# **Asynchronous Processing Documentation**

The image processing workflow is **asynchronous**, meaning tasks run in the background while the API remains responsive. This is achieved using **background workers** that handle image processing without blocking API requests.

#### **How Asynchronous Processing Works**

#### 1.Request Creation & CSV Upload

- The user uploads a CSV file via the /upload/ API.
- A new **Request** document is created in the database with:
  - o status = "PENDING"
  - A unique request ID (requestId)
- For each row in the CSV file, a **Product document** is created with:
  - The associated requestId
  - inputImageUrls extracted from the CSV
  - outputImageUrls = [] (empty initially)

## 2. Background Worker Starts Processing

- The user triggers processing via /process/<requestId>/ API.
- The system updates the Request status to "PROCESSING".
- A worker function (process images()) runs asynchronously and:
  - Fetches all products linked to the requestld.
  - Processes each image from inputImageUrls.
  - Generates corresponding output/mageUrls.
  - Updates the database.

#### 3. Image Processing Details

Each input image undergoes:

**Fetching** – Downloading the image via requests.get().

**Processing** – Simulating processing by appending -output to the image URL.

Saving Results – Storing processed URLs in output/mageUrls.

#### **Example Processing**

```
Refore:

{
"inputImageUrls":["https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1521747116042-5a810fda9664"]
}

After:

{
"outputImageUrls":
["https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1521747116042-5a810fda9664-output"]
}
```

## 4. Status Update & Completion

- Once all images are processed, the Request status updates to "COMPLETED".
- If any errors occur, the status is set to "FAILED".
- The user can check status via /status/<requestId>/ API.

#### **Final Response Example**

```
[
"requestId": "123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-426614174000",
"status": "COMPLETED"
}
```

## **Worker Functions Overview**

#### 1. process\_images(requestId)

- **Purpose:** Fetches products linked to a request and processes images.
- Runs Asynchronously to prevent blocking API responses.
- Updates Database once processing is done.

# 2. compress\_image(image\_url)

- Purpose: Simulates image compression by modifying the input URL.
- Returns a new output URL.

## 3. webhook\_update(requestId, status)

• Purpose: Notifies external systems when processing completes.