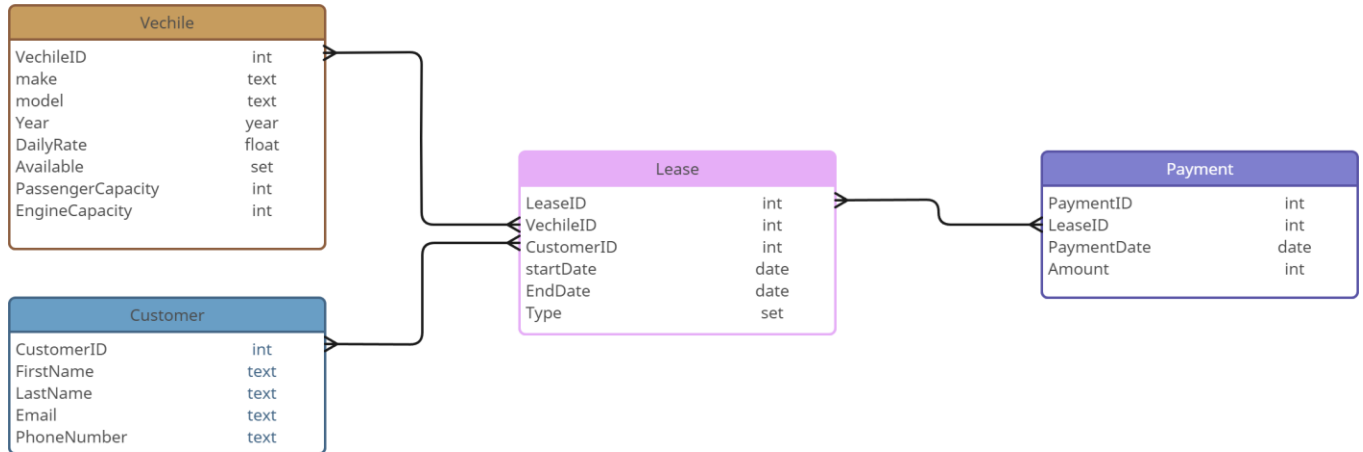


Coding Challenge - Car Rental System – SQL

Creating Database

```
mysql> create database CarRentalSystem
-> ;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
```

ER DIAGRAM



1. Update the daily rate for a Mercedes car to 68.

```
mysql> UPDATE Vechile SET Dailyrate=68 WHERE make = 'mercedes';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Vechile;
```

VechileID	make	model	year	dailyRate	available	PassengerCapacity	EngineCapacity
1	Toyota	Camry	2022	50	1	4	1450
2	Honda	Civic	2023	45	1	7	1500
3	Ford	Focus	2022	48	0	4	1400
4	Nissan	Altima	2023	52	1	7	1200
5	Chevrolet	Malibu	2022	47	1	4	1800
6	Hyundai	Sonata	2023	49	0	7	1400
7	BMW	3 Series	2023	60	1	7	2499
8	Mercedes	C-Class	2022	68	1	8	2599
9	Audi	A4	2022	55	0	4	2500
10	Lexus	ES	2023	54	1	4	2500

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Delete a specific customer and all associated leases and payments.

I HAVE USED ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE TO MAINTAIN REFERENCIAL INTEGRITY

```
mysql> DELETE FROM Customer WHERE CustomerID=3;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Payment;
```

PaymentID	LeaseID	PaymentDate	amount
1	1	2023-01-03	200
2	2	2023-02-20	1000
4	4	2023-04-25	900
5	5	2023-05-07	60
7	7	2023-07-03	40
8	8	2023-08-14	1100
10	10	2023-10-25	1500

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Lease;
```

LeaseID	VechileID	CustomerID	startDate	endDate	type
1	1	1	2023-01-01	2023-01-05	Daily
2	2	2	2023-02-15	2023-02-28	Monthly
4	4	4	2023-04-20	2023-04-30	Monthly
5	5	5	2023-05-05	2023-05-10	Daily
7	7	7	2023-07-01	2023-07-10	Daily
8	8	8	2023-08-12	2023-08-15	Monthly
10	10	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	Monthly

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Customer;
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	phoneNumber
1	John	Doe	johndoe@example.com	555-555-5555
2	Jane	Smith	jan smith@example.com	555-123-4567
4	Sarah	Brown	sarah@example.com	555-456-7890
5	David	Lee	david@example.com	555-987-6543
6	Laura	Hall	laura@example.com	555-234-5678
7	Michael	Davis	michael@example.com	555-876-5432
8	Emma	Wilson	emma@example.com	555-432-1098
9	William	Taylor	william@example.com	555-321-6547
10	Olivia	Adams	olivia@example.com	555-765-4321

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

3. Rename the "paymentDate" column in the Payment table to "transactionDate".

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE Payment RENAME COLUMN paymentDate TO TransactionDate;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT * FROM Payment;
```

PaymentID	LeaseID	TransactionDate	amount
1	1	2023-01-03	200
2	2	2023-02-20	1000
4	4	2023-04-25	900
5	5	2023-05-07	60
7	7	2023-07-03	40
8	8	2023-08-14	1100
10	10	2023-10-25	1500

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4. Find a specific customer by email.

```
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CALL callCustomer('laura@example.com');
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	phoneNumber
6	Laura	Hall	laura@example.com	555-234-5678

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

5. Get active leases for a specific customer.

