# CS 291 – Al Agents 1/14 – Simulated Environments and Reality

Prithviraj Ammanabrolu

#### **Small Logistics**

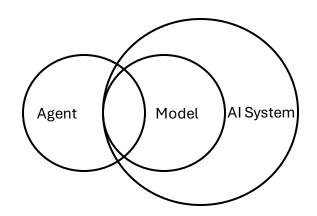
- Paper presentation signups will go out soon, starting 1/23. You should get into your project groups before then
- HW 0 Due 1/21

#### Recap: Components of an Agent

Required: Grounding, Agency (ability to act), Planning, Memory, Learning Additional:
Embodiment,
Communication, World
Modeling, Multimodality

# Model vs AI System vs Agent: Rough Intuition

Model	Al System	Agent
GPT-4	ChatGPT	ChatGPT (computer use)
Forward passes of neural net	Mixing models together, model + scaffolding but no agency	Has agency + discussed components



Many software engineering abstractions and definitions exist.

All are roughly correct. Some are useful.

#### What is a simulation?



- Before you get all excited about simulating reality you need to understand verifiability and what makes a simulation useful
- Simulation : RL :: Dataset : Supervised Learning

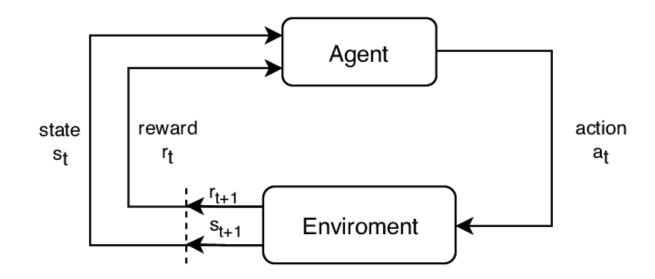
#### Why do we need simulations?

- Most tasks have many ways you can do them, e.g. "do the laundry" → how many clothes, which machine, what detergent, etc. etc.
- You usually do not know the "global" optimal solution ahead of time but usually know when you are done
- So you need to explore! Find many solutions and compare to see which is most efficient

#### Why do we need simulations?

- Exploration directly in the real world is expensive, wear and tear of robots, excessive compute, danger to humans, etc.
- A bunch of simple rules can compose to create very complex systems - <a href="https://robinforest.net/post/cellular-automata/">https://robinforest.net/post/cellular-automata/</a>

- From an MDP perspective, it contains at least <S, A, T>
  - S = set of all states
  - A = set of all actions
  - T = transition matrix T:  $(S, A) \rightarrow S$



- S = set of all states
  - propositions that are true: you are in a house, door is open, knife in drawer
- A = set of all actions
  - take knife from drawer, walk through door
- T = transition matrix T: (S, A) → S
  - (you are in a house & door is open, walk through door) → you are outside

There are pre-conditions that need to be met to perform a certain action, and post-conditions that are true after

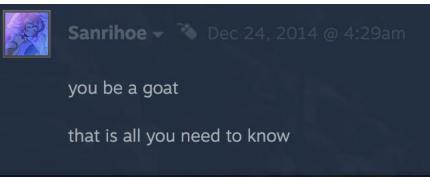
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(hint: this is exactly what you learned about in intro to software eng but framed differently)

- From an MDP perspective, it contains at least <S, A, T>
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- An explicit reward is technically not necessary (e.g. Goat Simulator)





- From an MDP perspective, it contains at least <S, A, T>
  - S = set of all states
  - A = set of all actions
  - T = transition matrix T:  $(S, A) \rightarrow S$
- A useful sim usually has an R, even just a +1 for the final goal state

#### Sim2real Transfer

- Does an agent trained in simulation transfer to reality (environment it is deployed in)?
- This is the same question as "does your model extrapolate out of distribution"?
- Answer is ???

#### Sim2real Transfer

- Does an agent trained in simulation transfer to reality (environment it is deployed in)?
- This is the same question as "does your model extrapolate out of distribution"?
- Answer is not really (for now) so rule of thumb is to make the sim as close to reality as you can

#### **Dimensions of Complexity**

- How to measure closeness to reality?
- First thing to think about is the research question you want to answer and the task you need to do.
- Many dimensions, we'll focus on two

# Cognitive Complexity

- Requires long chains of "reasoning"
- Think puzzles, math problems, moral dilemmas, etc

