

# INDEX

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Section : C Roll No. : ..... Subject : OS Lab.

Q. Programs:

FCFS and SJF Scheduling (3) = TAT, WAT

Q.) FCFS Scheduling

```
#include <stdio.h>
void compTime(int n, int a[], int b[], int c[]) {
    int t=0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        if (a[i]>t) {
            t = a[i];
        }
        t += b[i];
        c[i] = t;
    }
}
```

void tatTime (int n, int a[], int c[], int t[]) {

```
for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    t[i] = c[i] - a[i];
void waitTime (int n, int b[], int t[], int w[]) {
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
        w[i] = t[i] - b[i];
}
```

void avgTime (int n, int a[], int b[])

```
{
    int c[n], t[n], w[n];
    int sumTAT=0, sumWAT=0;
```

~~compTime(n,a,b,c);~~

~~tatTime(n,a,c,t);~~

~~waitTime(n,b,t,w);~~

~~printf("P A B C T W (%)\n",~~

~~for (int i=0; i<n; i++)~~

~~{~~

~~printf("%d %d %d %d %d %d (%)\n", i+1,~~

~~a[i], b[i], c[i], t[i],~~

~~w[i]);~~

```

sumTAT += t[i];
sumWT += w[i];
float avgTAT = (float)sumTAT/n;
float avgWT = (float)sumWT/n;
printf ("n Average TAT: %f", avgTAT);
printf ("n Average WT: %f", avgWT);
int main() {
    int n=4;
    int a[] = {0,1,5,6};
    int b[] = {2,2,3,4};
    avgTime(n,a,b);
}

```

3

## # Output:

P	A	B	C	TAT
1	0	2	2	2
2	1	0	2	3
3	5	3	8	10
4	6	4	12	16

Average TAT: 3.500000

Average WT: 0.750000

15/05/2024.

Q. SJF (Non-preemptive)  $(1-3)$ 

→ #include &lt; stdio.h &gt;

```
void findCompletionTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[],
    int at[], int rt[], int tat[], int vt[],
    int ct[])
```

{

int completion[n];

for (int i=0; i&lt;n; i++) { // Initialization

bt[i] = remaining[i] = bt[i]; rt[i] = vt[i] = 0;

{

int current Time = 0;

for (int i=0; i&lt;n; i++) {

{

int shortest = -1;

for (int j=0; j&lt;n; j++) {

{

if (at[j] &lt;= current Time &amp;&amp; remaining[j] &gt; 0)

{ if (remaining[j] &lt;= current Time) {

if (shortest == -1 || remaining[j] &lt; remaining[shortest])

{

{

{

? [Action Now]

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

{

completion[shortest] = current Time + remaining[shortest];

current Time = completion[shortest];

wt[shortest] = current Time - bt[shortest] - at[shortest];

tat[shortest] = current Time - at[shortest];

```

rt[shortest] = arrt[shortest];
}
printf("Process Id Arrival Time: %d Burst Time: %d Waiting Time: %d Turn Around Time: %d Response Time: %d Completion Time: %d\n", processes[i], arrt[i], wt[i], tat[i], rt[i], ct[i]);
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    ct[i] = completion[i];
    printf("%d %d %d %d %d %d %d\n", processes[i], arrt[i], bt[i], wt[i], tat[i], rt[i], ct[i]);
}
}

void main()
{
int n;
printf("Enter the number of processes:");
scanf("%d", &n);
int processes[n], burst_time[n], arrival_time[n];
printf("Enter process Number: (%d)\n");
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    scanf("%d", &processes[i]);
}
printf("Enter Arrival Time: (%d)\n");
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    scanf("%d", &arrival_time[i]);
}
printf("Enter Burst Time: (%d)\n");
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    scanf("%d", &burst_time[i]);
}

```

```

int wt[n], tat[n], rt[n], ct[n];
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    iwt[i] = -1;
printf("In SJF (Non-preemptive) Scheduling: \n");
findCompletionTime(processes, n, burst_time, arrival_time,
                    wt, tat, rt, ct);
}

```

### # Output:

Enter the number of processes: 5

Enter process number:

1 2 3 4 5

Enter arrival Time:

2 1 4 0 2

Enter Burst Time:

1 5 1 6 3

### SJF (Non-preemptive) Scheduling:

Process	AT	BT	WT	TAT	RT	CT
1	2	5	10	5	4	7
2	1	5	10	15	10	16
3	4	3	3	4	3	8
4	0	6	0	6	0	6
5	2	3	6	9	6	11

Average Turn Around Time: 7.800000

Average Waiting Time: 4.600000

Q.

```

SJF(Preemptive): → .(.) .(.) .(.) .(.) .(.) .(.)

→ #include <stdio.h> → .(+) .(+) .(+) .(+) .(+) .(+)

void findCompletionTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[], int
at[], int wt[], int tat[], int ct[])
{
    int remaining[n];
    int currentTime = 0;
    int completed = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        remaining[i] = bt[i];
    }
    while (completed < n) {
        int shortest = -1;
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
            if (at[i] <= currentTime && remaining[i] > 0)
                if (shortest == -1 || remaining[i] <= remaining[shortest])
                    shortest = i;
            if (shortest != -1) {
                currentTIme++;
                completed++;
                remaining[shortest]--;
                if (remaining[shortest] == 0)
                    ct[completed] = currentTIme;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

Completed + taken b. " " 1-19

ct[shortest] = current time + 1;

~~wt[shortest] = wt[shortest] - bt[shortest] - ct[shortest];~~

`tat[shortest] = ct[shortest] - at[shortest];`

3

current True ++;

3

```
printf("Process |t_Arrival Time|t_Burst Time|t_Waiting Time|t_Turn Around Time|t_Response Time|t_Complete or Time|\n");
```

```
for(ent i=0; i<n; i++)
```

{ like, what do you think?

printf("%d\n", t);

`• void let (t : void[n], process[i], at[i], bt[i],  
 f1[i], f2[i])`

$c[i], \ell c[i], \text{wt}[i]);$

1

وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ هُمُ الْأَوَّلُونَ مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ أَعْلَمُ

old main) with official agent's name

۳

inf  $n_j$

