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Exercises - Chapter 02

Problem 02 - MFD

Note: MFD is discussed in chapter 03 and it is the authors' mistake to have it by the end of chapter 02.

G1 =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s}{(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} \\ -\frac{s}{(s+2)^2} & -\frac{s}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

The Lowest Common Multiplies of the given matrix denominators is:

$$(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2$$

D =

$$\binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2}{0} \qquad 0 \\ (s+1)^2 (s+2)^2$$

N =

$$\begin{pmatrix} s & s & (s+1)^2 \\ -s & (s+1)^2 & -s & (s+1)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{s}{(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} \\
-\frac{s}{(s+2)^2} & -\frac{s}{(s+2)^2}
\end{pmatrix}$$

Left Matrix Fraction Description:

$$N(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} s & s (s+1)^{2} \\ -s (s+1)^{2} & -s (s+1)^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D(s) =$$

$$\binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2}{0} \qquad 0 \\ (s+1)^2 (s+2)^2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{s}{(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} \\
-\frac{s}{(s+2)^2} & -\frac{s}{(s+2)^2}
\end{pmatrix}$$

==> $G = D^{(-1)} * N$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} & 1 & \frac{s}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} \\ \sigma_1 & \sigma_1 & 1 & \sigma_1 & \sigma_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = -\frac{s}{(s+2)^2}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

Right Matrix Fraction Description:

D(s) =

$$\binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2}{0} \qquad 0 \\ 0 \qquad (s+1)^2 (s+2)^2$$

N(s) =

$$\begin{pmatrix} s & s & (s+1)^2 \\ -s & (s+1)^2 & -s & (s+1)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

 $--> N * D^{(-1)} =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s}{(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} \\ -\frac{s}{(s+2)^2} & -\frac{s}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

 $==> G = N * D^{(-1)}$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} & 1 & \frac{s}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{s}{(s+2)^2} \\ \sigma_1 & \sigma_1 & 1 & \sigma_1 & \sigma_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = -\frac{s}{(s+2)^2}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s+2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+2} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

The Lowest Common Multiplies of the given matrix denominators is:

$$(s+1)(s+2)^2$$

D =

$$\binom{(s+1) (s+2)^2}{0} \qquad 0 \\ 0 \qquad (s+1) (s+2)^2$$

N =

$$\binom{(s+2)^3 \quad (s+1) \ (s+2)}{(s+2)^2 \quad (s+1)^2 \ (s+3)}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s+2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+2} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Left Matrix Fraction Description:

N(s) =

$$\binom{(s+2)^3 \quad (s+1) \ (s+2)}{(s+2)^2 \quad (s+1)^2 \ (s+3)}$$

D(s) =

$$\binom{(s+1) (s+2)^2}{0} \qquad 0 \\ (s+1) (s+2)^2$$

 $--> D^{(-1)} * N =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s+2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+2} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

==> $G = D^{(-1)} * N$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s+2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+2} & 1 & \frac{s+2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+2} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)^2} & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

Right Matrix Fraction Description:

$$D(s) =$$

$$\binom{(s+1) (s+2)^2}{0} \qquad 0 \\ (s+1) (s+2)^2$$

$$N(s) =$$

$$\binom{(s+2)^3 \quad (s+1) \ (s+2)}{(s+2)^2 \quad (s+1)^2 \ (s+3)}$$

$$-->$$
 N * D^(-1) =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s+2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+2} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

 $==> G = N * D^{(-1)}$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s+2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+2} & 1 & \frac{s+2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+2} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)^2} & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

G4 =

$$\begin{pmatrix}
(s+1) & (s+2) & \frac{(s+1)^2}{s+2} \\
-\frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2} & -\frac{1}{s+2}
\end{pmatrix}$$

The Lowest Common Multiplies of the given matrix denominators is: $(s+1)^2 \ (s+2)$

D =

$$\binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)}{0} \binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)}{(s+2)^2}$$

N =

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+1)^3 & (s+2)^2 & (s+1)^4 \\ -(s+2)^2 & -(s+1)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
(s+1) & (s+2) & \frac{(s+1)^2}{s+2} \\
-\frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2} & -\frac{1}{s+2}
\end{pmatrix}$$