```
mysql> SELECT C.customerID, CONCAT(C.FirstName, ' ', C.LastName), L.* FROM
-> Customer C JOIN Lease L ON
-> C.customerID=L.customerID
-> GROUP BY C.customerID, L.LeaseID;
```

customerID	CONCAT(C.FirstName, ' ', C.LastName)	LeaseID	VechileID	CustomerID	startDate	endDate	type
1	John Doe	1	1	1	2023-01-01	2023-01-05	Daily
2	Jane Smith	2	2	2	2023-02-15	2023-02-28	Monthly
4	Sarah Brown	4	4	4	2023-04-20	2023-04-30	Monthly
5	David Lee	5	5	5	2023-05-05	2023-05-10	Daily
7	Michael Davis	7	7	7	2023-07-01	2023-07-10	Daily
8	Emma Wilson	8	8	8	2023-08-12	2023-08-15	Monthly
10	Olivia Adams	10	10	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	Monthly

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Find all payments made by a customer with a specific phone number.

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Payment VALUES(11,1,'2024-01-15',500);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> SELECT P.* FROM
  -> Payment P JOIN Lease L
  -> ON P.LeaseID=L.LeaseID
  -> WHERE L.CustomerID=(SELECT customerID FROM Customer WHERE PhoneNumber = '555-555-5555');
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| PaymentID | LeaseID | TransactionDate | amount |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          1 |          1 | 2023-01-03      |      200 |
|          11 |          1 | 2024-01-15      |      500 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Calculate the average daily rate of all available cars.

```
mysql> SELECT AVG(DailyRate) AS 'AVERAGE DAILY RATE FOR AVAILABLE CARS'
  -> FROM Vechile WHERE available='1';
+-----+-----+
| AVERAGE DAILY RATE FOR AVAILABLE CARS |
+-----+-----+
|                    53.714285714285715 |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Find the car with the highest daily rate.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM VECHILE
  -> WHERE DailyRate=(SELECT MAX(DailyRate) FROM Vechile);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| VechileID | make      | model  | year | dailyRate | available | PassengerCapacity | EngineCapacity |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          8 | Mercedes | C-Class | 2022 |          68 |          1 |          8        |          2599 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Retrieve all cars leased by a specific customer.

```
mysql> DELIMITER ##
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE CustomerID(IN Num int)
  -> BEGIN
  -> SELECT V.* FROM Vechile V JOIN Lease L
  -> ON V.vechileID=L.vechileID
  -> WHERE L.customerID=Num;
  -> END ##
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CALL CustomerID(2);
```

VechileID	make	model	year	dailyRate	available	PassengerCapacity	EngineCapacity
2	Honda	Civic	2023	45	1	7	1500

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

10. Find the details of the most recent lease.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Lease
-> ORDER BY startDate DESC LIMIT 1;
```

LeaseID	VechileID	CustomerID	startDate	endDate	type
10	10	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	Monthly

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

11. List all payments made in the year 2023.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM PAYMENT
-> WHERE YEAR(transactionDate)='2023';
```

PaymentID	LeaseID	TransactionDate	amount
1	1	2023-01-03	200
2	2	2023-02-20	1000
4	4	2023-04-25	900
5	5	2023-05-07	60
7	7	2023-07-03	40
8	8	2023-08-14	1100
10	10	2023-10-25	1500

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Retrieve customers who have not made any payments.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM CUSTOMER WHERE
-> CustomerID NOT IN (SELECT L.CustomerID
-> FROM Lease L JOIN Payment P ON
-> L.leaseID=P.LeaseID);
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	phoneNumber
6	Laura	Hall	laura@example.com	555-234-5678
9	William	Taylor	william@example.com	555-321-6547

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

13. Retrieve Car Details and Their Total Payments.

TO DO THIS QUESTION WE HAVE TWO WAYS

1.

```
mysql> SELECT V.*,SUM(A.amount) AS 'Total Payment' FROM
-> Vechile V JOIN (SELECT L.vechileID,P.amount FROM Lease L JOIN
-> Payment P ON L.leaseID=P.LeaseID ) A ON
-> V.vechileID=A.vechileID
-> GROUP BY VechileID;
```

VechileID	make	model	year	dailyRate	available	PassengerCapacity	EngineCapacity	Total Payment
1	Toyota	Camry	2022	50	1	4	1450	700
2	Honda	Civic	2023	45	1	7	1500	1000
4	Nissan	Altima	2023	52	1	7	1200	900
5	Chevrolet	Malibu	2022	47	1	4	1800	60
7	BMW	3 Series	2023	60	1	7	2499	40
8	Mercedes	C-Class	2022	68	1	8	2599	1100
10	Lexus	ES	2023	54	1	4	2500	1500

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

2.

```
mysql> SELECT V.*, SUM(datediff(L.endDate,L.startDate)*V.dailyrate) AS 'Total Payment had to be Done'
-> FROM Vechile V JOIN Lease L ON V.VechileID=L.VechileID
-> GROUP BY V.vechileID;
```