```
printf("Enter number of processes:");
```

```
scanf("%d", &n);
```

~~int processeses[n];~~ is a copy because it uses

~~int burst-time[n];~~ : will have this  
~~int arrival-time[n];~~ : will have this

Print "Enter process number : (n)":

```
for (first i=0; i<n; i++)
```

3 12 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

```
scanf ("%d", &processes[i]);
```

12-388

```
printf("Area Arrival Time: (%d);\n",
```

for (int r=0; r<n; r++) // result part

00000P-5 = 30000 Riffel 30000

```
scanf("%d", & arrival_time[0]);
}
```

```
printf("Enter Burst Time: %d",
```

```
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
```

```
scanf("%d", & burst_time[i]);
}
```

```
int wt[n], tat[n], ct[n];
```

```
printf("\n SJF (Preemptive) Scheduling: (%d)",
```

find completion Time (processes, n, burst\_time,  
arrival\_time, wt, tat, ct);

```
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
```

```
ct[i] = atat + tat[i];

```

```
atut = atut + wt[i];
}
```

```
}
```

```
printf("Average Turn Around Time = %f", atat/n);

```

```
printf("Average Waiting Time = %f", awt/n);
}
```

### #Output:

Enter the number of processes: 5

Enter process Number: 1 2 3 4 5

Enter Arrival Time: 2 1 4 0 2

Enter Burst Time: 1 5 6 3 4

SJF (Preemptive) Scheduling:

Process	AT	BT	WT	TAT	CT
1	2	1	0	2	3
2	1	5	10	15	16
3	4	6	0	6	5
4	0	3	4.5	11	11
5	2	4	2.2	5.2	7

Average Turn Around Time = 6.600000

Average Waiting Time = 3.400000

## Program 2 (a)

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Page 20

### Q. Priority Scheduling.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>

void findCompletionTime (int processes[], int n, int bt[],
                        int at[], int wt[], int tat[], int ct[], int st[],
                        int priority[], bool isLowPriorityHigher)
{
    int remaining[n];
    int currentTime = 0;
    int completed = 0;
    bool isFinished[n];
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        remaining[i] = bt[i];
        isFinished[i] = false;
    }
    while (completed < n) {
        int highestPriorityIndex = -1;
        int highestPriority = isLowPriorityHigher ? 1000000 : -1;
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
            if (at[i] <= currentTime && !isFinished[i] &&
                ((isLowPriorityHigher && priority[i] < highestPriority) ||
                 (!isLowPriorityHigher && priority[i] > highestPriority))) {
                highestPriority = priority[i];
                highestPriorityIndex = i;
            }
        }
        if (highestPriorityIndex == -1) {
            currentTime++;
            continue;
        }
        if (remaining[highestPriorityIndex] > 0) {
            remaining[highestPriorityIndex] -= 1;
            if (remaining[highestPriorityIndex] == 0) {
                isFinished[highestPriorityIndex] = true;
                completed++;
            }
            currentTime++;
        }
    }
}
```

```

int currentProcess = highestPriorityIndex;
if (rt[currentProcess] == -1) {
    rt[currentProcess] = currentPriority - at[currentProcess];
}
remaining[currentProcess] -= currentBurstTime;
currentTime++;
if (remaining[currentProcess] == 0) {
    isFinished[currentProcess] = true;
    completed++;
    ct[currentProcess] = currentTime;
    tat[currentProcess] = ct[currentProcess] - at[currentProcess];
    wt[currentProcess] = tat[currentProcess] - bt[currentProcess];
}
printf("Process %d Arrival Time %d Burst Time %d Priority %d\n"
      "Completion Time %d Turn Around Time %d Waiting Time %d\n"
      "Response Time %d\n");
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    printf("%d %d %d %d %d %d %d %d %d\n",
          process[i], at[i], bt[i],
          priority[i], ct[i], tat[i], wt[i], rt[i]);
}
void main()
{
    int n;
    printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int processes[n];
    int burstTime[n];
    int arrivalTime[n];
    int priority[n];
}

```

```

int priorityType;
bool isLowerPriorityHigher;
printf("Enter 1 if lower number indicates higher priority, 0
if Number indicates higher priority :");
scanf("%d", &priorityType);
if (priorityType == 1) {
    isLowerPriorityHigher = true;
}
printf("Enter Process Number : \n");
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &processes[i]);
}
printf("Enter priority : \n");
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &priority[i]);
}
printf("Enter Arrival Time : \n");
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &arrivalTime[i]);
}
printf("Enter Burst Time : \n");
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &burstTime[i]);
}

int wt[n], tat[n], ct[n], rt[n];
printf("\n Priority Scheduling (Preemptive): \n");
findCompletionTime(processes, n, burstTime, arrivalTime,
                    wt, tat, ct, rt, priority, isLowerPriorityHigher);
}

```

4.1.

Output:

Enter the number of processes: 4

Enter 1 if lower number indicates higher priority, 0 if higher number indicates higher priority: 0

Enter process number: 1 2 3 4

Enter priority:

10 20 30 40

Enter Arrival Time:

0 1 2 4

Enter Burst Time:

5 4 2 1

Priority Scheduling (Preemptive):

Process	AT	BT	Priority	CT	TAT	WT	RT
1	0	5	10	12	12	7	0
2	1	4	20	8	7	3	6
3	2	2	30	4	2	0	0
4	4	1	40	5	1	0	0

Average Turn Around Time = 5.500000

Average Waiting Time = 2.500000

## Program 2-(b):

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Page 22

Q. Round Robin:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void findCompletionTime (int processes[], int n, int bt[],
int at[], int wt[], int tat[], int ct[], int rt[], int quantum)
{
    int remaining[n];
    bool firstResponse[n];
    int currentTme=0;
    int completed=0;
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        remaining[i] = bt[i];
        firstResponse[i] = true;
    }
    int queue[n];
    int front=-1, rear=-1;
    void enqueue (int process) {
        if (rear == n-1)
            rear = -1;
        queue[++rear] = process;
        if (front == -1)
            front=0;
    }
    int dequeue() {
        int process = queue[front];
        if (front == rear)
            front=rear=-1;
        else {
            front++;
            if (front == n)
                front=0;
        }
    }
}
```

