

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        from cma import fmin
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        np.random.seed(42)
        random seed = 42
        # Load and preprocess data
        df = pd.read csv("ADA lmin.csv")
        for j in range(15):
            df[f'bid price {j}'] = df['midpoint'] - df[f'bids distance {j}']
            df[f'ask price {j}'] = df['midpoint'] + df[f'asks distance {j}']
        bid cols = [f"bids notional {i}" for i in range(15)]
        ask cols = [f"asks notional {i}" for i in range(15)]
        df['obi'] = (df[bid_cols].sum(axis=1) - df[ask_cols].sum(axis=1)) / (df[bid_cc
        df['dobi'] = df['obi'].diff().fillna(0)
        df['depth'] = df[bid cols + ask cols].sum(axis=1)
        df['queue slope bid'] = df['bids notional 0'] - df['bids notional 5']
        df['queue slope ask'] = df['asks notional 0'] - df['asks notional 5']
        df['net queue slope'] = df['queue slope bid'] - df['queue slope ask']
        df['spread'] = np.where((df['asks notional 0'] > 0) & (df['bids notional 0'] > 0)
        df['spread'] = df['spread'].fillna(method='ffill').fillna(0)
        df['depth variance'] = df[bid cols + ask cols].std(axis=1)
        df['abs dobi'] = df['dobi'].abs()
        train\_end = int(len(df) * 0.6)
        cv end = int(len(df) * 0.8)
        df train = df.iloc[:train end].copy().reset index(drop=True)
        df cv = df.iloc[train end:cv end].copy().reset index(drop=True)
        df test = df.iloc[cv end:].copy().reset index(drop=True)
        for d in [df train, df cv, df test]:
            d['log mid'] = np.log(d['midpoint'])
            d['returns'] = d['log mid'].diff().fillna(0)
        def trading strategy(signal, threshold):
            positions = np.tanh(signal / threshold)
            trades = np.diff(positions, prepend=0)
            return positions, trades
        def apply trading costs(positions, trades, returns, fee, slip):
            raw pnl = positions[:-1] * returns[1:len(positions)]
            trade mask = np.abs(trades[1:len(positions)]) > 0
            costs = np.abs(trades[1:len(positions)]) * (fee + slip)
            costs[\sim trade mask] = 0
            net_pnl = raw_pnl - costs
            return net pnl
        def simulate fp(mu params, sigma params, x0, features, timesteps, dt):
            a0, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8, a9 = mu params
```

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b0, b1, b2 = sigma params
   x = np.zeros(timesteps)
   x[0] = x0
    rng = np.random.RandomState(random seed)
   for t in range(1, timesteps):
        obi = features['obi'].iloc[t-1]
        dobi = features['dobi'].iloc[t-1]
        depth = features['depth'].iloc[t-1]
        net slope = features['net queue slope'].iloc[t-1]
        spread = features['spread'].iloc[t-1]
        depth var = features['depth variance'].iloc[t-1]
        abs dobi = features['abs dobi'].iloc[t-1]
        mu = (a0 + a1 * x[t-1] + a2 * obi + a3 * dobi + a4 * depth + a5 * net_
        sigma = np.abs(b0 + b1 * np.abs(x[t-1]) + b2 * spread)
        x[t] = x[t-1] + mu * dt + sigma * np.sqrt(dt) * rng.randn()
    return x
def optimize_threshold(signal, returns, fee, slip):
   thresholds = np.linspace(0.001, 0.01, 15)
    best pnl = -np.inf
   best thresh = 0.005
   for t in thresholds:
        pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, t)
        pnl = np.sum(apply trading costs(pos, trades, returns, fee, slip))
        if pnl > best pnl:
            best pnl = pnl
            best thresh = t
    return best thresh
def train fp model(df slice, fee, slip):
    returns = df slice['returns'].values
    features = df_slice[['obi', 'dobi', 'depth', 'net_queue_slope', 'spread',
   x init = 0.0
   dt = 1.0
   def objective(params):
        mu params = params[:10]
        sigma params = params[10:]
        signal = simulate fp(mu params, sigma params, x init, features, len(re
        pos, trades = trading_strategy(signal, 0.005)
        return -np.sum(apply trading costs(pos, trades, returns, fee, slip))
    res = fmin(objective, [0]*10 + [0.005, 0.005, 0.005], sigma0=0.2, options=
    return res[0][:10], res[0][10:]
