

1. Declare a single-dimensional array of 5 integers inside the `main` method. Traverse the array to print the default values. Then accept records from the user and print the updated values of the array.

```
package Assignment_6;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int arr[]=new int[5];
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
        //int i=sc.nextInt();
        for(int a=0; a<arr.length; a++) {
            arr[a]=sc.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.println("Updated values are:"+Arrays.toString(arr));
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Output:

```
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

```
4
```

```
2
```

```
4
```

```
3
```

```
3
```

```
Updated values are:[4, 2, 4, 3, 3]
```

2. Declare a single-dimensional array of 5 integers inside the `main` method. Define a method named `acceptRecord` to get input from the terminal into the array and another method named `printRecord` to print the state of the array to the terminal.

```
<terminated> C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.10\bin\javaw.exe (16-Sep-2024, 2:12)
Enter 5 integers:
Enter integer:1
3
Enter integer:2
4
Enter integer:3
2
Enter integer:4
9
Enter integer:5
6
Array contents:
Element 0:3
Element 1:4
Element 2:2
Element 3:9
Element 4:6
```

```
package Assignment_6;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class ArrayExample {

    public static void acceptRecord(int[] arr) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("Enter 5 integers:");

        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; ++i) {

            System.out.println("Enter integer:" + (i + 1));

            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();

            //sc.close();

        }

    }

    public static void printRecord(int[] arr) {

        System.out.println("Array contents:");

        for(int i=0; i<arr.length; ++i) {

            System.out.println("Element "+i+"="+arr[i]);

        }

    }

}

public class Q2 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int[] numbers=new int[5];

        ArrayExample.acceptRecord(numbers);

        ArrayExample.printRecord(numbers);

    }

}
```

3. Write a program to find the maximum and minimum values in a single-dimensional array of integers.

```
package Assignment_6;

import java.util.Scanner;

class MaxMinArray{

    public static void acceptRecord(int[] arr) {

        Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("Enter 5 integers:");

        for(int i=0; i<arr.length; ++i) {

            arr[i]=sc.nextInt();

        }

    }

    public static void printRecord(int[] arr) {

        System.out.println("Array contents:");

        for(int i=0; i<arr.length; i++) {

            System.out.println( arr[i]);

        }

    }

    public static int findMin(int[] arr) {

        int min=arr[0];

        for(int i=1; i<arr.length; ++i) {

            min=Math.min(min, arr[i]);

        }

        return min;

    }

}
```

```

}

public static int findMax(int[] arr) {

int max=arr[0];

for(int i=1; i<arr.length; ++i) {

max=Math.max(max, arr[i]);

}

return max;

}

}

public class Q3 {

public static void main(String[] args) {

int arr[]=new int[5];

MaxMinArray.acceptRecord(arr);

MaxMinArray.printRecord(arr);

int min=MaxMinArray.findMin(arr);

int max=MaxMinArray.findMax(arr);

System.out.println("Minimum number is:"+min);

System.out.println("Maximum number is:"+max);

}

}

```

```

Enter 5 integers:
7
9
4
6
3
Array contents:
7
9
4
6
3
Minimum number is:3
Maximum number is:9

```

4. Write a program to remove duplicate elements from a single-dimensional array of integers.

```

package Assignment_6;
import java.util.Scanner;
class RemoveDuplicates {
// Method to get input from the terminal into the array
public static void acceptRecord(int[] arr) {
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter 5 integers:");
for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; ++i) {
arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
}
}
// Method to print the state of the array
public static void printRecord(int[] arr) {
System.out.println("Array contents:");
for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
System.out.println(arr[i]);
}
}
// Method to remove duplicate elements from the array
public static int[] removeDuplicates(int[] arr) {
int n = arr.length;
int[] temp = new int[n];
int k = 0;
// Check for duplicates and store unique elements in temp
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
boolean isDuplicate = false;
for (int j = 0; j < k; j++) {
if (arr[i] == temp[j]) {
isDuplicate = true;
break;
}
}
if (!isDuplicate) {
temp[k++] = arr[i];
}
}
// Copy unique elements to a new array of size k
int[] uniqueArr = new int[k];
for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
uniqueArr[i] = temp[i];
}
return uniqueArr;
}
}
public class Q4 {
public static void main(String[] args) {

```

```

int[] arr = new int[5];
// Accept input into the array using RemoveDuplicates class
RemoveDuplicates.acceptRecord(arr);
// Print the original array using RemoveDuplicates class
System.out.println("Original array:");
RemoveDuplicates.printRecord(arr);
// Remove duplicates using RemoveDuplicates class
int[] uniqueArr = RemoveDuplicates.removeDuplicates(arr);
// Print the array after removing duplicates using RemoveDuplicates class
System.out.println("Array after removing duplicates:");
RemoveDuplicates.printRecord(uniqueArr);
}
}

```

```

Enter 5 integers:
4
6
4
6
8
Original array:
Array contents:
4
6
4
6
8
Array after removing duplicates:
Array contents:
4
6
8