```

    return process;
}

bool inQueue[n];
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    inQueue[i] = false;
}
while (completed <n) {
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        if (at[i] <= current Time && !inQueue[i]) {
            enqueue(i);
            inQueue[i] = true;
        }
    }
    if (front == -1) {
        current Time++;
        continue;
    }
    int current Process = deque();
    if (first Response[current Process]) {
        rt[current Process] = current Time - at[current Process];
        first Response[current Process] = false;
    }
    if (remaining[current Process] > quantum) {
        remaining[current Process] -= quantum;
        current Time += quantum;
    } else {
        current Time += remaining[current Process];
        remaining[current Process] = 0;
        completed++;
        ct[current Process] = current Time;
        tat[current Process] = ct[current Process] - at[current Process];
        wt[current Process] = tat[current Process] - bt[current Process];
    }
}
}

```

```

for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    if (at[i] <= currentTime && !inQueue[i]) {
        enqueue(i);
        inQueue[i] = True;
    }
}

if (remaining[currentProcess] > 0) {
    enqueue(currentProcess);
}

printf ("Process %d Arrival Time %d Burst Time %d Completion Time %d Turn Around Time %d Waiting Time %d Response Time %d\n",
       processes[i], at[i], bt[i], ct[i], tat[i], wt[i], rt[i]);
}

void main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter the number of processes:");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    int processes[n];
    int burstTime[n];
    int arrivalTime[n];
    printf("Enter process Number:\n");
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        scanf ("%d", &processes[i]);
    }
    printf("Enter Arrival Time:\n");
}

```

```

for( int i=0; i<n; i++ ) {
    scanf( ".1.d", &arrival-time[i] );
}
printf( "Enter Burst Time: \n" );
for( int i=0; i<n; i++ ) {
    scanf( ".1.d", &burst-time[i] );
}
int quantum;
printf( "Enter the time quantum: " );
scanf( ".1.d", &quantum );
int wt[n], tat[n], ct[n], rt[n];
printf( "\n Round Robin Scheduling: \n" );
find completion Time( process, n, burst-time,
                     arrival-time, wt, tat, ct, rt, quantum );

```

Output:

Enter the number of processes: 5

Enter process Number: 1 2 3 4 5

Enter Arrival Time: 0 1 2 3 4

Enter Burst Time: 5 3 1 2 3

Enter the time quantum: 2

Round Robin Scheduling:

Process	AT	BT	CT	TAT	WT	RT
1	0	5	13	13	8	0
2	1	3	12	11	8	1
3	2	1	5	3	2	2
4	3	2	9	6	4	4
5	4	3	14	10	7	5

Average Turn Around Time: 8.600000

Average Waiting Time: 5.800000

### Program 3:

Q. Multi Level Queue Scheduling:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
void sort (int proc - id[], int ct[], int bt[], int n)
{
    int temp = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        for (int j=i; j<n; j++)
        {
            if (at[j] < at[i])
            {
                temp = at[i];
                at[i] = at[j];
                at[j] = temp;
                temp = bt[j];
                bt[j] = bt[i];
                bt[i] = temp;
                temp = proc - id[i];
                proc - id[i] = proc - id[j];
                proc - id[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
void fcfs (int at[], int bt[], int ct[], int tat[], int wt[],
           int *c)
{
    double ttat = 0.0, twt = 0.0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        if (*c >= at[i])
        {
            *c += bt[i];
        }
    }
}
```

else

$$*ct = at[i] - ct[i-1] + bt[i];$$

$$\therefore ct[i] = *ct;$$

}

for(int i=0; i<n; i++)

$$tat[i] = ct[i] - at[i];$$

for(int i=0; i<n; i++)

$$wt[i] = tat[i] - bt[i];$$

}

void main()

int sn, un, c=0; int n=0;

printf("Enter number of system processes: ");

scanf("%d", &sn);

$$n=sn;$$

int sproc\_id[n], sat[n], sbt[n], scf[n], stat[n], wt[n];

for(int i=0; i<sn; i++)

$$sproc_id[i] = i+1;$$

printf("Enter arrival times of the system processes: \n");

for(int i=0; i<sn; i++)

scanf("%d", &sat[i]);

printf("Enter burst times of the system processes: \n");

for(int i=0; i<sn; i++)

scanf("%d", &sbt[i]);

~~printf("Enter number of user processes: ");~~

~~scanf("%d", &un);~~

~~n=un;~~

~~int uproc\_id[n], uat[n], ubt[n], uef[n], utat[n],~~

~~uwat[n];~~

~~for(int i=0; i<un; i++)~~

~~uproc\_id[i] = i+1;~~

```

printf ("Enter arrival times of the user processes: \n");
for (int i=0; i<un; i++)
    scanf ("%d", &uat[i]);
printf ("Enter burst times of the user processes: \n");
for (int i=0; i<un; i++)
    scanf ("%d", &ubt[i]);

sort (sproc_id, sat, sbt, sn);
sort (uproc_id, uat, ubt, un);
fif (sat, sbt, sc, stat, sct, sn, &c);
fif (uat, ubt, uc, utat, uut, un, &c);

printf ("\n Scheduling: \n");
printf ("System processes: \n");
printf ("PID | AT | BT | CT | TAT | WT | \n");
for (int i=0; i<sn; i++)
    printf ("%d | %d | %d | %d | %d | %d | \n",
            sproc_id[i], sat[i], sbt[i], sc[i], stat[i], sct[i]);
printf ("User processes: \n");
for (int i=0; i<un; i++)
    printf ("%d | %d | %d | %d | %d | %d | \n",
            uproc_id[i], uat[i], ubt[i], uc[i], utat[i], uut[i]);
}

```

~~#~~ Output:

Enter number of system processes: 2

Enter number of arrival times of the system processes:

0 2

Enter burst time of the system processes: 4 3

Enter number of user processes: 3

Enter arrival times of the user processes: 1 3 5

Enter burst times of the user processes: 2 3 1

Scheduling: What is waiting for what? Priority

System processes:

PID NT BT ((CT), TAT) from NT

1 0 4 (14.4, 14.4) 0  
2 2 3 (7, 10) 5 (3, 13) 2

((CT), TAT) from User

User processes:

1 1 2 (2.9, 9.8) 8 (17.9) 6  
2 3 3 (3, 12) 9 (9.9) 6  
3 5 1 13 (3.8, 13) 27

Job and process states: Init, Ready, Run, Block

Job scheduling rule: Highest Priority

(Priority based scheduling) FIFO

(PFB based priority rule)

Longest Job First (LJF) Short Job First (SJF)

Round Robin (RR), Time Slicing (TS) Round Robin

(Time divisional priority rule)

Short Job First (SJF) Rule

Round Robin (RR) Rule, Time Slicing (TS) Rule

Priority Based Scheduling Rule, Short Job First Rule

Round Robin (RR) Rule, Time Slicing (TS) Rule

Priority Based Scheduling Rule, Short Job First Rule

Round Robin (RR) Rule, Time Slicing (TS) Rule

Priority Based Scheduling Rule, Short Job First Rule

Round Robin (RR) Rule, Time Slicing (TS) Rule

Priority Based Scheduling Rule, Short Job First Rule

Round Robin (RR) Rule, Time Slicing (TS) Rule

Priority Based Scheduling Rule, Short Job First Rule

Round Robin (RR) Rule, Time Slicing (TS) Rule

## Program 4(a) :

Date \_\_\_\_\_

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### Q. Rate Monotonic Scheduling :-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
void sort(int proc[], int b[], int pt[], int n)
{
    int temp=0;
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        for( int j=i; j<n; j++)
        {
            if(pt[j] < pt[i])
            {
                temp= pt[i];
                pt[i]= pt[j];
                pt[j]= temp;
                b[j]= b[i];
                b[i]= b[j];
            }
        }
    }
}

int gcd(int a, int b)
{
    int r;
    while(b>0)
    {
        r= a%b;
```

$a = b;$

$b = r;$

}

return a;

{ } // main() function

int lcmul (int p[], int n)

{

int lcm = p[0];

for (int i=1; i<n; i++)

{

lcm = (lcm \* p[i]) / gcd(lcm, p[i]);

}

return lcm;

}

void main()

{ int n;

printf("Enter the number of processes: ");

scanf("%d", &n);

int proc[n], b[n], pt[n], run[n];

printf("Enter the CPU burst times: \n");

for (int i=0; i<n; i++)

{

scanf("%d", &b[i]);

run[i] = b[i];

}

printf("Enter the time periods: \n");

for (int i=0; i<n; i++)

scanf("%d", &pt[i]);

for (int i=0; i<n; i++)

proc[i] = i+1;

sort(proc, b, pt, n);

```

int l = lcmul(pt[n]);
printf("LCM = %d\n", l);
printf("\nRate Monotone Scheduling :\n");
printf("PID | t Burst | t Period |\n");
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    printf("%d | %d | %d | %d |\n", proc[i], b[i],
           pt[i]);
double sum=0.0;
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    sum += (double) b[i] / pt[i];
}
double rhs = n * (pow(2.0, (1.0/n)) - 1.0);
printf("\n %lf <= %lf => %s (%s)", sum, rhs, (sum <= rhs) ?
      "true" : "false");
if (sum > rhs)
    exit(0);
printf(" Scheduling occurs for %d ms.\n", l);
int time=0, prev=0, n=0;
while (time < l)
{
    int f=0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        if (time % pt[i] == 0)
            rem[i] = b[i];
        if (rem[i] > 0)
        {
            if (prev != proc[i])
                printf("%d ms onwards : Process %d running\n",
                       time, proc[i]);
            prev = proc[i];
            rem[i] -= 1;
        }
    }
    time++;
}

```

```

    prev = proct[i]; i (initially) points to 1st proc
}
rem[i] = -1; i (initially) points to 1st proc
f = 1; if (balance > demand[i]/(0.09)) {
break;
x = 0;
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
if (!f) {
if (x != 1) {
printf("4.1.dms onwards CPU is idle\n", time);
n = 1;
time += 3; // 3 sec for each iteration
}
time += time / 3; // 3 sec for each iteration
}
}
}

```

Output: Enter the number of processes: 3

Enter the CPU burst times: 2 3 7

2 1 2

Enter the time periods:

5 3 7

LCM = 105

Rate Monotone Scheduling:

PID	Burst Period	Period
2	1	3
1	2	5
3	2	7

1.0 1.9 0.4 8.0 <= 0.7 7 9 7 6 3 => false.

## Program 4 (b):

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Page \_\_\_\_\_

### Q. Earliest Deadline Scheduling:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
void sort (int proc[], int d[], int b[], int pt[], int n)
{
    int temp=0;
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        for(int j=i; j<n; j++)
        {
            if(d[j] < d[i])
            {
                temp=d[j];
                d[j]=d[i];
                d[i]=temp;
                temp=pt[i];
                pt[i]=pt[j];
                pt[j]=temp;
                temp=b[i];
                b[i]=b[j];
                b[j]=temp;
            }
        }
    }
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        if(proc[i]==0)
        {
            proc[i]=gcd(a,b);
            b=(b%proc[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

26  
while ( $b > 0$ )

{

$m = a \cdot b$ ;

$a = b$ ;

$b = r$ ;

}

return  $a$ ;

}

int lcmul (int p[], int n)

{

int lcm = p[0];

for (int i=1; i<n; i++)

{

$lcm = (lcm * p[i]) / \text{gcd}(lcm, p[i]);$

}

return lcm;

}

void main()

{

int n;

printf("Enter the number of processes: ");

scanf("%d", &n);

int proc[n], b[n], pt[n], d[n], rem[n];

printf("Enter the CPU burst times: \n");

for (int i=0; i<n; i++)

{

scanf("%d", &b[i]);

rem[i] = b[i];

}

printf("Enter the deadlines: \n");

for (int i=0; i<n; i++)

scanf("%d", &d[i]);

