```
In [3]: ► #3/1/25
            #printing hello world
            print("Hello World")
            Hello World
In [4]:
        ▶ #Using backslash for continuation
            total=1+2+3+4+5\
            +6+7
            print(total)
            28
In [5]:
            #multi line statement on a single line
            x=5;y=10;z=x+y
            print(z)
            15
In [6]:
        #type inference
            variable = 30
            print(type(variable))
            variable = "Manaswini"
            print(type(variable))
            <class 'int'>
            <class 'str'>
In [7]: #4/1/25
            #Type conversion
            age = 25
            print(type(age))
            age_str = str(age)
            print(age_str)
            print(type(age_str))
            <class 'int'>
            25
            <class 'str'>
In [8]: | age = '25'
            print(type(int(age)))
            height = 5.11
            type(height)
            int(height)
            <class 'int'>
   Out[8]: 5
```

```
In [9]:
          ⋈ ##Dynamic Typing
             var = 10
             print(var, type(var))
             var = "Hello"
             print(var, type(var))
             var = 3.14
             print(var,type(var))
             10 <class 'int'>
             Hello <class 'str'>
             3.14 <class 'float'>
In [10]: ▶ ##input function
             age = input("Enter your age:")
             print(age,type(age))
             Enter your age:10
             10 <class 'str'>
          age = int(input("Enter your age:"))
In [11]:
             print(age,type(age))
             Enter your age:20
             20 <class 'int'>
In [12]: ► #Simple Calculator
             input1 = float(input("Enter first value"))
             input2 = float(input("Enter second value"))
             sumval = input1+input2
             difference = input1-input2
             mult = input1*input2
             div = input1/input2
             print("Sum", sumval)
             print("Difference", difference)
             print("Multiplication", mult)
             print("Division", div)
             Enter first value12
             Enter second value3
             Sum 15.0
             Difference 9.0
             Multiplication 36.0
             Division 4.0
```

```
##arithmetic operators
In [13]:
              a = 10
             b=15
             add_res = a+b
             sub_res = a-b
             mult_res = a*b
             div_res = a/b
             floor_div_res = a//b
             modulo_res = a%b
             exp_res = a**b
             print(add_res)
             print(sub_res)
             print(mult_res)
             print(div_res)
              print(floor_div_res)
             print(modulo_res)
             print(exp_res)
              25
              -5
              150
              0.666666666666666
              10
              10000000000000000
In [14]:
         ##Comparison operators
             a = 10
             b=15
             print(a==b)
             print(a!=b)
             print(a>b)
             print(a<b)</pre>
             print(a>=b)
             print(a<=b)</pre>
              False
              True
             False
             True
              False
```

True

```
₩ ##Logical operators
In [15]:
            X = True
            Y = False
            res = X and Y
            print(res)
            res = X or Y
            print(res)
            res = not X
            print(res)
            False
            True
            False
In [16]:
         ▶ #Conditional Statements
            #5/1/25
            #if statement
            age = 20
            if age>=18:
                print("You can vote")
            You can vote
if age>=18:
                print("You can vote")
            else:
                print("You are a minor")
            You can vote
         In [18]:
            age = 20
            if age<13:</pre>
                print("You are a child")
            elif age<18:</pre>
                print("You are a teenager")
            else:
                print("You are an adult")
```

You are an adult

```
num = int(input("Enter the number"))
In [19]:
             if num>=0:
                 print("The number is positive")
                 if num%2==0:
                     print("The number is even")
                     print("The number is odd")
             else:
                 print("The number is negative")
             Enter the number3
             The number is positive
             The number is odd
In [20]:

    #Leap year

             year = int(input("Enter the year"))
             if year%4==0:
                 if year%100==0:
                     if year%400==0:
                         print(year,"is a leap year")
                         print(year,"is not a leap year")
                 else:
                     print(year,"is a leap year")
             else:
                 print(year,"is not a leap year")
             Enter the year1
```

Enter the year1 1 is not a leap year

```
In [21]:
          #simple calculator using if else
             num1 = float(input("Enter first number"))
             num2 = float(input("Enter second number"))
             oper = input("Enter the operation needed : +,-,*,/,%,**")
             if oper=="+":
                 print("Addition", num1+num2)
             elif oper=="-":
                 print("Subtraction", num1-num2)
             elif oper=="*":
                 print("Multiplication", num1*num2)
             elif oper=="/":
                 if num2!=0:
                     print("Division", num1/num2)
                 else:
                     print("Infinity")
             elif oper=="%":
                 print("Remainder", num1%num2)
             elif oper=="**":
                 print("Exponent", num1**num2)
             else:
                 print("Invalid operator")
             Enter first number2
             Enter second number3
             Enter the operation needed : +,-,*,/,%,**+
             Addition 5.0
In [22]: ► #LOOPS
             #6/1/25
             for i in range(5):
                 print(i)
             0
             1
             2
             3
             4
          ▶ for i in range(1,6):
In [23]:
                 print(i)
             1
             2
             3
             4
             5
```

```
    for i in range(1,10,2):

In [24]:
                  print(i)
              1
              3
              5
              7
              9
In [25]: ► for i in range(10,1,-1):
                  print(i)
              10