fees = [0, 0.0002, 0.0004, 0.0006]
slippages = [0, 0.00005, 0.0001, 0.0003]
results = []
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 4, figsize=(22, 10))
axes = axes.flatten()
for idx, (fee, slip) in enumerate(zip(fees, slippages)):
   train segments = [(i, i+500) \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(0, len(df train)-500, 500)]
    segment models = []
    segment thresholds = []
```

```
for start, end in train segments:
    mu p, sigma p = train fp model(df train.iloc[start:end], fee, slip)
    signal = simulate fp(mu p, sigma p, 0.0, df train.iloc[start:end][['ob
    threshold = optimize threshold(signal, df train.iloc[start:end]['retur
    segment models.append((mu p, sigma p))
    segment thresholds.append(threshold)
window size = 3
cv returns = df cv['returns'].values
selected model indices = []
for start in range(0, len(cv returns) - window size, window size):
    end = start + window size
    best pnl = -np.inf
    best index = 0
    for i, (mu p, sigma p) in enumerate(segment models):
        signal = simulate fp(mu p, sigma p, 0.0, df cv.iloc[start:end][['<mark>c</mark>
        pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, segment thresholds[i])
        pnl = np.sum(apply trading costs(pos, trades, cv returns[start:end
        if pnl > best pnl:
            best pnl = pnl
            best index = i
    selected model indices.append(best index)
test returns = df test['returns'].values
test features = df test[['obi', 'dobi', 'depth', 'net queue slope', 'sprea
test positions = []
test trades = []
for i, start in enumerate(range(0, len(test returns) - window size + 1, wi
    end = start + window size
    model index = selected model indices[min(i, len(selected model indices
    mu p, sigma p = segment models[model index]
    threshold = segment thresholds[model index]
    signal = simulate fp(mu p, sigma p, 0.0, test features.iloc[start:end]
    pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, threshold)
    test positions.append(pos)
    test trades.append(trades)
if not test positions:
    continue
fp positions = np.concatenate([p[:-1] if len(p) > 1 else p for p in test p
fp trades = np.concatenate([t[:-1] if len(t) > 1 else t for t in test trad
fp returns = test returns[1:len(fp positions)+1]
min length = min(len(fp positions), len(fp returns))
fp positions = fp positions[:min length]
fp trades = fp trades[:min length]
fp returns = fp returns[:min length]
initial investment = 100
fp net returns = apply trading costs(fp positions, fp trades, fp returns,
fp_pnl = initial_investment * np.exp(np.cumsum(fp_net_returns))
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bh returns = test returns[1:min length+1]
   bh pnl = initial investment * np.exp(np.cumsum(bh returns))
   first position = fp positions[0] if len(fp positions) > 0 else 0
   initial trade cost = np.abs(first position) * (fee + slip) if first positi
   npc returns = first position * bh returns - initial trade cost
   npc pnl = initial investment * np.exp(np.cumsum(npc returns))
   ax = axes[idx]
   ax.plot(fp pnl, label='FP Strategy', color='blue')
   ax.plot(bh_pnl, label='Buy & Hold', color='green')
   ax.plot(npc pnl, label='No Position Change', color='red')
   ax.set_title(f"Fee={fee}, Slippage={slip}")
   ax.grid(True)
   ax.legend()
    results.append({
        "Fee": fee,
        "Slippage": slip,
        "FP Strategy ($)": round(fp pnl[-1], 2),
        "FP Return (%)": round((fp pnl[-1] - initial investment) / initial inv
        "Buy & Hold ($)": round(bh pnl[-1], 2),
        "Buy & Hold Return (%)": round((bh pnl[-1] - initial investment) / ini
        "NPC ($)": round(npc pnl[-1], 2),
        "NPC Return (%)": round((npc pnl[-1] - initial investment) / initial i
   })
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
results df = pd.DataFrame(results)
print("\nFinal Portfolio Values and Returns for Different Fee/Slippage Configu
print(results df.to string(index=False))
```

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/tmp/ipython-input-7-2599974331.py:25: FutureWarning: Series.fillna with 'metho
d' is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use obj.ffill() or obj.bfi
ll() instead.