```

5. Write a program to find the intersection of two single-dimensional arrays.

```

package Assignment_6;

import java.util.Scanner;

import java.util.HashSet;

import java.util.Set;

class ArrayIntersection {

// Method to get input from the terminal into an array

public static void acceptRecord(int[] arr, String arrayName) {

Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("Enter 5 integers for " + arrayName + ":");

for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; ++i) {

arr[i] = sc.nextInt();

```

```
}  
  
}  
  
// Method to print the state of an array  
  
public static void printRecord(int[] arr, String arrayName) {  
  
    System.out.println(arrayName + " contents:");  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {  
  
        System.out.println(arr[i]);  
  
    }  
  
}  
  
// Method to find the intersection of two arrays  
  
public static int[] findIntersection(int[] arr1, int[] arr2) {  
  
    Set<Integer> set1 = new HashSet<>();  
  
    Set<Integer> intersectionSet = new HashSet<>();  
  
    // Add elements of the first array to set1  
  
    for (int num : arr1) {  
  
        set1.add(num);  
  
    }  
  
    // Find intersection with the second array  
  
    for (int num : arr2) {  
  
        if (set1.contains(num)) {  
  
            intersectionSet.add(num);  
  
        }  
  
    }  
  
    // Convert the set to an array  
  
    int[] intersectionArr = new int[intersectionSet.size()];
```

```
int index = 0;

for (int num : intersectionSet) {

intersectionArr[index++] = num;

}

return intersectionArr;

}

}

public class Q5 {

public static void main(String[] args) {

int[] arr1 = new int[5];

int[] arr2 = new int[5];

// Accept input into the arrays

ArrayIntersection.acceptRecord(arr1, "Array 1");

ArrayIntersection.acceptRecord(arr2, "Array 2");

// Print the original arrays

ArrayIntersection.printRecord(arr1, "Array 1");

ArrayIntersection. printRecord(arr2, "Array 2");

// Find and print the intersection of the two arrays

int[] intersectionArr = ArrayIntersection.findIntersection(arr1, arr2);

System.out.println("Intersection of the two arrays:");

ArrayIntersection. printRecord(intersectionArr, "Intersection Array");

}

}
```



```
<terminated> Q5 (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8
Enter 5 integers for Array 1:
2
5
3
7
8
Enter 5 integers for Array 2:
5
4
8
9
1
Array 1 contents:
2
5
3
7
8
Array 2 contents:
5
4
8
9
1
Intersection of the two arrays:
Intersection Array contents:
5
8
```

6. Write a program to find the missing number in an array of integers ranging from 1 to N.

```
package Assignment_6;
import java.util.Scanner;
//missing numbers
public class Q6 {
public static void acceptRecord(int[] arr) {
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter " + arr.length + " integers:");
for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; ++i) {
arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
}
}
// Method to find the missing number in an array of integers from 1 to N
public static int findMissingNumber(int[] arr, int N) {
// Calculate the sum of the first N natural numbers
int expectedSum = N * (N + 1) / 2;
// Calculate the sum of the elements in the array
int actualSum = 0;
for (int num : arr) {
actualSum += num;
}
// The missing number is the difference between expectedSum and actualSum
return expectedSum - actualSum;
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
int N = 5; // Example N value; you can change this based on your needs
int[] arr = new int[N - 1]; // Array size is N-1 because one number is missing
// Accept input into the array
acceptRecord(arr);
// Find and print the missing number
int missingNumber = findMissingNumber(arr, N);
System.out.println("The missing number is: " + missingNumber);
}
}
```

```
<terminated> Q6 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Ja
Enter 4 integers:
12
43
76
90
The missing number is: -206
```

7. Declare a single-dimensional array as a field inside a class and instantiate it inside the class constructor. Define methods named `acceptRecord` and `printRecord` within the class and test their functionality.

```
package Assignment_6;
import java.util.Scanner;
class ArrayHandler {
    // Field to hold the array
    private int[] arr;
    // Constructor to initialize the array
    public ArrayHandler(int size) {
        arr = new int[size];
    }
    // Method to get input from the terminal into the array
    public void acceptRecord() {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter " + arr.length + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; ++i) {
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
    }
    // Method to print the state of the array
    public void printRecord() {
        System.out.println("Array contents:");
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
            System.out.println(arr[i]);
        }
    }
}

public class Q7 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ArrayHandler arrayHandler = new ArrayHandler(5);
        // Accept input into the array
        arrayHandler.acceptRecord();
        // Print the contents of the array
        arrayHandler.printRecord();
    }
}
```

```

<terminated> Q/ [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.
Enter 5 integers:
45
87
90
85
34
Array contents:
45
87
90
85
34

