

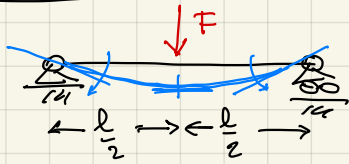
Problem solving session 16/11/2022 . Self-evaluation: 150/150

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Two exercises on the linear theory

Using linear theory, compute and graph the internal forces, and compute the elastic displacements in the cases sketched below, write answers on this sheet

Exercise 1 (total 70 points) Data: $F = -F_0$ applied at $s = \frac{l}{2}$



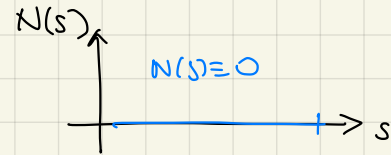
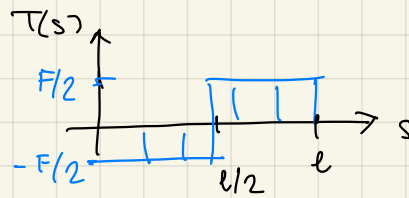
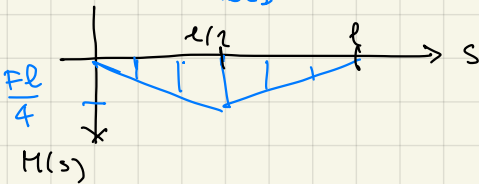
Diagrams of $N(s)$, $T(s)$, $M(s)$ (10 points each)

$$w(0) = -\frac{Fl^2}{16EI} \quad w\left(\frac{l}{2}\right) = 0$$

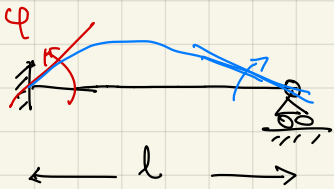
$$w\left(\frac{l}{2}\right) = -\frac{Fl^3}{48EI}$$

$$w(l) = 0 \quad (10 \text{ points each})$$

$$w(l) = \frac{Fl^2}{16EI}$$

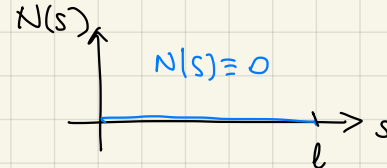
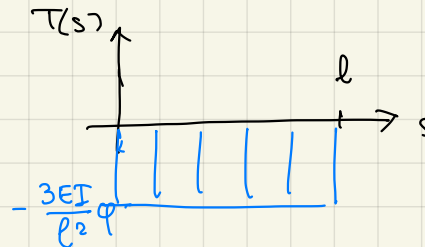
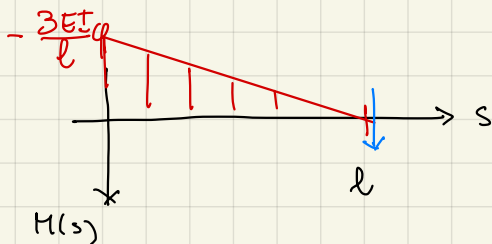


Exercise 2 (total 80 points) Data: $w'(0) = \varphi$



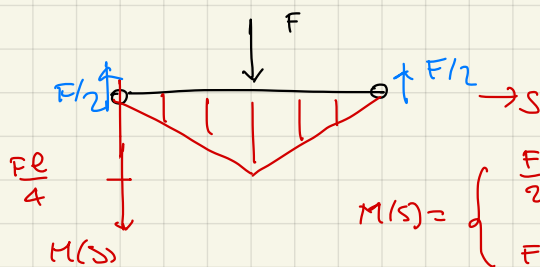
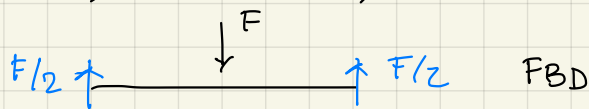
Diagrams of $N(s)$, $T(s)$, $M(s)$ (20 points each)

$$w(l) = -\frac{\varphi}{2} \quad (20 \text{ points})$$





Isostatic: solve for statics first



$$M(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{F}{2}s & s \in (0, \frac{l}{2}) \\ \frac{F}{2}(l-s) & s \in (\frac{l}{2}, l) \end{cases}$$

$$w''(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{F}{2EI} s, & s \in (0, \frac{l}{2}) \\ \frac{F}{2EI} (l-s), & s \in (\frac{l}{2}, l) \end{cases} \rightarrow \text{integrate between 0 and } s$$

$$w'(s) = w'(0) + \frac{F}{4EI} s^2, \quad w(s) = w(0) + w'(0)s + \frac{F}{12EI} s^3$$

$$w'(\frac{l}{2}) = w'(0) + \frac{F}{16EI} l^2, \quad w(\frac{l}{2}) = w'(0)\frac{l}{2} + \frac{F}{96EI} l^3$$