#### Perceptive Complexity

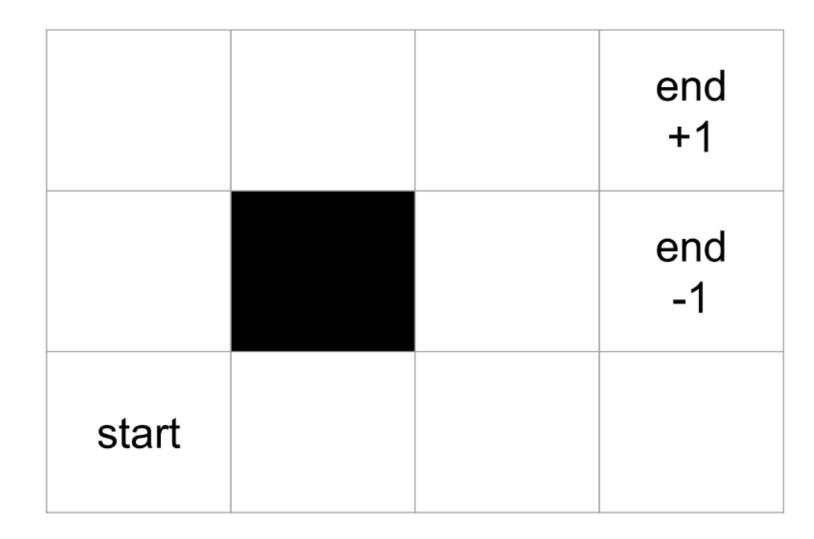
- Requires high levels of vision and/or precise motor skills
- Birdwatching, threading a needle, Where's Waldo

#### Matrix of Simulations

Perceptive Cognitive

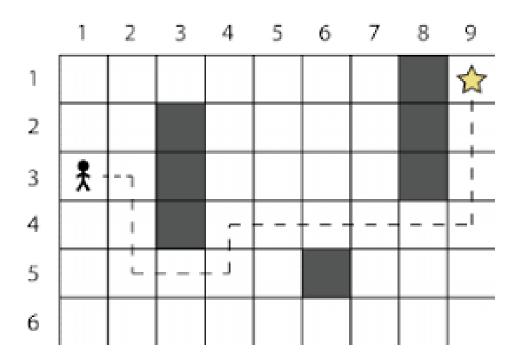
# Low Perceptive, Low Cognitive

• Gridworld



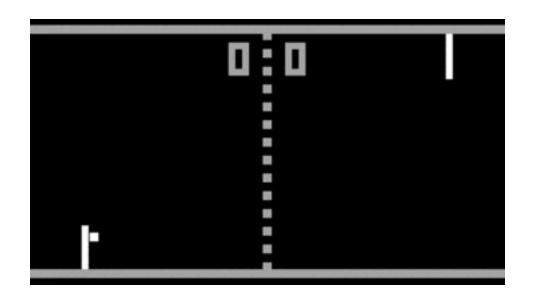
#### Low Perceptive, Low Cognitive

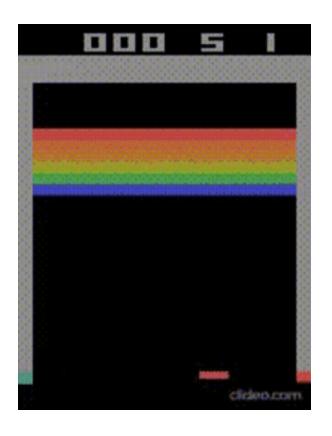
• Gridworld – seems simple but can arbitrarily scale. Can test algo generalization potential in controllable settings



# Low Perceptive, Medium Cognitive

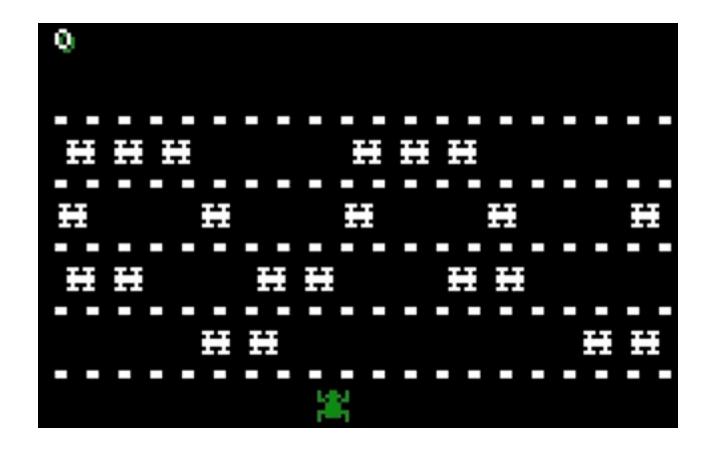
Atari





# Low Perceptive, Medium Cognitive

Atari



# Low Perceptive, High Cognitive

Zork, NetHack



You are standing in an open field west of a white house. There is a small mailbox here.