Left Matrix Fraction Description:

$$N(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+1)^3 & (s+2)^2 & (s+1)^4 \\ -(s+2)^2 & -(s+1)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D(s) =$$

$$\binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)}{0} \binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)}{(s+2)^2}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+1) & (s+2) & \frac{(s+1)^2}{s+2} \\ -\frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2} & -\frac{1}{s+2} \end{pmatrix}$$

==> $G = D^{(-1)} * N$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+1) & (s+2) & \frac{(s+1)^2}{s+2} & 1 & (s+1) & (s+2) & \frac{(s+1)^2}{s+2} \\ -\frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2} & -\frac{1}{s+2} & 1 & -\frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2} & -\frac{1}{s+2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

Right Matrix Fraction Description:

$$D(s) =$$

$$\binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)}{0} \binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)}{(s+2)^2}$$

$$N(s) =$$

$$\binom{(s+1)^3 (s+2)^2 (s+1)^4}{-(s+2)^2 - (s+1)^2}$$

$$--> N * D^{(-1)} =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
(s+1) & (s+2) & \frac{(s+1)^2}{s+2} \\
-\frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2} & -\frac{1}{s+2}
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
(s+1) & (s+2) & \frac{(s+1)^2}{s+2} & 1 & (s+1) & (s+2) & \frac{(s+1)^2}{s+2} \\
-\frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2} & -\frac{1}{s+2} & 1 & -\frac{s+2}{(s+1)^2} & -\frac{1}{s+2}
\end{pmatrix}$$

G5 =

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2s+4}{(s+1)(s+3)} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\
0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\
\frac{1}{s+1} & -\frac{(s+1)(s+3)-2(s+2)^2}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

The Lowest Common Multiplies of the given matrix denominators is:

$$(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)(s+4)$$

D =

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+3) \ (s+4) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+3) \ (s+4) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+3) \ (s+4) \end{pmatrix}$$

N =

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\sigma_1 & (2s+4)(s+2)(s+4) & \sigma_2 \\
0 & (s+1)(s+3)(s+4) & \sigma_2 \\
\sigma_1 & -(s+4)((s+1)(s+3)-2(s+2)^2) & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = (s+2) (s+3) (s+4)$$

$$\sigma_2 = (s+1)(s+2)(s+3)$$

--> G =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2s+4}{(s+1)(s+3)} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & -\frac{(s+1)(s+3)-2(s+2)^2}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Left Matrix Fraction Description:

N(s) =

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\sigma_1 & (2s+4)(s+2)(s+4) & \sigma_2 \\
0 & (s+1)(s+3)(s+4) & \sigma_2 \\
\sigma_1 & -(s+4)((s+1)(s+3)-2(s+2)^2) & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = (s+2) (s+3) (s+4)$$

$$\sigma_2 = (s+1)(s+2)(s+3)$$

$$D(s) = \begin{cases} (s+1) (s+2) (s+3) (s+4) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (s+1) (s+2) (s+3) (s+4) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (s+1) (s+2) (s+3) (s+4) \end{cases}$$

$$--> D^{(-1)} * N =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2s+4}{(s+1)(s+3)} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & -\frac{(s+1)(s+3)-2(s+2)^2}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

==> $G = D^{(-1)} * N$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_2 & \frac{1}{s+4} & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_2 & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_1 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = -\frac{(s+1)(s+3) - 2(s+2)^2}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{2s+4}{(s+1)(s+3)}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

Right Matrix Fraction Description:

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{D}(\mathsf{s}) = \\ \begin{pmatrix} (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+3) \ (s+4) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+3) \ (s+4) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+3) \ (s+4) \end{pmatrix} \end{array}$$

