

1986 FIFA World Cup



igap A This is an old revision of this page, as edited by 31.4.247.76 (talk) at 20:09, 28 August 2018 (\neg Red cards). The present address (URL) is a permanent link to this revision, which may differ significantly from the current revision.

The 1986 FIFA World Cup, the 13th FIFA World Cup, was held in Mexico from 31 May to 29 June 1986. The tournament was the second to feature a 24-team format. With European nations not allowed to host after the previous World Cup in Spain, Colombia had been originally chosen to host the competition by FIFA but, largely due to economic reasons, was not able to do so and officially resigned in 1982. Mexico was selected as the new host in May 1983. This was the third FIFA World Cup tournament in succession that was hosted by a Spanish-speaking country, after Argentina 1978, and Spain 1982.

It was won by Argentina (their second title, after winning in 1978). Argentina was captained by the 25-year old Diego Maradona, who played a large part in his team's success. Maradona scored the "Hand of God" goal, as well as another voted "Goal of the Century", in the same quarter-final against England. These were two of the five goals that Maradona scored during the tournament, and he also created another five for his teammates. 11 Argentina beat West Germany 3-2 in the final at Mexico City's Estadio Azteca. Total attendance was 2,394,031, an average per match of 46,039.[2] Canada, Denmark and Iraq made their first appearances at the final stage.

The 1986 World Cup saw the appearance of an audience phenomenon dubbed the Mexican wave, which was popularised worldwide after featuring during the tournament. [3][4]

The format of the competition changed from 1982. The final pair of matches in each group were started at the same time $\frac{[5]}{}$ and the second round was played on a knock-out basis rather than groups. The 24 teams qualified were divided into six groups of four (A to F). The top two teams and the four best third-place finishers from the six groups advanced to the knockout round of 16 teams. Italy were the defending champions, but is eliminated by France in the Round of 16.

Host selection

Colombia was originally chosen as hosts by FIFA in June 1974. However, the Colombian authorities eventually declared on 5 November 1982 that they could not afford to host the World Cup under the terms that FIFA demanded because of economic concerns. [6] Mexico was selected on 20 May 1983 as the replacement hosts, beating the bids of Canada and the United States (who eventually hosted the 1994 World Cup), and thereby became the first nation to host two World Cups. This second World Cup in Mexico came 16 years after the first one in 1970. A severe earthquake in September 1985, eight months before the tournament, cast doubt over Mexico's ability to organize the event, but the stadia were not affected and it was decided to go ahead with the preparations.

As 1986 had been declared the International Year of Peace by the United Nations, the advertising boards of all the stadia displayed the FIFA and United Nations logos along with the legend "Football for Peace – Peace Year".

For the design of the logo an unofficial motto was adopted: "El Mundo Unido por Un Balón" ("The World United by a Ball").

Mascot

The official mascot of the 1986 World Cup was Pique, a jalapeño pepper, characteristic of Mexican cuisine, with a moustache, a Colimote sombrero, and Mexican football team colours. Its name comes from picante, Spanish for spicy, and was also a pun on the "PK" abbreviation of the football term penalty kick.

The character caused a degree of controversy within Mexico for its ethnic stereotypes. [7]

Fair play award Sarazil

Diego Maradona

Enzo Scifo

Pique, the official mascot of the 1986 FIFA World Cup

Qualification

1986 FIFA World Cup official logo Tournament details Host country Mexico Dates 31 May - 29 June (30 days) Teams 24 (from 5 confederations) 12 (in 11 host cities) Venue(s) Final positions Champions Argentina (2nd title) Runners-up West Germany Third place France Fourth place **Belgium** Tournament statistics Matches played 52 Goals scored 132 (2.54 per match) Attendance 2,394,031 (46,039 per match) Top scorer(s) - Gary Lineker (6 qoals)

Best player(s)

Best young

player

1986 FIFA World Cup

Copa Mundial de Fútbol México '86

Three teams qualified for the World Cup for the first time: Canada, Denmark and Iraq. Canada clinched its spot after winning the final match against Honduras 2–1 in St. John's, Newfoundland. Iraq played all their home matches on neutral ground because of the Iran–Iraq War. South Korea qualified for the first time since 1954, Paraguay for the first time since 1958, Portugal for the first time since 1966 and Bulgaria and Uruguay for the first time since 1974. As of 2018, this was the last time that Hungary, Canada, Iraq and Northern Ireland qualified for the finals.

List of qualified teams

The following 24 teams qualified for the final tournament.



Venues

Eleven cities hosted the tournament. The Azteca Stadium in Mexico City, the largest stadium used for the tournament, hosted nine matches (including the final), more than any other stadium used. Mexico City hosted 13 total matches; the Olimpico Universitario Stadium hosted four matches (if the Mexico City suburban town Nezahualcoyotl's 3 matches are included, this brings the total up to 16 matches; nearly a third of all matches in this tournament). Guadalajara, Mexico's second largest city hosted 10 total matches (the Jalisco Stadium hosted seven matches, the Tres de Marzo Stadium in Zapopan hosted three), Monterrey hosted 8 matches (The Tecnologico Stadium and the Universitario Stadium in San Nicolas de los Garza hosted four matches each), and the Cuauhtémoc Stadium in Puebla hosted 5 matches.

