

CSC 370

Assignment 4

Question 1

The number of sorted sublists at the end of phase 1 is = $\frac{10,000,000}{320} = 31250$

The number of sorted sublists at the end of phase 2 is = $\frac{31250}{319} = 98$

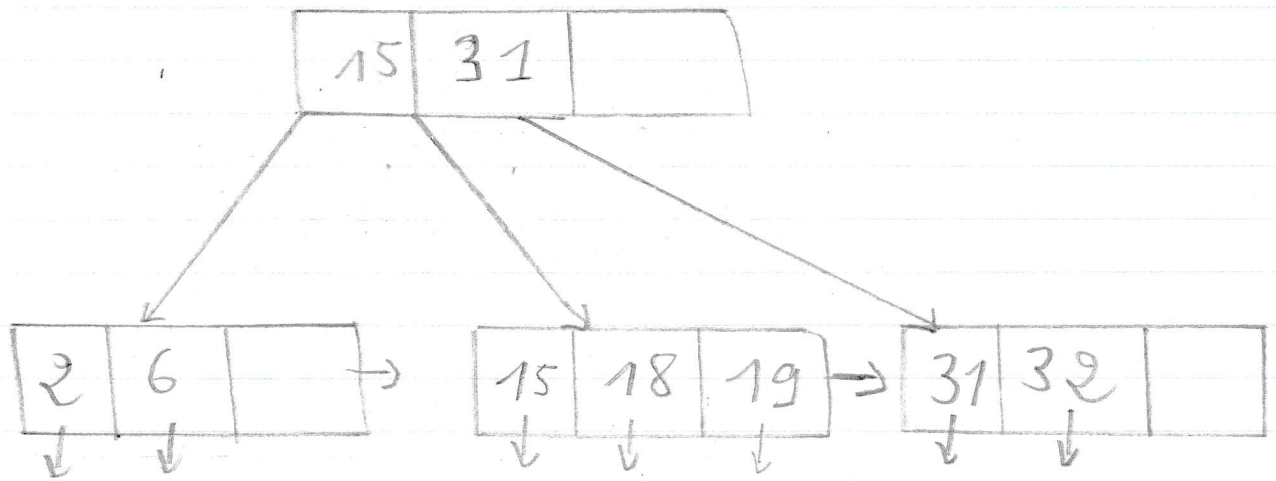
These sublists need to be merged in turn in another phase, phase 3.

Since in each phase, we read 10,000,000 blocks and write 10,000,000, so, the total number of I/O is $3 \times 2 \times 10,000,000 =$

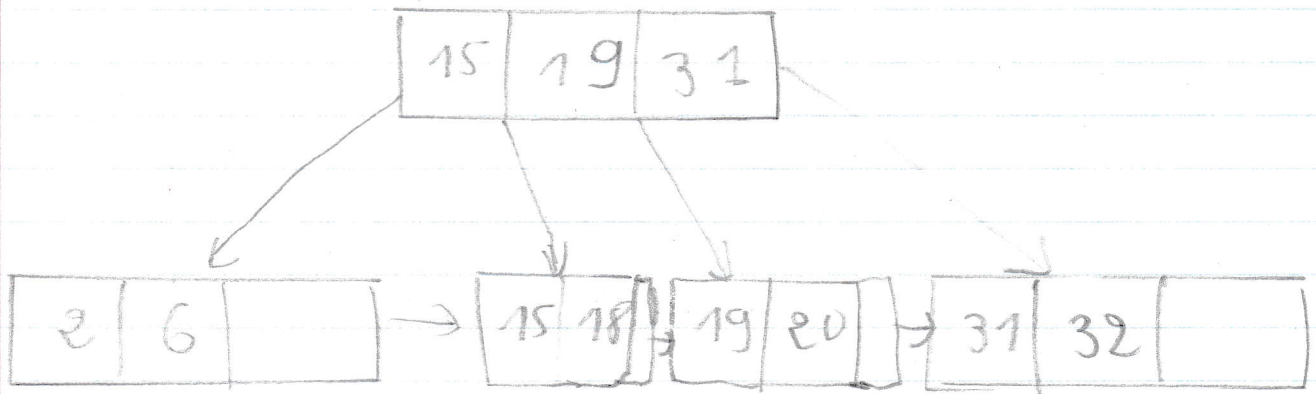
$60,000,000$

In terms of time, $6 \cdot 10^7 \times 16 \text{ ms} = 96 \cdot 10^7 \text{ ms}$
Hilary

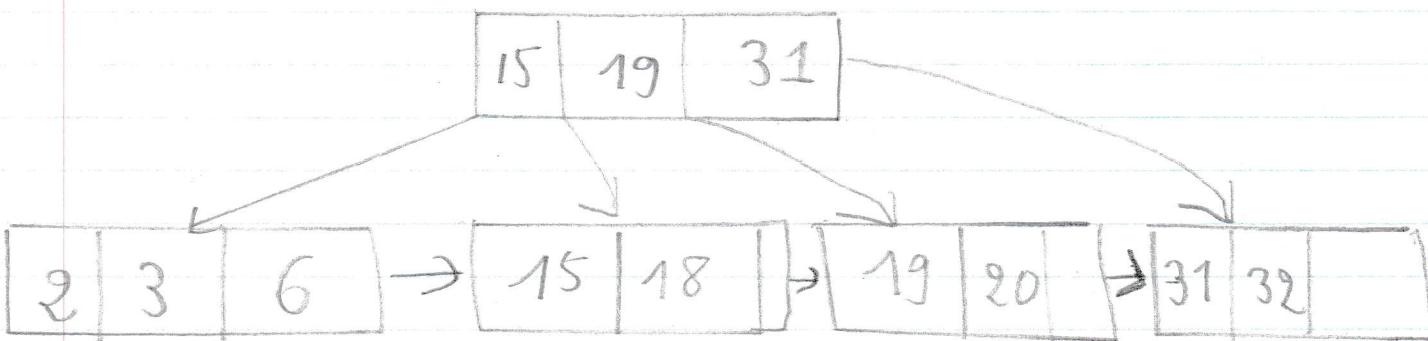
Insert 19



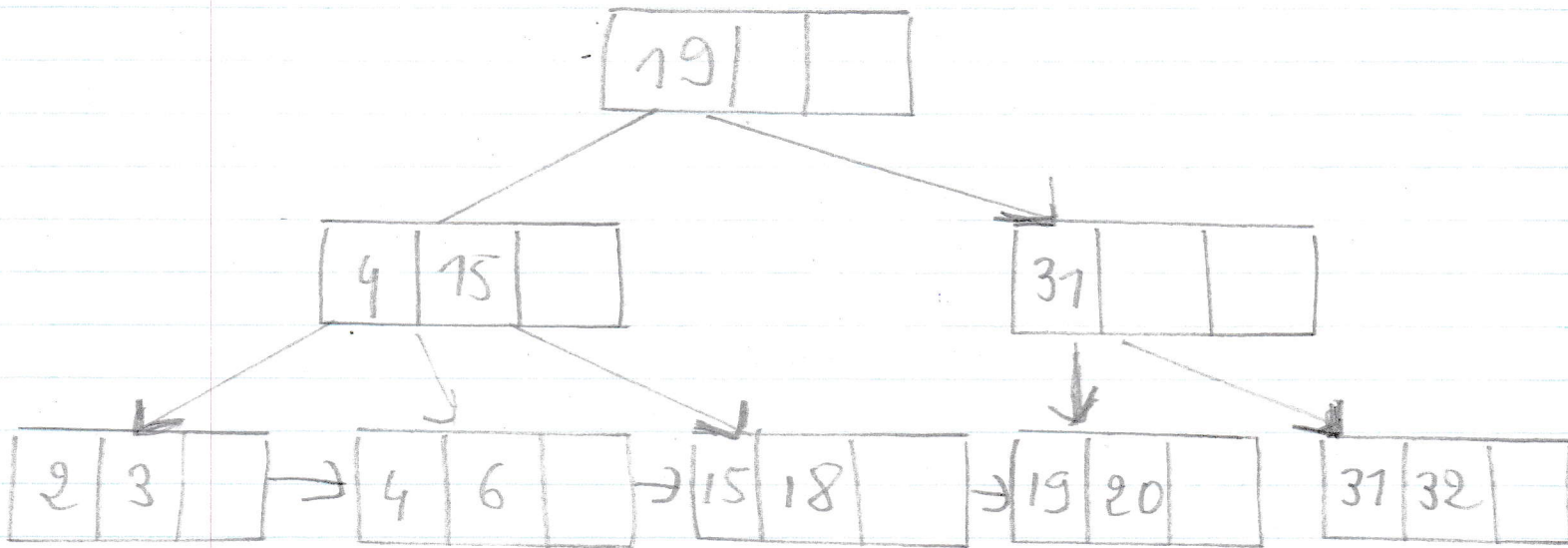
Insert 20



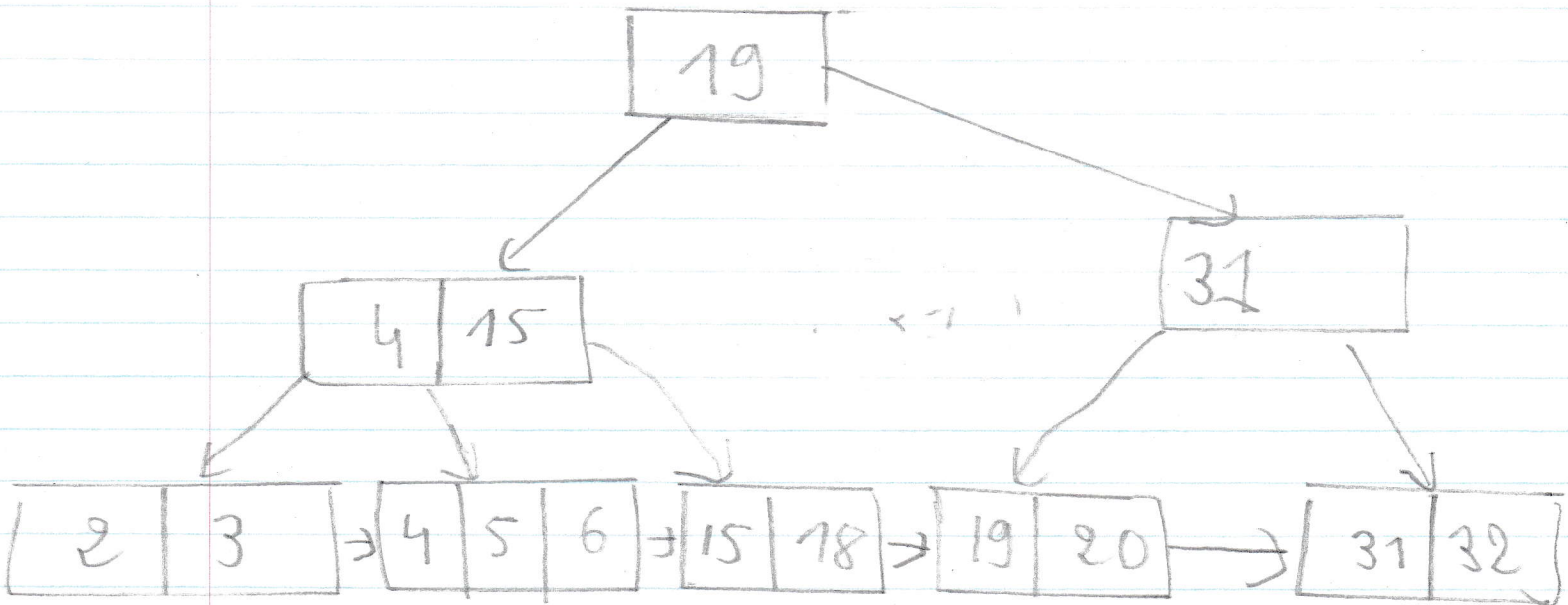
Insert 3



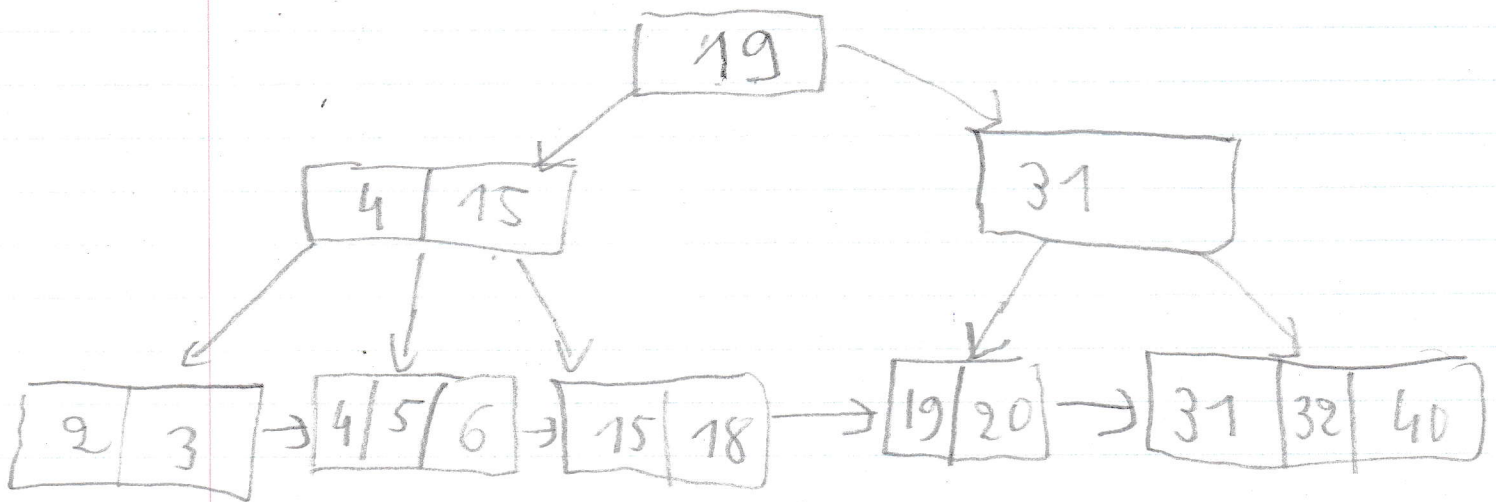
Insert 4



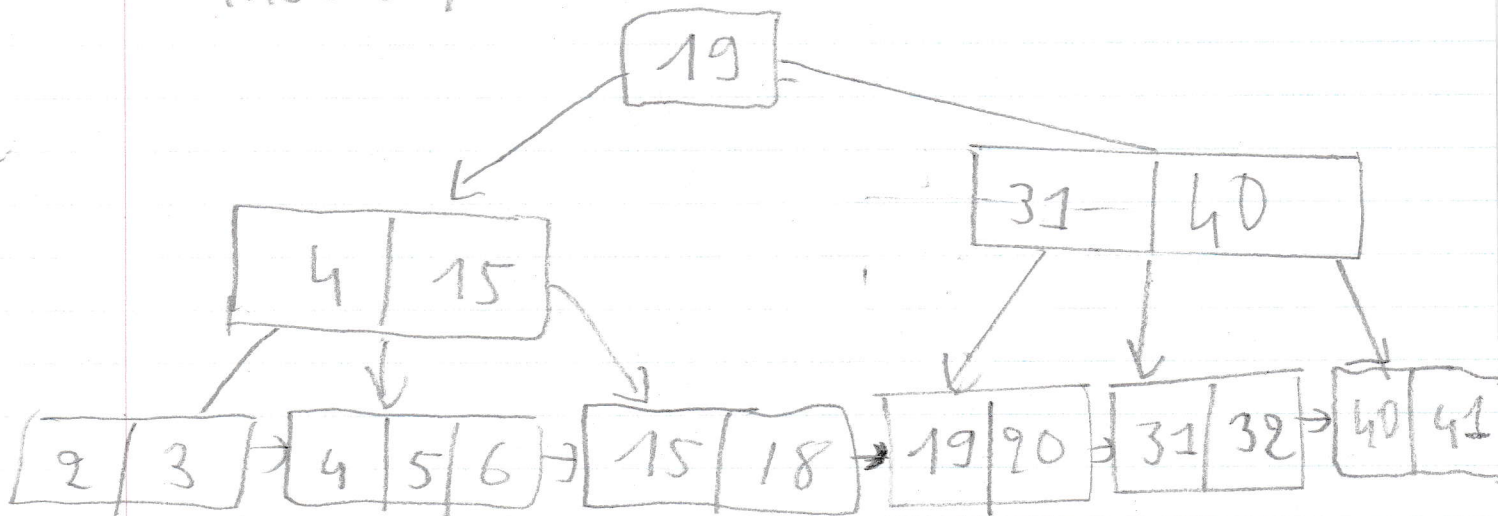
Insert 5



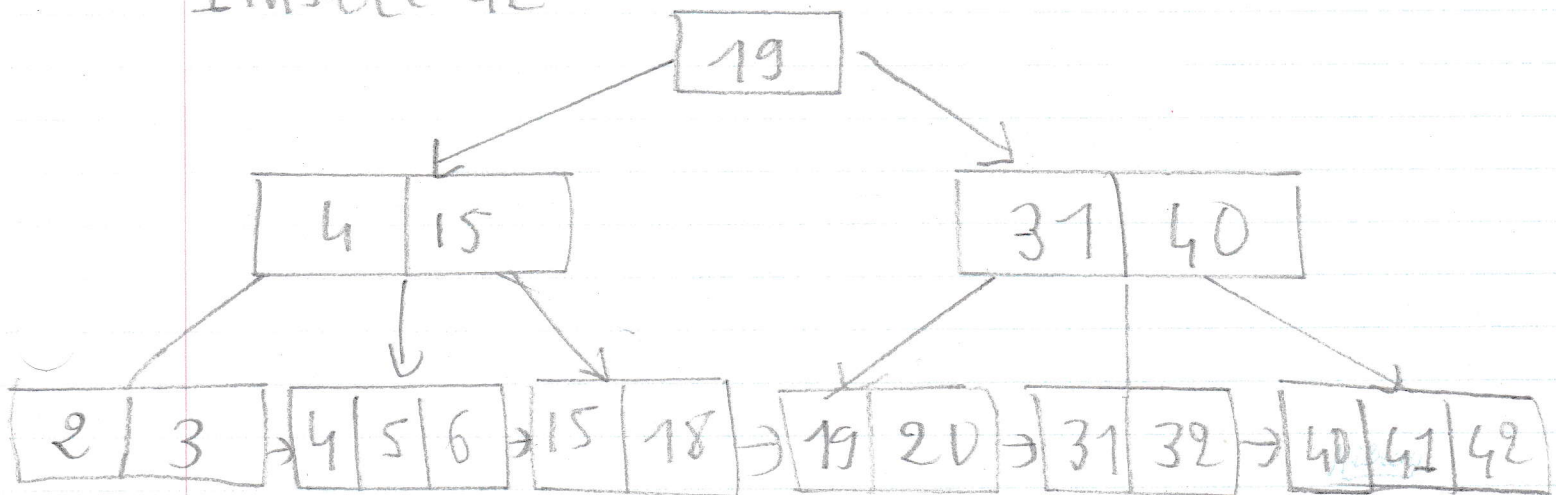
Insert 40



Insert 41



Insert 42



Questions

Assume for Maintenances =

- a tuple is 160 bytes
- a block can hold 100 tuples
- we have 1000 blocks

Assume for Employees :-

- a tuple is 130 bytes
- a block can hold 120 tuples
- we have 50 blocks

Since the index on plannedId is clustering and we can estimate the number of selected tuples to be $100,000/100 = 1000$, therefore

the cost is $(1000/100) + 2 \text{ I/Os} = 12 \text{ I/Os}$
Cost of rating > 5 to Employees :

$$50 + 25 = 75 \text{ I/Os}$$

- Scan Employees (50 blocks)
- Pipe

Cost of Employees (Scanning and Piping) is 50 I/Os

- Cost of Sorting Employees using 2PMMS is $2 \times 2 \times 25 = 100$ I/Os

- To join-merge, we need to scan them, $10 + 25 = 35$ I/Os

The total cost of the plan is

$$(12 + 50) + (100 + 35) = 197 \text{ I/Os}$$

Question 4

$R(A, B, C, D)$ with FD's

$AB \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow D, CD \rightarrow A, AD \rightarrow B$

Let compute $\{A, B\}^+, \{B\}^+, \{C, D\}^+$ and $\{A, D\}^+$

$$\{A, B\}^+ = \{A, B, C, D\}$$

$$\{B\}^+ = \{B, D\} \Rightarrow \text{violates BCNF}$$

$$\{C, D\}^+ = \{C, D, A, B\}$$

$$\{A, D\}^+ = \{A, D, B, C\}$$

Since $\{A, B\}^+, \{C, D\}^+, \{A, D\}^+$ give us all the attributes, there are not BCNF violation for $AB \rightarrow C, CD \rightarrow A$ and $AD \rightarrow B$.

On the other hand, ~~$\{B\}^+$~~ ^{$B \rightarrow D$} violates BCNF rule

$$\text{Since } \{B\}^+ = \{B, D\}$$

We can decompose R into:

$$R_1(A, B, C), R_2(C, D, A), R_3(A, D, B)$$

$R_2(B, D)$. But since $B \rightarrow D$ violate BCNF

we would like to decompose R_2 , but we cannot do that since R_2 has only two attributes.

Thus the relations ~~R_1 and R_2~~ remain unchanged. So ~~$R_1(A, B, C)$~~ and $R_2(B, D)$ does not change.

* Q4-2,

$R(A, B, C, D)$ with FD'S

$A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow D, D \rightarrow A$

Let's compute A^+, B^+, C^+ and D^+

$$A^+ = \{A, B, C, D\}$$

$$B^+ = \{B, C, D, A\}$$

$$C^+ = \{C, D, A, B\}$$

$$D^+ = \{D, A, B, C\}$$

There is no BCNF violation here since we get all of the attributes for each function dependency. Thus, $R_1(A, B)$, $R_2(B, C)$, $R_3(C, D)$ and $R_4(D, A)$