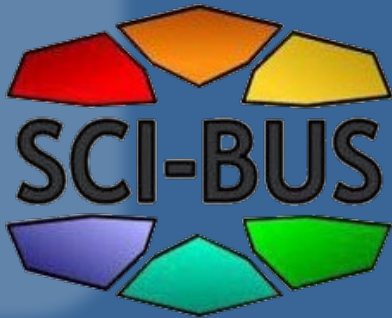


WS-PGRADE Portal Introduction

WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

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Zaragoza, 17th May 2012



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Universidad Zaragoza



Structure of the presentation

- SCI-BUS Development
 - Liferay Portal
 - Portlets
 - Conclusion

WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

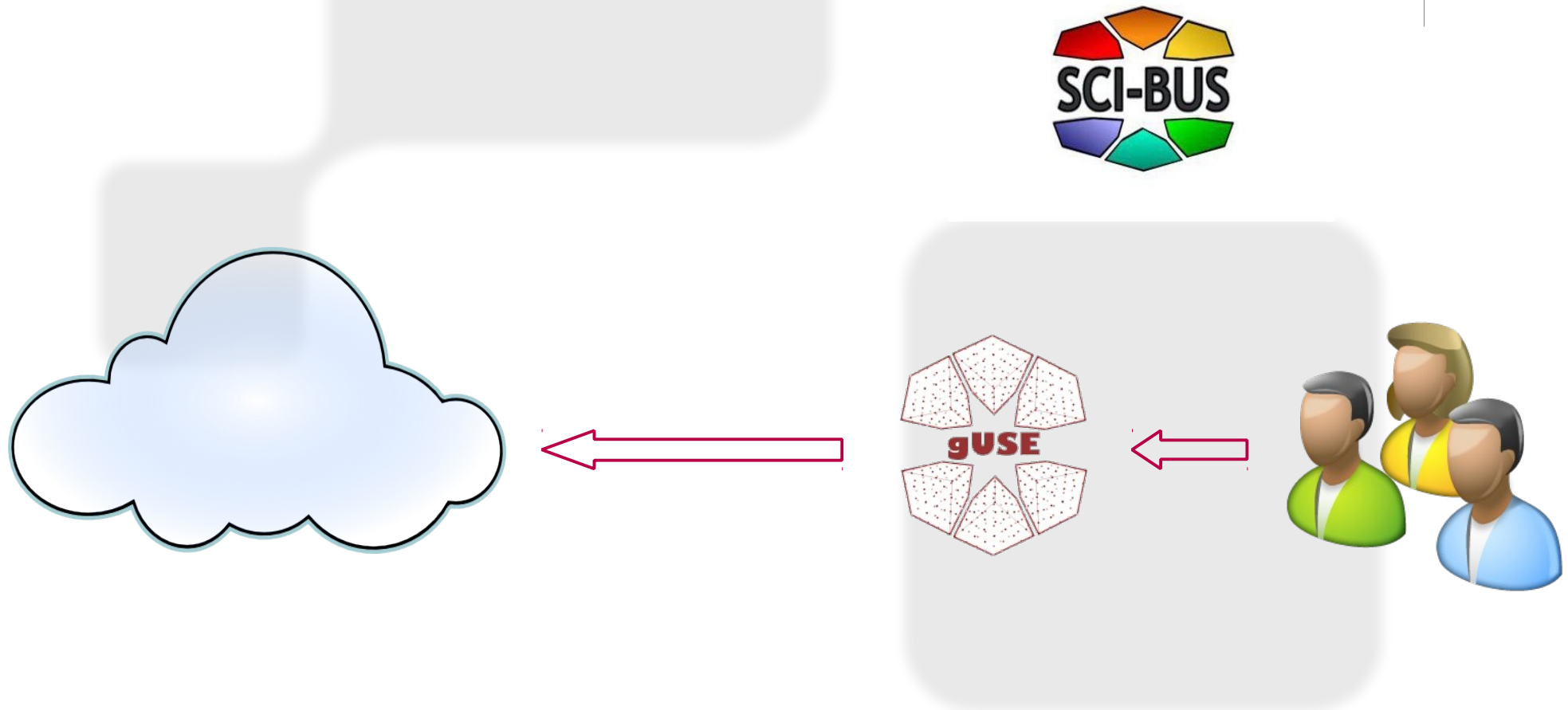
SCI-BUS Development

Liferay

Portlets

Conclusion

What is being developed



WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

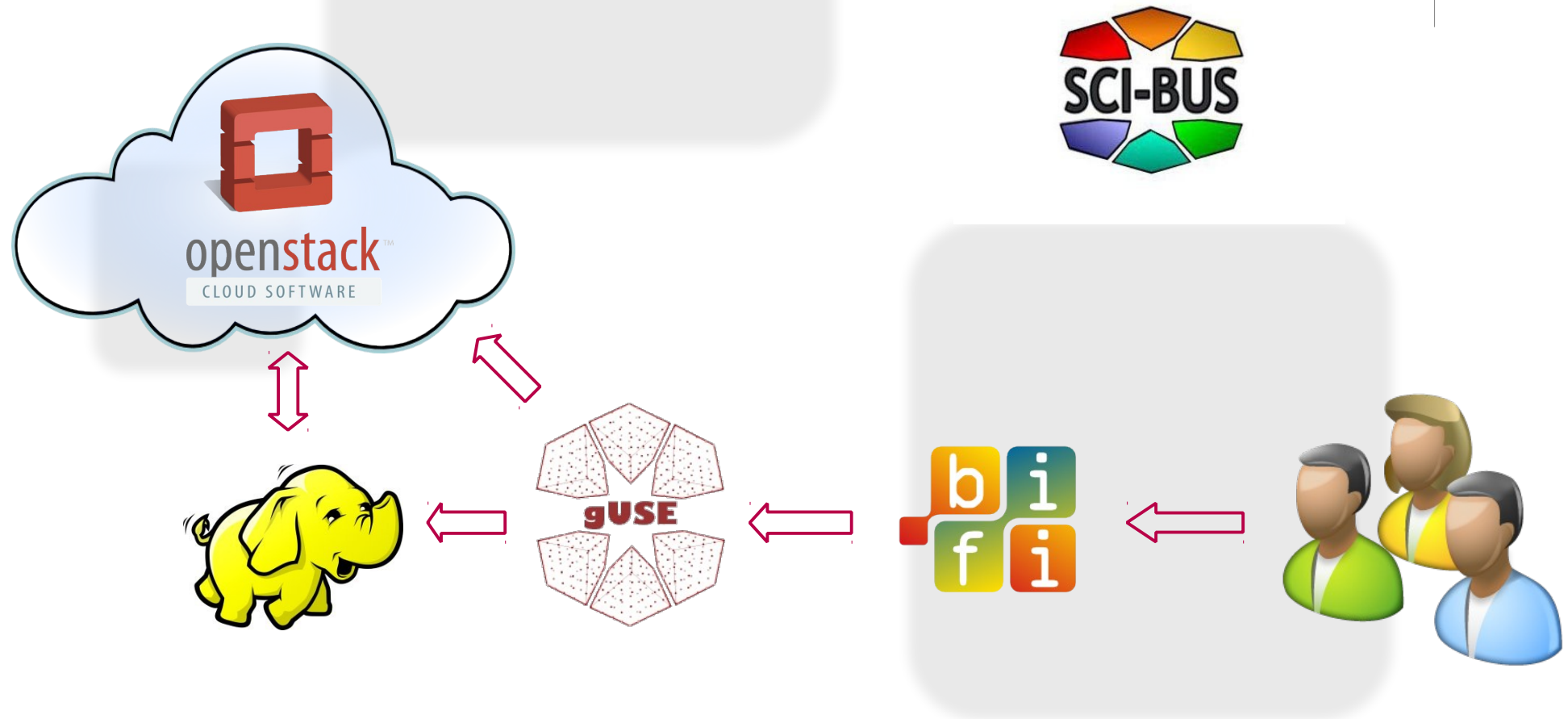
SCI-BUS Development

Liferay

Portlets

Conclusion

What is being developed



WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

SCI-BUS Development **Liferay** Portlets Conclusion

