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2. Find the elements which is closest to its mean
lst = [10,20,30,20,20]
avg=sum(lst)/len(lst)
for i in lst:
       if i==avg:
              print(i)
3.FIND THE AVERAGE SPEED OF THE VEHICLE
dist = []
timet=[]
n = 5
for i in range(0, n):
       ele = int(input())
       dist.append(ele)
print(dist)
for i in range(0,n):
       ete=int(input())
       timet.append(ete)
print(timet)
d=sum(dist)
t=sum(timet)
speed=d/t
print(speed)
4.FIND NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN THE BUS GIVEN THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE BOARDING
AND ALIGHTING
people = []
n = int(input("Enter number of stations: "))
print("number of people boarding at each station:")
for i in range(0, n):
       ele = int(input())
       people.append(ele)
print("number of people boarding at each station",people)
alighting = []
print("number of people alighting at each station")
for i in range(0, n):
       el = int(input())
       alighting.append(el)
print("number of people alightingat each station",alighting)
"""people=[10,20,30,40,50]
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alighting=[5,6,7,8,10]"""

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total=[]
for i in range(0,n):
       diff=people[i]-alighting[i]
       total.append(diff)
       print("people on bus at each station",diff)
print(total)
sum1=sum(total)
print("total number of people in the bus:",sum1)
5.FIND THE MISSING ELEMENT GIVEN AN ORIGINAL AND UPDATED STRING
mylist1=[1,2,3,4,5]
outlist=[3,4,5,1]
l = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in mylist1 if } x \text{ not in outlist}]
print("Number of items missing: " , len(l))
for x in mylist1:
  if x in l:
    print(x , " is missing")
6.DIFFRENCE BETWEEN 2 LOWEST NUMBERS IN THE LIST
mylist=[1,2,5,4,7,6,8]
mylist.sort()
print(mylist)
diff=mylist[1]-mylist[0]
print(diff)
7.PRINT ALL THE ELEMENTS LESS THAN THE AVERAGE IN THE LIST
lst = [10,20,30,20,20,30,15]
avg=sum(lst)/len(lst)
men1=[]
print("average",avg)
for i in lst:
       if i<avg:
              print(i)
              men1.append(i)
print("number of elements less than mean",len(men1))
1.PROGRAM TO FIND THE ODD ONE OUT
mylist=[20,30,20,20,20]
from collections import Counter
counter = Counter(mylist)
print(min(counter, key=counter.get))
1.CORRECT THE MALFORMED STRING
time="5:70:65"
t1=time.split(":")
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t2=[]
for i in t1:
       t2.append(int(i))
t1.clear()
if(t2[1]>60):
       if(t2[0]==12):
              t2[0]=1
       else:
              t2[0]=t2[0]+1
       t2[1]=t2[1]-60
if(t2[2]>60):
       t2[1]=t2[1]+1
       t2[2]=t2[2]-60
for i in t2:
       t1.append(str(i))
       t1.append(":")
t1.pop(-1)
for i in t1:
       print(i,end="")
2.CORRECT THE MALFORMED DATE STRING
date="45/8/2018"
d1=date.split("/")
month={1:31,2:28,3:31,4:30,5:31,6:30,7:31,8:31,9:30,10:31,11:30,12:31}
d2=[]
for i in d1:
       d2.append(int(i))
d1.clear()
if(d2[1]<=12):
       days=month.get(d2[1])
else:
       days=month.get(d2[1]-12)
if(d2[1]>12):
       d2[1]=d2[1]-12
       d2[2]=d2[2]+1
if(d2[0]>days):
       d2[0]=d2[0]-days
       d2[1]=d2[1]+1
for i in d2:
       d1.append(str(i))
       d1.append("/")
d1.pop(-1)
for i in d1:
       print(i,end="")
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3.CONVERT IP ADDRESS TO INTEGER AND VICE VERSA

import ipaddress

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print(ipaddress.ip_address(3221225000))
print(ipaddress.ip address(123))
print(ipaddress.ip_address(42540766400282592856903984001653826561))
import ipaddress
addr1 = ipaddress.ip\_address('191.255.254.40')
addr2 = ipaddress.ip_address('0.0.0.123')
print(int(addr1))
print(int(addr2))
addr3 = ipaddress.ip_address('2001:db7:dc75:365:220a:7c84:d796:6401')
print(int(addr3))
4.ISOGRAM OR NOT
def isog(word):
       word1=word.lower()
       mylist=[]
       for i in word1:
              if i.isalpha():
                     if i in mylist:
                             return False
                     mylist.append(i)
       return True
print(isog("maharaja"))
print(isog("lery"))
5.MEXICAN WAVE
s='earth'
new=[]
for i, val in enumerate(s[:]):
  up=s[i].upper()
  c=s[:i] + up + s[i+1:]
  new.append(c)
print(new)
6. given a number find the largest number by deleting single digit (order of digits will remain same)
def maxnumber(n, k):
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for i in range(0, k):
     ans = 0
     i = 1
     while n // i > 0:
       temp = (n/(i * 10))*i + (n % i)
       i *= 10
       if temp > ans:
          ans = temp
     n = ans
  return ans;
n = 6358
k = 1
print(maxnumber(n, k))
7.GIVEN A NUMBER FIND THE LARGEST BY SHUFFLING THE DIGITS
def maximum1(inu):
  count = [0 \text{ for } x \text{ in } range(10)]
  string = str(num)
  for i in range(len(string)):
     count[int(string[i])] = count[int(string[i])] + 1
  res = 0
  mult = 1
  for i in range(10):
     while count[i] > 0:
       res = res + (i * mult)
       count[i] = count[i] - 1
       mult = mult* 10
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num = 23456345
print maximum1(num)
8.COMPUTE THE WORD FREQUENCY
def wordcount(str):
  counts = dict()
  words = str.split()
  for word in words:
    if word in counts:
       counts[word] += 1
    else:
       counts[word] = 1
  return counts
print( wordcount('i love my country and love my city.'))
9.RGB TO HEX AND VICE VERSA
def rgbtohex(rgb):
  return '%02x%02x' % rgb
print(rgbtohex((255, 255, 195)))
def hextorgb(value):
  value = value.lstrip('#')
  lv = len(value)
  return tuple(int(value[i:i+lv//3], 16) for i in range(0, lv, lv//3))
print(hextorgb("FF65BA"))
10.Generate accumulated string
n = int(input("Enter number of rows: "))
a = 97
for i in range(1,n+1):
  for j in range(1, i+1):
    print("%c" %(a), end="")
  a +=1
  print()
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