#### > open mailbox

Opening the small mailbox reveals a leaflet.

#### > read leaflet

Welcome to Zork!

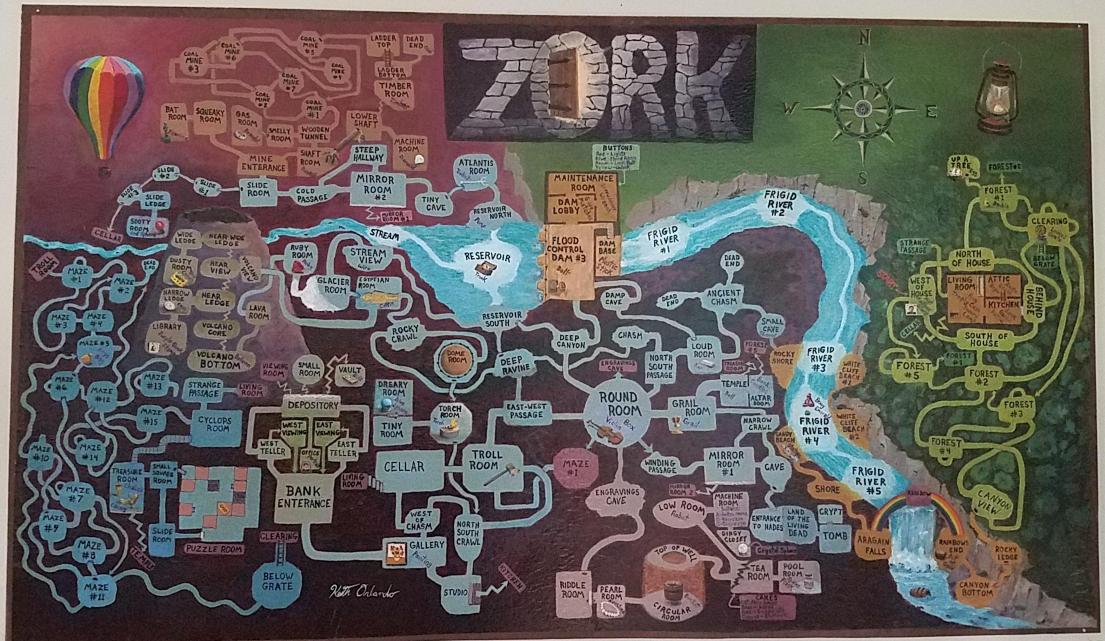
#### > go north

You are behind the white house. In one corner of the house there is a small window which is slightly ajar.

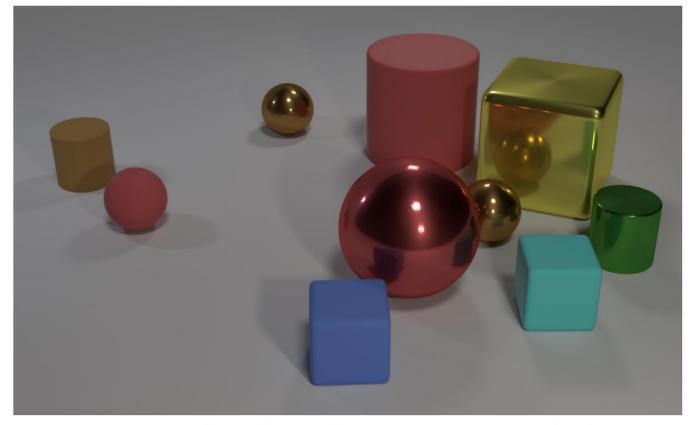
#### > open window

With effort you open the window far enough to allow entry.

> enter house



#### Medium Perceptive, Low Cognitive

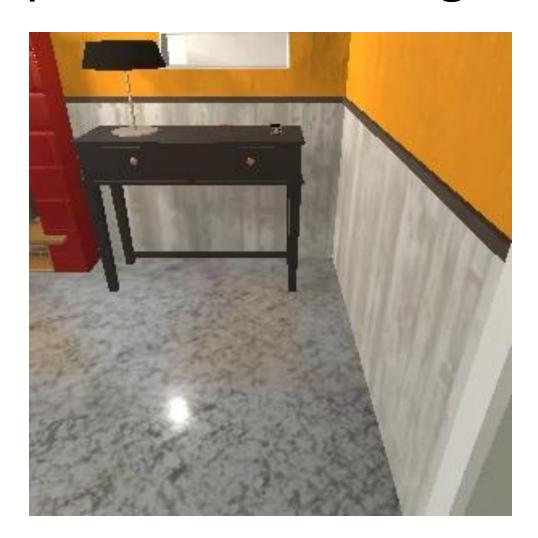


**Q:** Are there an equal number of large things and metal spheres?

CLEVR: A Diagnostic Dataset for Compositional Language and Elementary Visual Reasoning. Johnson et al. 2017