Integrate between $\frac{l}{2}$ and $s \in (\frac{l}{2}, l)$

$$w'(s) = w'(\frac{l}{2}) - \frac{F}{2EI} \frac{(s-l)^2}{2} \Big|_{\frac{l}{2}}^s = w'(\frac{l}{2}) - \frac{F}{2EI} \frac{(s-l)^2}{2} + \frac{F}{2EI} \frac{l^2}{8}$$

$$w(s) = w(\frac{l}{2}) + w'(\frac{l}{2})(s - \frac{l}{2}) - \frac{F}{2EI} \frac{(s-l)^3}{6} + \frac{F}{2EI} \frac{l^2}{8} (s - \frac{l}{2})$$

$$\text{BC } 0 = w(l) = w(0)\frac{l}{2} + \frac{F}{96EI} l^3 + w'(\frac{l}{2})\frac{l}{2} - \frac{F}{2EI} \frac{l^3}{48} + \frac{F}{16EI} \frac{l^3}{2}$$

$$= w'(0)\frac{l}{2} + \left(w'(0) + \frac{F}{16EI} l^2 \right) \frac{l}{2} + \frac{Fl^3}{96EI} (1 - 1 + 3)$$

$$= w'(0)l + \frac{Fl^3}{96EI} (3 + 3) = w'(0)l + \frac{Fl^3}{16EI} \quad \left[\frac{6}{96} = \frac{1}{16} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow w'(0) = -\frac{Fl^2}{16EI}, \quad w'(\frac{l}{2}) = 0, \quad w'(s) = -\frac{F}{4EI} \left((s-l)^2 - \frac{l^2}{4} \right), \quad w'(l) = +\frac{Fl^2}{16EI}$$

$$w(s) = -\frac{Fl^2}{16EI} s + \frac{F}{12EI} s^3, \quad s \in (0, \frac{l}{2})$$

$$w(\frac{l}{2}) = -\frac{Fl^3}{32EI} + \frac{Fl^3}{96EI} = \frac{Fl^3}{96EI} (1 - 3) = -\frac{Fl^3}{48EI}$$

To speed up things can use $w'(\frac{l}{2}) = 0$ by symmetry



and integrate only on $s \in (0, \frac{l}{2})$, recovering $w(s)$, $s \in (\frac{l}{2}, l)$ by symmetry

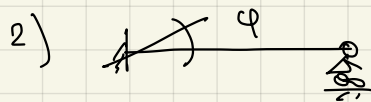
$$w'(s) = w'(0) + \frac{F}{4EI} s^2, \quad w'(\frac{l}{2}) = w'(0) + \frac{F l^2}{16EI} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow w'(0) = -\frac{F l^2}{16EI}, \quad \left[w'(l) = \frac{F l^2}{16EI} \text{ by symmetry (!)} \right]$$

$$w(s) = -\frac{F l^2}{16EI} s + \frac{F}{12EI} s^3, \quad w(\frac{l}{2}) = -\frac{F l^3}{32EI} + \frac{F l^3}{96EI}$$

$$= \frac{F l^3}{EI} \frac{-3+1}{96}$$

$$= -\frac{F l^3}{48EI}$$



Hyperstatisch: use $EI w'''' = M'' = 0$

$$w(s) = a + bs + cs^2 + ds^3$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} w(0) = a = 0 \\ w'(0) = b = q \end{array} \right\} w(s) = qs + cs^2 + ds^3$$

$$w'(s) = q + 2cs + 3ds^2$$

$$w''(s) = 2c + 6ds$$

$$w(l) = q\cancel{l} + c\cancel{l^2} + d\cancel{l^3}^2 = 0$$

$$M(l) = 0 \Rightarrow w''(l) = \cancel{2}c + \cancel{6}d\cancel{l}^3 = 0$$

Solve $c\cancel{l} + d\cancel{l^2} = -q\cancel{l}$

$$\det = 3l - l = 2l > 0$$

$$c + 3dl = 0$$

$$(-) \quad 0 \quad -2dl = -\frac{q}{l} \Rightarrow d = \frac{q}{2l^2}$$

$$c = -3dl = -\frac{3q}{2l}$$

$$w(s) = q \left(s - \frac{3}{2l} s^2 + \frac{1}{2l^2} s^3 \right)$$

check: $w(l) = q \left(l - \frac{3}{2}l + \frac{1}{2}l \right) = 0$

$$w'(s) = q - \frac{3q}{l} s + \frac{3q}{2l^2} s^2$$

$$w'(l) = q - 3q + \frac{3}{2}q = \frac{2-6+3}{2}q = -\frac{q}{2}$$

$$M''(s) = 0 \Rightarrow M(s) \text{ affine}$$

$$M(s) = EI \left(-\frac{3q}{l} + \frac{3q}{l^2} s \right) = -\frac{3EIq}{l^2} (l - s) \leq 0$$

$$M(0) = -\frac{3EIq}{l}$$