 df['spread'] = df['spread'].fillna(method='ffill').fillna(0)
/tmp/ipython-input-7-2599974331.py:66: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in
scalar multiply
 mu = (a0 + a1 * x[t-1] + a2 * obi + a3 * dobi + a4 * depth + a5 * net slope +
a6 * spread + a7 * depth var + a8 * abs dobi + a9 * np.sign(x[t-1]))
/tmp/ipython-input-7-2599974331.py:68: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountere
d in scalar add
 x[t] = x[t-1] + mu * dt + sigma * np.sgrt(dt) * rng.randn()
/tmp/ipython-input-7-2599974331.py:40: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in
divide
 positions = np.tanh(signal / threshold)
/tmp/ipython-input-7-2599974331.py:67: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in
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scalar multiply
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 positions = np.tanh(signal / threshold)
/tmp/ipython-input-7-2599974331.py:66: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in
scalar multiply
 mu = (a0 + a1 * x[t-1] + a2 * obi + a3 * dobi + a4 * depth + a5 * net_slope +
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d in scalar add
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/tmp/ipython-input-7-2599974331.py:68: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in
 x[t] = x[t-1] + mu * dt + sigma * np.sgrt(dt) * rng.randn()
                   0.8
                   0.6
                    0.4
                   0.2
                                        0.2
```

```
Final Portfolio Values and Returns for Different Fee/Slippage Configurations:
          Fee Slippage FP Strategy ($) FP Return (%) Buy & Hold ($) Buy & Hold Re
      turn (%) NPC ($) NPC Return (%)
      0.0000
               0.00000
                                   93.40
                                                  -6.60
                                                                  87.38
       -12.62
                100.0
                                   0.0
                                   83.89
                                                 -16.11
                                                                  87.38
      0.0002
               0.00005
       -12.62
               100.0
                                   0.0
      0.0004
               0.00010
                                   61.82
                                                 -38.18
                                                                  87.38
       -12.62
                100.0
                                   0.0
       0.0006
               0.00030
                                   39.26
                                                 -60.74
                                                                  87.38
       -12.62
                100.0
                                   0.0
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        df = pd.read csv("ADA lmin.csv")
        for j in range(15):
            df[f'bid price {j}'] = df['midpoint'] - df[f'bids distance {j}']
            df[f'ask price {j}'] = df['midpoint'] + df[f'asks distance {j}']
        bid cols = [f"bids notional {i}" for i in range(15)]
        ask cols = [f"asks notional {i}" for i in range(15)]
        df['obi'] = (df[bid cols].sum(axis=1) - df[ask cols].sum(axis=1)) / (df[bid cols]
        df['dobi'] = df['obi'].diff().fillna(0)
        df['depth'] = df[bid cols + ask cols].sum(axis=1)
        df['queue slope bid'] = df['bids notional 0'] - df['bids notional 5']
        df['queue slope ask'] = df['asks notional 0'] - df['asks notional 5']
        df['net queue slope'] = df['queue slope bid'] - df['queue slope ask']
        df['spread'] = np.where((df['asks notional 0'] > 0) & (df['bids notional 0'] >
        df['spread'] = df['spread'].fillna(method='ffill').fillna(0)
        df['depth variance'] = df[bid cols + ask cols].std(axis=1)
        df['abs dobi'] = df['dobi'].abs()
        df
       /tmp/ipython-input-6-3011815859.py:17: FutureWarning: Series.fillna with 'metho
      d' is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use obj.ffill() or obj.bfi
      ll() instead.