N(s) =

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\sigma_1 & (2s+4)(s+2)(s+4) & \sigma_2 \\
0 & (s+1)(s+3)(s+4) & \sigma_2 \\
\sigma_1 & -(s+4)((s+1)(s+3)-2(s+2)^2) & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = (s+2)(s+3)(s+4)$$

$$\sigma_2 = (s+1)(s+2)(s+3)$$

$$-->$$
 N * D^(-1) =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2s+4}{(s+1)(s+3)} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & -\frac{(s+1)(s+3)-2(s+2)^2}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

==> $G = N * D^{(-1)}$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_2 & \frac{1}{s+4} & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_2 & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_1 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = -\frac{(s+1)(s+3) - 2(s+2)^2}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{2s+4}{(s+1)(s+3)}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

$$G8 =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2s+6}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

The Lowest Common Multiplies of the given matrix denominators is:

$$(s+1)(s+2)(s+4)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+4) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+4) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+4) \end{pmatrix}$$

N =

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+2) & (s+4) & 2 & (s+2) & (s+4) & (s+1) & (s+2) \\ 0 & (s+1) & (s+4) & (s+1) & (s+2) \\ (s+2) & (s+4) & \frac{(2s+6) & (s+4)}{s+3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

--> G =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2s+6}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Left Matrix Fraction Description:

$$N(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+2) & (s+4) & 2 & (s+2) & (s+4) & (s+1) & (s+2) \\ 0 & (s+1) & (s+4) & (s+1) & (s+2) \\ (s+2) & (s+4) & \frac{(2s+6) & (s+4)}{s+3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+4) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+4) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (s+1) \ (s+2) \ (s+4) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$--> D^{(-1)} * N =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2s+6}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

=> G = D^(-1) * N as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+4} & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\
0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\
\frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_1 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_1 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{2s+6}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$$

Right Matrix Fraction Description:

$$D(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+1) & (s+2) & (s+4) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & (s+1) & (s+2) & (s+4) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (s+1) & (s+2) & (s+4) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$N(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+2) & (s+4) & 2 & (s+2) & (s+4) & (s+1) & (s+2) \\ 0 & (s+1) & (s+4) & (s+1) & (s+2) \\ (s+2) & (s+4) & \frac{(2s+6) & (s+4)}{s+3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-->$$
 N * D^(-1) =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\ \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2s+6}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

==> $G = N * D^{(-1)}$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+4} & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{2}{s+1} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\
0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{s+2} & \frac{1}{s+4} \\
\frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_1 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{s+1} & \sigma_1 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{2s+6}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

G9 =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+3)(s+4)} & \frac{1}{s+1} \\ \frac{1}{s+3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

The Lowest Common Multiplies of the given matrix denominators is:

$$(s+1)(s+3)(s+4)$$

D =

$$\binom{(s+1)\ (s+3)\ (s+4)}{0} \qquad \qquad 0 \\ (s+1)\ (s+3)\ (s+4)$$

N =

$$\begin{pmatrix} s+1 & (s+3) (s+4) \\ (s+1) (s+4) & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

--> G =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+3)(s+4)} & \frac{1}{s+1} \\ \frac{1}{s+3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Left Matrix Fraction Description:

N(s) =

$$\begin{pmatrix} s+1 & (s+3) (s+4) \\ (s+1) (s+4) & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

D(s) =

$$\binom{(s+1)\ (s+3)\ (s+4)}{0} \qquad \qquad 0 \\ (s+1)\ (s+3)\ (s+4)$$

 $--> D^{(-1)} * N =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+3)(s+4)} & \frac{1}{s+1} \\ \frac{1}{s+3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

==> $G = D^{(-1)} * N$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+3)(s+4)} & \frac{1}{s+1} & 1 & \frac{1}{(s+3)(s+4)} & \frac{1}{s+1} \\ \frac{1}{s+3} & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{s+3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

Right Matrix Fraction Description:

$$D(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+1) & (s+3) & (s+4) & 0 \\ 0 & (s+1) & (s+3) & (s+4) \end{pmatrix}$$

N(s) =

$$\begin{pmatrix} s+1 & (s+3) (s+4) \\ (s+1) (s+4) & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

 $--> N * D^{(-1)} =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+3)(s+4)} & \frac{1}{s+1} \\ \frac{1}{s+3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