The hot, humid and rainy summer weather in Mexico varied from humid desert locations like Monterrey to tropical locations such as Guadalajara; but perhaps the greatest hardship the players had to contend with was the high altitude of the Mexican locations. With the exception of the 93-104°F (34-40°C) temperatures of Monterrey (still 2,000 feet above sea level), all of the stadia were located in cities that varied anywhere from Guadalajara being 5,138 feet (1,566 m) above sea level to Toluca being 8,730 feet (2,660 m) above sea level, making conditions very difficult for the players running around in these stadia- but the higher the cities, the less intense the heat. Mexico City, the location of the final match and the location where the most matches were played was 7,380 feet (2,250 m) above sea level and the weather there was not as hot as in other cities used in this World Cup.

	Mexico City	Guadalajara	Puebla				
Estadio Azteca	Estadio Olímpico Universitario	Estadio Jalisco	Estadio Cuauhtémoc				
Capacity: 110,574	Capacity: 72,212	Capacity: 46,416					
San Nicolás de los Garza			Querétaro				
Estadio Universitario			Estadio La Corregidora				
Capacity: 43,780		A Common of the	Capacity: 38,576				
int,	The state of the s						
Nezahualcoyotl		2 0 1 1					
Estadio Neza 86	Estadio Tecnológico						
Capacity: 34,536		Capacity: 33,805					
	1. Mexico City, 2. Guadalajara, 3. Pueb	THE REAL PROPERTY.					
	5. Querétaro, 6. Monterrey, 7. León, 8. 10. Zapopan, 11. Toluca.	<u>Nezanuaicoyoti</u> , 9. <u>Irapuato</u> ,	The last of the la				
Toluca	Irapuato	León	Zapopan				
Estadio Nemesio Díez	Estadio Sergio León Chávez	Estadio Nou Camp	Estadio Tres de Marzo				
Capacity: 32,612	Capacity: 31,336	Capacity: 30,531	Capacity: 30,015				
		RSTADIO E HON					

All of these venues except Monterrey were located in central Mexico, as this tournament was organized with the then-standard way of keeping teams playing in locations in close proximity to each other. Group A only played at the Olimpico and in Puebla (except for the Bulgaria-Italy opening tournament match, which was played in the Azteca), Group B only played at the Azteca and in Toluca (hosts Mexico were part of this group; they played all their group stage matches at the Azteca), Group C played in León and Irapuato, Group D only played in Guadalajara (including the Guadalajara area town of Zapopan; the last match of this group was played in Monterrey), Group E exclusively played in Querétaro and Nezahualcóyotl, and Group F played in the northern city of Monterrey (including the Monterrey area town of San Nicolas de los Garza; the last match of this group was played in Guadalajara). All of the venues listed hosted knockout round matches except the ones in Nezahualcoyotl, Irapuato, Zapopan, Toluca and the Estadio Tecnologico in Monterrey.

Stadium	Matches	Teams hosted in the first round
Estadio Azteca	Opening match, Group B, R2,QF, SF, Final	■•■ Mexico
Estadio Olímpico Universitario	Group A, R2	Argentina, Bulgaria, 💸 South Korea
Estadio Jalisco	Group D, R2, QF, SF	⊗ Brazil
Estadio Cuauhtémoc	Group A, R2, QF, Third-place match	■ Italy
Estadio Universitario	Group F, R2, QF	Poland
Estadio La Corregidora	Group E, R2	West Germany
Estadio Tecnológico	Group F	England, Portugal*, Morocco*
Estadio Nou Camp	Group C, R2	France
Estadio Neza 86	Group E	Uruguay, Denmark, Scotland
Estadio Sergio León Chávez	Group C	Soviet Union, Hungary, Canada
Estadio Tres de Marzo	Group D	Spain*, —— Northern Ireland, —— Algeria*
Estadio Nemesio Díez	Group B	Belgium, Paraguay, Iraq

• Morocco and Portugal played in Guadalajara while Spain and Algeria played in Monterrey.

Match officials

Africa

- Ali Bin Nasser
- Edwin Picon-Ackong
- Idrissa Traoré

Asia

- Fallaj Al-Shanar
- Jamal Al Sharif
- Shizuo Takada

Europe

- Luigi Agnolin
- Horst Brummeier
- Valeri Butenko
- Vojtech Christov
- George Courtney

André Daina

- Bogdan Dotchev
- Erik Fredriksson
- loan Igna
- Jan Keizer
- Siegfried Kirschen
- Lajos Németh
- Zoran Petrović
- Alexis Ponnet
- Joël Quiniou
- Volker Roth
- Victoriano Sánchez Arminio
- Carlos Silva Valente
- Alan Snoddy

North and Central America

- Rómulo Méndez
- Antonio Márquez Ramírez
- David Socha
- Berny Ulloa Morera

Oceania

Chris Bambridge

South America

- Romualdo Arppi Filho
- Jesús Díaz
- Carlos Espósito
- Gabriel González Roa
- José Luis Martínez Bazán
- Hernán Silva

Squads

For a list of all squads that appeared in the final tournament, see 1986 FIFA World Cup squads.