```

df['spread'] = df['spread'].fillna(method='ffill').fillna(0)

Out[ ]:		Unnamed: 0	system_time	midpoint	spread	buys	
	0	0	2021-04-07 11:33:59.055697+00:00	1.16205	0.0	56936.467913	2582
	1	1	2021-04-07 11:34:59.055697+00:00	1.16800	0.0	56491.336799	786
	2	2	2021-04-07 11:35:59.055697+00:00	1.17530	0.0	52859.493359	484
	3	3	2021-04-07 11:36:59.055697+00:00	1.16585	0.0	50772.386336	326
	4	4	2021-04-07 11:37:59.055697+00:00	1.17255	0.0	113579.364184	825
	17104	17104	2021-04-19 09:45:00.442103+00:00	1.27325	0.0	13671.251598	253
	17105	17105	2021-04-19 09:46:00.442103+00:00	1.27200	0.0	9916.946518	336
	17106	17106	2021-04-19 09:47:00.442103+00:00	1.27255	0.0	32589.054204	434
	17107	17107	2021-04-19 09:48:00.442103+00:00	1.27305	0.0	3437.251449	79
	17108	17108	2021-04-19 09:49:00.442103+00:00	1.27105	0.0	10510.439494	68

17109 rows  $\times$  194 columns

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        from cma import fmin
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        np.random.seed(42)
        random\_seed = 42
        # Load and preprocess data
        df = pd.read_csv("BTC_1min.csv")
        for j in range(15):
            df[f'bid_price_{j}'] = df['midpoint'] - df[f'bids_distance_{j}']
            df[f'ask_price_{j}'] = df['midpoint'] + df[f'asks_distance {j}']
        bid_cols = [f"bids_notional_{i}" for i in range(15)]
        ask_cols = [f"asks_notional_{i}" for i in range(15)]
        df['obi'] = (df[bid_cols].sum(axis=1) - df[ask_cols].sum(axis=1)) / (df[bid_cc
        df['dobi'] = df['obi'].diff().fillna(0)
        df['depth'] = df[bid_cols + ask_cols].sum(axis=1)
```

```
df['queue slope bid'] = df['bids notional 0'] - df['bids notional 5']
df['queue slope ask'] = df['asks notional 0'] - df['asks notional 5']
df['net_queue_slope'] = df['queue_slope_bid'] - df['queue_slope_ask']
df['spread'] = np.where((df['asks notional 0'] > 0) & (df['bids notional 0'] > 0)
df['spread'] = df['spread'].fillna(method='ffill').fillna(0)
df['depth variance'] = df[bid cols + ask cols].std(axis=1)
df['abs dobi'] = df['dobi'].abs()
train end = int(len(df) * 0.6)
cv end = int(len(df) * 0.8)
df train = df.iloc[:train end].copy().reset index(drop=True)
df cv = df.iloc[train end:cv end].copy().reset index(drop=True)
df test = df.iloc[cv end:].copy().reset index(drop=True)
for d in [df train, df cv, df test]:
   d['log mid'] = np.log(d['midpoint'])
   d['returns'] = d['log mid'].diff().fillna(0)
def trading strategy(signal, threshold):
    positions = np.tanh(signal / threshold)
   trades = np.diff(positions, prepend=0)
    return positions, trades
def apply trading costs(positions, trades, returns, fee, slip):
    raw pnl = positions[:-1] * returns[1:len(positions)]
   trade mask = np.abs(trades[1:len(positions)]) > 0
   costs = np.abs(trades[1:len(positions)]) * (fee + slip)
   costs[~trade mask] = 0
   net pnl = raw pnl - costs
    return net pnl
def simulate fp(mu params, sigma params, x0, features, timesteps, dt):
   a0, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8, a9 = mu params
   b0, b1, b2 = sigma params
   x = np.zeros(timesteps)
   x[0] = x0
    rng = np.random.RandomState(random seed)
   for t in range(1, timesteps):
       obi = features['obi'].iloc[t-1]
        dobi = features['dobi'].iloc[t-1]
        depth = features['depth'].iloc[t-1]
        net slope = features['net queue slope'].iloc[t-1]
        spread = features['spread'].iloc[t-1]
        depth var = features['depth variance'].iloc[t-1]
        abs dobi = features['abs dobi'].iloc[t-1]
        mu = (a0 + a1 * x[t-1] + a2 * obi + a3 * dobi + a4 * depth + a5 * net_
        sigma = np.abs(b0 + b1 * np.abs(x[t-1]) + b2 * spread)