              9
              8
              7
              6
              5
              4
              3
              2
          ▶ str = "Krish Naik"
In [26]:
              for i in str:
                  print(i)
              K
              r
              i
              s
              h
              Ν
              а
              i
              k
In [27]:
              #while Loop
              count=0
              while count<5:</pre>
                  print(count)
                  count=count+1
              0
              1
              2
              3
              4
```

```
In [28]:
             #break
             for i in range(10):
                 if i==5:
                     break
                 print(i)
             0
             1
             2
             3
             4
In [29]:
             #continue
             for i in range(10):
                 if i%2==0:
                     continue
                 print(i)
             1
             3
             5
             7
             9
In [30]:
         #pass
             for i in range(5):
                 if i==3:
                     pass
                 print(i)
             0
             1
             2
             3
             4
In [31]:  ▶ #nested Loops
             for i in range(3):
                 for j in range(2):
                     print(f"i:{i} and j:{j}")
             i:0 and j:0
             i:0 and j:1
             i:1 and j:0
             i:1 and j:1
             i:2 and j:0
             i:2 and j:1
```

```
#calculate the sum of first n natural numbers using while and for loop
In [32]:
             val = int(input("Enter the value of n"))
             sum = 0
             for i in range(1,val+1):
                 sum+=i
             print("The total sum is:",sum)
             Enter the value of n5
             The total sum is: 15
          val = int(input("Enter the value of n"))
In [33]:
             sum = 0
             i = 0
             while i<=val:
                 sum+=i
                 i=i+1
             print("The total sum is:",sum)
             Enter the value of n3
             The total sum is: 6
```

```
#prime numbers between 1 and 100
In [34]:
             for num in range(1,101):
                  if num>1:
                      for i in range(2,num):
                          if num%i==0:
                              break
                      else:
                          print(num)
             2
              3
              5
             7
             11
             13
             17
             19
              23
             29
              31
              37
             41
             43
             47
              53
              59
             61
             67
             71
             73
             79
             83
             89
             97
In [35]:
          ▶ #Loop questions
             #7/1/25
             #print first 10 natural number
             for i in range(1,11):
                  print(i)
             1
              2
              3
             4
             5
             6
             7
             8
             9
             10
```

```
In [36]:
          #print the pattern
            for i in range(1,6):
                for j in range(1, i+1):
                    print(j,end=" ")
                print(" ")
            1
            1 2
            1 2 3
             1 2 3 4
            1 2 3 4 5
         #calculate sum of all numbers from 1 to given number
In [37]:
            num = int(input("Enter the number"))
            sum=0
            for i in range(1,num+1):
                sum+=i
            print("The sum of number is", sum)
             Enter the number1
             The sum of number is 1
num = int(input("Enter the value of table"))
            for i in range(1,11):
                print(f"{num}*{i}={num*i}")
             Enter the value of table2
             2*1=2
             2*2=4
             2*3=6
             2*4=8
            2*5=10
             2*6=12
             2*7=14
             2*8=16
             2*9=18
             2*10=20
In [39]:
          ▶ #find total number of digits in a number
            num = int(input("Enter a number:"))
            count=0
            while num!=0:
                num=num//10
                count=count+1
            print("The total number of digits in the number is:",count)
             Enter a number:3
             The total number of digits in the number is: 1
```

localhost:8888/notebooks/PythonDSA.ipynb

```
In [40]:
          #print the reverse number pattern
             for i in range(5,0,-1):
                 for j in range(i,0,-1):
                     print(j,end=" ")
                 print(" ")
             5 4 3 2 1
             4 3 2 1
             3 2 1
             2 1
             1
In [41]:
          H for i in range(-11,0,1):
                 print(i)
             -11
             -10
             -9
             -8
             -7
             -6
             -5
             -4
             -3
             -2
             -1
         #print all prime numbers within a range
In [42]:
             num = int(input("Enter the range:"))
             for i in range(1,num+1):
                 if num>1:
                     for j in range(2,num):
                         if num%j==0:
                             break
                     else:
                         print(i)
             Enter the range:4
          #display fibonacci series upto 10 terms
In [43]:
             a=0
             b=1
             print("Fibonacci series:")
             for i in range(1,11):
                 print(a,end=" ")
                 c=a+b
                 a=b
                 b=c
             Fibonacci series:
             0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
```

```
In [44]:
         num = int(input("Enter the number:"))
            fact=1
            for i in range(1,num+1):
                fact=fact*i
            print("The factorial of a number is:",fact)
            Enter the number:
                                                     Traceback (most recent call la
            ValueError
            st)
            Cell In[44], line 1
            ----> 1 num = int(input("Enter the number:"))
                  2 fact=1
                  3 for i in range(1,num+1):
            ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: ''
num = int(input("Enter the number"))
            rev no=0
            while num!=0:
                digit=num%10
