

*{Learn, Create, Innovate};*

# Challenges

*Mini challenge 3*





# Mini Challenge 3

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## Introduction

This mini-challenge is intended for the student to review the concepts introduced in the previous sessions.

- The robot to be used in the following sessions by the students are the EAI Smart Robots.
  - The robot contains several ultrasonic sensor modules.
- Such sensors are typically used for obstacle avoidance or other “reactive” navigation techniques.





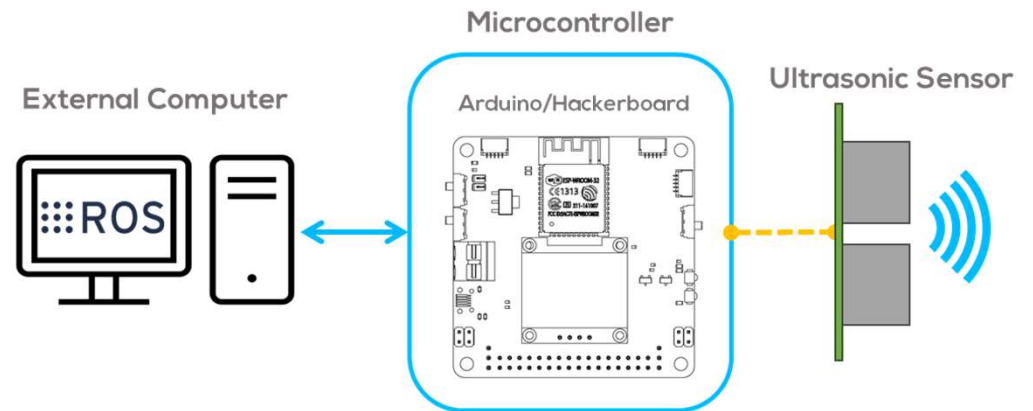
# Mini Challenge 3



## Introduction

These sensors are typically connected to low-level control devices in a master-slave architecture, such as microcontrollers or other embedded solutions; to save processing time and allow the computer to focus on more complex tasks.

- The activity involves creating a ROS node to communicate an ultrasonic sensor with the computer using ROS.
- The sensor will be read using a microcontroller (Arduino Board) as an intermediary to save the computer's processing time.
  - See the following slides for requirements.





# Mini Challenge 3

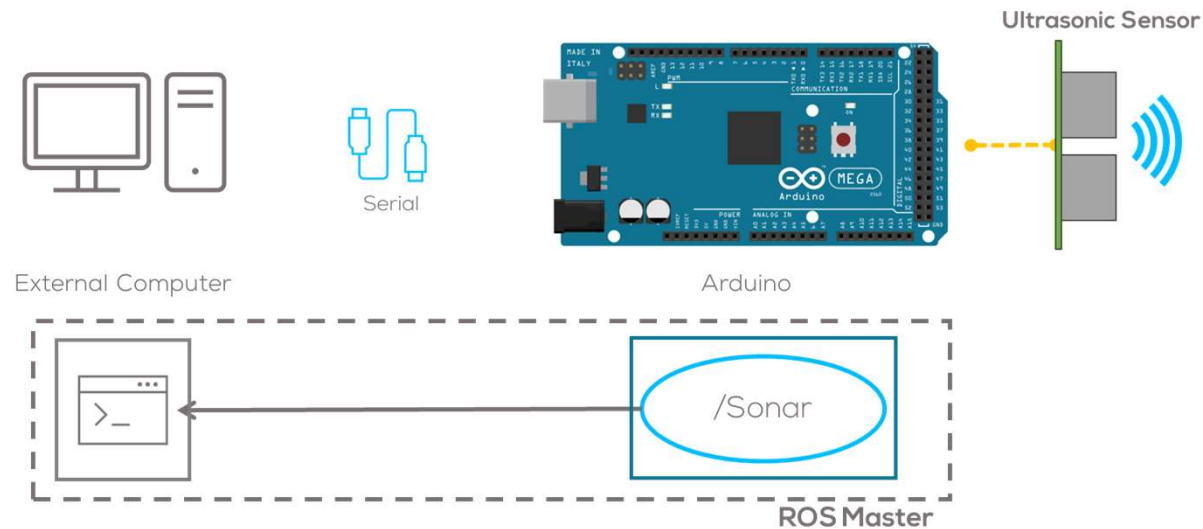


## Challenge

The student must be able to visualize the data provided by an ultrasonic sensor using ROS.