 $==> G = N * D^{(-1)}$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+3)(s+4)} & \frac{1}{s+1} & 1 & \frac{1}{(s+3)(s+4)} & \frac{1}{s+1} \\ \frac{1}{s+3} & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{s+3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

G10 =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s^3 - s^2 + 1}{s^4} & \frac{1}{s^4} & -\frac{s^3 - s^2 + 2}{s^4} \\ \frac{\frac{3}{2}s}{s^4} + 1 & \frac{s+1}{s^4} & -\frac{\frac{3}{2}s}{s^4} + 2 \\ -\frac{-s^3 + 9s^2 + s - 1}{s^4} & -\frac{s^2 - 1}{s^4} & -\frac{-s^3 + s^2 + s}{s^4} \end{pmatrix}$$

The Lowest Common Multiplies of the given matrix denominators is:

$$2 s^4$$

D =

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 s^4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 s^4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 s^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

N =

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 s^3 - 2 s^2 + 2 & 2 & -2 s^3 + 2 s^2 - 4 \\ 3 s + 2 & 2 s + 2 & -3 s - 4 \\ 2 s^3 - 18 s^2 - 2 s + 2 & 2 - 2 s^2 & 2 s^3 - 2 s^2 - 2 s \end{pmatrix}$$

--> G =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s^3 - s^2 + 1}{s^4} & \frac{1}{s^4} & -\frac{s^3 - s^2 + 2}{s^4} \\ \frac{\frac{3}{5}s + 1}{s^4} & \frac{s + 1}{s^4} & -\frac{\frac{3}{5}s + 2}{s^4} \\ -\frac{-s^3 + 9s^2 + s - 1}{s^4} & -\frac{s^2 - 1}{s^4} & -\frac{-s^3 + s^2 + s}{s^4} \end{pmatrix}$$

Left Matrix Fraction Description:

N(s) =
$$\begin{pmatrix} 2s^3 - 2s^2 + 2 & 2 & -2s^3 + 2s^2 - 4 \\ 3s + 2 & 2s + 2 & -3s - 4 \\ 2s^3 - 18s^2 - 2s + 2 & 2 - 2s^2 & 2s^3 - 2s^2 - 2s \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
2 s^4 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 2 s^4 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 2 s^4
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$--> D^{(-1)} * N =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{2 s^3 - 2 s^2 + 2}{2 s^4} & \frac{1}{s^4} & -\frac{2 s^3 - 2 s^2 + 4}{2 s^4} \\
\frac{3 s + 2}{2 s^4} & \frac{2 s + 2}{2 s^4} & -\frac{3 s + 4}{2 s^4} \\
-\frac{-2 s^3 + 18 s^2 + 2 s - 2}{2 s^4} & -\frac{2 s^2 - 2}{2 s^4} & -\frac{-2 s^3 + 2 s^2 + 2 s}{2 s^4}
\end{pmatrix}$$

==>
$$G = D^{(-1)} * N$$
 as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{s^3 - s^2 + 1}{s^4} & \frac{1}{s^4} & -\frac{s^3 - s^2 + 2}{s^4} & 1 & \frac{2s^3 - 2s^2 + 2}{2s^4} & \frac{1}{s^4} & -\frac{2s^3 - 2s^2 + 4}{2s^4} \\ \frac{\frac{3s}{2} + 1}{s^4} & \frac{s + 1}{s^4} & -\frac{\frac{3s}{2} + 2}{s^4} & 1 & \frac{3s + 2}{2s^4} & \frac{2s + 2}{2s^4} & -\frac{3s + 4}{2s^4} \\ -\frac{-s^3 + 9s^2 + s - 1}{s^4} & -\frac{s^2 - 1}{s^4} & -\frac{-s^3 + s^2 + s}{s^4} & 1 & -\frac{-2s^3 + 18s^2 + 2s - 2}{2s^4} & -\frac{2s^2 - 2}{2s^4} & -\frac{-2s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s}{2s^4} \end{pmatrix}$$

