

### Task 3. Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, GroupBy and Joins:

1. Write an SQL query to calculate the total payments made by a specific student. You will need to join the "Payments" table with the "Students" table based on the student's ID.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM payments;
```

payment_id	student_id	amount	payment_date
1	1	1000	2024-01-01
2	2	1500	2024-01-02
3	3	1200	2024-01-03
4	4	1300	2024-01-04
5	5	2010	2024-01-05
6	6	1100	2024-01-06
7	7	1600	2024-01-07
8	8	1700	2024-01-08
9	9	1800	2024-01-09
10	10	1900	2024-01-10

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

  

```
mysql> SELECT S.student_id,SUM(P.amount) FROM
-> students S JOIN payments P ON
-> S.student_id=P.student_id
-> WHERE s.student_id=5;
```

student_id	SUM(P.amount)
5	2010

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of courses along with the count of students enrolled in each course. Use a JOIN operation between the "Courses" table and the "Enrollments" table.

```
mysql> SELECT C.course_id,COUNT(E.student_id) AS 'Total Enrolled Students' FROM
-> courses C JOIN enrollments E ON
-> C.course_id=E.course_id
-> GROUP BY C.course_id;
```

course_id	Total Enrolled Students
101	1
102	1
103	1
104	2
105	1
106	1
107	1
108	1
109	1
110	1

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3. Write an SQL query to find the names of students who have not enrolled in any course. Use a LEFT JOIN between the "Students" table and the "Enrollments" table to identify students without enrollments.

```
mysql> SELECT S.student_id, CONCAT(S.first_name, ' ', S.last_name) AS Name, COUNT(E.enrollment_id) AS 'Total Courses Enrolled' FROM
-> Students S LEFT JOIN enrollments E ON
-> S.student_id=E.student_id
-> GROUP BY S.student_id;
```

student_id	Name	Total Courses Enrolled
1	Alice Smith	1
2	Bob Johnson	1
3	Carol Williams	2
4	David Brown	1
5	Emma Davis	1
6	Frank Miller	1
7	Grace Wilson	1
8	Henry Moore	1
9	Isabel Taylor	1
10	Jack Anderson	1
11	John Doe	0

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)

4. Write an SQL query to retrieve the first name, last name of students, and the names of the courses they are enrolled in. Use JOIN operations between the "Students" table and the "Enrollments" and "Courses" tables.

```
mysql> SELECT
-> s.first_name, s.last_name, c.course_name
-> FROM
-> Students s
-> JOIN
-> Enrollments e ON s.student_id = e.student_id
-> JOIN
-> Courses c ON e.course_id = c.course_id;
```

first_name	last_name	course_name
Alice	Smith	Mathematics
Bob	Johnson	Physics
Carol	Williams	Chemistry
Carol	Williams	Biology
David	Brown	Biology
Emma	Davis	English Literature
Frank	Miller	Computer Science
Grace	Wilson	Art History
Henry	Moore	Economics
Isabel	Taylor	Psychology
Jack	Anderson	Sociology

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)

5. Create a query to list the names of teachers and the courses they are assigned to. Join the "Teacher" table with the "Courses" table.

```
mysql> SELECT T.teacher_id,T.first_name,T.last_name,GROUP_CONCAT(C.course_id) AS 'Courses taught' FROM
-> teacher T JOIN courses C ON
-> T.teacher_id=C.teacher_id
-> GROUP BY T.teacher_id;
```

teacher_id	first_name	last_name	Courses taught
1	John	Doe	101,111
2	Jane	Doe	102
3	Jim	Beam	103
4	Sara	Conor	104
5	Luke	Skywalker	105
6	Leia	Organa	106
7	Han	Solo	107
8	Anakin	Skywalker	108
9	Obi-Wan	Kenobi	109
10	Yoda	Master	110

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

6. Retrieve a list of students and their enrollment dates for a specific course. You'll need to join the "Students" table with the "Enrollments" and "Courses" tables.

```
mysql> SELECT
-> s.first_name, s.last_name, e.enrollment_date
-> FROM
-> Students s
-> JOIN
-> Enrollments e ON s.student_id = e.student_id
-> JOIN
-> Courses c ON e.course_id = c.course_id
-> WHERE
-> c.course_name = 'Mathematics';
```

first_name	last_name	enrollment_date
Alice	Smith	2024-01-15

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

7. Find the names of students who have not made any payments. Use a LEFT JOIN between the "Students" table and the "Payments" table and filter for students with NULL payment records.

```
mysql> SELECT S.*,P.Amount FROM
-> students S LEFT JOIN payments P
-> ON S.student_id=P.student_id;
```

student_id	first_name	last_name	date_of_birth	email	phone_number	Amount
1	Alice	Smith	2001-01-01	alice.smith@email.com	1234567890	1000
2	Bob	Johnson	2001-02-02	bob.johnson@email.com	2345678901	1500
3	Carol	Williams	2001-03-03	carol.williams@email.com	3456789012	1200
4	David	Brown	2001-04-04	david.brown@email.com	4567890123	1300
5	Emma	Davis	2001-05-05	emma.davis@email.com	5678901234	2010
6	Frank	Miller	2001-06-06	frank.miller@email.com	6789012345	1100
7	Grace	Wilson	2001-07-07	grace.wilson@email.com	7890123456	1600
8	Henry	Moore	2001-08-08	henry.moore@email.com	8901234567	1700
9	Isabel	Taylor	2001-09-09	isabel.taylor@email.com	9014345678	1800
10	Jack	Anderson	2001-10-10	jack.anderson@email.com	123456789	1900
11	John	Doe	1995-08-15	john.doe@example.com	1234567890	NULL

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)

8. Write a query to identify courses that have no enrollments. You'll need to use a LEFT JOIN between the "Courses" table and the "Enrollments" table and filter for courses with NULL enrollment records.

```
mysql> SELECT C.course_id,C.course_name,E.enrollment_id FROM
-> courses C LEFT JOIN enrollments E ON
-> C.course_id=E.course_id WHERE
-> E.enrollment_id IS NULL;
+-----+-----+-----+
| course_id | course_name | enrollment_id |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 111 | Probability | NULL |
+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Identify students who are enrolled in more than one course. Use a self-join on the "Enrollments" table to find students with multiple enrollment records.

```
mysql> SELECT
-> e1.student_id, COUNT(DISTINCT e1.course_id) AS NumCoursesEnrolled
-> FROM
-> Enrollments e1
-> JOIN
-> Enrollments e2 ON e1.student_id = e2.student_id
-> WHERE
-> e1.course_id <> e2.course_id
-> GROUP BY
-> e1.student_id
-> HAVING
-> NumCoursesEnrolled > 1;
+-----+-----+
| student_id | NumCoursesEnrolled |
+-----+-----+
| 3 | 2 |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

10.

Find teachers who are not assigned to any courses. Use a LEFT JOIN between the "Teacher" table and the "Courses" table and filter for teachers with NULL course assignments.

```
mysql> SELECT T.*,C.course_id FROM
-> teacher T LEFT JOIN courses C ON
-> T.teacher_id=C.teacher_id
-> WHERE C.course_id IS NULL;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| teacher_id | first_name | last_name | email | course_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 11 | Manas | Rustagi | rustagimanas@yahoo.com | NULL |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```