```

printf("Enter the time periods : \n");
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &pt[i]);
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    proc[i] = i+1;
sort(proc, d, b, pt, n);
int l = lenum(pt, n);

printf("\n Earliest Deadline Scheduling : \n");
printf("PID |t Burst |t Deadline |t Period \n");
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    printf("%d | %d | %d | %d \n",
           proc[i], b[i], d[i], pt[i]);
printf("Scheduling occurs for %d ms \n\n", l);
int time=0, prev=0, n=0;
int nextDeadlines[n];
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    nextDeadlines[i] = d[i];
    rcm[i] = b[i];
}
while(time < l)
{
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        if((time % pt[i]) == 0 && time != 0)
        {
            nextDeadlines[i] = time + d[i];
            rcm[i] = b[i];
        }
    }
    time++;
}

```

```

int minDeadline = l+1;
int taskToExecute = -1;
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    if (rem[i] > 0 && nextDeadlines[i] < minDeadline) {
        minDeadline = nextDeadlines[i];
        taskToExecute = i;
    }
}
printf("%d ms: Task %d is running.\n", time,
       procTask[taskToExecute]);
rem[taskToExecute]--;
}

else {
    printf("%d ms: CPU is idle.\n", time);
    time++;
}

```

### ~~#2. Output:~~

Enter the number of processes: 3

Enter the CPU burst times: 2 1 2

Enter the deadlines: 5 3 7

Enter the time periods: 5 3 2 7

Earliest Deadline Scheduling:

PID	Burst	Deadline	Period
2	1	3	3
1	2	5	5
3	2	7	7

Scheduling occurs for 105 ms.

Date: 05/06/2024.

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Page \_\_\_\_\_

## Program 4(c):

### (#) Proportional Scheduling:

```
#include < stdio.h >
#include < stdlib.h >
void sort_by_burst (int proc[], int burst[], int tickets[],  
int remaining[], int n) {  
    for (int i=0; i<n-1; i++) {  
        for (int j=0; j<n-i-1; j++) {  
            if (burst[j] > burst[j+1]) {  
                int temp = proc[j];  
                proc[j] = proc[j+1];  
                proc[j+1] = temp;  
  
                temp = burst[j];  
                burst[j] = burst[j+1];  
                burst[j+1] = temp;  
  
                temp = tickets[j];  
                tickets[j] = tickets[j+1];  
                tickets[j+1] = temp;  
  
                temp = remaining[i];  
                remaining[i] = remaining[j+1];  
                remaining[j+1] = temp;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
int main() {  
    int n;  
    printf("Enter the number of processes: ");  
    scanf("%d", &n);  
    int proc[n], burst[n], tickets[n], remaining[n];
```

```

int total_tickets = 0;
printf("Enter the CPU burst times and number of
tickets for each process: (n");
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    pid[i] = i+1;
    printf ("Process %d burst time : ", i+1);
    scanf ("%d", &burst[i]);
    printf ("Process %d tickets : ", i+1);
    scanf ("%d", &tickets[i]);
    remaining[i] = burst[i];
    total_tickets += tickets[i];
}

```

Sort-by-burst (proc, burst, tickets, remaining, n);  
printf ("n Proportional share scheduling (lottery  
scheduling) : (n");

```

printf ("PID |t Burst |t Tickets (n");
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    printf ("%d | %d | %d |n", proc[i], burst[i],
    tickets[i]);
}

```

int time=0;

while(1) {

int active-processes=0;

for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {

if (remaining[i]>0) {

active-processes++;

}

}

if (active-processes=0) {

break;

}

int winning\_ticket = rand() % total\_tickets;

```

int cumulative_ticks = 0;
int selected_process = -1;
for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    if (remaining[i] > 0) {
        cumulative_ticks += ticks[i];
        if (winner_ticks < cumulative_ticks) {
            selected_process = i;
            break;
        }
    }
}
if (selected_process != -1) {
    printf("./dms: process %d is running.\n", time,
           proc[selected_process]);
    remaining[selected_process]--;
} else {
    printf("./dms: CPU is idle.\n"; time);
}
time++;
printf("Scheduling completed.\n");
}

```

#### A) Output:

Enter the number of processes: 3  
 Enter the CPU burst times and number of tickets for each process:

~~Process 1 burst time: 5~~

~~Process 1 tickets: 3~~

~~Process 2 burst time: 3~~

~~Process 2 tickets: 2~~

~~Process 3 burst time: 7~~

~~Process 3 tickets: 4~~

## Proportional share scheduling (Coffey Scheduling):

PID      Burst      Tickets

	2	3	2
	1	5	3
	3	7	4

0ms: process 2 is running

1ms: " 3 " 3 , 2 (process 2 is finished)

2ms: " 2 " "

3ms: " 3 " "

4ms: " 3 " 5

5ms: " 3 " "

6ms: " 2 " 2 (process 2 is finished)

7ms: " 3 " 3 , 1 (process 1 is finished)

8ms: " 3 " 3 (process 3 is finished)

9ms: " 1 " 2 (process 2 is finished)

10ms: " 3 " 3 , 2 (process 2 is finished)

11ms: CPU is Idle

12ms: "

13ms: "

14ms: "

15ms: "

16ms: "

17ms: process 1 is running

18ms: CPU is idle

19ms: process 1 is running

20ms: CPU is idle

21ms: "

22ms: "

23ms: "

24ms: "

25ms: "

26ms: "

27ms: "

28ms: process 1 is running

29ms: "

## Program 5:

Date: 12/08/2024:-

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Page: 33.

##. Producer Consumer Problem in C using Semaphores:

→ #include < stdio.h >

#include < stdlib.h >

int mutex = 1, full = 0, empty = 7, n = 0;

```
void producer() {  
    mutex = wait(mutex);  
    full = signal(full);  
    empty = wait(empty);  
    n++;  
    printf("\n Producer produces the item %d", n);  
    mutex = signal(mutex);  
}
```

```
void consumer() {  
    mutex = wait(mutex);  
    full = wait(full);  
    empty = signal(empty);  
    printf("\n consumer consumes items %d", n);  
    n--;  
    mutex = signal(mutex);  
}
```

