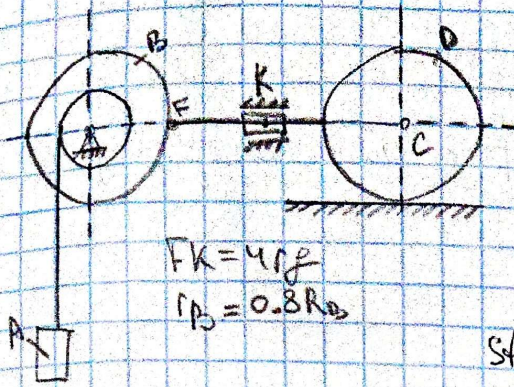


Homework 7



$$F_k = 4 \mu f$$

$$R_B = 0.8 R_D$$

initial conditions:

Start: all $v = 0$.

Finish: v_{AB} - ?

Force Analysis:

G_B, G_D, G_A, T, N, F_r

Solution:

$$T_2 - T_1 = \sum_i A_i$$

$$T_1 = 0 \quad T_2 = T_{A2} + T_{D2} + T_{B2} + T_{K2}$$

$$T_{B2} = 0.5 \cdot I_B \cdot \omega_B \cdot 2 \quad I_B = m_B \cdot i_{Bx}^2 \quad \omega_B = \frac{v_A}{R_B} \Rightarrow$$

$$= T_{B2} = \frac{m_B \cdot i_{Bx}^2 \cdot v_A^2}{2 R_B^2}$$

$$T_{A2} = 0.5 \cdot m_A \cdot v_A^2$$

$$T_{D2} = 0.5 \cdot m_D \cdot v_C^2 + 0.5 I_D \cdot \omega_D^2 \quad \omega_D = \frac{v_C}{R_D} = \frac{v_A \cdot R_B}{R_D \cdot R_D}$$

$$v_C = v_A \cdot \frac{R_B}{R_D} \quad I_D = 0.5 \cdot m_D \cdot R_D^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{D2} = 0.5 \cdot m_D \cdot v_A^2 \cdot \frac{R_B^2}{R_D^2} + 0.25 \cdot m_D \cdot R_D^2 \cdot \frac{v_A^2 \cdot R_B^2}{R_D^2 \cdot R_D^2}$$

$$T_{K2} = 0.5 \cdot m_K \cdot v_K^2 \quad v_K = v_A \cdot \frac{R_B}{R_D}$$

Now calculate the Work (A):

$$A_A = m_A \cdot g \cdot s$$

$A_B = 0$ - the object is stationary

$$A_K = 0$$

$$A_D = m_D \cdot g \cdot 0 + A(F_r) + S_N p_D$$

$$A(F_r) = 0.$$

$$x_0 = Fk + R_0 - \sqrt{(Fk)^2 + R_0^2}$$

$$\phi_0 = \frac{Fk}{R_0 + R_0} \cdot x_0$$

Now we know all works and we can put them according to the formula

$$T_2 = \sum_i A_i, \text{ we get } V_A(s) = V_A(s+1)$$

Answer to the second question:

Most likely, this will lead to more equations, as well as to a different solution method.