To do this, the student must program a node that publishes the data obtained by the microcontroller from the ultrasonic sensor.

- Connect a sonar to the Arduino module and publish the data range of the sonar using ROS.
- The student must develop the communication libraries for the communication between the sonar and the Arduino. More information about the manufacturer's protocol [here](#).
- The communication must be performed via serial, using the `rosserial` library for Arduino.



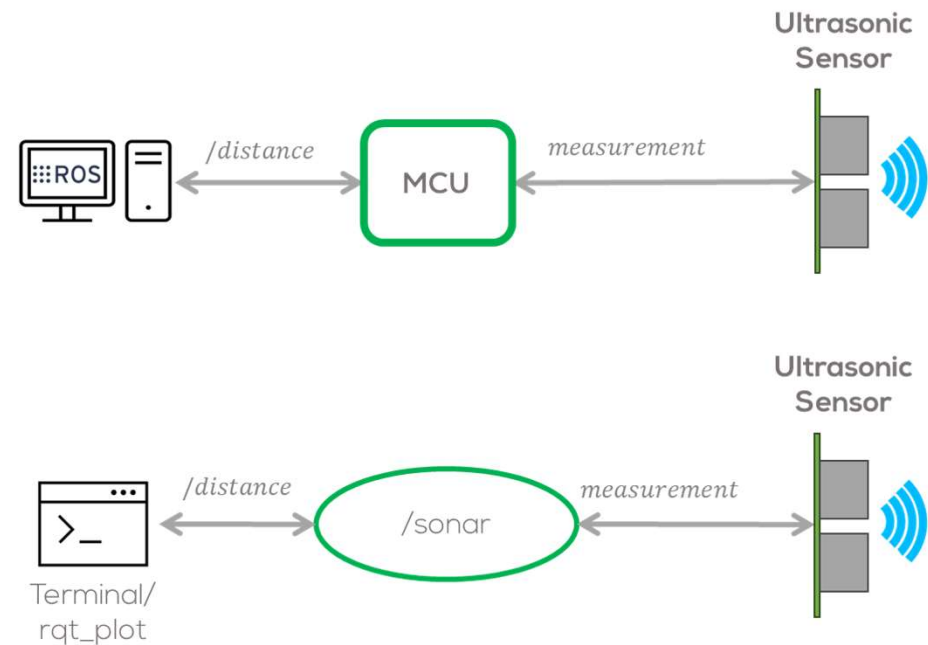


# Mini Challenge 3



## Challenge

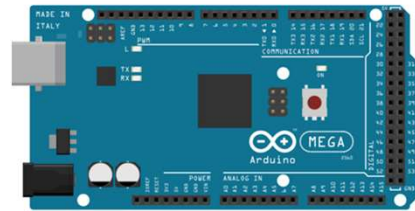
- The information from the sensor must be published using the topic “/distance”
- The measurement must be published using a Float32 message.
- The result must be plotted using any visualizer available such as: “rqt\_plot”.
- The nodes and topics must be visualized using the “rqt\_graph”.