```
int wait(int s) {  
    return (-s);  
}
```

```
int signal(int s) {  
    return (++s);  
}
```

```
int main()  
{
```

```
int n;
void producer();
void consumer();
int want (int);
int signal (int);
printf ("11. producer 112. consumer 113. exit");
while(1) {
```

```
printf("Enter your choice : ");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &n);  
switch(n){
```

switch(n) {

case 1: number of points of inflection = 1

producer();

```
printf("Buffer is full!");
```

break;

case 2:

if ((numtx == 1) & & (full! == 0))

```
consumer());
```

else

```
printf("Buffer is empty!"),
```

break;

Case 3.

printf(

• 100 •

```
exit(0);
```

break;

4

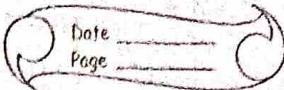
— 1 —

— 47 —

— 1 —

卷之三

—  
—



Output:

1. Producer
2. consumer
3. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

producer produces the item 1

Enter your choice: 1

producer produces the item 2

Enter your choice: 1

producer produces the item 3

Enter your choice: 1

producer produces the item 4

Enter your choice: 1

producer produces the item 5

Enter your choice: 1

producer produces the item 6

Enter your choice: 1

producer produces the item 7

Enter your choice: 1

Buffer is full!!

Enter your choice: 2

consumer consumes item 7

Enter your choice: 2

consumer consumes item 6

Enter your choice: 3

Number of items remaining in buffer: 5

8/12/6

Program 6:

Date: 19/06/2024:-

(#). Dining - Philosopher's problem:-

→ ~~#include <pthread.h>~~

~~#include <stdio.h>~~

~~#include <stdlib.h>~~

~~#include <unistd.h>~~

~~#define N 5~~

~~#define THINKING 2~~

~~#define HUNGRY 1~~

~~#define EATING 0~~

~~#define LEFT (phnum + N - 1) % N~~

~~#define RIGHT (phnum + 1) % N~~

~~int state[N];~~

~~int phil[N] = {0, 1, 2, 3, 4};~~

~~pthread\_mutex\_t mutex; // mutex lock~~

→ ~~#include <stdio.h>~~

~~#include <stdlib.h>~~

~~#include <unistd.h>~~

~~#define MAX\_PHILOSOPHERS 10~~

~~#define MAX\_CHOPSTICKS MAX\_PHILOSOPHERS~~

~~void\* dme (int phil - position);~~

~~pthread\_t philosophers [MAX\_PHILOSOPHERS];~~

~~pthread\_mutex\_t chopsticks [MAX\_CHOPSTICKS];~~

~~int main () {~~

~~int num\_total\_philosophers, num\_hungry\_philosophers,  
i, status;~~

~~int philosopher\_positions [MAX\_PHILOSOPHERS];~~



```

printf("Enter the total number of philosophers (maximum 10)
      : ", MAX_PHILOSOPHERS);
if (num_total_philosophers < 2 || num_total_philosophers
    > MAX_PHILOSOPHERS) {
    printf("Invalid number of philosophers. Must be between
          2 and 10.", MAX_PHILOSOPHERS);
    return 1;
}

```

```

printf("Enter the no. of philosophers who are hungry
      (maximum 10): ", &num_hungry_philosophers);
return 1;
}

```

```

printf("Enter positions of 1..d hungry philosophers (1 to
      d): ", num_hungry_philosophers, num_total
      philosophers);

```

```

for(i=0; i<num_hungry_philosophers; i++) {
    scanf(".%d", &philosopher_positions[i]);
}

```

```

for(i=0; i< num_total_philosophers; i++) {
    status = pthread_mutex_init(&chopsticks[i], NULL);
    if (status != 0) {
        printf(stderr, "Error ");
    }
}

```

```

for(i=0; i< num_hungry_philosophers; i++) {
    status = pthread_join(philosophers[i], NULL);
    if (status != 0) {
        printf(stderr, "Error ");
    }
}

```

```

void done (int phil - position) {
    printf ("In philosopher %d is thinking (%", phil - position);
    pthred - mutex - lock (& chopsticks [phil - position - 1]);
    pthred - mutex - lock (& chopsticks [phil - position % MAX - CHOPSTICKS]);
    printf (" philosopher %d is eating (%", phil - position);
    pthred - mutex - unlock (& chopsticks [phil - position - 1]);
    pthred - mutex - unlock (& chopsticks [phil - position % MAX - CHOPSTICKS]);
    printf ("philosopher %d finished eating (%", phil - position);
}

```

### (#). Output:

Enter total no. of philosophers: 5

Enter no. of philosophers who are hungry: 3

Enter position of 3 hungry philosophers (1 to 5): 2 4 5

philosopher 2 is thinking

,, 4 is eating

,, 4 is thinking

,, 5 is thinking

,, 4 finished eating

,, 2 finished eating

,, 5 finished eating

Program: 7  
Date: 19/08/24

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Page \_\_\_\_\_

### (#) Banker's Problem:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX_PROCESS 10
#define MAX_RESOURCES 10
```

```
void calculateNeed (int need [MAX_PROCESSES] [MAX_RESOURCES], int max [MAX_PROCESSES] [MAX_RESOURCES], int allot [MAX_PROCESSES] [MAX_RESOURCES], int np, int nr) {
    for (int i=0; i< np; i++)
        for (int j=0; j< nr; j++)
            need[i][j] = max[i][j] - allot[i][j];
}
```

```
bool isSafe (int processes[], int avail[], int max[] [MAX_RESOURCES], int allot [] [MAX_RESOURCES], int np, int nr)
{
```

```
    for (int i=0; i< nr; i++)
        work[i] = avail[i];
```

```
    int count=0;
```

```
    while (count< np) {
```

```
        bool found= false;
```

```
        for (int p=0; p< np; p++) {
```

```
            if (finish[p]== 0) {
```

```
                int j;
```

```
                for (j=0; j< nr; j++)
                    if (need[p][j]> work[j])
```

```
                        break;
```

```
                if (j== nr) {
```

```
                    for (int k=0; k< nr; k++)
                        work[k] += allot[p][k];
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```

if (found == false) {
    printf("System is not in safe state");
}
}

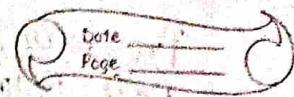
int main() {
    int np, nr;
    printf("Enter number of processes:");
    scanf("%d", &np);
    printf("Enter no. of resource types:");
    scanf("%d", &nr);

    int max[MAX PROCESSES][MAX RESOURCES];
    printf("Enter maximum resource matrix:\n");
    for (int i=0; i<np; i++) {
        printf("Process %d:", i);
        for (int j=0; j<nr; j++)
            scanf("%d", &max[i][j]);
    }

    int allot[MAX PROCESSES][MAX RESOURCES];
    for (i=0; i<np; i++) {
        printf("Process %d: ", i);
        for (int j=0; j<nr; j++)
            scanf("%d", &allot[i][j]);
    }

    isSafe(processes, avail, max, allot, np, nr);
    return 0;
}

