

What are header files?

They are separate files with the .h extension that contain declarations of functions, variables, and other elements that can be shared across multiple source files in a program.

They act as "interfaces" that provide information about code components without exposing their full implementation.

They promote code organization, reusability, and maintainability

### **File.h (prototype of used functions)**

```
void begin(void) ;  
void setDataMode (int, int ) ;  
void setClockDivider(unsigned int );  
void setBitOrder(int ) ;  
int transfer(int );  
void end(void) ;  
void beginTransaction(int ,int,unsigned int, int);  
void endTransaction(void) ;
```

### **File.c (body of the used functions )**

#### **void begin ()**

```
{ enable_SPI_clock();  
  SPI_GPIO_config();  
  slaveManagementMode();  
  SPI_enable();  
}
```

```
void setDataMode(int mode, int clockMode){
```

```
    if(mode == 8)
```

```
        clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,11) // clear bit 11
```

```
        else if (mode == 16)
```

```
            set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,11); // set bit 11
```

```
    switch (clockMode)
```

```
    {
```

```
        case 0:
```

```
            clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 , 1); CPOL
```

```
            clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 , 0); // (CPHA)
```

```
            break;
```

```
        case 1:
```

```
            clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 , 1); // CPOL
```

```
            set_bit(SPI1_CR1 , 0); // (CPHA)
```

```
            break;
```

```
        case :
```

```
            set_bit(SPI1_CR1 , 1); // CPOL
```

```
            clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 , 0); // (CPHA)
```

```
            break;
```

```
        case 3:
```

```
            set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,1); // (CPOL)
```

```
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,0); // (CPHA)
    break;
}
}
```

```
void setClockDivider(unsigned int divider){
switch (divider)
{
    case 2:          // setprescaler to 2
        clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,3);
        clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,4);
        clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,5);
        break;

    case 4:          // setprescaler to 4
        set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,3);
        clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,4);
        clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,5);
        break;

    case 8:          // setprescaler to 8
        clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,3);
        set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,4);
        clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,5);
        break;
}
```

```
case 16:           // setprescaler to 16
```

```
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,3);
```

```
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,4);
```

```
    clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,5);
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 32:           // setprescaler to 32
```

```
    clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,3);
```

```
    clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,4);
```

```
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,5);
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 64:           // setprescaler to 64
```

```
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,3) ;
```

```
    clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,4);
```

```
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,5);
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 128:          // setprescaler to 128
```

```
    clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,3);
```

```
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,4);
```

```
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,5);
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 256:          // setprescaler to 256
```

```
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,3);
```

```

        set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,4);
        set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,5);
        break;

    }
}

```

### **void setBitOrder(int byteOrder){**

```

    switch (byteOrder)
    {
        case 0:
            set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,7); //LSB transmitted first
            break;
        case 1:
            clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,7); //MSB transmitted first
            break;
    }
}

```

### **int transfer(int data)**

```

{ int receivedData ;
    set_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,10);

    while (~(SPI1_SR & (1 << 1))) {/* Wait until transmit buffer is empty (TXE flag
set)*/}

    while ((SPI1_SR & (1 << 7))) {/* Wait fot busy bit to reset */}
}

```

```

// Write data to be sent into the data register
SPI1_DR = data;

// Wait until RX buffer is full (wait for receive data)
while (!(SPI1_SR & (1 << 0))) { /* Wait until receive buffer is full (RXNE flag
set)*/}

while ((SPI1_SR & (1 << 7))) { /* Wait fot busy bit to reset */}

// Read received data from data register
receivedData = SPI1_DR;

// Return received data
return receivedData ;
}

void end() {

    // Wait until RXNE = 1 to receive the last data
    while (!(SPI1_SR & (1 << 0))) { /* Wait until RXNE flag is set (last data
received)*/}

    // Wait until TXE = 1
    // Wait until BSY = 0
    while (SPI1_SR & (1 << 7)) { /* Wait until BSY flag is cleared (SPI not busy)*/}
    // Disable SPI (SPE = 0)
    clear_bit(SPI1_CR1 ,6);

    // Disable peripheral clock
    clear_bit(RCC_APB2ENR ,12); // Disable SPI1 clock

```

```
}
```

```
void beginTransaction(int byteOrder,int dataMode,unsigned int  
baudRate, int clockMode){
```

```
//enable SPI1 clock
```

```
    set_bit(RCC_APB2ENR ,12);
```

```
// Set byte order (MSB or LSB first)
```

```
    setBitOrder(byteOrder);
```

```
// set data mode (8_bit or 16_bit mode) and clock mode
```

```
    setDataMode(dataMode,clockMode)
```

```
//setting baud rate
```

```
    setClockDivider(baudRate); // Set BR bits to divide the clock
```

```
}
```

```
void endTransaction(){
```

```
    // Wait until RXNE = 1 to receive the last data
```

```
    while (!(SPI1_SR & (1 << 0))) {/* Wait until RXNE flag is set (last data  
received)*/}
```

```
// Wait until TXE = 1
```

```
while (!(SPI1_SR & (1 << 1))) {/* Wait until TXE flag is set*/}
```

```
// Wait until BSY = 0
```

```
while (SPI1_SR & (1 << 7)) {/* Wait until BSY flag is cleared (SPI not busy)*/}
```

```
// Disable SPI (SPE = 0)
clear_bit(SPI1_CR1,6);

}
```