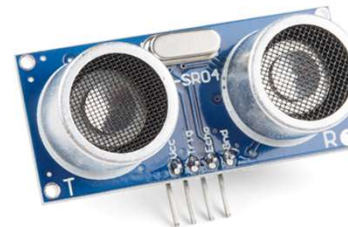


# Mini Challenge 3: Requirements

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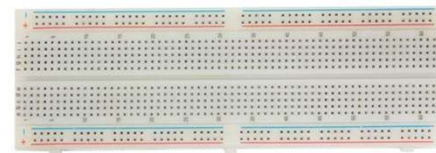
Arduino MEGA



Ultrasonic Module HC-SR04 (or similar)



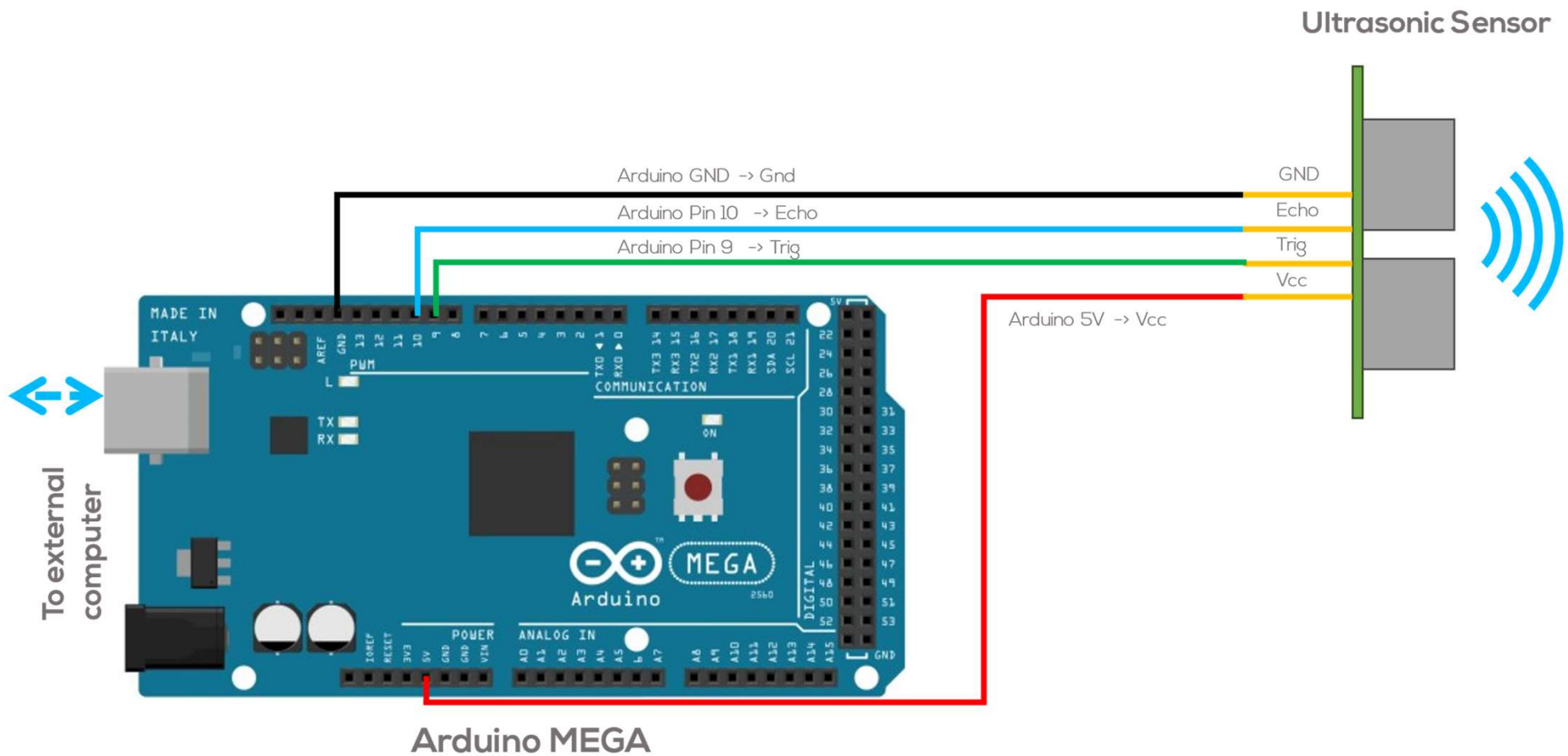
Wires (Dupont or any wire)