```



(#) Output:

Enter number of processes: 5

Enter number of resource types: 3

Enter available resources: 3 3 2

Enter maximum resource matrix:

Process 0: 7 5 3

" 1: 1 3 2 2

" 2: 9 0 2

" 3: 1 2 2 2

" 4: 1 4 3 3

Enter allocation resource matrix:

Process 0: 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 = 3 1 0

Process 1: 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 = 3 1 0

" 2: 1 1 3 0 2 1 0 0 0 = 3 1 0

" 3: 2 1 1

" 4: 0 0 2

System is in a safe state. (0=1) (1=2)

Safe sequence: 1 3 4 0 2 3 (0=1) (1=2)

After allocation 0=1 (0=1) (1=2)

After allocation 1=2 (0=1) (1=2)

After allocation 2=0 (0=1) (1=2)

After allocation 0=1 (0=1) (1=2)

After allocation 1=2 (0=1) (1=2)

Available: 3 0 0

Allocation: 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 = 3 1 0

Allocation: 1 1 3 0 2 1 0 0 0 = 3 1 0

Allocation: 2 1 1

Program 8:

Date: 03/07/2024

(4). Deadlock detection:-

```

→ #include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_PROCESSES 10
#define MAX_RESOURCES 10
void initialize() {
    int i, j;
    printf("Enter no. of processes:");
    scanf("%d", &n_processes);
    printf("Enter no. of resources:");
    scanf("%d", &n_resources);
    printf("Enter allocation matrix:");
    for(i=0; i<n_resources; i++) {
        for(j=0; j<n_processes; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &allocation[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("Enter maximum need matrix:");
    for(i=0; i<n_processes; i++) {
        for(j=0; j<n_resources; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &max_need[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("Enter available resource vector:");
    for(j=0; j<n_resources; j++) {
        scanf("%d", &available[j]);
    }
}

void detect_deadlock() {
    int i, j, k;
    for(j=0; j<n_resources; j++) {
        wdm[j] = available[j];
    }
}

```

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Page \_\_\_\_\_

```

for(i=0; i<n-processes; i++) {
    finish[i] = 0;
}
int found;
do {
    found = 0;
    for(i=0; i<n-processes; i++) {
        if(!finish[i]) {
            int can-allocate = 1;
            for(j=0; j<n-resources; j++) {
                if(max-need[i][j] - allocation[i][j] > wokr[j]) {
                    can-allocate = 0;
                }
            }
            if(can-allocate) {
                for(j=0; j<n-processes; j++) {
                    wokr[j] += allocation[i][j];
                }
                finish[i] = 1;
                safe-sequence[safe-sequence-count++] = i;
                found = 1;
            }
        }
    }
} while(!found);
for(i=0; i<n-processes; i++) {
    if(!finish[i]) {
        printf("Deadlock detected!\n");
        return;
    }
}

```

```

printf("No deadlock detected.\n Safe sequence:\n");
for(i=0; i<n-processes; i++) {
    printf("%d ", safe-sequence[i]);
}
printf("\n");
}

int main() {
    initialize();
    detect-deadlock();
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Enter number of processes: 5

Enter number of resources: 3

Enter allocation matrix:

0	1	0
2	0	0
3	0	3
2	1	1
0	0	2

Enter maximum need matrix:

0	0	0
2	0	2
0	0	0
1	0	0
0	0	2

Enter Available resource vector: 0 0 0

No deadlock detected.

Safe Sequence: 0 2 3 4 1

Program :-

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(H). Contiguous memory Allocation:-

→ #include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#define MAX 25

void firstfit(int nb, int nf, int b[], int f[]) {

int ff[MAX] = {0};

int allocated[MAX] = {0};

for (int i=0; i<nf; i++) {

ff[i] = -1;

for (int j=0; j<nb; j++) {

if (allocated[j] == 0 && b[j] >= f[i]) {

ff[i] = j;

allocated[j] = 1;

break;

}

}

}

printf ("\n file no. \t file-size : \t block-no : \t block-size : ");

for (int i=0; i<nf; i++) {

if (ff[i] != -1)

printf ("\n %d \t %d \t %d \t %d", i+1, f[i], ff[i],  
1, b[ff[i]]);

else

printf ("\n %d \t %d \t - \t - ", i+1, f[i]);

}

}

~~void bestfit(int nb, int nf, int b[], int f[]) {~~

~~int ff[MAX] = {0};~~

~~int allocated[MAX] = {0};~~

~~for (int i=0; i<nf; i++) {~~

~~int best = -1;~~

78.

