

Python Learning Notes - Day 1 & 2

Day 1: Introduction to Functions

- A function is a reusable block of code that performs a specific task.
- Functions are defined using the `def` keyword.

Syntax:

```
def function_name():  
    # code block
```

Example:

```
def greet():  
    print("Hello, Mammu!")
```

```
greet() # Calling the function
```

Why use functions?

- Code reuse
- Better organization
- Easier debugging

Day 2: Function Parameters & Arguments

- Parameters are variables listed in a function definition.
- Arguments are the values passed to the function when it is called.

Syntax:

```
def greet(name):  
    print("Hello,", name)
```

```
greet("Mammu") # "Mammu" is an argument
```

Example with two parameters:

```
def add(a, b):  
    print(a + b)
```

```
add(4, 5) # Output: 9
```

Why use parameters?

- To make functions flexible
- To reuse the same function with different inputs