                rev_no=rev_no*10+digit
                num=num//10
            print("The reverse number is:",rev_no)
In []: ⊭cube of all numbers
            num = int(input("Enter the number"))
            cube=0
            for i in range(1,num+1):
                cube=cube+(i**3)
            print("The cube of number is:",cube)
In [ ]: ▶ #List
            #8/1/25
            lst = []
            print(type(lst))
        M mixed_lst = [1,"Hello",3.14,True]
In [ ]:
            print(mixed_lst)
```

```
print(fruits[0])
          print(fruits[-1])
          print(fruits[1:])
In []: ▶ #modifying the list elements
          fruits[1]="watermelon"
          print(fruits)
fruits.append("orange")
          print(fruits)
          fruits.insert(1, "dragonfruit")
          print(fruits)
          fruits.remove("watermelon")
          print(fruits)
          popped_fruits=fruits.pop()
          print(popped fruits)
          print(fruits)
          index=fruits.index("apple")
          print(index)
          print(fruits.count("apple"))
          fruits.sort()
          print(fruits)
          fruits.reverse()
          fruits.clear()
          print(fruits)
numbers = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
          print(numbers[2:5])
          print(numbers[:5])
          print(numbers[::2])
          print(numbers[::-1])
In [ ]:  ▶ #Iterating over list
          fruits = ["apple", "banana", "cherry", "kiwi", "orange"]
          for fruit in fruits:
              print(fruit)
In []: ▶ #Getting an index
          for index,fruit in enumerate(fruits):
              print(index,fruit)
```

```
lst = []
          for x in range(10):
              lst.append(x**2)
          print(lst)
In []: \mathbf{N} square = [x**2 for x in range(10)]
           print(square)
In []: \triangleright even_square = [x**2 for x in range(10) if x%2==0]
          print(even square)
In []: \rightarrow | lst1 = [1,2,3,4]
          lst2 = ['a','b','c','d']
          pair = [[i,j] for i in lst1 for j in lst2]
          print(pair)
In [ ]:  ▶ #Inbuilt function with list comprehension
          words=["hello","world","python"]
          lengths = [len(i) for i in words]
          print(lengths)
In []: A = [1,2,3,4,5]
          result = ["Even" if n%2==0 else "Odd" for n in a]
          print(result)
#9/1/25
          #Create a set
          my_set = \{1,2,3,4,5\}
          print(my_set)
          print(type(my_set))
print(type(my_empty_set))
In []: M = set([1,2,3,4,5,6,6])
          print(my_set)
#Adding elements
          my_set.add(7)
          print(my_set)
```

```
In [ ]:
        ▶ #Removing elements
           my_set.remove(3)
           print(my_set)
In [ ]:
           my_set.discard(11)
           print(my_set)
In [ ]: ▶
           removed_element=my_set.pop()
           print(removed_element)
           print(my_set)
In [ ]:  ▶ #clear all the elements
           #my_set.clear()
           #print(my_set)
my_set = \{1,2,3,4,5\}
           print(3 in my_set)
           print(11 in my_set)
In [ ]: ► #Mathematical Operations
           set1 = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}
           set2 = \{4,5,6,7,8,9\}
           union_set = set1.union(set2)
           print(union_set)
           intersection_set = set1.intersection(set2)
           print(intersection_set)
           print(set1.difference(set2))
In [ ]:
        #set1.intersection_update(set2)
           #print(set1)
In []: ► #Symmetric Difference
           set1.symmetric_difference(set2)
set1 = \{1,2,3\}
           set2 = {3,4,5}
           print(set1.issubset(set2))
           print(set1.issuperset(set2))
```

```
In []: ▶ #to remove duplicates
          lst = [1,2,2,3,4,5,6,6,7]
          print(set(lst))
text = "In this tutorial say hii In"
          words = text.split()
          print(words)
          unique_words = set(words)
          print(unique_words)
          print(len(unique_words))
In []: ► #Dictionary
          #10/1/25
          #Creating a Dictionary
          empty_dict = {}
          print(type(empty_dict))
print(student)
In [ ]: ▶ #Accessing dictionary elements
          print(student['grade'])
          print(student['age'])
print(student.get('grade'))
          print(student.get('last_name'))
          print(student.get('last_name',"Not Available"))
In []: ► #Modifying Dictionary Elements
          student['age']=23
          print(student)
          student['address']="India"
          print(student)
          #del student['grade']
          #print(student)
```

```
In []: ▶ #Dictionary Methods
          #Getting all keys , values and key-value pairs
          keys = student.keys()
          print(keys)
          values = student.values()
          print(values)
          items = student.items()
          print(items)
In [ ]: ► #Copy
          student_copy = student
          print(student)
          print(student_copy)
print(student)
          print(student_copy)
student_copy1 = student.copy()
          print(student_copy1)
          print(student)
print(student_copy1)
          print(student)
In []: ▶ #Iterating over key and value
          for keys in student.keys():
             print(keys)
print(values)
In [ ]: ► for key, value in student.items():
             print(f"{key}:{value}")
In [ ]: #Nested Dictionaries
          students = {
             "student1":{"name":"Manaswini", "age":22},
             "student2":{"name":"Subham", "age":23}
          print(students)
```

```
In [ ]:  ▶ #Access nested dictionaries
            print(students["student2"]["name"])
In [ ]: ▶ #Iterating over nested list
            for student_id,student_info in students.items():
                print(f"{student_id}:{student_info}")
                for key,value in student info.items():
                     print(f"{key}:{value}")
In []: ▶ #Dictionary Comprehension
            squares = \{x:x**2 \text{ for } x \text{ in } range(10)\}
            print(squares)
In []: \triangleright even_squares = {x:x**2 for x in range(10) if x%2==0}
            print(even_squares)
In [ ]:  ▶ #Practical ex
            numbers = [1,2,2,3,3,3,4,4,4,4]
            frequency={}
            for number in numbers:
                if number in frequency:
                    frequency[number]+=1
                else:
                     frequency[number]=1
            print(frequency)
In []: ► #Merge 2 dictionaries
            dict1 = {"a":1,"b":2}
            dict2 = {"c":3,"d":4}
            merged_dict={**dict1,**dict2}
            print(merged_dict)
In [ ]: ► #Tuples
            11/1/25
            #creating a tuple