```

8. Modify the previous assignment to use getter and setter methods instead of `acceptRecord` and `printRecord`.

```

package Assignment_6;
import java.util.Scanner;
class ArrHandler {
    // Field to hold the array
    private int[] arr;
    // Constructor to initialize the array
    public ArrHandler(int size) {
        arr = new int[size];
    }
    // Setter method to populate the array
    public void setArray(int[] arr) {
        if (arr.length == this.arr.length) {
            this.arr = arr;
        } else {
            System.out.println("Array size mismatch.");
        }
    }
    // Getter method to retrieve the array
    public int[] getArray() {
        return arr;
    }
    // Method to print the state of the array
    public void printRecord() {
        System.out.println("Array contents:");
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
            System.out.println(arr[i]);
        }
    }
}

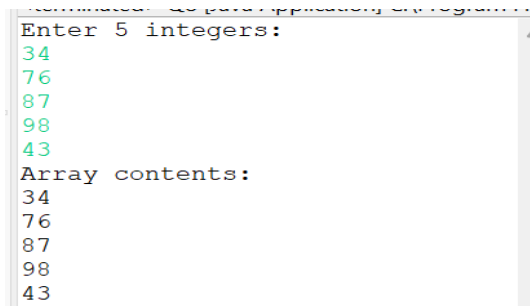
public class Q8 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        ArrHandler arrayHandler = new ArrHandler(5);
        int[] userArray = new int[5];
        // Accept input from the user
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter 5 integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < userArray.length; ++i) {

```

```

userArray[i] = sc.nextInt();
}
// Use setter method to set the array
arrayHandler.setArray(userArray);
// Print the contents of the array using the printRecord method
arrayHandler.printRecord();
}
}

```



Enter 5 integers:
34
76
87
98
43
Array contents:
34
76
87
98
43

9. You need to implement a system to manage airplane seat assignments. The airplane has seats arranged in rows and columns. Implement functionalities to:

Initialize the seating arrangement with a given number of rows and columns.

Book a seat to mark it as occupied.

Cancel a booking to mark a seat as available.

Check seat availability to determine if a specific seat is available.

Display the current seating chart.

```

package Assignment_6;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q9 {
    static class Airplane {
        private boolean[][] seats; // 2D array to represent the seating arrangement
        // Constructor to initialize the seating arrangement
        public Airplane(int rows, int cols) {
            seats = new boolean[rows][cols]; // false represents available seats
        }
        // Method to book a seat
        public void bookSeat(int row, int col) {
            if (isValidSeat(row, col)) {
                if (seats[row][col]) {
                    System.out.println("Seat (" + row + ", " + col + ") is already booked.");
                } else {
                    seats[row][col] = true;
                    System.out.println("Seat (" + row + ", " + col + ") booked successfully.");
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

}
} else {
System.out.println("Invalid seat number.");
}
}
// Method to cancel a booking
public void cancelBooking(int row, int col) {
if (isValidSeat(row, col)) {
if (!seats[row][col]) {
System.out.println("Seat (" + row + ", " + col + ") is not booked.");
} else {
seats[row][col] = false;
System.out.println("Booking for seat (" + row + ", " + col + ") canceled.");
}
} else {
System.out.println("Invalid seat number.");
}
}
// Method to check seat availability
public boolean isSeatAvailable(int row, int col) {
if (isValidSeat(row, col)) {
return !seats[row][col];
} else {
System.out.println("Invalid seat number.");
return false;
}
}
// Method to display the seating chart
public void displaySeatingChart() {
System.out.println("Seating Chart:");
for (int row = 0; row < seats.length; row++) {
for (int col = 0; col < seats[row].length; col++) {
if (seats[row][col]) {
System.out.print("[X] ");
} else {
System.out.print("[O] ");
}
}
System.out.println();
}
}
// Helper method to validate seat number
private boolean isValidSeat(int row, int col) {
return row >= 0 && row < seats.length && col >= 0 && col < seats[row].length;
}
}
public static void main(String[] args) {

```

```

Airplane airplane = new Airplane(5, 4);
// Create a scanner for user input
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
while (true) {
    System.out.println("\n1. Book a seat");
    System.out.println("2. Cancel a booking");
    System.out.println("3. Check seat availability");
    System.out.println("4. Display seating chart");
    System.out.println("5. Exit");
    System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
    int option = sc.nextInt();
    if (option == 1) {
        System.out.print("Enter row (0-based index): ");
        int row = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter column (0-based index): ");
        int col = sc.nextInt();
        airplane.bookSeat(row, col);
    } else if (option == 2) {
        System.out.print("Enter row (0-based index): ");
        int row = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter column (0-based index): ");
        int col = sc.nextInt();
        airplane.cancelBooking(row, col);
    } else if (option == 3) {
        System.out.print("Enter row (0-based index): ");
        int row = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter column (0-based index): ");
        int col = sc.nextInt();
        boolean available = airplane.isSeatAvailable(row, col);
        System.out.println("Seat (" + row + ", " + col + ") is " + (available ? "available" : "not
        available") + ".");
    } else if (option == 4) {
        airplane.displaySeatingChart();
    } else if (option == 5) {
        break;
    } else {
        System.out.println("Invalid option. Please try again.");
    }
}
sc.close();
}
}

```