       x[t] = x[t-1] + mu * dt + sigma * np.sqrt(dt) * rnq.randn()
    return x
def optimize threshold(signal, returns, fee, slip):
    thresholds = np.linspace(0.001, 0.01, 15)
    best pnl = -np.inf
```

```
best thresh = 0.005
    for t in thresholds:
        pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, t)
        pnl = np.sum(apply trading costs(pos, trades, returns, fee, slip))
        if pnl > best pnl:
            best pnl = pnl
            best thresh = t
    return best thresh
def train_fp_model(df_slice, fee, slip):
    returns = df slice['returns'].values
    features = df slice[['obi', 'dobi', 'depth', 'net queue slope', 'spread',
   x init = 0.0
   dt = 1.0
   def objective(params):
        mu params = params[:10]
        sigma params = params[10:]
        signal = simulate_fp(mu_params, sigma_params, x_init, features, len(re
        pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, 0.005)
        return -np.sum(apply trading costs(pos, trades, returns, fee, slip))
    res = fmin(objective, [0]*10 + [0.005, 0.005, 0.005], sigma0=0.2, options=
    return res[0][:10], res[0][10:]
fees = [0, 0.0002, 0.0004, 0.0006]
slippages = [0, 0.00005, 0.0001, 0.0003]
results = []
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 4, figsize=(22, 10))
axes = axes.flatten()
for idx, (fee, slip) in enumerate(zip(fees, slippages)):
    train segments = [(i, i+500) \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(0, len(df train)-500, 500)]
    segment models = []
    segment thresholds = []
    for start, end in train segments:
        mu p, sigma p = train fp model(df train.iloc[start:end], fee, slip)
        signal = simulate fp(mu p, sigma p, 0.0, df train.iloc[start:end][['ok
        threshold = optimize threshold(signal, df train.iloc[start:end]['retur
        segment models.append((mu p, sigma p))
        segment thresholds.append(threshold)
   window size = 3
   cv returns = df cv['returns'].values
   selected model indices = []
    for start in range(0, len(cv returns) - window size, window size):
        end = start + window size
        best pnl = -np.inf
        best index = 0
        for i, (mu_p, sigma_p) in enumerate(segment_models):
            signal = simulate fp(mu p, sigma p, 0.0, df cv.iloc[start:end][['<mark>c</mark>
            pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, segment thresholds[i])
            pnl = np.sum(apply trading costs(pos, trades, cv returns[start:end
            if pnl > best pnl:
                best pnl = pnl
```

```
best index = i
    selected model indices.append(best index)
test returns = df test['returns'].values
test features = df test[['obi', 'dobi', 'depth', 'net queue slope', 'sprea
test positions = []
test trades = []
for i, start in enumerate(range(0, len(test returns) - window size + 1, wi
    end = start + window size
    model_index = selected_model_indices[min(i, len(selected model indices
    mu p, sigma p = segment models[model index]
    threshold = segment thresholds[model index]
    signal = simulate fp(mu p, sigma p, 0.0, test features.iloc[start:end]
    pos, trades = trading_strategy(signal, threshold)
    test positions.append(pos)
    test trades.append(trades)
if not test positions:
    continue
fp positions = np.concatenate([p[:-1] if len(p) > 1 else p for p in test p
fp trades = np.concatenate([t[:-1] if len(t) > 1 else t for t in test trad
fp returns = test returns[1:len(fp positions)+1]
min length = min(len(fp positions), len(fp returns))
fp positions = fp positions[:min length]
fp trades = fp trades[:min length]
fp returns = fp returns[:min length]
initial investment = 100
fp net returns = apply trading costs(fp positions, fp trades, fp returns,