Seeding

Pot 1	Pot 2	Pot 3	Pot 4		
■ ■ Mexico (hosts)	■ England	■ ■ Algeria	■ Belgium		
Italy (1982 winners)	Soviet Union	■ Canada	Bulgaria		
• West Germany (1982 runners-up)	 Argentina 	Denmark	Hungary		
Poland (1982 third place)	■ Spain	■ Iraq	■ Northern Ireland		
France (1982 fourth place)	Paraguay	■ Morocco	■ Portugal		
Brazil	 Uruguay 	South Korea	 Scotland 		

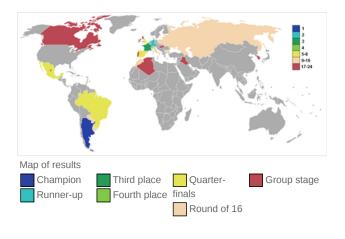
Summary

First round

The first round of the finals began in Group A, where <u>Italy</u> were held 1–1 by <u>Bulgaria</u>. Meanwhile, <u>Argentina</u> beat <u>South Korea</u> 3–1, with <u>Diego Maradona</u> playing a major part. <u>Italy</u> and <u>Argentina</u> drew 1–1, Maradona and <u>Alessandro Altobelli</u> scoring. South Korea and Bulgaria also drew 1–1 in a downpour. The final set of matches saw Argentina beating Bulgaria 2–0, and Italy narrowly defeating South Korea 3–2.

In Group B <u>Mexico</u> beat <u>Belgium</u> 2–1, and despite being held 1–1 by <u>Paraguay</u>, they won the group after a further win over <u>Iraq</u>, 1–0. Paraguay and Belgium also progressed after both beating Iraq and drawing with each other.

Group C pitted a strong <u>Soviet Union</u> side against the reigning European champions <u>France</u>. They drew with each other 1–1, with a goal scored by <u>Vasyl Rats</u>. France beat <u>Canada</u> 1–0 and finished in 2nd place in the group after beating <u>Hungary</u>, 3–0. Hungary had earlier lost 6–0 against the Soviet Union, which won the group due to goal difference.



Group D saw <u>Brazil</u> start against <u>Spain</u>, winning 1–0 after the referee failed to validate a legal goal scored by <u>Míchel</u>. <u>Northern Ireland</u> began their campaign with a draw against <u>Algeria</u>. Northern Ireland were then narrowly beaten by Spain before losing to Brazil 3–0 in their final match. This match saw a goal from <u>Josimar</u> on his debut and was also the final time <u>Pat Jennings</u> played for <u>Northern Ireland</u>. Spain qualified along with Brazil after defeating Algeria 3–0.

Denmark stormed through Group E, dubbed the group of death, with a 100 per cent record. They beat Scotland 1–0 in their first game, then hammered Uruguay 6–1, with Preben Elkjær Larsen hitting a hat-trick. Denmark beat one of the favourites to win the tournament, West Germany, 2–0 thanks to a Jesper Olsen penalty and a goal from John Eriksen. After losing to Denmark, Scotland took the lead against West Germany thanks to a Gordon Strachan goal, but the West Germans fought back to win 2–1. After a violent 0–0 draw against Uruguay, the Scots were eliminated from the tournament. During that game José Batista of Uruguay was sent off after less than one minute of play for a foul on Strachan, a World Cup record that still stands. West Germany went through to the second round despite a loss against Denmark.

Morocco topped Group F after holding both <u>Poland</u> and <u>England</u> to goalless draws, and beating <u>Portugal</u> 3–1. By doing so, they became the first African team, and only the second nation from outside Europe and the Americas (after North Korea in 1966), to reach the second round. England lost 1–0 to Portugal, followed by a 0–0 draw against Morocco in which they lost captain <u>Bryan Robson</u> to injury (for the remainder of the tournament) and vice-captain <u>Ray Wilkins</u> to a red card (he was never to be selected for England again, even after having served his obligatory one-match ban). In their last first-round game, with the captaincy taken over by <u>Peter Shilton</u> in goal, a first-half <u>Gary Lineker</u> hat-trick helped the reshaped side beat Poland 3–0 – although losing yet another player to a ban for the next round, Terry Fenwick receiving his second booking of the tournament. Poland had previously beaten Portugal, and in the end the Portuguese were the only team from Group F to be eliminated in the first round. Portugal, making their first appearance in 20 years, went on strike (in the <u>Saltillo Affair</u>) during the competition. Players refused to train between their first and second games (against England and Poland) and were eliminated after a loss to Morocco in the final group match.

Second round and quarter-finals

Belgium beat the Soviet Union 4–3, despite a hat-trick by the Soviets' <u>Igor Belanov</u>. The game was level at 2–2 after 90 minutes, and in extra time <u>Stephane Demol</u> and <u>Nico Claesen</u> put Belgium 4–2 up. Belanov scored from the penalty spot with nine minutes remaining, but neither he nor any of his teammates could find a fourth goal for the Soviet Union. At the <u>Olympic University Stadium</u> in Mexico City, the European champions France ended Italy's reign as world champions with a 2–0 victory thanks to goals from <u>Michel Platini</u> and <u>Yannick Stopyra</u>. In the rematch of the <u>1930 FIFA World Cup Final</u>, Argentina just edged out South American champions Uruguay in Puebla thanks to a 42nd-minute strike from <u>Pedro Pasculli</u>. The all-South American affair had a Diego Maradona's goal disallowed.