Portal Plugins Available Portlets



- Free, open source enterprise portal

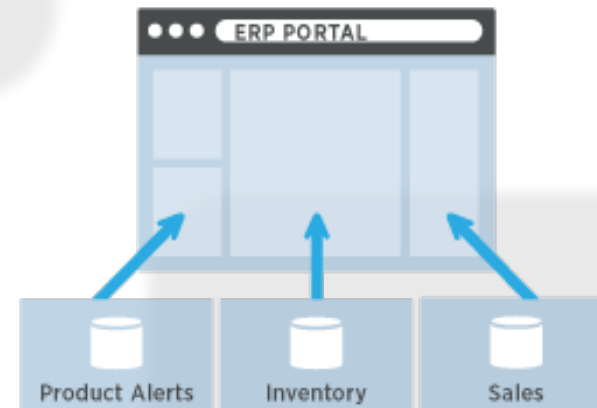


- Java-Based

- Fundamentally constructed of functional units → Portlets

- Support for:

- Identity Management
- Content Management System – Web Publishing and Shared Workspaces
- Role-Based Content Delivery and Role-Based Approvals for Content Update
- Multiple Languages and Platforms
- Enterprise Collaboration, Social Networking and Mashups
- SOA Framework



- Sophisticated API for Developers vs Simple Basic Website Installation and Administration for Common users (no programming skills are required at all)



- Customize how the default features work or look

- Deployed as .war files

- Types

- Portlet (JSR-286)

- Open Social Gadgets (same as portlets, but no mandatory back-end tech, social applications)