            empty_tuple=()
            print(empty_tuple)
            print(type(empty_tuple))
In [ ]: | tpl = tuple()
            print(type(tpl))
```

```
In [ ]:
            numbers=tuple([1,2,3,4,5,6])
            print(numbers)
In [ ]:  M mixed_tuple=(1,"Hello World",3.14,True)
            print(mixed_tuple)
In [ ]: ► #Accessing Tuple Elements
            print(numbers[0])
            print(numbers[-1])
            print(numbers[0:4])
            print(numbers[::-1])
In [ ]: ▶ #Tuple Operation
            concat_tuple = numbers+mixed_tuple
            print(concat_tuple)
In [ ]:
            print(mixed_tuple*3)
            print(numbers*3)
In []: ▶ #Immutable nature of tuples
            tup = (1,2,3,4,5,6,7)
            #tup[1]="Krish"
            print(tup)
In [ ]: 

#Tuple Methods
            print(numbers.count(1))
            print(numbers.index(3))
In []: ▶ #Packing and unpacking tuple
            packed_tuple=1,"Hello",3.14
            print(packed_tuple)
In [ ]:  ▶ #Unpacking a tuple
            a,b,c=packed_tuple
            print(a)
            print(b)
            print(c)
```

```
In [ ]: ▶ #Unpacking with *
            numbers = (1,2,3,4,5,6)
            first,*middle,last=numbers
            print(first)
            print(middle)
            print(last)
In []: ► #Nested Tuple
            #Nested List
            lst = [[1,2,3,4],[6,7,8,9],["Hello",3.14,"c"]]
            print(lst[0][2])
            print(lst[0][0:3])
In []: H tupe = [[1,2,3,4],[6,7,8,9],(1,"Hello","c")]
            print(tupe[2][0:3])
        nested_tuple=((1,2,3),("a","b","c"),(True,False))
In [ ]:
            print(nested_tuple[0])
            print(nested_tuple[1][2])
In [ ]:  ▶ #Iterating Over Nested Loops
            for i in nested_tuple:
                for j in i:
                    print(j,end=" ")
                print()
In [ ]: ▶ #Real world examples using a list
            #EX) Manage a to do list
            #12/1/25
            to_do_lst = ["Buy Groceries","Clean the house","Pay bills"]
            #Adding a task
            to_do_lst.append("Schedule a meeting")
            to_do_lst.append("Go for a run")
            #Removing a completed a task
            to_do_lst.remove("Clean the house")
            #check if a task is present
            if "Pay bills" in to_do_lst:
                print("Don't forget to pay utility bills")
            print("To do list remaianing")
            for task in to do 1st:
                print(task)
```

```
In [ ]:  ▶ #Organizing Student Grades
            #Create a list to store and calculate average grades for students
            grades=[85,92,78,90,88]
            grades.append(95)
            average_grade=sum(grades)/len(grades)
            print(f"Average Grade:{average_grade:.2f}")
            highest_grade=max(grades)
            lowest grade=min(grades)
            print(f"Highest Grade is:{highest_grade}")
            print(f"Lowest Grade is:{lowest_grade}")
In []: ₩ #Use a list to collect and analyze user feedback
            feedback = ["Great Service!","Very Satisfied","Could be better","Excellent
            #Adding new feedback
            feedback.append("Not happy with the service!")
            #Counting specific feedback
            positive_count=sum(1 for comment in feedback if "great" in comment.lower()
            print(f"Positive feedback count:{positive_count}")
            #Printing all feedback
            print("User Feedback")
            for comment in feedback:
                print(f"-{comment}")
In []: ▶ #Functions in Python
            #13/1/25
            #Syntax
            #def function name(parameter):
                #""" """
                #function body
                #return expression
In [ ]: ▶ | def even or odd(num):
                """This function finds even or odd"""
                if num%2==0:
                    print("Even")
                else:
                    print("Odd")
            even_or_odd(5)
In [ ]:  ▶ | #function with multiple parameter
            def add(a,b):
                return a+b
            result = add(5,3)
            print(result)
```

```
In [ ]: ▶ ##default parameter
           def greet(name="Guest"):
               print(f"Hii {name}")
           greet()
In []: ▶ #Positional Arguments
           def print numbers(*args):
               for number in args:
                   print(number)
           print_numbers(1,2,3,4,5,"Krish")
In [ ]:  ▶ | #Keyword Arguments
           def print_details(**kwargs):
               for key,value in kwargs.items():
                   print(f"{key}:{value}")
           print_details(name="Manaswini",age=22)
def print_values(*args,**kwargs):
               for number in args:
                   print(number)
               for key,value in kwargs.items():
                   print(f"{key}:{value}")
           print_values(1,2,3,4,name="Manaswini",age=22)
In [ ]:  ▶ | #Return multiple statements
           def multiply(a,b):
               return a*b,a
           ans = multiply(2,3)
           print(ans)
In [ ]: ▶ #More questions on function
           #14/1/25
           #1) Temperature Conversion
           def celToFahr(temp):
               fahr=((temp*(9/5))+32)
               return fahr
           print("The teperature in fahrenheit is :",celToFahr(50))
cel=((temp-32)*(5/9))
               return cel
           print("The teperature in celcius is :",fahrToCel(40))
```

```
In []: #Temperature conversion in one function
def convert_temp(temp,unit):
    """This function is used for temperature conversion"""
    if unit=='F':
        return (temp-32)*5/9
    elif unit=='C':
        return temp * 9/5 +32
    else:
        return None
print("The teperature in fahrenheit is :",convert_temp(50,'F'))
print("The teperature in celcius is :",convert_temp(50,'C'))
```

```
In []: ▶ #Password Strength Checker
            def is_strong_password(password):
                """This function checks if a password strong or not"""
                if len(password)<8:</pre>
                    return False
                if not any(char.isdigit() for char in password):
                    return False
                if not any(char.islower() for char in password):
                    return False
                if not any(char.isupper() for char in password):
                    return False
                if not any(char in '!@#$%^&*()_+' for char in password):
                    return False
                return True
            print(is_strong_password("WeakPwd"))
            print(is_strong_password("Str0ngPwd!"))