In Querétaro, Denmark were eliminated as they went from a 1–0 lead to a 5–1 battering against Spain; key player Frank Arnesen was suspended for the game after being sent off against West Germany in their last group match, for taking a swipe at German playmaker Lothar Matthäus. The Danes scored first, with a Jesper Olsen penalty, but they were then taken apart by a devastating performance from Butragueño of Spain, who scored four of his team's five goals. At the Azteca Stadium in Mexico City, England progressed to the quarter-finals comfortably when they saw off Paraguay 3–0, while Brazil brushed aside Poland 4–0. West Germany had a much harder time getting past Morocco, for whom goalkeeper Badou Zaki had an outstanding game. Morocco held out until the 87th minute, when Lothar Matthäus scored the only goal of the match with a free kick. Mexico won 2–0 against Bulgaria with an outstanding scissor-kick goal by Manuel Negrete which is honored by a remembrance plaque at the Azteca.

In the quarter-finals, France faced three-time world champion Brazil in Guadalajara. Brazil were well on top in the early stages, and Careca put them one up after 18 minutes. Five minutes before half-time, France drew level when Michel Platini scored his 41st goal after converting a cross from <u>Dominique Rocheteau</u>. Brazil had a chance to regain the lead in the second half when Branco was fouled by French keeper <u>Joël Bats</u> in the penalty area. <u>Zico</u> got up to take the kick, but Bats saved Zico's penalty.

The match went to extra time, and France finished slightly the stronger of the two sides. No more goals were scored, and so it was time for a penalty shoot-out. Socrates, who had earlier missed an open goal and headed an easy chance straight into the French keeper's arms, failed with the first kick for Brazil. The next six penalties were all converted, and then Platini fired over the bar. Brazil were back on level terms – but not for long. Julio Cesar struck

the post with his penalty, and Luis Fernández then scored to put France through 4-3 on penalties.

Two other quarter-finals were also decided on penalties. <u>Jan Ceulemans</u> put Belgium ahead against Spain in the 35th minute, but Spanish substitute Señor equalised with five minutes to go. No more goals were scored in extra time, and Belgium won the shoot-out 5–4. West Germany and Mexico drew 0–0 after extra time, and the West Germans eliminated the hosts 4–1 on penalties. As a curiosity, the German goalkeeper <u>Harald Schumacher</u> jumped to the right in the three Mexican penalties (stopping two of them).

The quarter-final between Argentina and England at the Azteca featured two very different goals in the second half by Diego Maradona: the first was scored illegally, as he punched the ball into the goal past England goalkeeper Peter Shilton. The referee did not see the handball and the goal was given as valid. After the game, Maradona claimed the goal was scored "A bit with the head of Maradona and another bit with the hand of God"; it became known as the "Hand of God" goal. For his second goal, voted "Goal of the Century" in 2002 on the FIFA website, Maradona dribbled half the length of the field past five English players before scoring. With 20 minutes to go, the introduction of John Barnes as a substitute changed the tide of play in England's favour, as he pinged cross after cross into the Argentine penalty area: with 9 minutes to go, Lineker got on the end of one and scored, then almost repeated the dose six minutes later but was just unable to reach the ball thanks to a timely block by Olarticoechea: 2–1 to Argentina was the final score. In Argentina, the game was seen as revenge for the Falklands War. [8]

Semi-finals, third-place match, and final

In the first semi-final match, <u>Andreas Brehme</u> put West Germany 1–0 ahead against France in the ninth minute in Guadalajara, but the outcome remained in doubt until two minutes from time when <u>Rudi Völler</u> made it 2–0, and West Germany were in the final for the second World Cup in succession. In the second semi-final match, Maradona struck twice in the second half as Argentina beat Belgium 2–0 at the Azteca. France went on to defeat Belgium in the third-place match, 4–2.

So it was to be the South American Argentina vs the European West Germany at the final at the Azteca, the second time this massive stadium would host a World Cup Final (the first in 1970). Jose Brown put Argentina one up midway through the first half of the final, and when Jorge Valdano scored a second for the South Americans in the 55th minute, Argentina looked to be strolling to victory. West Germany then staged a spirited comeback. Karl-Heinz Rummenigge pulled one back in the 74th minute, and six minutes later Rudi Völler hit the equaliser. With seven minutes remaining, a pass from Maradona gave Jorge Burruchaga the chance to score the winner for Argentina. Eight years on from their home triumph, Argentina regained the world title and 30 million people in Argentina celebrated in the streets after the final victory. Maradona was the Golden Ball winner as the best player of the tournament, while Gary Lineker of England won the Golden Boot as the leading scorer of the World Cup with six goals.

Results

All times are Central Daylight Time (UTC-5)

Group stage

Key to colours in group tables
Group winners, runners-up, and best four third-placed teams advance to the Round of 16

Group A

Template:1986 FIFA World Cup group tables,,, South Korea made their first appearance since 1954. They managed to score their first goal (against Argentina) and their first draw (against Bulgaria).