fp pnl = initial investment * np.exp(np.cumsum(fp net returns))
bh returns = test returns[1:min length+1]
bh pnl = initial investment * np.exp(np.cumsum(bh returns))
first position = fp positions[0] if len(fp positions) > 0 else 0
initial trade cost = np.abs(first position) * (fee + slip) if first positi
npc returns = first position * bh returns - initial trade cost
npc_pnl = initial_investment * np.exp(np.cumsum(npc_returns))
ax = axes[idx]
ax.plot(fp_pnl, label='FP Strategy', color='blue')
ax.plot(bh_pnl, label='Buy & Hold', color='green')
ax.plot(npc pnl, label='No Position Change', color='red')
ax.set title(f"Fee={fee}, Slippage={slip}")
ax.grid(True)
ax.legend()
results.append({
    "Fee": fee,
    "Slippage": slip,
    "FP Strategy ($)": round(fp pnl[-1], 2),
```

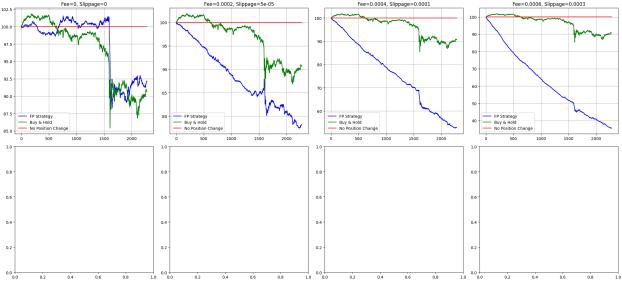
```
"FP Return (%)": round((fp_pnl[-1] - initial_investment) / initial_inv
"Buy & Hold ($)": round(bh_pnl[-1], 2),
    "Buy & Hold Return (%)": round((bh_pnl[-1] - initial_investment) / ini
    "NPC ($)": round(npc_pnl[-1], 2),
    "NPC Return (%)": round((npc_pnl[-1] - initial_investment) / initial_i
})

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

results_df = pd.DataFrame(results)
print("\nFinal Portfolio Values and Returns for Different Fee/Slippage Configu
print(results_df.to_string(index=False))
```

/tmp/ipython-input-4-4261587749.py:25: FutureWarning: Series.fillna with 'metho d' is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use obj.ffill() or obj.bfill() instead.

df['spread'] = df['spread'].fillna(method='ffill').fillna(0)



Final Portfolio Values and Returns for Different Fee/Slippage Configurations: Fee Slippage FP Strategy (\$) FP Return (%) Buy & Hold (\$) Buy & Hold Re

turn (%) NPC (\$) NPC Return (%) 0.0000 0.00000 92.16 -7.84 90.67 -9.33 100.0 0.0 0.0002 0.00005 78.13 -21.87 90.67 -9.33 100.0 0.0 0.0004 0.00010 52.83 -47.17 90.67 -9.33 100.0 0.0 -64.38 90.67 0.0006 0.00030 35.62 -9.33 100.0 0.0

```
In []: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from cma import fmin
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

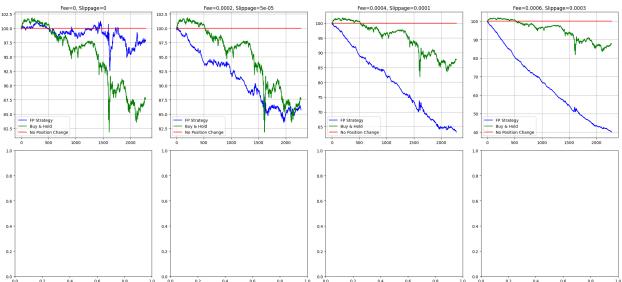
np.random.seed(42)
random_seed = 42
```

```
# Load and preprocess data
df = pd.read csv("ETH 1min.csv")
for j in range(15):
   df[f'bid price {j}'] = df['midpoint'] - df[f'bids distance {j}']
   df[f'ask price {j}'] = df['midpoint'] + df[f'asks distance {j}']
bid_cols = [f"bids_notional_{i}" for i in range(15)]
ask cols = [f"asks notional {i}" for i in range(15)]
df['obi'] = (df[bid cols].sum(axis=1) - df[ask cols].sum(axis=1)) / (df[bid cols]
df['dobi'] = df['obi'].diff().fillna(0)
df['depth'] = df[bid_cols + ask_cols].sum(axis=1)
df['queue slope bid'] = df['bids notional 0'] - df['bids notional 5']
df['queue slope ask'] = df['asks notional 0'] - df['asks notional 5']
df['net queue slope'] = df['queue slope bid'] - df['queue slope ask']
df['spread'] = np.where((df['asks notional 0'] > 0) & (df['bids notional 0'] > 0)
df['spread'] = df['spread'].fillna(method='ffill').fillna(0)
df['depth_variance'] = df[bid_cols + ask_cols].std(axis=1)
df['abs dobi'] = df['dobi'].abs()
train end = int(len(df) * 0.6)
cv end = int(len(df) * 0.8)
df train = df.iloc[:train end].copy().reset index(drop=True)
df cv = df.iloc[train end:cv end].copy().reset index(drop=True)
df test = df.iloc[cv end:].copy().reset_index(drop=True)
for d in [df train, df cv, df test]:
   d['log mid'] = np.log(d['midpoint'])
   d['returns'] = d['log mid'].diff().fillna(0)
def trading strategy(signal, threshold):
    positions = np.tanh(signal / threshold)
   trades = np.diff(positions, prepend=0)
    return positions, trades
def apply trading costs(positions, trades, returns, fee, slip):
