

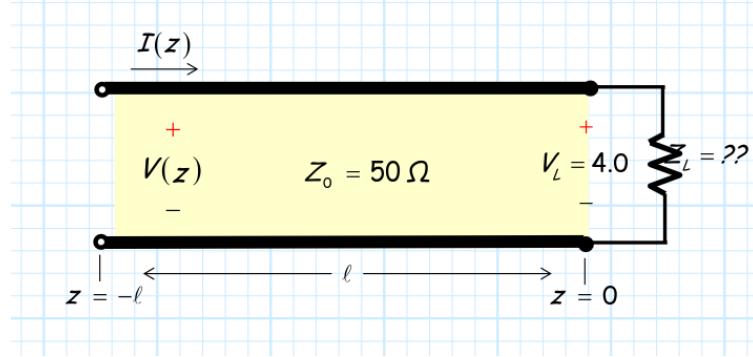
# EECS 622: Homework #8

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**Grant Saggars**

## Problem 1

Consider a terminated, lossless transmission line:



The wave reflected from load  $Z_L$  has the form:

$$V^-(z) = -2e^{+j\beta z}$$

And the load voltage is:

$$V_L = 4.0$$

Determine the value of load  $Z_L$ .

### Solution:

The load establishes the boundary conditions on the right, such that

$$V_L \equiv V_0, \quad I_L = I_0$$

And we could claim

$$Z_L = \frac{V_0}{I_0}$$

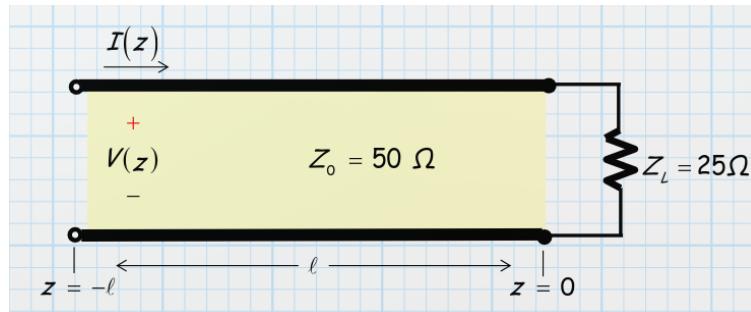
By our definition of characteristic impedance we can express  $I_0$ :

$$\begin{aligned} I(z, \omega) &= \frac{V^+}{Z_0} e^{-j\beta z} - \frac{V^-}{Z_0} e^{+j\beta z} \\ I(z = 0, \omega) \equiv I_0 &= \frac{V^+}{Z_0} - \frac{V^-}{Z_0} \\ I_0 &= \frac{V_L - V_0^-}{Z_0} - \frac{V_0^-}{Z_0} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{because } V(z) \equiv V^+(z) + V^-(z))$$

Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} Z_L &= \frac{V_L}{\frac{V_L - V_0^-}{Z_0} - \frac{V_0^-}{Z_0}} \\ &= \frac{V_L}{\frac{V_L - 2V_0^-}{Z_0}} \\ &= \frac{4 \text{ V } Z_0 \Omega}{4 + 2 + 2 \text{ V}} \\ &= 25 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

## Problem 2



The total voltage at location  $z = 0$  is:

$$V(z = 0) = j 2.0 \text{ V}$$

Determine the value of the **reflected voltage wave** at location  $z = 0$  (i.e.,  $V^-(z = 0)$ ).

### Solution:

We have a convenient expression for:

$$\Gamma_0 = \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0} \quad (1)$$

Where,

$$\Gamma_0 = \frac{V_0^-}{V_0^+} \quad (2)$$

Substituting this into the complete wave solution I can solve for  $V^+$

$$\begin{aligned} V(z, \omega) &\equiv V^+(z, \omega) + V^-(z, \omega) \\ V_0 &= V_0^+ + \Gamma_0 V_0^+ & (V_0^- = \Gamma V_0^+) \\ V_0 &= V_0^+ (1 + \Gamma_0) & (\text{Algebra}) \\ V_0^+ &= \frac{V_0}{1 + \Gamma_0} & (3) \end{aligned}$$

Using (3) I can eliminate  $V_0^+$  from (2):

$$\begin{aligned}V_0^- &= \frac{\Gamma_0 V_0}{1 + \Gamma_0} \\V_0^- &= \frac{\frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0} V_0}{1 + \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0}} \\V_0^- &= \frac{(-1/3)(j2)}{1 + (-1/3)} \\V_0^- &= -\frac{j}{2} \text{ V}\end{aligned}$$