Group B

Template:1986 FIFA World Cup group tables

3 June 1986				
	Belgium	1-2	Mexico	Estadio Azteca, Mexico City
4 June 1986	Paraguay ===	1-0	···· Iraq	Estadio Nemesio Díez, Toluca

7 June 1986	Mexico ■•■	1–1	=== Paraguay	Estadio Azteca, Mexico City				
8 June 1986		1–2		Estadio Nemesio Díez, Toluca				
11 June 1986	Iraq 🔐		Belgium					
	Paraguay Iraq	<u>2–2</u> <u>0–1</u>	Belgium Mexico	Estadio Nemesio Díez, Toluca Estadio Azteca, Mexico City				
Group C Template:1986 F	FIFA World Cup group tal	bles						
1 June 1986	, 0							
	<u>Canada</u> ■◆ ■	0-1	France	Estadio Nou Camp, León				
2 June 1986	Soviet Union	6–0	H ungary	Estadio Sergio León Chavez, Irapuato				
5 June 1986	France	1–1	Soviet Union	Estadio Nou Camp, León				
6 June 1986	Hungary	2–0		Estadio Sergio León Chavez, Irapuato				
9 June 1986								
	Hungary Soviet Union	<u>0–3</u> <u>2–0</u>	France Canada	Estadio Nou Camp, León Estadio Sergio León Chavez, Irapuato				
O D								
Group D Template:1986 F	FIFA World Cup group tal	bles						
1 June 1986								
	Spain E	0-1	Brazil	Estadio Jalisco, Guadalajara				
3 June 1986	Algeria 📭	<u>1–1</u>	Northern Ireland	Estadio Tres de Marzo, Zapopan				
6 June 1986	Brazil 📀	1–0	Algeria	Estadio Jalisco, Guadalajara				
7 June 1986	Northern Ireland -	1–2	Spain	Estadio Tres de Marzo, Zapopan				
12 June 1986								
	Northern Ireland — — Algeria	<u>0–3</u> <u>0–3</u>	Brazil Spain	Estadio Jalisco, Guadalajara Estadio Tecnológico, Monterrey				
Group E Template:1986 F	FIFA World Cup group tal	bles						
4 June 1986	, ,							
4 Julie 1300	Uruguay ==	1-1	West Germany	Estadio La Corregidora, Querétaro				
8 June 1986	Scotland X	<u>0–1</u>	<u>Denmark</u>	Estadio Neza 86, Nezahualcóyotl				
	West Germany Denmark	<u>2–1</u> 6–1	Scotland Uruguay	Estadio La Corregidora, Querétaro Estadio Neza 86, Nezahualcóyotl				
13 June 1986	Denmark —	2–0	West Germany	Estadio La Corregidora, Querétaro				
	Scotland	0-0	Uruguay	Estadio Neza 86, Nezahualcóyotl				
Group F								
-	FIFA World Cup group tal	bles						
2 June 1986								
3 June 1986	Morocco	0-0	Poland	Estadio Universitario, San Nicolás de los Garza				
	Portugal Q	<u>1–0</u>	+ England	Estadio Tecnológico, Monterrey				
6 June 1986	England 🕂	0-0	Morocco	Estadio Tecnológico, Monterrey				
7 June 1986	Poland	1-0	Portugal	Estadio Universitario, San Nicolás de los Garza				

England + 3-0 Poland Estadio Tecnológico, Monterrey

Portugal 1-3 Morocco Estadio Tres de Marzo, Zapopan

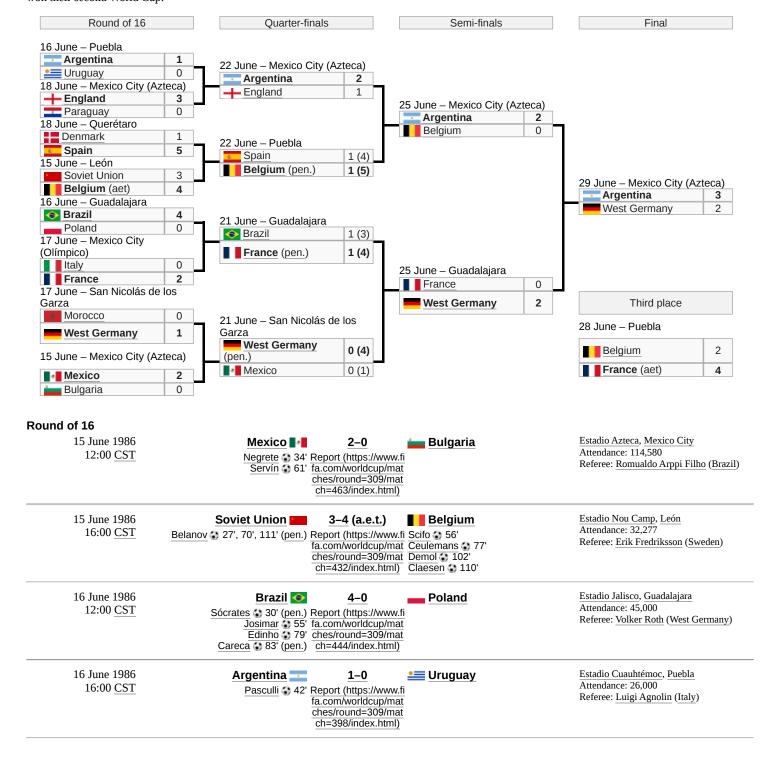
Ranking of third-placed teams

Template:1986 FIFA World Cup group tables

Starting with the 1994 World Cup, teams were awarded three points for a win rather than two, to encourage more offensive tactics. Had those rules been in place, Hungary would have finished ahead of Bulgaria for the 15th seed, and Uruguay would have been eliminated. The top four teams qualified for the knockout stage.

Knockout stage

Belgium finished in 4th place, their best finish in the World Cup until 2018, where they finished third. Argentina beat West Germany for the first time and won their second World Cup.