- Theme → Look

- Layout → Portlet Arrangement

- Hook → Customize functionality

- Ext → Larger flexibility for customization

Hot-Deployable



Out of the Box Features

■ Reusability



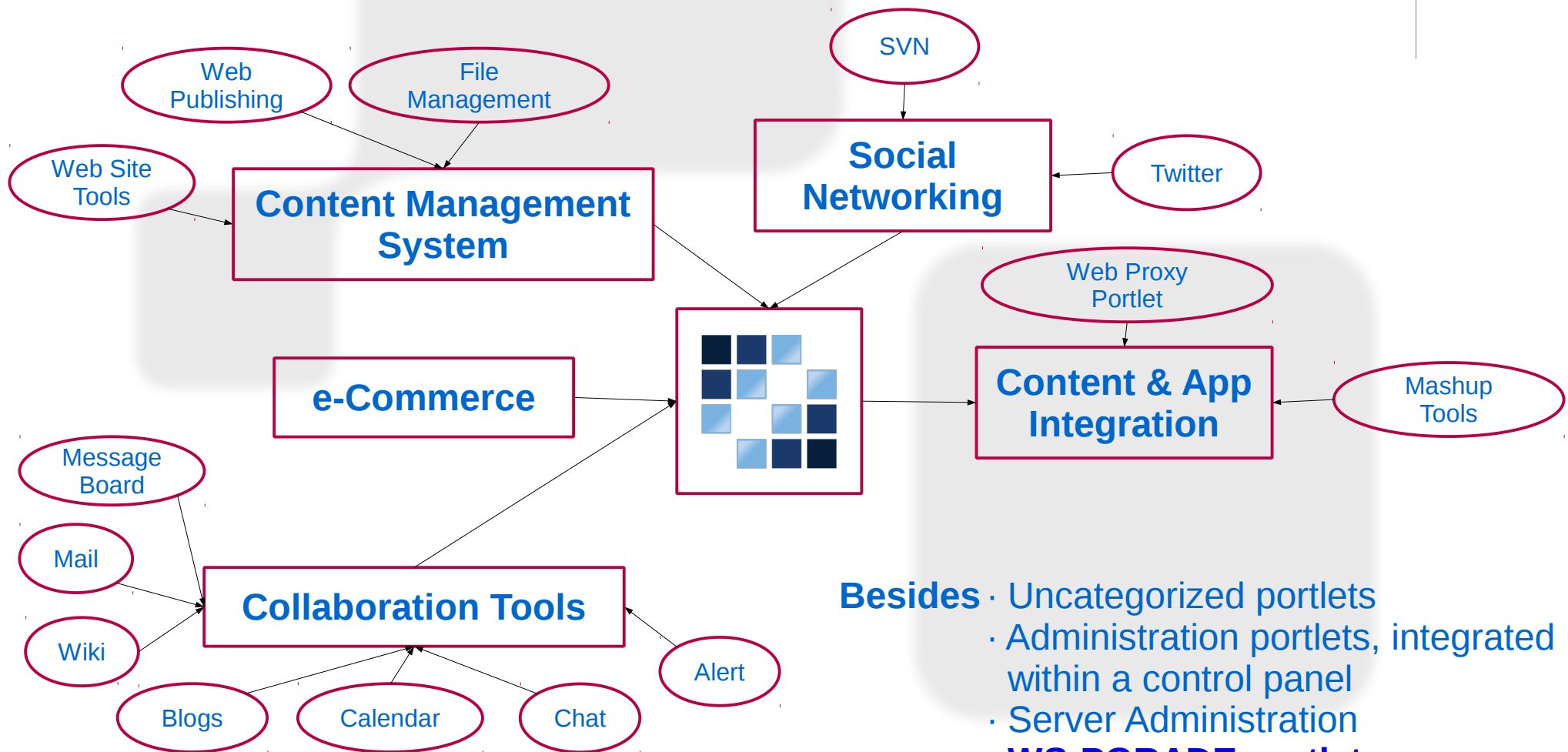
■ Public Repository

- Developer put the ready to run apps in the Repository
- Common user can get them out from it

WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

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Portal Plugins **Available Portlets**



Besides

- Uncategorized portlets
- Administration portlets, integrated within a control panel
- Server Administration
- **WS-PGRADE portlets**

WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

SCI-BUS Development Liferay **Portlets** Conclusion

Anatomy Phases Service Builder IPC Mechs Hands-on



```
/PORTLET-NAME
build.xml
/docroot
  icon.png
  view.jsp
  /css
  /js
  /META-INF
  /WEB-INF
    liferay-display.xml
      Category in Add Menu
    liferay-plugin-package-properties