Right Matrix Fraction Description:

$$D(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
2 s^4 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 2 s^4 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 2 s^4
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$N(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 s^3 - 2 s^2 + 2 & 2 & -2 s^3 + 2 s^2 - 4 \\ 3 s + 2 & 2 s + 2 & -3 s - 4 \\ 2 s^3 - 18 s^2 - 2 s + 2 & 2 - 2 s^2 & 2 s^3 - 2 s^2 - 2 s \end{pmatrix}$$

$$--> N * D^{(-1)} =$$

$$\frac{2 s^{3} - 2 s^{2} + 2}{2 s^{4}} \qquad \frac{1}{s^{4}} \qquad -\frac{2 s^{3} - 2 s^{2} + 4}{2 s^{4}} \\
\frac{3 s + 2}{2 s^{4}} \qquad \frac{2 s + 2}{2 s^{4}} \qquad -\frac{3 s + 4}{2 s^{4}} \\
-\frac{-2 s^{3} + 18 s^{2} + 2 s - 2}{2 s^{4}} \qquad -\frac{2 s^{2} - 2}{2 s^{4}} \qquad -\frac{-2 s^{3} + 2 s^{2} + 2 s}{2 s^{4}}$$

==> $G = N * D^{(-1)}$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{s^3 - s^2 + 1}{s^4} & \frac{1}{s^4} & -\frac{s^3 - s^2 + 2}{s^4} & 1 & \frac{2s^3 - 2s^2 + 2}{2s^4} & \frac{1}{s^4} & -\frac{2s^3 - 2s^2 + 4}{2s^4} \\
\frac{\frac{3s}{2} + 1}{s^4} & \frac{s + 1}{s^4} & -\frac{\frac{3s}{2} + 2}{s^4} & 1 & \frac{3s + 2}{2s^4} & \frac{2s + 2}{2s^4} & -\frac{3s + 4}{2s^4} \\
-\frac{-s^3 + 9s^2 + s - 1}{s^4} & -\frac{s^2 - 1}{s^4} & -\frac{-s^3 + s^2 + s}{s^4} & 1 & -\frac{-2s^3 + 18s^2 + 2s - 2}{2s^4} & -\frac{2s^2 - 2}{2s^4} & -\frac{-2s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s}{2s^4}
\end{pmatrix}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} \\ \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} & \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

The Lowest Common Multiplies of the given matrix denominators is:

$$(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2$$

D =

$$\binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2}{0} \qquad 0 \\ (s+1)^2 (s+2)^2$$

N =

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+2)^2 & (s+1)(s+2) \\ (s+1)(s+2) & (s+1)^2(s+3) \end{pmatrix}$$

--> G =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} \\ \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} & \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Left Matrix Fraction Description:

N(s) =

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+2)^2 & (s+1) (s+2) \\ (s+1) (s+2) & (s+1)^2 (s+3) \end{pmatrix}$$

D(s) =

$$\binom{(s+1)^2 (s+2)^2}{0} \qquad 0 \\ (s+1)^2 (s+2)^2$$

--> D^(-1) * N =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} \\ \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} & \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

 $==> G = D^{(-1)} * N$ as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{1}{(s+1)} & \frac{1}{(s+2)} & \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{1}{(s+1)} & \frac{1}{(s+1)} & \frac{1}{(s+2)} \\ \frac{1}{(s+1)} & \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^2} & 1 & \frac{1}{(s+1)} & \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Since the augmented matrix of N and D is full rank, the obtained MFD is minimal.

Right Matrix Fraction Description:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
(s+1)^2 & (s+2)^2 & 0 \\
0 & (s+1)^2 & (s+2)^2
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$N(s) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} (s+2)^2 & (s+1)(s+2) \\ (s+1)(s+2) & (s+1)^2(s+3) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-->$$
 N * D^(-1) =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} \\ \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} & \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

==>
$$G = N * D^{(-1)}$$
 as in the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} & 1 & \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} & \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} \\ \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} & \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^2} & 1 & \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} & \frac{s+3}{(s+2)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Note: Given matrices G3, G6, G7 and G11 are non-square and the book has not discussed how to cope with non-square matrices in terms of MFD calculations.