")) for i in range(0,n): **if(**i%2==0): el.append(i) else: ol.append(i) print("Even numbers list: ",el) print("Odd numbers list: ",ol) for m in el: evensum=evensum+m for n in ol: oddsum=oddsum+n print(evensum) print(oddsum) Even numbers list: [0, 2, 4, 6, 8] Odd numbers list: [1, 3, 5, 7, 9] 20 25 In [13]: #swapping first and last elements ls=[10,20,30,40,50] temp=ls[0] ls[0]=ls[len(ls)-1]ls[len(ls)-1] = tempprint(ls) [50, 20, 30, 40, 10] In [14]: #find the max number in list(m-1) 1=[6,4,7,3,9,0] greater=max(1) print(greater) In [15]: l=[6,4,7,3,9,0] 1.sort() print(1) print(l[-1]) print(l[len(l)-1]) [0, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9] In [16]: # find second largest number in the list 1=[6,4,7,3,9,0,64,97,111] 1.sort() print(1) print(1[-2]) print(l[len(1)-2]) [0, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 64, 97, 111] 97 97 In [17]: #python program to print largest even and largest odd number in list: 1=[6,4,7,3,9,0,64,76,10,97,111] even_list=[] odd_list=[] for i in 1: **if(**i%**2**==0): even_list.append(i) else: odd_list.append(i) print(even_list) print(odd_list) print(max(even_list)) print(max(odd_list)) [6, 4, 0, 64, 76, 10] [7, 3, 9, 97, 111] 76 111 In [18]: #sum of the negative numbers, sum of postive even_numbers and sum of positive odd_numbers in given list. 1=[-2,-9,-4,7,8,6,0,2,-6,9,8] positive_list=[] negative_list=[] n_sum=0 el=[] ol=[] for i in 1: **if**(i>=0): positive_list.append(i) negative_list.append(i) print("p_1", positive_list) print("n_l", negative_list) for i in negative_list: n_sum=n_sum+i print("negative sum", n_sum) for i in positive_list: **if(i%2==**0): el.append(i) else: ol.append(i) print(el) print(ol) es=0 os=0 for i in el: es=es+i print("even sum",es) for i in ol: os=os+i print("odd sum",os) p_1 [7, 8, 6, 0, 2, 9, 8] n_1 [-2, -9, -4, -6] negative sum -21 [8, 6, 0, 2, 8] [7, 9] even sum 24 odd sum 16 In [19]: #WAP to count occurence of an element in a list. 1=[9,0,1,0,1,7,1,5,1,3] count=0 n=int(input("enter a count number:")) for i in 1: **if**(i==n): count=count+1 else: pass print(count) In [25]: 11=[1,2,3,4,5,6] 12=[2,4,6,8,7,9] l=11+12 #method-1 print(1) #or 11.extend(12) #method-2 print(l1) [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 2, 4, 6, 8, 7, 9] [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 2, 4, 6, 8, 7, 9] In [3]: Mylist=["Pthon", "day",3] my1=["class"] Mylist.extend(my1) print(Mylist) Mylist.extend('Class') print(Mylist) ['Pthon', 'day', 3, 'class'] ['Pthon', 'day', 3, 'class', 'C', 'l', 'a', 's', 's'] In [28]: # python program to generate random numbers from 1 to 20 and append them to the list. import random 1=[] for i in range(0,20): #1.append(random.randint(0,90)) 1.append(random.randrange(1,100)) print(1) [92, 41, 19, 44, 63, 39, 4, 9, 24, 35, 44, 91, 64, 30, 78, 20, 39, 69, 62, 68] In [39]: #create a list with mixed type of elements. l=[1, "x", 4, 5.6, "z", 9, "a", 0, 4] intlist=[] strlist=[] for i in 1: if(type(i)==int): intlist.append(i) if(type(i)==str): strlist.append(i) print(intlist) print(strlist) [1, 4, 9, 0, 4] ['x', 'z', 'a'] In [17]: #WAP to remove punctuations from a string punctuations='''!()-{}[];:'"\,<>./?@#\$%^&*_~''' string_1 =input("enter a string: ") no punct ="" for char in string_1: if char not in punctuations: no_punct=no_punct+char print(no_punct) hjdj78 In []: #check list is empty or not #create a new list with the sequare of each element in the original list #remove all occurrences of a specific elemnts from the list #check list is pallindrom or not #[::-1] #calculate the product of elements in the list #WAP to check leap year #wap to find to find the factorial of a number #WAP to check amstrong number $(1^3+5^3+3^3=153)$ In [1]: #access the two elements using single for loop t=[(1, "Amit"),(2, "Divya"),(3, "Sameer")] print(type(t)) for i, j in t: print(i,j) <class 'list'>

1 Amit

In []: