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EFREI PARIS

L1 - Int 3

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TETRIS GAME



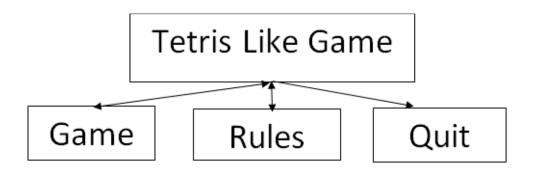
2022 - 2023

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Introduction

Presentation of the project and key objectives

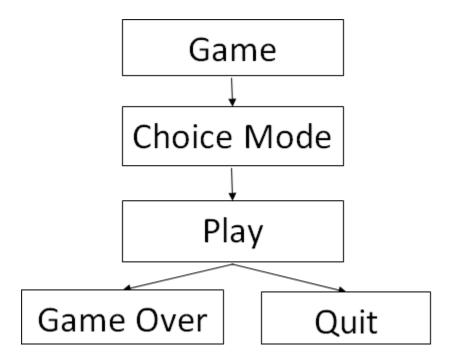


The Project is called Tetris Like Game. The aim is to create a game based on the Classic Tetris Game where the goal for the player is to make as many lines as possible with blocs. Now, we have to create new type of board: diamond, triangle and circle.

At the beggining, we propose three choices:

First: Begin a game, then he can return to the menu Second: Read the rules, then he can return to the menu

Third: Quit the game



When we begin the game, the choice mode is launched:

First: the player chooses the shape of the board among triangle, diamond and circle.

Second: he can chooses between basic size and personnalized size.

Then, he can starts the game:

We print the board choosen and proposed to choose among three random block associated to this. The player enter the coordinate of the block choseen. He try to increase the score by removing lines

He have three attemps to enter valid coordinate and then he loose.

However, each round, he have the possibility to guit the game.

This project allows us, to improve our skills in Basic notions, 1D lists, 2D lists, functions, modules and files.

Based functions

with the blocks.

About Game Boards:

Functions	Input	Output
read_grid(path)	Relative naming	valid grid from the contents of
		the file specified by path
save_grid(path, grid)	path to save to grid and the	nothing
	grid	
print_grid(grid)	grid	grid

About blocs:

Functions	Input	Output
print_blocs(grid)	shape of the grid	three blocs associated with it

select_bloc()	nothing	bloc choosen
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About the position entered by the user :

Functions	Input	Output
valid_position(grid, bloc, i, j)	shape of the grid, bloc choosen, abcissa coordinate i,	valid_position True or False (boolean)
	ordonate coordinate j	,
emplace_bloc(grid, bloc, i, j)	shape of the grid, bloc	the bloc choosen is inserted in
	choosen, coordinate i and j	the grid

About cancelling rows and columns, then calculating the score :

Functions	Input	Output
row_state(grid, i)	Shape of the grid, coordinate i	row_state True if the line
		choosen is full, else it is False
		(Boolean)
col_state(grid, j)	shape of the grid, coordinate j	col_state True if the column
		choosen is full, else it is False
		(Boolean)
row_clear(grid, i)	shape of the grid, coordinate i	new grid with the full line
		cleared
col_clear(grid, j)	shape of the grid, coordinate j	new grid with the full column
		cleared
update_score()	nothing	New score (integer)

New functions

Functions	Input	Output
open_block(grid)	shape of the grid	read the blocs's files

Technical presentation of the project

Main implemented algorithms

To play at this Tetris Like Game, the player have to run the program in main file.

