

# FAKE NEWS DETECTION USING MACHINE LEARNING

**PRESENTED BY**

**STUDENT NAME:KUTHADI MANASA VENKATA  
NAGA SRUTHI**

**COLLEGE NAME:DMSSVH COLLEGE OF  
ENGINEERING**

**DEPARTMENT: CSE**

**EMAIL ID: KM1842376@GMAIL.COM**

**AICTE STUDENT  
ID:STU652E56F366D251697535731**

**AINSI\_115449**



# OUTLINE

---

- **Problem Statement**
- **Proposed System/Solution**
- **System Development Approach**
- **Algorithm & Deployment**
- **Result**
- **Conclusion**
- **Future Scope**
- **References**

# PROBLEM STATEMENT

---

- In the digital age, the spread of misinformation and fake news has become a significant concern. With the rapid growth of social media and online platforms, it is easier than ever to circulate false information. This fake news can influence public opinion, create panic, and even affect elections and social harmony. Therefore, identifying and mitigating fake news is a pressing need in modern society.

# PROPOSED SOLUTION

---

- We propose an AI-based Fake News Detection system that utilizes Natural Language Processing (NLP) and Machine Learning algorithms to analyze the textual content of news articles and classify them as "Real" or "Fake". The system is trained on a labeled dataset of fake and real news articles to learn patterns and linguistic features that typically indicate fake news.

# SYSTEM APPROACH

---

## Technologies and Tools Used:

Programming Language: Python  
Libraries: scikit-learn, pandas, numpy, matplotlib, seaborn, nltk, reML

Algorithm: Logistic Regression / PassiveAggressiveClassifierNLP

Techniques: TF-IDF vectorization, text preprocessing

IDE: Jupyter Notebook

Dataset: Kaggle - Fake News Dataset or similar

# ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT

---

## Steps:

### 1. Data Preprocessing:

Cleaning text (removing punctuation, symbols, lowercasing)

Removing stop words and applying stemming/lemmatization

### 2. Vectorization:

Using TF-IDF to convert text into numerical format

### 3. Model Training:

Splitting data into training and testing

Applying Logistic Regression or PassiveAggressiveClassifier

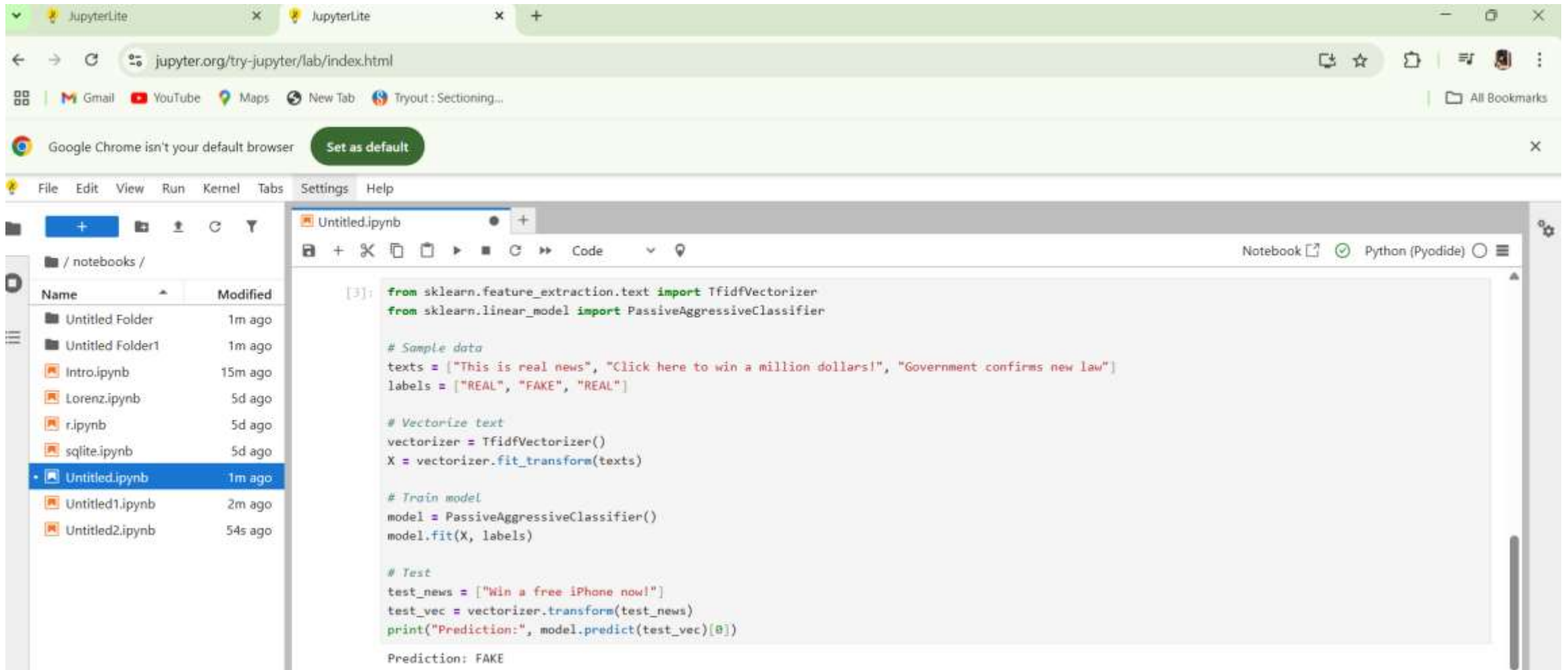
### 4. Model Evaluation:

Accuracy Score, Confusion Matrix, Classification Report

### 5. Deployment (optional):

Web interface using Flask for user interaction (submit news text → get prediction)

# RESULT



The screenshot displays a web browser window with the JupyterLab interface. The browser's address bar shows the URL `jupyter.org/try-jupyter/lab/index.html`. The JupyterLab interface includes a file explorer on the left, a code editor in the center, and a terminal at the bottom.

The file explorer on the left shows a list of files and folders in the `/notebooks/` directory:

Name	Modified
Untitled Folder	1m ago
Untitled Folder1	1m ago
Intro.ipynb	15m ago
Lorenz.ipynb	5d ago
r.ipynb	5d ago
sqlite.ipynb	5d ago
Untitled.ipynb	1m ago
Untitled1.ipynb	2m ago
Untitled2.ipynb	54s ago

The code editor in the center shows the following Python code:

```
[3]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.linear_model import PassiveAggressiveClassifier

# Sample data
texts = ["This is real news", "Click here to win a million dollars!", "Government confirms new law"]
labels = ["REAL", "FAKE", "REAL"]

# Vectorize text
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
X = vectorizer.fit_transform(texts)

# Train model
model = PassiveAggressiveClassifier()
model.fit(X, labels)

# Test
test_news = ["Win a free iPhone now!"]
test_vec = vectorizer.transform(test_news)
print("Prediction:", model.predict(test_vec)[0])
```

The output of the code is displayed in the terminal at the bottom:

```
Prediction: FAKE
```

# CONCLUSION

---

- Fake news detection is a vital application of AI that can contribute significantly to maintaining social harmony and spreading awareness. Our system demonstrates that machine learning models, when trained with proper data and NLP techniques, can effectively differentiate between fake and real news articles. This system can be integrated into larger platforms for real-time detection and flagging of misinformation.



# FUTURE SCOPE

---

Integrate multilingual support for detecting fake news in various languages.

Use deep learning models like BERT or LSTM for higher accuracy.

Create a browser extension or mobile app for real-time article verification.

Enhance dataset with newer articles and social media posts for better model generalization.

# REFERENCES

---

1. [Scikit-learn Documentation](#)
2. [Natural Language Toolkit \(NLTK\)](#)
3. [Kaggle: Fake News Dataset](#)
4. [Research Paper: "Detecting Fake News on Social Media: A Data Mining Perspective", ACM SIGKDD](#)

GitHub link: [https://github.com/Manasa272/Manasa\\_Ai-project.git](https://github.com/Manasa272/Manasa_Ai-project.git)

Thank you

A thick, hand-drawn orange line that spans the width of the text "Thank you" and extends slightly beyond it on both sides.