Breadboard



# Mini Challenge 3: Connection Diagrams





# Deliverables



## Teams:

- The students must form teams for this mini-challenge. The teams will be the same as in other classes of this concentration.
- The teams must be multidisciplinary.
- The students must respectfully help each other to understand all the topics.
- The team must manage the project, using a project management methodology, and present it in the report.
  - The methodology selected can be simple, E.g., Waterfall, Agile, Kanban, etc.

## REPORT

- Maximum number of pages: 2 pages, not including presentation.
- Presentation: Include name, student ID, and team name.
- Minimum font size: 11 pt.
- Appendix: No.
- Report type: Individual.
- Report design: Single-column or two columns.
- Format: PDF
- Content Details:
  - Each task must be included in a different section.
  - It is recommended to use diagrams, figures, tables, etc.
  - Include reflections, conclusions, and recommendations of each result in detail.
  - Include references using the IEEE format.
- Important: Results and/or figures that do not contain information or detailed explanations will be penalized.





# Deliverables



## Rubric

- Introduction
  - Explain the problem and why is essential.
- Explain the project management strategy selected (use diagrams, flow chart)
  - The student must show diagrams explaining how the project management strategy was implemented.
  - The student must describe concretely, why this strategy was selected.
- Explain the code, and how it works? Constraints? Advantages, and disadvantages? etc. )
  - The student must explain the code using diagrams, flowcharts, etc.
  - The student must show the proposed solutions' constraints, advantages, and disadvantages.
- Plots used to verify and analyse the behaviour of the algorithms, showing the performance of the sensor
  - The student must show the plots used to verify the behaviour of the algorithm estimated robot position over time, control input, etc.
- Reflect on the sensor's performance and propose solutions (What problems can be expected? Solutions/improvements?)
  - The student must provide a small reflection on the problems that can occur using their algorithm with ROS.
  - *The student is expected to explain the physical phenomena that make obtaining measurements difficult, if applicable.*
  - The student must propose some solutions on how to solve these issues.
- Report presentation, references, and clarity
  - Report must be clear for the reader, well organised, and with a good presentation and references.





# Mini Challenge 3: Extension 1 (extra marks, not mandatory)

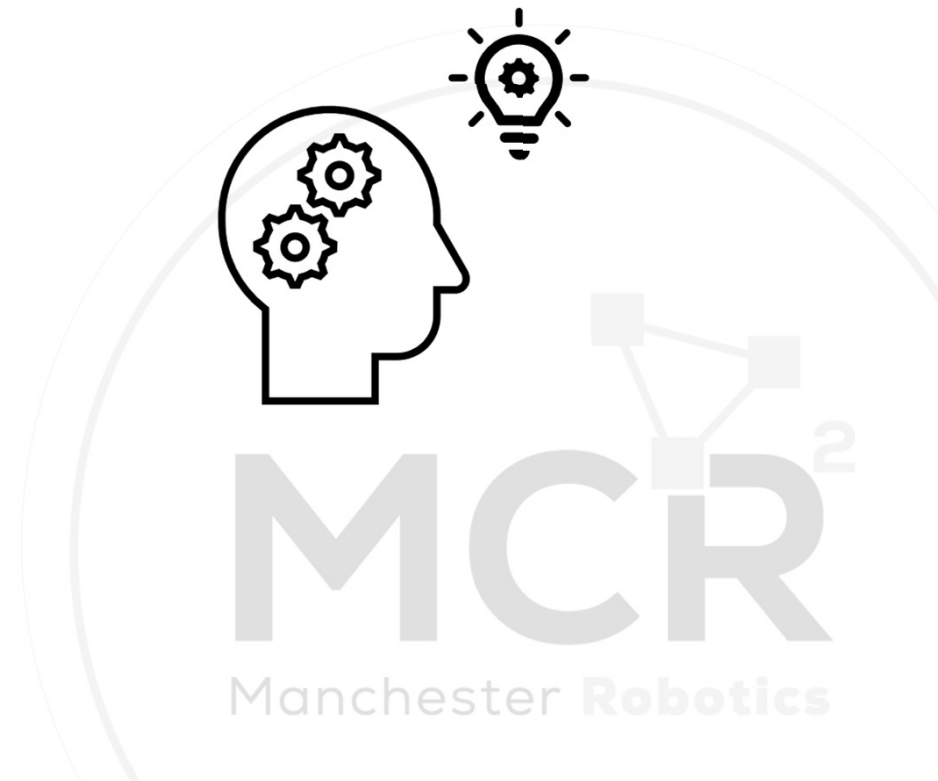
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## Be creative!

