11.9.5.3

EE23BTECH11062 - V MANAS

Question:

 S_k

Let the sum of n, 2n, 3n terms of an AP be S_1, S_2 and S_3 , respectively, show that $S_3 = 3(S_2 - S_1)$ **Solution:**

Variable Description $\mathbf{x}(0)$ First term of AP common difference in the AP number of terms in AP n

TABLE I

sum of k_n terms the AP

Variables Used

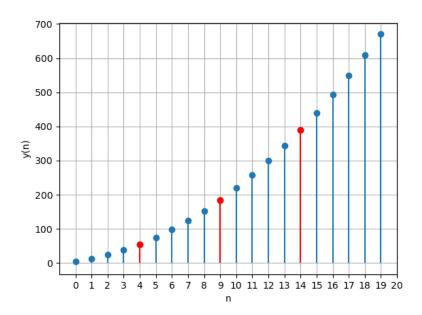


Fig. 1. Verification plot for the AP[$y(n) = \frac{n+1}{2}(2(5) + n(3))u(n)$]

By equation(??)

$$S_1 = \frac{n+1}{2}(2x(0) + nd)u(n) \tag{1}$$

$$S_2 = \frac{2n+1}{2}(2x(0) + 2nd)u(n)$$
 (2)

$$S_3 = \frac{3n+1}{2}(2x(0) + 3nd)u(n)$$
 (3)

$$3(S_2 - S_1) = \frac{3n+1}{2}(2x(0) + 3nd)u(n)$$
 (4)