```

ff[i] = -1;
for(int j=0; j<nb; j++) {
    if(allocated[j] == 0 && b[j] >= f[i]) {
        if(best == -1 || b[j] < b[best])
            best=j;
    }
}
if(best != -1) {
    ff[i] = best;
    allocated[best] = 1;
}
printf("\n file-no: %d file-size : %d Block-no : %d Block-size : %d"
for(int i=0; i<nf; i++) {
    if(ff[i] != -1)
        printf("\n %d %d %d %d %d %d", i+1, ff[i]+1, b[ff[i]]);
    else
        printf("\n %d %d %d %d %d %d", i+1, ff[i]);
}

```

```

void worstfit (int nb, int nf, int b[], int f[]) {
    int ff[MAX] = {0};
    int allocated[MAX] = {0};
    for (int i=0; i<nf; i++) {
        int worst = -1;
        ff[i] = -1;
        for (int j=0; j<nb; j++) {
            if(allocated[j] == 0 && b[j] >= f[i]) {
                if(worst == -1 || b[j] > b[worst])
                    worst=j;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
if (coorst[i] == -1) {
```

```
    ff[i] = coorst;
```

```
    allocated[worst] = 1;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
printf("\n File-no : %d File-size : %d Block-no : %d Block-size : %d");
```

```
for (int i=0; i<nf; i++) {
```

```
    if (ff[i] != -1)
```

```
        printf("\n %d %d %d %d %d", i+1, f[i],
```

```
        ff[i]+1, b[ff[i]]);
```

```
    else
```

```
        printf("\n %d %d %d %d - %d - ", i+1, f[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int nb, nf, choice;
```

```
    printf(" Memory Management Scheme");
```

```
    printf("\nEnter no. of blocks:");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &nb);
```

```
    printf(" Enter no. of files : ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &nf);
```

```
    int b[nb], f[nf];
```

```
    printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks:\n");
```

```
    for (int i=0; i<nb; i++) {
```

```
        printf(" Block %d : ", i+1);
```

```
        scanf("%d", &b[i]);
```

```
}
```

~~printf("Enter the size of the files:\n");~~

~~for (int i=0; i<nf; i++) {~~

~~printf("file %d : ", i+1);~~

~~scanf("%d", &f[i]);~~

~~}~~

```

printf("\n It memory First Fit \n");
firstFit(nb, nf, b, f);
printf("\n It Best Fit \n");
bestFit(nb, nf, b, f);
printf("\n It Worst Fit \n");
worstFit(nb, nf, b, f);
return 0;
}

```

(#). Output:-

→ Memory Management scheme  
Enter the number of blocks: 5

Enter the number of files: 4

Enter the size of the blocks:

Block 1: 500

Block 2: 250

Block 3: 350

Block 4: 100

Block 5: 150

Enter the size of the files:

File 1: 320

File 2: 150

File 3: 100

File 4: 450

First Fit

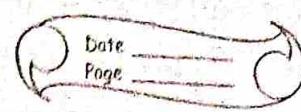
File-no:	file-size:	Block - no:	Block - size:
----------	------------	-------------	---------------

1	320	1	500
---	-----	---	-----

2	150	2	250
---	-----	---	-----

3	100	3	350
---	-----	---	-----

4	450	-	-
---	-----	---	---



### Best Fit

File-no:	File-size:	Block-no:	Block-size:
1	320	3	350
2	150	5	150
3	100	4	100
4	450	1	500

### Worst Fit

File-no:	File-size:	Block-no:	Block-size:
1	320	1	500
2	150	3	350
3	100	2	250
4	450	-	-

✓

Program: 10

Date:- 10/07/2024:-

(#). Page Replacement Algorithms:-



#include < stdio.h >

#include < stdbool.h >

#include < limits.h >

void Fifo(int F[], int n, int P[], int m)

{

int index = 0;

int p-fault = 0;

for (int i=0; i<m; i++)

{

bool found = false;

for (int j=0; j<n; j++)

{

if (F[j] == P[i])

{

found = true;

break;

}

}

if (!found)

{

F[index] = P[i];

index = (index + 1) % n;

p-fault++;

}

}

printf("FIFO Page faults: %d \n", p-fault);

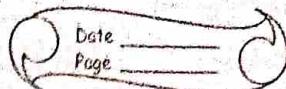
}

void fru(int F[], int n, int P[], int m)

{

int LU[n];

int p-fault = 0;



```
int count=0;
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
```

$F[i] = -1;$

$LU[i] = -1;$

}

```
for(int i=0; i<m; i++)
{
```

int j;

bool found=false;

for(j=0; j<n; j++)

{

if ( $F[j] == P[i]$ )

{

found=true;

$LU[j] = count++;$

break;

}

}

if (!found)

{

int lmu\_index=0;

for(j=1; j<n; j++)

{

if ( $LU[j] < LU[lmu\_index]$ )

{

$lmu\_index = j;$

}

}

$F[lmu\_index] = P[i];$

$LU[lmu\_index] = count++;$

P-fault++;

}

```

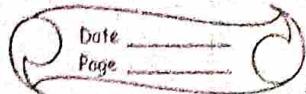
printf("LRU Page Faults: %d \n", p-fault);
}

void optimal( int F[], int n, int P[], int m)
{
    int p-fault=0;
    for( int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        F[i] = -1;
    }

    for( int i=0; i<m; i++)
    {
        bool found=false;
        for( int j=0; j<n; j++)
        {
            if( F[j]==P[i])
            {
                found=true;
                break;
            }
        }

        if( !found)
        {
            int replace-i=-1;
            int far=i+1;
            for( int j=0; j<n; j++)
            {
                int k;
                for( k=i+1; k<m; k++)
                {
                    if( F[j]==P[k])
                    {
                        if( k>far)
                        {
                            far=k;
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```



```

{
    far = K;
    replace - i = j;
}
break;
}
}
if (K == m)
{
    replace - i = j;
    break;
}
}
if (replace - i == -1)
{
    replace - i = 0;
}
F[replace - i] = P[i];
P-fault++;
}
printf("Optimal page faults: %d\n", P-fault);
}

int main()
{
    int n,
    int m;
    printf("Enter the number of frames:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the length of reference string:");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    int P[m];
    printf("Enter the reference string:");
}

```

```

for( int i=0; i<M; i++)
{
    scanf( ".%d", &P[i] );
}
int F[n];
for( int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    FT[i] = -1;
}
fifo(F,n,P,m);
lru(F,n,P,m);
optimal(F,n,P,m);
return 0;
}

```

4). Output:

Enter the Number of Frames: 3

Enter the length of reference string: 20

Enter the reference string: 0 9 0 1 8 1 8 7 8 7 1 2  
8 2 7 8 2 3 8 3

FIFO Page faults: 8

LRU Page faults: 9

Optimal Page faults: 7.

~~8 10 7~~  
Complete