    raw pnl = positions[:-1] * returns[1:len(positions)]
   trade mask = np.abs(trades[1:len(positions)]) > 0
   costs = np.abs(trades[1:len(positions)]) * (fee + slip)
   costs[~trade mask] = 0
   net pnl = raw pnl - costs
    return net pnl
def simulate fp(mu params, sigma params, x0, features, timesteps, dt):
   a0, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8, a9 = mu params
   b0, b1, b2 = sigma params
   x = np.zeros(timesteps)
   x[0] = x0
    rng = np.random.RandomState(random seed)
   for t in range(1, timesteps):
       obi = features['obi'].iloc[t-1]
       dobi = features['dobi'].iloc[t-1]
```

```
depth = features['depth'].iloc[t-1]
        net slope = features['net queue slope'].iloc[t-1]
        spread = features['spread'].iloc[t-1]
        depth var = features['depth variance'].iloc[t-1]
        abs dobi = features['abs dobi'].iloc[t-1]
        mu = (a0 + a1 * x[t-1] + a2 * obi + a3 * dobi + a4 * depth + a5 * net
        sigma = np.abs(b0 + b1 * np.abs(x[t-1]) + b2 * spread)
       x[t] = x[t-1] + mu * dt + sigma * np.sqrt(dt) * rng.randn()
    return x
def optimize threshold(signal, returns, fee, slip):
   thresholds = np.linspace(0.001, 0.01, 15)
   best pnl = -np.inf
   best thresh = 0.005
   for t in thresholds:
        pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, t)
        pnl = np.sum(apply trading costs(pos, trades, returns, fee, slip))
        if pnl > best pnl:
            best pnl = pnl
            best thresh = t
    return best thresh
def train fp model(df slice, fee, slip):
    returns = df slice['returns'].values
    features = df slice[['obi', 'dobi', 'depth', 'net queue slope', 'spread',
   x init = 0.0
   dt = 1.0
   def objective(params):
       mu params = params[:10]
        sigma params = params[10:]
        signal = simulate fp(mu params, sigma params, x init, features, len(re
        pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, 0.005)
        return -np.sum(apply trading costs(pos, trades, returns, fee, slip))
    res = fmin(objective, [0]*10 + [0.005, 0.005, 0.005], sigma0=0.2, options=
    return res[0][:10], res[0][10:]
fees = [0, 0.0002, 0.0004, 0.0006]
slippages = [0, 0.00005, 0.0001, 0.0003]
results = []
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 4, figsize=(22, 10))
axes = axes.flatten()
for idx, (fee, slip) in enumerate(zip(fees, slippages)):
    train segments = [(i, i+500) \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(0, len(df train)-500, 500)]
    segment models = []
    segment thresholds = []
    for start, end in train segments:
        mu p, sigma p = train fp model(df train.iloc[start:end], fee, slip)
        signal = simulate fp(mu p, sigma p, 0.0, df train.iloc[start:end][['ok
        threshold = optimize threshold(signal, df train.iloc[start:end]['retur
        segment models.append((mu p, sigma p))
        segment thresholds.append(threshold)
```

```
window size = 3
cv returns = df cv['returns'].values
selected model indices = []
for start in range(0, len(cv returns) - window size, window size):
    end = start + window size
    best pnl = -np.inf
    best index = 0
    for i, (mu_p, sigma_p) in enumerate(segment_models):
        signal = simulate fp(mu p, sigma p, 0.0, df cv.iloc[start:end][['c
        pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, segment thresholds[i])
        pnl = np.sum(apply trading costs(pos, trades, cv returns[start:end
        if pnl > best pnl:
            best pnl = pnl
            best index = i
    selected model indices.append(best index)
test returns = df test['returns'].values
test_features = df_test[['obi', 'dobi', 'depth', 'net_queue_slope', 'sprea
test positions = []
test trades = []