Estadio Olímpico Universitario, Mexico 17 June 1986 Italy | 0-2 France City 12:00 CST Report (https://www.fi Platini 3 15' Attendance: 70,000 fa.com/worldcup/mat Stopyra 😯 57 Referee: Carlos Espósito (Argentina) ches/round=309/mat ch=568/index.html) 17 June 1986 Estadio Universitario, San Nicolás de los Morocco 0-1 West Germany Garza 16:00 CST Report (https://www.fi Matthäus 38' Attendance: 19.800 fa.com/worldcup/mat Referee: Zoran Petrović (Yugoslavia) ches/round=309/mat ch=574/index.html) 18 June 1986 == Paraguay Estadio Azteca, Mexico City England + 3-0 Attendance: 98,728 12:00 CST Lineker 🕃 31', 73' Report (https://www.fi Referee: Jamal Al Sharif (Syria) Beardsley 3 56 fa.com/worldcup/mat ches/round=309/mat ch=536/index.html) Estadio La Corregidora, Querétaro 18 June 1986 Denmark === 1-5 🚾 Spain Attendance: 38,500 16:00 CST J. Olsen 3 33' (pen.) Report (https://www.fi Butragueño 💲 43', 56', 80', 88' (pen.) Referee: Jan Keizer (Netherlands) fa.com/worldcup/mat Goikoetxea 😯 68' (pen.) ches/round=309/mat ch=511/index.html) Quarter-finals 21 June 1986 Estadio Jalisco, Guadalajara ■ France Brazil 📀 1-1 (a.e.t.) Attendance: 65,000 12:00 CST Careca 🗘 17' Report (https://www.fi Platini 🗘 40' Referee: Ioan Igna (Romania) fa.com/worldcup/mat ches/round=714/mat ch=440/index.html) **Penalties** Sócrates Malemão 3-4 🥝 Stopyra Amoros Zico 🥔 Bellone Branco 🥔 Platini Júlio César 🧱 Fernández 21 June 1986 Estadio Universitario, San Nicolás de los West Germany == 0-0 (a.e.t.) ■ Mexico Garza 16:00 CST Report (https://www.fi Attendance: 41,700 fa.com/worldcup/mat Referee: Jesús Díaz (Colombia) ches/round=714/mat ch=575/index.html) **Penalties** Allofs 🥔 4-1 Negrete Brehme 🥔 **Quirarte** Matthäus 🥔 **Servín** Littbarski 🧳 22 June 1986 Estadio Azteca, Mexico City Argentina == England 2-1 Attendance: 114,580 12:00 CST Maradona 🕏 51', 55' Report (https://www.fi Lineker 🕻 81' Referee: Ali Bin Nasser (Tunisia) fa.com/worldcup/mat ches/round=714/mat ch=392/index.html) 22 June 1986 Estadio Cuauhtémoc, Puebla Spain 🚾 1–1 (a.e.t.) **Belgium** 16:00 CST Attendance: 45,000 Señor 3 85' Report (https://www.fi Ceulemans 3 35' Referee: Siegfried Kirschen (East fa.com/worldcup/mat Germany) ches/round=714/mat ch=421/index.html) **Penalties** Claesen Señor 🥔 4-5 Eloy Karana Eloy Market Scifo Broos Butragueño 🦪 Vervoort Víctor 🥔 L. Van Der Elst Semi-finals Estadio Jalisco, Guadalajara 25 June 1986 France | 0-2 West Germany Attendance: 45,000 12:00 CST Report (https://www.fi Brehme 3 9 Referee: Luigi Agnolin (Italy) fa.com/worldcup/mat Völler 🚯 89' ches/round=3469/ma tch=564/index.html)

25 June 1986 16:00 CST Argentina --

2-0

Belgium

Maradona 🕏 51', 63' Report (https://www.fi fa.com/worldcup/mat ches/round=3469/ma tch=388/index.html)

Estadio Azteca, Mexico City Attendance: 114,500 Referee: Antonio Márquez Ramírez

Third place play-off

28 June 1986 12:00 CST Belgium 2-4 (a.e.t.) ■ France

Ceulemans 3 11' Report (https://www.fi Ferreri 3 27 Claesen 3 73' fa.com/worldcup/mat Papin 3 43' ches/round=3468/ma Genghini 3 104' tch=422/index.html) Amoros 😯 111' (pen.) Estadio Cuauhtémoc, Puebla Attendance: 21,000

Referee: George Courtney (England)

Final

29 June 1986 12:00 CST Argentina --

3-2

West Germany

Brown 3 23' Report (https://www.fi Rummenigge 3 74' Valdano 😯 55' fa.com/worldcup/mat Völler 😯 80' Burruchaga 🚯 83' ches/round=3467/ma tch=393/index.html)

Estadio Azteca, Mexico City Attendance: 114,600

Referee: Romualdo Arppi Filho (Brazil)

Awards

Source:[9]

Golden Boot	Golden Ball	Best Young Player	FIFA Fair Play Trophy		
← Gary Lineker	Diego Maradona	Enzo Scifo	Brazil		

Goalscorers

Gary Lineker received the Golden Boot for scoring six goals. In total, 132 goals were scored by 82 players, with two of them credited as own goals.

