

Majority Element (LeetCode 169)

(1)


Trivial solution is using unordered map.

Code.

```
int majorityElement (vector<int> & nums)
{
    unordered_map<int, int> umap;
    for (int x: nums) {
        umap[x]++;
        if (umap[x] > 0 0 nums.size()/2) {
            return x;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Other solution is using Moore voting algorithm.

Traverse the array with a counter which increases if the element is same. ~~Turn to 0 if counter~~. Decrease till count is 0.

 last remaining element will be majority element.

This will work because we are given that majority element definitely exists.

Code

```
int majorityElement (int vector<int> nums) {  
    int count = 1;  
    int major = nums[0];  
    for (int i = 1; nums i < nums.size(); i++) {  
        if (major == nums[i]) {  
            count++;  
        }  
        else if (count == 0) {  
            major = nums[i];  
        }  
        else {  
            count--;  
        }  
    }  
    return major;  
}
```

Time complexity - $O(n)$

space complexity - $O(1)$.