      To hot deployer
    liferay-portlet.xml
      Liferay enhancements for JSR-286
  portlet.xml    Configuration file for JSR-286
  web.xml       Deployment descriptor file
  /src          Java Source
```

Client Side Files

Liferay-Specific
Configuration
Files

WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

SCI-BUS Development Liferay **Portlets** Conclusion

Anatomy **Phases** Service Builder IPC Mechs Hands-on



- Portlets owns just a piece of the page
- Portal must generate the page
 - Do that, rendering the whole page
- Two phases
 - Action Phase
 - Render Phase
- URLs might be generated
 - renderURL
 - actionURL
 - resourceURL → Retrieve other resources
 - AJAX requests

WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

SCI-BUS Development Liferay **Portlets** Conclusion

Anatomy Phases **Service Builder** IPC Mechs Hands-on



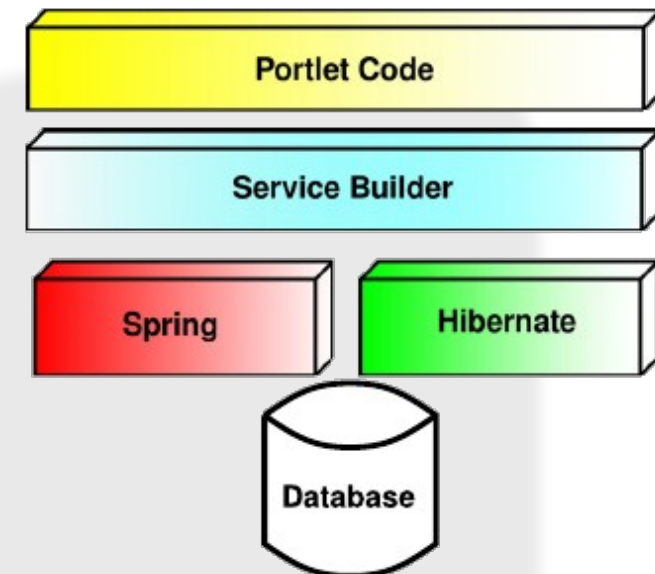
■ Database persistence code generator

■ Built on top of:

- Hibernate →
 - Object/Relational mapping
 - DB tables mapped to Java objects
 - Takes care of the persistence
 - Easier integration with more DBs
- Spring → Dependency Injection

■ From DB definition in `service.xml`, it generates:

- Hibernate and Spring configuration
- Finder methods
- Model layer
- SQL code for leading databases
- Data Access Object (DAO) and Data Transfer Objects (DTO)



WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

SCI-BUS Development Liferay **Portlets** Conclusion
Anatomy Phases **Service Builder** IPC Mechs Hands-on



■ Two layers for persistence

- Separation of concerns

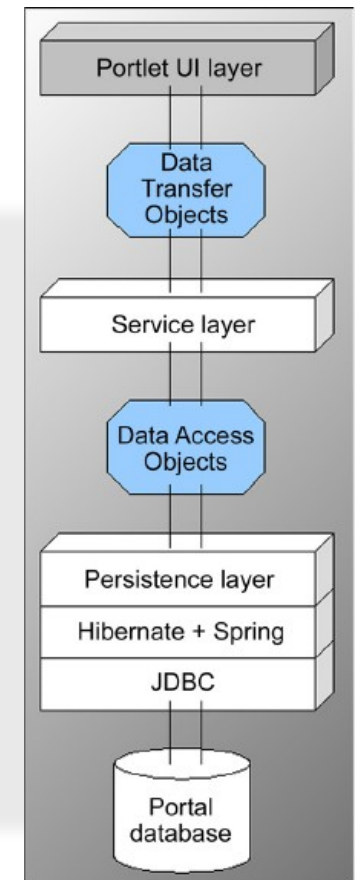
■ DTO

- Working with objects

To be persisted
Retrieved from DB
- Buffer between business logic and underlying DB code
- Generated as a stub
- Contains generic methods, not working directly with DB

■ DAO

- Invoke methods for the actual persisting
- Generated from the `finder` tags in `service.xml`





■ Events

- General communication mechanism
- Allow portlets to respond on actions not related to a direct user interaction
- Processed at the end of Action Phase
- Then, if an event is returned, portal container calls all portlets listening that event, and the render for the whole portlets afterwards

■ Public Render Parameters

- Efficient for portlets sharing a set of Render Parameters
 - e.g. Zip code for weather and map portlets

■ Session Messages (between Action and Render Phase)



How To

- Preparing Action/Render Phase
 - Interaction with database
- Using Public Render Parameters
 - Using Events



Preparing Action/Render Phase

■ Complete the portlet class (Java file)

- It must extend MVCPortlet
- Edit portlet-class element in portlet.xml replacing the default one by the name of the package plus the one of the class, e.g.
com.bifi.myCoursePortlet

■ Complete `view.jsp` which calls the Action Phase

- Do the call to the Action Phase by means of the portlet element:
e.g. `<portlet:actionURL var="varName" name="portletMethod" />`
- Where `portletMethod` is the name given to the method implementing the action which is being called



Interaction with Database: Anatomy

```
/PORTLET-NAME
/docroot
  /META-INF
  /WEB-INF
    service.xml      Database model classes and their attributes
    /service        Interface layer for database management
    /sql            SQL source
    /src
      service.properties  SB properties needed at runtime
      /META-INF          Spring and Hibernate configuration
      /packageName
        Portlet class source code files
      /model
        Base model and base model implementation files
      /service
        /base          Abstract classes
        /impl          Contains LocalServiceImpl.java files, DTO Layer
        /persistence    DAO Layer
```




Interaction with Database: Model Definition

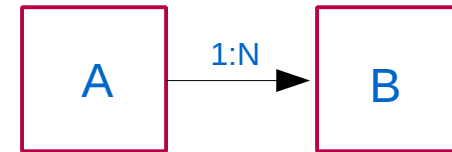
■ Define model classes in `service.xml`

- A namespace set the tables off from the rest
- Entity definition might split Service layer into two:
 - local-service
 - remote-service: Security checks, allow invocations from anywhere
- Finder methods
 - Finding table records by a field distinct to primary key
 - SB will generate the methods to retrieve that objects