6 qoals^[10]

Gary Lineker

5 goals

- Diego Maradona
- Careca
- Emilio Butragueño

4 goals

- Jorge Valdano
- Preben Elkjær Larsen
- Alessandro Altobelli
- Igor Belanov

3 goals

- Jan Ceulemans
- Nico Claesen
- Jesper Olsen
- Rudi Völler

2 goals

Jorge Burruchaga

Enzo Scifo

Josimar

Sócrates

■ Jean-Pierre Papin

Michel Platini

Yannick Stopyra

■ Fernando Quirarte

Abderrazak Khairi

Roberto Cabañas

Julio César Romero

Ramón Calderé

Klaus Allofs

1 goal

Djamel Zidane

José Luis Brown

Pedro Pasculli

Oscar Ruggeri

Stéphane Demol

Erwin Vandenbergh

Franky Vercauteren

Daniel Veyt

Edinho

Plamen Getov

Nasko Sirakov

John Eriksen

■ Dominique Rocheteau

Jean Tigana

Lajos Détári

Márton Esterházy

Ahmed Radhi

Luis Flores

Manuel Negrete

■ ■ Hugo Sánchez

Raúl Servín

Abdelkrim Merry ■ ← Colin Clarke

■ → Norman Whiteside

Park Chang-sun

Sergei Aleinikov

Oleh Blokhin

Vasyl Rats

Sergey Rodionov

Pavlo Yakovenko

■ Ivan Yaremchuk

Oleksandr Zavarov

Eloy

Andoni Goikoetxea

Julio Salinas

Juan Antonio Señor

- Michael Laudrup
- Søren Lerby
- Peter Beardsley
- Manuel Amoros
- Luis Fernández
- Jean-Marc Ferreri
- ■ Bernard Genghini

- Włodzimierz Smolarek
- Carlos Manuel
- Diamantino
- **Section Gordon** Strachan
- Choi Soon-ho
- Wighted Huh Jung-moo
- Kim Jong-boo

- Antonio Alzamendi
- Enzo Francescoli
- Andreas Brehme
- Lothar Matthäus
- Karl-Heinz Rummenigge

Own goals

- László Dajka (against the Soviet Union)
- Cho Kwang-rae (against Italy)

Red cards

Eight players received a red card during the tournament:

- Mike Sweeney^[11]
- Frank Arnesen^[12]
- **H** Ray Wilkins^[13]
- Thomas Berthold^[14]
- Basil Gorgis^[15]
- Javier Aguirre^[14]
- ■ José Batista^[16]
- Miguel Bossio^[17]

FIFA retrospective ranking

In 1986, FIFA published a report that ranked all teams in each World Cup up to and including 1986, based on progress in the competition, overall results and quality of the opposition. [18][19] The rankings for the 1986 tournament were as follows:

R	Team	G	P.	W	D	L	GE	GA	GD	Pts.
1	Argentina	Α	7	6	1	0	14	5	+9	13
2	West Germany	E	7	3	2	2	8	7	+1	8
3	France	<u>C</u>	7	4	2	1	12	6	+6	10
4	Belgium	В	7	2	2	3	12	15	-3	6
	Elir	ninate	d in th	e quai	rter-fin	als				
5	⊘ Brazil	D	5	4	1	0	10	1	+9	9
6	■•■ Mexico	В	5	3	2	0	6	2	+4	8
7	Spain	D	5	3	1	1	11	4	+7	7
8	+ England	<u>F</u>	5	2	1	2	7	3	+4	5
	Eli	iminat	ed in t	he rou	nd of	16				
9	Denmark	E	4	3	0	1	10	6	+4	6
10	Soviet Union	<u>C</u>	4	2	1	1	12	5	+7	5
11	Morocco	<u>F</u>	4	1	2	1	3	2	+1	4
12	■ Italy	Α	4	1	2	1	5	6	-1	4
13	Paraguay	В	4	1	2	1	4	6	-2	4
14	Poland	<u>F</u>	4	1	1	2	1	7	-6	3
15	Bulgaria	<u>A</u>	4	0	2	2	2	6	-4	2
16	Uruguay	E	4	0	2	2	2	8	-6	2
	Eli	minate	ed in th	ne gro	up sta	ge				
17	Portugal	<u>F</u>	3	1	0	2	2	4	-2	2
18	Hungary	<u>C</u>	3	1	0	2	2	9	-7	2
19	Scotland	E	3	0	1	2	1	3	-2	1
20	south Korea	<u>A</u>	3	0	1	2	4	7	-3	1
21	- - Northern Ireland	D	3	0	1	2	2	6	-4	1
22	Algeria	D	3	0	1	2	1	5	-4	1
23	Iraq	В	3	0	0	3	1	4	-3	0
24	I ◆ I Canada	C	3	0	0	3	0	5	-5	0

References

- "1986 FIFA World Cup Mexico Overview" (https://www.fifa.com/newscentre/news/newsid=502188/index.html). FIFA.com.
 Fédération Internationale de Football Association. Retrieved
 11 March 2013.
- "1986 FIFA World Cup Mexico" (https://www.fifa.com/tournament s/archive/worldcup/mexico1986/index.html). FIFA.com. Fédération Internationale de Football Association. Retrieved 15 June 2014.
- 3. Jackson, Andy (11 June 2010). "...Fan Crazes" (https://web.archive.org/web/20131110173626/http://au.fourfourtwo.com/news/168 505%2Cfan-crazes.aspx). FourFourTwo (Australia). Archived from the original (http://au.fourfourtwo.com/news/168505,fan-crazes.aspx) on 10 November 2013. Retrieved 25 August 2011. {{cite news}}: Unknown parameter | deadurl= ignored (|url-status= suggested) (help)
- 4. Rice, Simon (10 June 2010). "The 100 greatest World Cup moments" (https://www.independent.co.uk/sport/football/news-an d-comment/the-100-greatest-world-cup-moments-1915569.html? action=Gallery&ino=94). The Independent. Retrieved 25 August 2011.