```

```
In []: ▶ #Check if a string is pallindrome
           def is Pallindrome(str):
               str=str.lower().replace(" ","")
               return str==str[::-1]
           print(is_Pallindrome("MADAM"))
           print(is_Pallindrome("Hello"))
In []: ▶ #Find factorial of a number
           def find_Factorial(num):
               if num==0:
                   return 1
               else:
                   return num*find Factorial(num-1)
           fact=find_Factorial(3)
           print("The factorial is:",fact)
In []: ▶ #Email verification
           import re
           def is_valid_email(email):
               pattern=r'^[a-zA-Z0-9_.+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9-]+\.[a-zA-Z0-9-.]+$'
               return re.match(pattern,email) is not None
           print(is_valid_email("test@gmail.com"))
#16/1/25
           addition=lambda a,b:a+b
           type(addition)
           print(addition(5,10))
even_no = lambda num:num%2==0
           even no(10)
In []: \blacksquare addition = lambda x,y,z:x+y+z
           print(addition(10,11,12))
In []: ► #Map function
           numbers = [1,2,3,4,5]
           list(map(lambda x:x**2,numbers))
In []: ► #Map Function
           #17/1/25
           numbers = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]
           print(list(map(lambda x:x**2,numbers)))
```

```
In [ ]: ▶
           #map multiple iterables
           numbers1 = [1,2,3]
           numbers2 = [4,5,6]
           added_numbers = list(map(lambda x,y:x+y,numbers1,numbers2))
           print(added_numbers)
In []: ▶ #map to convert list of string to integers
           str_no = ['1','2','3','4','5']
           int_no = list(map(int,str_no))
           print(int_no)
words = ['apple', 'banana', 'orange', 'cherry']
           upper_words = list(map(str.upper,words))
           print(upper words)
return person['name']
           people = [
               {'name':'Krish','age':32},
               {'name':'Jack','age':33}
           list(map(get_name,people))
In [ ]:  ▶ #Filter function
           #18/1/25
           def even(num):
               if num%2==0:
                  return True
           even(24)
In []: N | 1st=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]
           list(filter(even,lst))
In []: ▶ #filter with Lambda function
           numbers = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]
           greater_than_five = list(filter(lambda x:x>5,numbers))
           print(greater_than_five)
In []: ▶ #filter with multiple conditions
           numbers = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]
           even_and_greater_than_five = list(filter(lambda x:x%2==0 and x>5,numbers))
           print(even_and_greater_than_five )
```

```
In [ ]: ▶ #filter to check if age is greater than 25 in dictionary
            people = [
                {'name':'Krish','age':32},
                {'name':'Jack','age':33},
                {'name':'Manish','age':22}
            def age_greater(person):
                return person['age']>25
           list(filter(age_greater,people))
In []: ▶ #basic square
            #21/1/25
            def generate_square(n):
                lst=[]
                for i in range(n):
                    lst.append('*'*n)
                return 1st
            result=generate_square(5)
            print(result)
In [ ]:  ▶ #hollow square
            def generate_hollow_square(n):
                1st=[]
                for i in range(n):
                   if i==0 or i==n-1:
                       lst.append('*' * n)
                       lst.append('*' + ' '*(n-2) + '*')
                return 1st
            ans=generate_hollow_square(5)
            print(ans)
#22/1/25
           def celcius_to_fahrenheit(c):
                return (9/5*c)+32
            fahr = celcius to fahrenheit(40)
            print("Temperature in fahrenheit is:",fahr)
In [ ]: | def area_of_rectangle(length, breadth):
                return length*breadth
            result = area_of_rectangle(10,5)
            print("The area of rectangle is:",result)
```

```
In [ ]: M def calculate_distance(speed, time):
             return speed*time
          distance = calculate_distance(5,10)
          print("The distance covered is :",distance)
In []: ▶ import math
          def calculate lift rounds(n,capacity):
             rounds = math.ceil(n/capacity)
             return rounds
          result = calculate_lift_rounds(7,4)
          print(result)
return ((slope*x)+intercept)
          ans = calculate_y(2,3,4)
          print(ans)
In [ ]: ▶ #Patterns
          #24/1/25
          def generate_rectangle(n,m):
             lst=[]
             for i in range(n):
                 lst.append('*'*m)
             return 1st
          ans = generate_rectangle(3,2)
          print(ans)
lst=[]
             for i in range(1,n+1):
                 lst.append('*'*i)
             return 1st
          ans = generate_triangle(3)
          print(ans)
lst=[]
             for i in range(n,0,-1):
                 lst.append('*' * i)
             return 1st
          ans = generate_inverted_triangle(3)
          print(ans)
```

```
pyramid=[]
               for i in range(1,n+1):
                   stars='*'*(2*i-1)
                   spaces=' '*(n-i)
                   pyramid.append(spaces+stars+spaces)
               return pyramid
           ans = generate_pyramid(3)
           print(ans)
In [ ]: M def inverted_pyramid(n):
               pyramid=[]
               for i in range(1,n+1):
                   stars='*'*(2*n-2*i+1)
                   spaces=' '*(i-1)
                   pyramid.append(spaces+stars+spaces)
               return pyramid
           ans = inverted_pyramid(3)
           print(ans)
In [ ]: ► #26/1/25
           def generate_number_triangle(n):
              return [str(i)*i for i in range(1,n+1)]
           ans = generate_number_triangle(5)
           print(ans)
In [ ]:  ▶ #Floyds triangle
           def floyd(n):
               val=1
               for i in range(1,n+1):
                   for j in range(1,i+1):
                       print(val,end=" ")
                       val+=1
                   print(" ")
           floyd(5)
```

```
In [ ]: ▶ #Diamond Pattern
           def generate diamond(n):
               result=[]
               for i in range(1,n+1):
                   spaces= " "*(n-i)
                   stars='*'*(2*i-1)
                   result.append(spaces+stars+spaces)
               for i in range(n-1,0,-1):
                   spaces= " "*(n-i)
                   stars='*'*(2*i-1)
                   result.append(spaces+stars+spaces)
               return result
           ans = generate_diamond(3)
           print(ans)
result=[]
               for i in range(1,n+1):
                   spaces=" "*(n-i)
                   stars="*"*i
                   result.append(spaces+stars)
               return result
           ans = generate_stars(3)
           print(ans)
def generate_sandglass(n):
               result=[]
               for i in range(1,n+1):
                   stars= "*"*(2*(n-i)+1)
                   spaces=' '*(i-1)
                   result.append(spaces+stars+spaces)
               for i in range(n-1,0,-1):
                   stars= "*"*(2*(n-i)+1)
                   spaces=' '*(i-1)
                   result.append(spaces+stars+spaces)
               return result
           ans = generate_sandglass(3)
           print(ans)
In []: ▶ #Hollow Right Triangle
           def hollow_triangle(n):
               for i in range(1,n+1):