Interaction with Database: Model Definition

■ Defining relationships (foreign keys)



- A adds a `column` element for B, declaring A primary key as the `mapping-key`
- Add a `column` element in B with A primary key, that is the foreign key needed
- That does:
 - SB creates Spring configuration injecting B persistence objects in to A DTO classes
 - SB generates a `getB()` in A objects allowing to get all the B records belonging to A



Interaction with Database: Updating Tables

■ Consider: Insertion, deletion

- Update → Get and setters methods

■ Corresponding file in `/src/packageName/service/impl` folder

■ Insertion

- Prepare the object to be inserted (aux)
- Returns `tableNamePersistence.update(aux, false)`

■ Deletion

- Method using the object
 - `ResourceLocalService.deleteResource(aux.getCompanyId(), tableName.class.getName(), ResourceConstants.SCOPE_INDIVIDUAL, aux.getPrimayKey())`
 - `tableNamePersistence.remove(aux)`
- Method using primary key
 - Retrieves the object by the key: `aux = tableNamePersistence.findByPrimaryKey(auxId)`
 - Delete the object: `deleteTableName(aux)`



Interaction with Database: Finders and Queries

■ Finders

- Retrieve records from a table
- Not able to do joins

■ Custom queries

- Add folder `custom-sql` to `src` and placed inside the file `default.xml`
- Write your SQL query
- Provide an identifier for the query in a `sql` element within `default.xml`
- Wrap the query in the `sql` element

■ Create the finder

- Place the new file in `/src/packageName/service/persistence`
- Instantiate the id of the query
- Implement the method for the SQL lookup (further info, look for Java Hibernate)
- Add a method to `tableNameLocalServiceImpl.java` to retrieve the results



Using Public Render Parameters

- Declare Render Parameters to be shared in `portlet.xml`
`public-render-parameter`
- Specify Render Parameters a portlet would like to share within `<portlet>` element
`supported-public-render-parameter`
- Set Render Parameters in `processAction` method
`actionResponse.setRenderParameters`
- Get Render Parameters in Render Phase
`renderRequest.getParameter`



Using Events

- Declare events to be published/processed in `portlet.xml` of the corresponding portlet
 - `supporting-publishing-event`
 - `supporting-processing-event`
- Publishing portlet issues an event through `setEvent`
 - Event will be processed after Action Phase
- Processing portlet must implement `processEvent`

WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

SCI-BUS Development Liferay **Portlets** Conclusion

Anatomy Phases Service Builder IPC Mechs **Hands-on**



LIFERAY
Enterprise. Open Source. For Life.

Welcome

liferay.com > Test Test > Welcome

WS-PGRADE Course

Job Name
jobWs-pgradeCourse

Path of the Job Jar
jobWs-pgradeCourse.jar

Path of the Input Tar
jobWs-pgradeCourseInput.tar

Add Job

Show Jobs

LIFERAY
Enterprise. Open Source. For Life.

Welcome

liferay.com > Test Test > Welcome

WS-PGRADE Course

Job Saved Successfully!

List of Job Names:

job-name
job1
job2
jobTest
job3
jobWs-pgrade
jobWs-pgradeCourse

Showing 7 results.
[Back](#)

LIFERAY
Enterprise. Open Source. For Life.

Welcome

liferay.com > Test Test > Welcome

WS-PGRADE Course

List of Job Names:

job-name
job1
job2
jobTest
job3
jobWs-pgrade
jobWs-pgradeCourse

Showing 7 results.
[Back](#)

WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

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view.jsp

```
<portlet:actionURL name="addJob" var="addJobURL"/>

<au:form name="aj" action="<%= addJobURL.toString() %>"
method="post">

    <au:fieldset>

        <au:input name="jobName" label="Job Name" size="45" />
        <au:input name="jobJar" label="Path of the Job Jar" size="45" />
        <au:input name="inputTar" label="Path of the Input Tar" size="45" />

        <au:button-row>
            <au:button type="submit" value="Add Job"/>
        </au:button-row>

    </au:fieldset>

</au:form>

<portlet:renderURL var="showJobsURL">
    <portlet:param name="jspPage" value="/list.jsp" />
</portlet:renderURL>

<au:form name="sj" action="<%= showJobsURL.toString() %>"
method="post">
    <au:button-row>
        <au:button type="submit" value="Show Jobs"/>
    </au:button-row>
</au:form>
```

list.jsp

```
<portlet:renderURL var="viewURL">
    <portlet:param name="jspPage" value="/view.jsp" />
</portlet:renderURL>

<liferay-ui:success key="job-saved-successfully" message="Job Saved Successfully!" />

List of Job Names:

<liferay-ui:search-container delta="10" emptyResultsMessage="no-jobs-were-found">
    <liferay-ui:search-container-results
        results="<%= ActionUtil.getJobs(renderRequest) %>"
        total="<%= JobLocalServiceUtil.getJobsCount() %>"
    />

    <liferay-ui:search-container-row
        className="com.dbuse.model.Job"
        keyProperty="jobId"
        modelVar="job"
    >
        <liferay-ui:search-container-column-text
            name="job-name"
            property="jobName"
        />
    </liferay-ui:search-container-row>

    <liferay-ui:search-iterator />
</liferay-ui:search-container>

<p><a href="<%= viewURL %>">&larr; Back</a></p>
```



WS-PGRADE Customization: Portlets

SCI-BUS Development Liferay **Portlets** Conclusion

Anatomy Phases Service Builder IPC Mechs **Hands-on**



JobAdminPortlet.java

```
public class JobAdminPortlet extends MVCPortlet {

    public void addJob(ActionRequest request, ActionResponse response)
        throws Exception {

        ThemeDisplay themeDisplay =
            (ThemeDisplay) request.getAttribute(WebKeys.THEME_DISPLAY);
        Job job = ActionUtil.jobFromRequest(request);

        JobLocalServiceUtil.addJob(
            job, themeDisplay.getUserId());
        SessionMessages.add(request, "job-saved-successfully");

        response.setRenderParameter("jspPage", "/list.jsp");
    }
}
```

JobLocalServiceImpl.java

```
public class JobLocalServiceImpl extends JobLocalServiceBaseImpl {

    public Job addJob (Job newJob, long userId) throws SystemException,
        PortalException {

        long jobId =
            counterLocalService.increment(Job.class.getName());

        Job job = jobPersistence.create(jobId);

        job.setJobName(newJob.getJobName());
        job.setJobJar(newJob.getJobJar());
        job.setInputTar(newJob.getInputTar());
        job.setCompanyId(newJob.getCompanyId());
        job.setGroupId(newJob.getGroupId());

        return jobPersistence.update(job, false);
    }
}
```

service.xml

```
<service-builder package-path="com.dbuse">
    <author>Eduardo Lostal</author>
    <namespace>dbuse</namespace>

    <entity name="Job" local-service="true" remote-service="false">
        <column name="jobId" type="long" primary="true" />
        <column name="jobName" type="String" />
        <column name="jobJar" type="String" />
        <column name="inputTar" type="String" />
        <column name="companyId" type="long" />
        <column name="groupId" type="long" />

        <order by="asc">
            <order-column name="jobId" />
        </order>

        <finder name="G_JN" return-type="Collection">
            <finder-column name="groupId" />
            <finder-column name="jobName" />
        </finder>

        <finder name="GroupId" return-type="Collection">
            <finder-column name="groupId" />
        </finder>

        <finder name="CompanyId" return-type="Collection">
            <finder-column name="companyId" />
        </finder>
    </entity>
</service-builder>
```



- Liferay Portal is a very flexible platform
- Portlets are a useful mechanism to add functionality to a page
- WS-PGRADE contains, in the shape of portlets, tools to deal with workflows and middleware
- Use of WS-PGRADE makes easier working with DCIs for the end-user, allowing an easy communication among the applications involved in the process
- That is possible since it is built upon Liferay Technology which eases the communication among the portlets



Thank you for your attention!

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