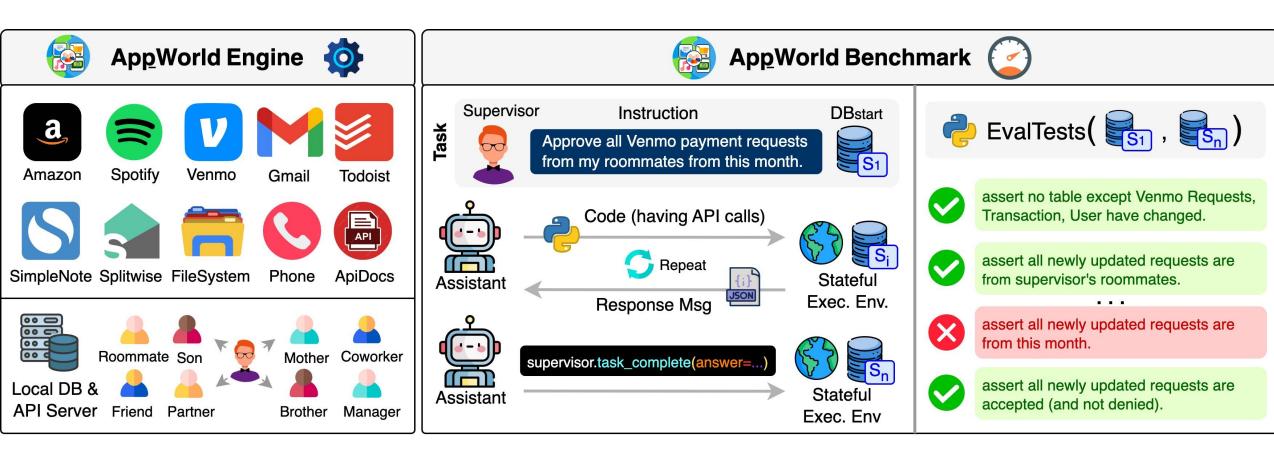
# Medium Perceptive, Medium Cogntive

• Ai2 THOR



#### Medium Perceptive, Medium Cogntive

AppWorld (Trivedi et al. 2024, ACL)



Medium Perceptive, High Cognitive

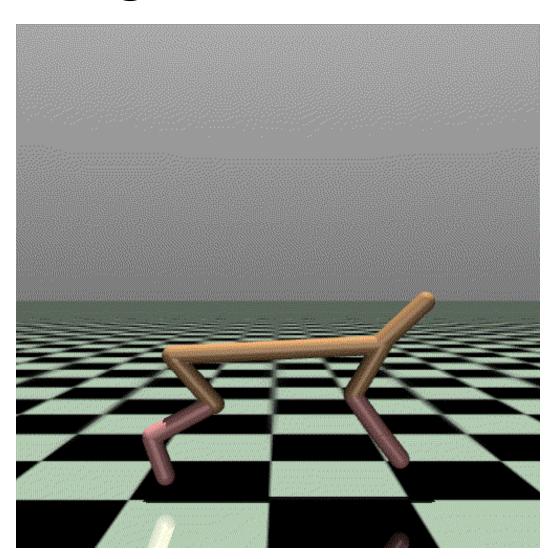
Minecraft



Minedojo: Building Open-Ended Embodied Agents with Internet-Scale Knowledge. Fan et al. 2022.

# High Perceptive, Low Cognitive

Mujoco



# High Perceptive, Medium Cognitive

• Habitat (Meta, Savva et al. 2019)



#### High Perceptive, High Cognitive

• Real world, whoever gets this sim first cheaply wins

#### Questions to think about

- For all the sims how were the dimensions of complexity related to size of state/action space?
- How were they related to how many steps you'd have to take before getting a reward? (aka reward sparsity)

#### Sim2real Transfer

- Which dimensions of complexity transfer more easily?
- Can you train on lower complexity and switch to a higher complexity?
- (world model holy grail) sims are very costly to make, can you just learn one?