                   if i==1 or i==n:
                       print('*' * i)
                   else:
                       print('*'+" "*(i-2)+'*')
           hollow_triangle(5)
```

```
for i in range(n,0,-1):
                  if i==n or i==1:
                     print('*' * i)
                  else:
                     print('*'+" "*(i-2)+'*')
           hollow_inverted(5)
In [ ]: ▶ #pyramid numbers
           def number_pyramid(n):
              for i in range(1,n+1):
                  numbers = ' '.join(str(j) for j in range(1,i+1))
                  print(numbers.center(2*n-1))
           number_pyramid(4)
In [ ]:  ▶ #Inbuilt data structure
           #Sum of List Elements
          def sum_list(numbers):
              sum=0
              for i in numbers:
                  sum+=i
              return sum
           print(sum_list([1,2,3,4,5]))
def find_largest(numbers):
              if not numbers:
                  return None
              max_num=numbers[0]
              for i in numbers:
                  if i>max num:
                     max_num=i
              return max_num
           print(find_largest([1,2,3,4,5]))
```

```
In [ ]:  ▶ #Remove duplicates
            def remove duplicates(lst):
                unique_elements=[]
                for num in lst:
                    is duplicate=False
                    for unique in unique_elements:
                        if num==unique:
                            is duplicate=True
                            break
                    if not is_duplicate:
                        unique_elements.append(num)
                return unique_elements
            print(remove_duplicates([1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 5]))
In []: ▶ #Check if all elements are unique
            def check_unique(lst):
                for i in range(len(lst)):
                    for j in range(i+1,len(lst)):
                        if lst[i]==lst[j]:
                            return False
                return True
            print(check_unique([2,3,1,4,4,5,6,7,7]))
In []: ₩ #Reverse a list
            def reverse_list(lst):
                reverse_lst=[]
                for i in range(len(lst),0,-1):
                    reverse_lst.append(i)
                return reverse_lst
            ans=reverse_list([1,2,3,4,5])
            print(ans)
In [ ]:  ▶  #Even Odd elements
            lst=[1,2,3,4,5]
            def even_odd(lst):
                even,odd=0,0
                for i in 1st:
                    if i%2==0:
                        even=even+1
                    else:
                        odd=odd+1
                return (even,odd)
            result = even_odd(lst)
            print(result)
```

```
In [ ]:
        #Merge two sorted list
             def merge_lst(list1,list2):
                 sorted_lst=[]
                 i, j=0, 0
                 while i<len(list1) and j<len(list2):</pre>
                     if list1[i]<list2[j]:</pre>
                          sorted_lst.append(list1[i])
                     else:
                          sorted_lst.append(list2[j])
                          j+=1
                 while i<len(list1):</pre>
                     sorted_lst.append(list1[i])
                     i+=1
                 while j<len(list2):</pre>
                     sorted_lst.append(list2[j])
                     j+=1
                 return sorted_lst
             result = merge_1st([1,3,5],[2,4,6])
             print(result)
```

```
stri=""
             print("Original string is:",str)
             print("String at even index is:")
             for i in range(0,len(str),2):
                stri+=str[i]
             return stri
         ans = calc_str("PYnative")
         print(ans)
stri=""
             for i in range(n,len(str)):
                stri+=str[i]
             return stri
         ans = rem_char("PYnative",4)
         print(ans)
if list1[0]==list1[len(list1)-1]:
                return True
             return False
         ans = check_1st([1,2,3,4,5])
         print(ans)
for i in range(len(list1)):
                if list1[i]%5==0:
                   print(list1[i])
         ans = display_1st([5,20,15,3,2,4,25])
count = s.count("Emma")
             print("Emma appeared", count, "times")
             return count
         ans = calc_str("Emma is a good girl. Emma is beautiful")
         print(ans)
```

```
In [ ]: ► #31/1/25
           def check_pallindrome(num):
               digit=0
               rev_no=0
               n=num
               while(n>0):
                   digit=n%10
                   rev_no=rev_no*10+digit
                   n=n//10
               if rev_no==num:
                   print("Pallindrome number")
               else:
                   print("Not Pallindrome")
           check pallindrome(121)
lst=[]
               for i, j in zip(list1,list2):
                   if i%2!=0:
                       lst.append(i)
                   if j\%2 == 0:
                       lst.append(j)
               return 1st
           ans=merge_lst([10, 20, 25, 30, 35],[40, 45, 60, 75, 90])
           ans.sort()
           print(ans)
In [ ]: ► #2/1/25
           val1 = int(input("Enter first value"))
           val2 = int(input("Enter second value"))
           print(val1*val2)
In []: print("Name","as","James",sep="**")
In [ ]:
       #give the octal value of num
           num=8
           print('%o' % num)
In [ ]: | num = 458.541315
           print('%.2f'% num)
In [ ]: ► Ist=[]
           for i in range(5):
               lst.append(float(input("Enter values")))
           print(lst)
```

```
print("Name1:",str1)
           print("Name2:",str2)
           print("Name3:",str3)
In [ ]: ► totalMoney = 1000
           quantity = 3
           price = 450
           print(f"I have {totalMoney} dollars so I can buy {quantity} football for
In [46]:
        H i=0
           while i<=10:
               print(i)
               i+=1
           0
           1
           2
           3
           4
           5
           6
           7
           8
           9
           10
In [48]:
        val=int(input("Enter the value"))
           sum_val=0
           for i in range(1,val+1):
                  sum_val+=i
           print(sum_val)
           Enter the value10
           55
```

```
▶ | val=int(input("Enter the value"))
In [49]:
             for i in range(1,11):
                 print(f"{val} * {i} = {val*i}")
             Enter the value5
             5 * 1 = 5
             5 * 2 = 10
             5 * 3 = 15
             5 * 4 = 20
             5 * 5 = 25
             5 * 6 = 30
             5 * 7 = 35
             5 * 8 = 40
             5 * 9 = 45
             5 * 10 = 50
         numbers = [12, 75, 150, 180, 145, 525, 50]
In [50]:
             for i in numbers:
                 print(i)
             12
             75
             150
             180
             145
             525
             50
 In [1]:  val = int(input("Enter the number"))
             count=0
             while(val!=0):
                 val=val//10
                 count+=1
             print("The number of digits is :",count)
             Enter the number542
             The number of digits is: 3
 In [6]: | numbers = [12, 75, 150, 180, 145, 525, 50]
             reverse_lst=reversed(numbers)
             for i in reverse_lst:
                 print(i)
             50
             525
             145
             180
             150
             75
             12
```

```
H for i in range(-10,0,1):
In [13]:
                 print(i)
