```
Bitwise operators

a=11

b=9

print("a",bin(a))

print("b",bin(b))

d=b<<4 #010010000

result=d|a

print(result,"--->",bin(result))

#to separate them

print("mask",int(0b01111))

a1=result&15

print(a1)

b1=result>>4

print(b1)
```

Loops

There are 2 loops in python, for and while

for loop

- When you know the number of iterations in advance, then use for loop

Syntax	
for <var> in iterable:</var>	for i in range(1,11): #1-10
statements	print(i,end=" ")
	print()
	print("end of loop")
	for i in range(10): #0-9
	print(i,end=" ")
	print()
	print("end of loop")
	for i in range(3,21,3): #0-9
	print(i,end=" ")
	print()
	print("end of loop")
for <var> in iterable:</var>	#to chek the number is prime or not
statements	num=int(input("enter a number"))
if condition:	for i in range(2,num):
break	if num%i==0:
else:	print("The number is not prime")
statements	break

else: #if break statement does not get executed
print("The number is prime")

While loop

You should use while loop, if you are not aware of number of iterations in advance

syntax	
while <condition>: statements</condition>	#to find addition of digits of the number num=int(input("enetr number")) s=0 #345345 while num>0: d=num%10 num=num//10 s=s+d print("sum of digits:",s)
while <condition>: statements if condition: break else: statements</condition>	