for i, start in enumerate(range(0, len(test returns) - window size + 1, wi
    end = start + window size
    model index = selected model indices[min(i, len(selected model indices
    mu p, sigma p = segment models[model index]
    threshold = segment thresholds[model index]
    signal = simulate fp(mu p, sigma p, 0.0, test features.iloc[start:end]
    pos, trades = trading strategy(signal, threshold)
    test positions.append(pos)
    test trades.append(trades)
if not test positions:
    continue
fp positions = np.concatenate([p[:-1] if len(p) > 1 else p for p in test p
fp trades = np.concatenate([t[:-1] if len(t) > 1 else t for t in test trad
fp returns = test returns[1:len(fp positions)+1]
min length = min(len(fp positions), len(fp returns))
fp positions = fp positions[:min length]
fp trades = fp trades[:min length]
fp returns = fp returns[:min length]
initial investment = 100
fp net returns = apply trading costs(fp positions, fp trades, fp returns,
fp pnl = initial investment * np.exp(np.cumsum(fp net returns))
bh returns = test returns[1:min length+1]
bh_pnl = initial_investment * np.exp(np.cumsum(bh returns))
first position = fp positions[0] if len(fp positions) > 0 else 0
initial trade cost = np.abs(first position) * (fee + slip) if first positi
npc returns = first position * bh returns - initial trade cost
npc pnl = initial investment * np.exp(np.cumsum(npc returns))
```

```
ax = axes[idx]
     ax.plot(fp pnl, label='FP Strategy', color='blue')
     ax.plot(bh pnl, label='Buy & Hold', color='green')
     ax.plot(npc pnl, label='No Position Change', color='red')
     ax.set title(f"Fee={fee}, Slippage={slip}")
     ax.grid(True)
     ax.legend()
     results.append({
         "Fee": fee,
         "Slippage": slip,
         "FP Strategy ($)": round(fp pnl[-1], 2),
         "FP Return (%)": round((fp pnl[-1] - initial investment) / initial inv
         "Buy & Hold ($)": round(bh pnl[-1], 2),
         "Buy & Hold Return (%)": round((bh pnl[-1] - initial investment) / ini
         "NPC ($)": round(npc pnl[-1], 2),
         "NPC Return (%)": round((npc pnl[-1] - initial investment) / initial i
     })
 plt.tight layout()
 plt.show()
 results df = pd.DataFrame(results)
 print("\nFinal Portfolio Values and Returns for Different Fee/Slippage Configu
 print(results df.to string(index=False))
/tmp/ipython-input-6-3446055485.py:25: FutureWarning: Series.fillna with 'metho
d' is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use obj.ffill() or obj.bfi
ll() instead.
  df['spread'] = df['spread'].fillna(method='ffill').fillna(0)
/tmp/ipython-input-6-3446055485.py:66: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in
scalar multiply
  mu = (a0 + a1 * x[t-1] + a2 * obi + a3 * dobi + a4 * depth + a5 * net slope +
a6 * spread + a7 * depth var + a8 * abs dobi + a9 * np.sign(x[t-1]))
/tmp/ipython-input-6-3446055485.py:68: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountere
d in scalar add
  x[t] = x[t-1] + mu * dt + sigma * np.sgrt(dt) * rng.randn()
/tmp/ipython-input-6-3446055485.py:40: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in
divide
  positions = np.tanh(signal / threshold)
/tmp/ipython-input-6-3446055485.py:67: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in
scalar multiply
  sigma = np.abs(b0 + b1 * np.abs(x[t-1]) + b2 * spread)
```



Final Portfolio Values and Returns for Different Fee/Slippage Configurations: Fee Slippage FP Strategy (\$) FP Return (%) Buy & Hold (\$) Buy & Hold Re turn (%) NPC (\$) NPC Return (%) 0.0000 0.00000 97.90 -2.10 87.65 -12.35 100.0 0.0 0.0002 0.00005 85.71 -14.29 87.65 -12.35 100.0 0.0 0.0004 0.00010 63.18 -36.82 87.65 -12.35 100.0 0.0 0.0006 0.00030 40.04 -59.96 87.65

0.0

-12.35

100.0