The game part launch with three options : New Game, Game rules and $\operatorname{Quit}\nolimits$ game

```
95
      def game_menu():
          #heading of the game
 96
          print("_"*30)
 97
 98
          print()
          print(" "*5+"A TETRIS LIKE GAME!"+" "*5)
 99
100
          print()
          print("_"*30)
101
102
          print()
103
104
          #verify if there exist a recent last game
          board = open("board/current board.txt", "r")
105
106
          content = board.read()
          #if there is no recent last game
107
          if content == "":
108
109
              print("New game - press 1")
110
              print("Game rules - press 2")
111
              print("Quit game - press 3")
```

Then, we propose three board: Triangle, Diamond and Circle and after the size

```
# return the name of a file 'path' that correspond to the user choice for the grid
170
      def the_path():
          #heading of the choice of the shape board
171
          print("_" * 30)
172
          print(" " * 5 + "SHAPE OF THE BOARD" + " " * 5)
173
          print("_" * 30)
174
175
          print()
176
          print("Triangle - press 1")
177
178
          print("Diamond - press 2")
179
          print("Circle - press 3")
180
          print()
```

After, we show three random blocs associated to the shape of the board with the function print_blocks(grid). The user choose a bloc among this list with the function select_bloc(grid) by entering for example block1 or block2 etc...

Subsequently, the user have three attemps to enter valid coordinate. To verify if the coordinate are valid, that is, it enter in the grid and the coordinates are not the same as another block already, we use the function valid_position(grid, bloc, i, j). This fonction return a boolean: True if the coordinate are valid or False if the coordinate are not valid.

If the coordinate are valid, we place the bloc into the board with the function emplace_bloc(grid, bloc, i, j)

```
583
      # Place the bloc
584
      def emplace_bloc(grid, bloc, i, j):
585
          if valid_position(grid, bloc, i, j) is True: #test if the coordinate are valid or not
586
              # Browse the dimensions of the bloc file
587
              for x in range(5):
588
                  for y in range(5):
                      if bloc[x][y] != 0 and bloc[x][y] == grid[x + i - 4][y + j] == 1:
589
590
                          grid[x + i - 4][y + j] = 2 \#place the bloc
591
          return grid
```

The score increase each time a row or a column is clear.

Technical dificulties

The main crucial point was the personnalized board because we have to do all the changes per lines and columns in the all board. We had to do somes test to code this. There was also the problem of generate the circle board because for this, we had to do some mathematics with calculation about radius.

Another problem that we met is about the clear of a line. Indeed, when a clear a line, we have to do a translation of block above to the down direction whereas when the column is full state, we just have to clear it. We had to to some test to success.

We also try to code the function to rotate blocks and it was so difficult. Indeed, we tried to represent blocs on a paper with all the rotation possible but we didn't seeany logic between this rotation. We thought that it was a story of translations, but no. We do some research on internet to understand the logic and we didn't understand the solution, so we didn't code this function.

Result presentation

User interface

If we choose to play a new game with the triangle board and basic sized, then:

```
A TETRIS LIKE GAME!

New game - press 1
Game rules - press 2
Quit game - press 3

SHAPE OF THE BOARD

Triangle - press 1
Diamond - press 2
Circle - press 3

Basic size board - press 1
Personalized size - press 2
```

```
Select a bloc :(1, 2 or 3)

On witch row do you want to place the bloc ? (letter of row)

On witch column do you want to place the bloc ? (letter of column)

If you want to stop playing, enter 'stop', else enter another thing.

another thing
```

It place the bloc choosen into the board

After a few rounds of play, we decide to clear a line, and the line above goes down:

```
Select a bloc :(1, 2 or 3)

On witch row do you want to place the bloc ? (letter of row)

On witch column do you want to place the bloc ? (letter of column)

K

If you want to stop playing, enter 'stop', else enter another thing.

another thing
```

Conclusion

This project made us realize that a big goal like creating a game involves breaking it down into small, interconnected problems.

We got down to it as soon as we were made aware of the project and this allowed us to list some of the problems that would take us more time.

Some functions required days of reflection and many tests in order to succeed.

In other cases, it was by communicating with our classmate that we were able to unblock situations and if not, we also sought to improve our functions by documenting ourselves on the internet. Many times, we did not immediately understand the solutions offered on the internet but we did not give up and we persevered to obtain an affordable result.

There are certainly improvements to be made, whether graphical or even to the core of our code, but at least we were able to have a concrete result that works.