VechileID	make	model	year	dailyRate	available	PassengerCapacity	EngineCapacity	Total Payment had to be Done
1	Toyota	Camry	2022	50	1	4	1450	200
2	Honda	Civic	2023	45	1	7	1500	585
4	Nissan	Altima	2023	52	1	7	1200	520
5	Chevrolet	Malibu	2022	47	1	4	1800	235
7	BMW	3 Series	2023	60	1	7	2499	540
8	Mercedes	C-Class	2022	68	1	8	2599	204
10	Lexus	ES	2023	54	1	4	2500	1134

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

14. Calculate Total Payments for Each Customer.

```
mysql> SELECT C.*,SUM(A.amount) AS 'Total Payment' FROM
-> Customer C JOIN (SELECT L.customerID,P.amount FROM Lease L JOIN
-> Payment P ON L.leaseID=P.LeaseID ) A ON
-> C.CustomerID=A.CustomerID
-> GROUP BY CustomerID;
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	phoneNumber	Total Payment
1	John	Doe	johndoe@example.com	555-555-5555	700
2	Jane	Smith	janesmith@example.com	555-123-4567	1000
4	Sarah	Brown	sarah@example.com	555-456-7890	900
5	David	Lee	david@example.com	555-987-6543	60
7	Michael	Davis	michael@example.com	555-876-5432	40
8	Emma	Wilson	emma@example.com	555-432-1098	1100
10	Olivia	Adams	olivia@example.com	555-765-4321	1500

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

15. List Car Details for Each Lease.

```
mysql> SELECT L.*,V.* FROM Lease L
-> JOIN Vechile V ON L.vechileID=V.vechileID
-> GROUP BY L.leaseID,V.VechileID;
```

LeaseID	VechileID	CustomerID	startDate	endDate	type	VechileID	make	model	year	dailyRate	available	PassengerCapacity	EngineCapacity
1	1	1	2023-01-01	2023-01-05	Daily	1	Toyota	Camry	2022	50	1	4	1450
2	2	2	2023-02-15	2023-02-28	Monthly	2	Honda	Civic	2023	45	1	7	1500
4	4	4	2023-04-20	2023-04-30	Monthly	4	Nissan	Altima	2023	52	1	7	1200
5	5	5	2023-05-05	2023-05-10	Daily	5	Chevrolet	Malibu	2022	47	1	4	1800
7	7	7	2023-07-01	2023-07-10	Daily	7	BMW	3 Series	2023	60	1	7	2499
8	8	8	2023-08-12	2023-08-15	Monthly	8	Mercedes	C-Class	2022	68	1	8	2599
10	10	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	Monthly	10	Lexus	ES	2023	54	1	4	2500

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

16. Retrieve Details of Active Leases with Customer and Car Information.

```
mysql> SELECT C.*,V.* FROM Customer C,Vechile V
-> WHERE (v.vechileID,C.customerID) IN
-> (SELECT VechileID,CustomerID FROM Lease WHERE EndDate >=CURDATE());
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	phoneNumber	VechileID	make	model	year	dailyRate	available	PassengerCapacity	EngineCapacity
4	Sarah	Brown	sarah@example.com	555-456-7890	2	Honda	Civic	2023	45	1	7	1500

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

17. Find the Customer Who Has Spent the Most on Leases.

```
mysql> SELECT C.* , A.TotalPayment FROM
-> Customer C JOIN (SELECT L.customerID,
-> SUM(IF(type = 'daily', DATEDIFF(L.endDate, L.startDate) * V.dailyrate, 30 * V.dailyrate)) AS TotalPayment
-> FROM VEHICLE V
-> JOIN Lease L ON V.VehicleID = L.VehicleID
-> GROUP BY L.customerID
-> ) A ON C.customerID=A.customerID
-> ORDER BY A.TotalPayment DESC LIMIT 1;
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	phoneNumber	TotalPayment
4	Sarah	Brown	sarah@example.com	555-456-7890	2235

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

18. List All Cars with Their Current Lease Information.

```
mysql> SELECT V.VehicleID,V.Make,V.Model,L.* FROM
-> VEHICLE V JOIN Lease L
-> ON V.VehicleID=L.VehicleID
-> ORDER BY V.VehicleID;
```

VehicleID	Make	Model	LeaseID	VehicleID	CustomerID	startDate	endDate	type
1	Toyota	Camry	1	1	1	2023-01-01	2023-01-05	Daily
2	Honda	Civic	2	2	2	2023-02-15	2023-02-28	Monthly
2	Honda	Civic	11	2	4	2024-01-10	2024-01-25	Daily
4	Nissan	Altima	4	4	4	2023-04-20	2023-04-30	Monthly
5	Chevrolet	Malibu	5	5	5	2023-05-05	2023-05-10	Daily
7	BMW	3 Series	7	7	7	2023-07-01	2023-07-10	Daily
8	Mercedes	C-Class	8	8	8	2023-08-12	2023-08-15	Monthly
10	Lexus	ES	10	10	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	Monthly

8 rows in set (0.00 sec)