             -10
             -9
             -8
             -7
             -6
             -5
             -4
             -3
             -2
             -1
 In [1]: ► #4/2/25
             #printing prime numbers in a range
             start = int(input("Enter the first number"))
             end = int(input("Enter the second number"))
             for i in range(start,end+1):
                 if i>1:
                     is_prime=True
                     for j in range(2,int(i ** 0.5)+1):
                         if i%j==0:
                              is prime=False
                             break
                     if is_prime:
                         print(i)
             Enter the first number2
             Enter the second number10
             2
             3
             5
             7
```

```
#Fibonacci series
In [3]:
            a=0
            b=1
            print(a)
            print(b)
            for i in range(3,11):
                c=a+b
                print(c)
                a=b
                b=c
            0
            1
            1
            2
            3
            5
            8
            13
            21
            34
In [4]: ▶ #Factorial of a number
            n=int(input("Enter the number:"))
            fact=1
            for i in range(1,n+1):
                fact*=i
            print(fact)
            Enter the number:5
            120
In [5]: 

#Reverse an integer
            n=int(input("Enter the number"))
            digit=0
            rev_no=0
            num=n
            while(num!=0):
                digit=num%10
                rev_no=rev_no*10+digit
                num=num//10
            print(rev_no)
            Enter the number 76542
            24567
```

```
In [7]:
          M my_list = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100]
             n=len(my_list)
             for i in range(1,n,2):
                 print(my_list[i])
             20
             40
             60
             80
             100
         n=int(input("Enter the number"))
In [8]:
             for i in range(1,n+1):
                 print(f"The cube of {i} is : {i ** 3}")
             Enter the number6
             The cube of 1 is: 1
             The cube of 2 is: 8
             The cube of 3 is: 27
             The cube of 4 is: 64
             The cube of 5 is: 125
             The cube of 6 is: 216
In [10]:  n=int(input("Enter the number"))
             start=2
             sum_seq=0
             for i in range(0,n):
                 sum seq+=start
                 start=start*10+2
             print("Sum of above sequence is", sum_seq)
             Enter the number5
             Sum of above sequence is 24690
In [2]: ► #6/2/25
             def create_func(name,age):
                 print("Name:",name,"Age:",age)
             create_func("Manaswini",22)
             Name: Manaswini Age: 22
 In [4]:
         #Variable length of arguments
             def func1(*args):
                 for i in args:
                     print(i)
             func1(22,24,25)
             22
             24
             25
```

```
▶ #Return multiple values from a function
In [5]:
            def calculation(val1,val2):
                return val1+val2,val1-val2
            calculation(5,3)
    Out[5]: (8, 2)
print(f"Name:{name} Salary:{salary}")
            show_employee("Ben",12000)
            show_employee("Joseph")
            Name:Ben Salary:12000
            Name:Joseph Salary:9000
        #Create an outer function and inner function
In [7]:
            def outer_func(a,b):
                def addition(a,b):
                   return a+b
                add=addition(a,b)
                return add+5
            outer_func(5,10)
    Out[7]: 20
In [9]:
         def even num():
                even_lst=[i for i in range(4,30) if i%2==0]
                return even 1st
            result=even_num()
            print(result)
            [4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28]
In [11]: | def find_max(lst):
                max_val=0
                for i in 1st:
                   if max_val<i:</pre>
                       max_val=i
                return max_val
            ans=find_max([1,2,4,5,23,4,5,8])
            print(ans)
            23
```

```
H #7/2/25
 In [2]:
            def sum_even_nos(n):
                sum=0
                for i in range(2,(2*n)+1,2):
                    sum+=i
                return sum
            sum_even_nos(3)
    Out[2]: 12
 In [4]:  def is_even(n):
                if n%2==0:
                    return True
                else:
                    return False
            is_even(7)
    Out[4]: False
if n<=1:
                    return False
                for i in range(2,int(n**(0.5)+1)):
                    if n%i==0:
                        return False
                return True
            is_prime(13)
   Out[10]: True
In [16]: M def is_perfectSquare(num):
                if num<1:</pre>
                    return False
                sqrt_num=int(num ** 0.5)
                return sqrt_num*sqrt_num==num
            is_perfectSquare(10)
   Out[16]: False
```

```
▶ def gcd(n,m):

In [17]:
                 if n<m:</pre>
                     for i in range(n,0,-1):
                         if n%i==0 and m%i==0:
                             return i
                 else:
                      for i in range(m, 0, -1):
                         if n%i==0 and m%i==0:
                             return i
                 return 1
             gcd(12,18)
   Out[17]: 6
 In [2]:
          #9/2/25
             str1="James"
             n=len(str1)
             print(str1[0]+str1[n//2]+str1[n-1])
             Jms
 n=len(str1)
             print(str1[n//2-1]+str1[n//2]+str1[n//2+1])
             Dip
 In [8]:

    def insert_string(s1,s2):

                 middle_index=len(s1)//2
                 return s1[:middle_index]+s2+s1[middle_index:]
             insert_string("Ault", "Kelly")
    Out[8]: 'AuKellylt'
          ▶ str1="PyNaTive"
In [10]:
             lower=[]
             upper=[]
             for char in str1:
                 if char.islower():
                     lower.append(char)
                 else:
                     upper.append(char)
             sorted_str=''.join(lower+upper)
             print(sorted_str)
             yaivePNT
```

```
In [2]:  ▶ #Count all digits, chars, symbols
             str1 = "P@#yn26at^&i5ve"
             digits, chars, symbols=0,0,0
             for i in str1:
                 if i.isalpha():
                     chars+=1
                 elif i.isdigit():
                     digits+=1
                 else:
                      symbols += 1
             print("Characters:",chars,"Digits:",digits,"Symbols:",symbols)
             Characters: 8 Digits: 3 Symbols: 4
          s1="Abc"
In [3]:
             s2="Xyz"
             s1_len=len(s1)
             s2_len=len(s2)
             length=s1_len if s1_len>s2_len else s2_len
             result=""
             s2=s2[::-1]
             for i in range(length):
                 if i<s1 len:</pre>
                     result+=s1[i]
                 if i<s2_len:</pre>
                      result+=s2[i]
             print(result)
             AzbycX
          def find_ans(s1 = "Yn",s2 = "PYnative"):
In [10]:
                 for i in s1:
                      if s1 in s2:
                          return True
                 return False
             find_ans()
   Out[10]: True
In [13]: N str1 = "Welcome to USA. usa awesome, isn't it?"
