

# PHSX 315 Assignment 3

## Problem 1

Goal: Measure  $\pi$  using one million random points in 3-d space by measuring the fraction of the volume of a cube with side-length of 2 that is occupied by the unit sphere (the sphere with radius of 1).

Report the absolute and relative deviation of the measured value of  $\pi$  from the true value for two different choices of random number seed. You should be able to estimate the uncertainty on your values of  $\pi$ . This can be done either empirically by measuring the standard deviation of smaller subsets of the data (for example 100 sub-sets of 10,000 points each), or from first principles related to the expected variance of the binomial probability distribution for  $N=1,000,000$ .

Does this 3-d method have the same precision, more precision, or less precision compared with the 2-d method for the same number of points? Do you understand why?

Deliverables. You should upload to your repository a summary of your findings, a copy of your code, example results from running the code, and appropriate figures.