- "The Game that Changed the World Cup Algeria" (http://www. algeria.com/blog/the-game-that-changed-the-world-cup-algeria). algeria.com. Retrieved 15 September 2009.
- Pougatch, Mark (11 January 2011). Three Lions Versus the World: England's World Cup Stories from the Men Who Were There (https://books.google.com/books?id=jcLeQJan_skC&pg=P T175). Mainstream Publishing. p. 175. ISBN 978-1-907195-59-4.
- Snyder, John (1 September 2001). Soccer's Most Wanted™: The Top 10 Book of Clumsy Keepers, Clever Crosses, and Outlandish Oddities (https://books.google.com/books?id=_fvyc3 QC0TYC&pg=PA247). Potomac Books, Inc. p. 247. ISBN 978-1-57488-365-7.
- 8. El Diego Diego Maradona, Page 127, ISBN 0-224-07190-4
- 9. "1986 FIFA World Cup Mexico Awards" (https://web.archive.or g/web/20131210112952/http://www.fifa.com/worldcup/archive/edition%3D68/awards/index.html). FIFA.com. Fédération
 Internationale de Football Association. Archived from the original (https://www.fifa.com/worldcup/archive/edition=68/awards/index.html) on 10 December 2013. Retrieved 11 March 2013. {{cite web}}: Unknown parameter | deadurl= ignored (|url-status= suggested) (help)

- 10. FIFA World Cup Mexico '86: Official Report (https://www.fifa.com/mm/document/afdeveloping/technicaldevp/50/09/00/fwc_mexico_1986_en_part4_279.pdf), p. 228
- 11. "HUNGARY CANADA" (http://www.planetworldcup.com/CUPS/ 1986/groupc_hun_v_can.html). Planet World Cup. Retrieved 19 December 2011.
- 12. "DENMARK WEST GERMANY" (http://www.planetworldcup.co m/CUPS/1986/groupe_den_v_ger.html). Planet World Cup. Retrieved 15 June 2014.
- 13. "ENGLAND MOROCCO" (http://www.planetworldcup.com/CUP S/1986/groupf_eng_v_mor.html). Planet World Cup. Retrieved 15 June 2014.
- 14. "WEST GERMANY MEXICO" (http://www.planetworldcup.com/ CUPS/1986/qf ger_v_mex.html). Planet World Cup. Retrieved 15 June 2014.
- 15. "IRAQ BELGIUM" (http://www.planetworldcup.com/CUPS/198 6/groupb_irq_v_bel.html). Planet World Cup. Retrieved 15 June 2014

- 16. "SCOTLAND URUGUAY" (http://www.planetworldcup.com/CU PS/1986/groupe_sco_v_uru.html). Planet World Cup. Retrieved 15 June 2014.
- 17. "DENMARK URUGUAY" (http://www.planetworldcup.com/CUP S/1986/groupe_den_v_uru.html). Planet World Cup. Retrieved 15 June 2014.
- 18. Argentina's Road to the World Title (https://www.fifa.com/mm/doc ument/afdeveloping/technicaldevp/50/09/00/fwc_mexico_1986_e n_part4_279.pdf) FIFA.com. page 45
- "FIFA World Cup: Milestones, facts & figures. Statistical Kit 7" (htt ps://web.archive.org/web/20130521092116/http://www.fifa.com/mm/document/fifafacts/mencompwc/51/97/55/171012-statisticalk it-fifaworldcup-milestonesfactsfigures-statusafterfwc2010.pdf) (PDF). FIFA. 26 March 2013. Archived from the original (https://www.fifa.com/mm/document/fifafacts/mencompwc/51/97/55/171012-statisticalkit-fifaworldcup-milestonesfactsfigures-statusafterfwc2010.pdf) (PDF) on 21 May 2013.

External links

- 1986 FIFA World Cup Mexico TM (https://www.fifa.com/worldcup/archive/mexico1986/index.html), FIFA.com
- 1986 World Cup Details RSSSF (http://www.rsssf.com/tables/86full.html)
- FIFA Technical Report (Part 1) (https://www.fifa.com/mm/document/afdeveloping/technicaldevp/50/09/08/fwc_mexico_1986_en_part1_2 83.pdf), (Part 2) (https://www.fifa.com/mm/document/afdeveloping/technicaldevp/50/09/06/fwc_mexico_1986_en_part2_281.pdf), (Part 3) (https://www.fifa.com/mm/document/afdeveloping/technicaldevp/50/09/03/fwc_mexico_1986_en_part3_280.pdf) and (Part 4) (https://www.fifa.com/mm/document/afdeveloping/technicaldevp/50/09/00/fwc_mexico_1986_en_part4_279.pdf)

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=1986 FIFA World Cup&oldid=856985161"