             str2 = "USA"
```

2

print(count)

count=str1.lower().count(str2.lower())

```
In [15]:
          N str1 = "PYnative29@#8496"
             sum_val,count=0,0
             for i in str1:
                 if i.isdigit():
                     sum_val+=int(i)
                     count+=1
             print("Sum:",sum_val)
             print("Average", sum_val/count)
             Sum: 38
             Average 6.333333333333333
In [16]: ► str1="Apple"
             char_count={}
             for char in str1:
                 if char in char_count:
                     char_count[char]+=1
                 else:
                     char_count[char]=1
             print(char_count)
             {'A': 1, 'p': 2, 'l': 1, 'e': 1}
          ► str1="PYnative"
In [19]:
             print(str1[-1::-1])
             evitanYP
In [20]: ▶ str1 = "Emma is a data scientist who knows Python. Emma works at google."
             substring = "Emma"
             last_index = str1.rfind(substring)
             print(f"Last occurrence of {substring} starts at index {last_index}")
             Last occurrence of Emma starts at index 43
 In [1]: #10/2/25
             def reverse_string(s):
                 return s[-1::-1]
             reverse_string("hello")
    Out[1]: 'olleh'
```

```
In [4]: ▶ | def count_vowels(s):
               count=0
               for char in s:
                   if (char=='a' or char=='e' or char=='i' or char=='o' or char=='u')
                      count+=1
               return count
           count_vowels("Python Programming")
    Out[4]: 4
if s==t:
                   return True
               return False
           are_equal_strings("hello","helo")
    Out[8]: False
         def is_palindrome(s):
In [20]:
               s=''.join(c.lower() for c in s if c.isalnum())
               return s == s[::-1]
           is_palindrome("A man a plan a canal Panama")
   Out[20]: True
count=0
               in word=False
               for char in s:
                   if char.isspace():
                      in_word=False
                   elif not in_word:
                      count+=1
                      in word=True
               return count
           count_words("Hello, World!")
   Out[22]: 2
```

```
In [3]: ► #11/2/25
             #remove duplicates
             def remove_duplicates(s):
                 seen = set()
                 result=[]
                 for ch in s:
                     if ch not in seen:
                         seen.add(ch)
                         result.append(ch)
                 return "".join(result)
             remove_duplicates("programming")
    Out[3]: 'progamin'
In [5]: M def count_consonants(s):
                 vowels={'a','e','i','o','u','A','E','I','O','U'}
                 count=0
                 for ch in s:
                     if ch.isalpha() and ch not in vowels:
                         count+=1
                 return count
             count_consonants("Hello, World")
    Out[5]: 7
In [10]: ▶ from collections import Counter
             def is_anagram(s, t):
                 return Counter(s) == Counter(t)
             is_anagram("rat", "car")
   Out[10]: False
In [1]:

    def is_subsequence(s,t):

                 i, j=0, 0
                 while i<len(s) and j<len(t):</pre>
                     if s[i]==t[j]:
                         j+=1
                     i+=1
                 return j==len(t)
             is_subsequence("abcde", "ace")
    Out[1]: True
```

```
In [3]: M def longest_word(s):
                 max length=0
                 current_length=0
                 for char in s:
                     if char!=' ':
                         current_length+=1
                     else:
                         if current_length>max_length:
                             max_length=current_length
                         current_length=0
                 if current_length>max_length:
                     max_length=current_length
                 return max length
             s=longest_word("The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog")
             print(s)
             5
 In [5]:
         def check_substring(s,t):
                 if t in s:
                     return True
                 else:
                     return False
             check_substring("hello world","word")
    Out[5]: False
In [8]:

    def decimal_to_binary(n):

                 rem=""
                 while(n!=0):
                     rem = str(n\%2) + rem
                     n=n//2
                 return int(rem) if rem else 0
             decimal_to_binary(14)
    Out[8]: 1110
In [11]:  def binary_to_decimal(bn):
                 dec, i=0,0
                 while bn>0:
                     r=bn%10
                     exp=r*(2**i)
                     dec=dec+exp
                     bn=bn//10
                     i+=1
                 return dec
             binary_to_decimal(101)
   Out[11]: 5
```

In [ ]: M