Generate a node on the computer that subscribes to the “/distance” topic and use the information of the sensor to perform a simple task in ROS, e.g., Distance alarm, parking sensor, etc.

- Must be implemented using ROS.
- The report must clearly define and describe the task (1/2 a page to 1 page maximum added to the report).
- Usage of diagrams, images flowcharts is encouraged.
- A video (YouTube) showing how it works must be presented.





# Mini Challenge 3: Extension 2 (not mandatory, no extra marks)



## Challenge Extension 2

Publish the measurement using an appropriate standardized message for range measurements in ROS.

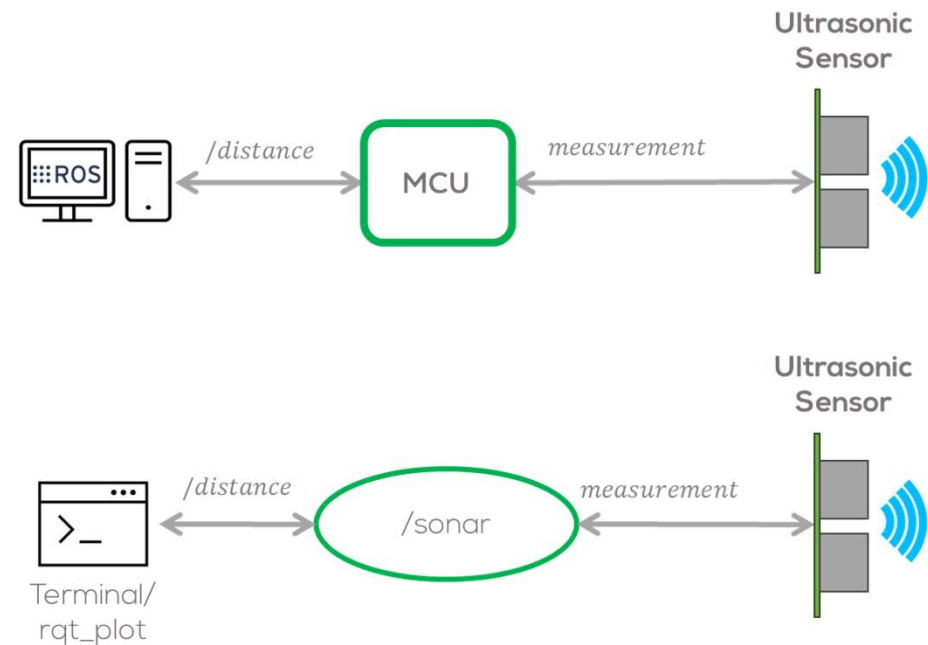
- “Range” is the typical standard message in the “sensor\_msgs” library. More information [here](#).
- Hint 1: call the library on the Arduino as follows  
“`#include <sensor_msgs/Range.h>`”
- Hint 2: Do not forget the time stamp of the message, you can define it as follows,

```
“message_name.header.stamp = nh.now();”
```

- Where `nh.now()` is the ROS time inside the library

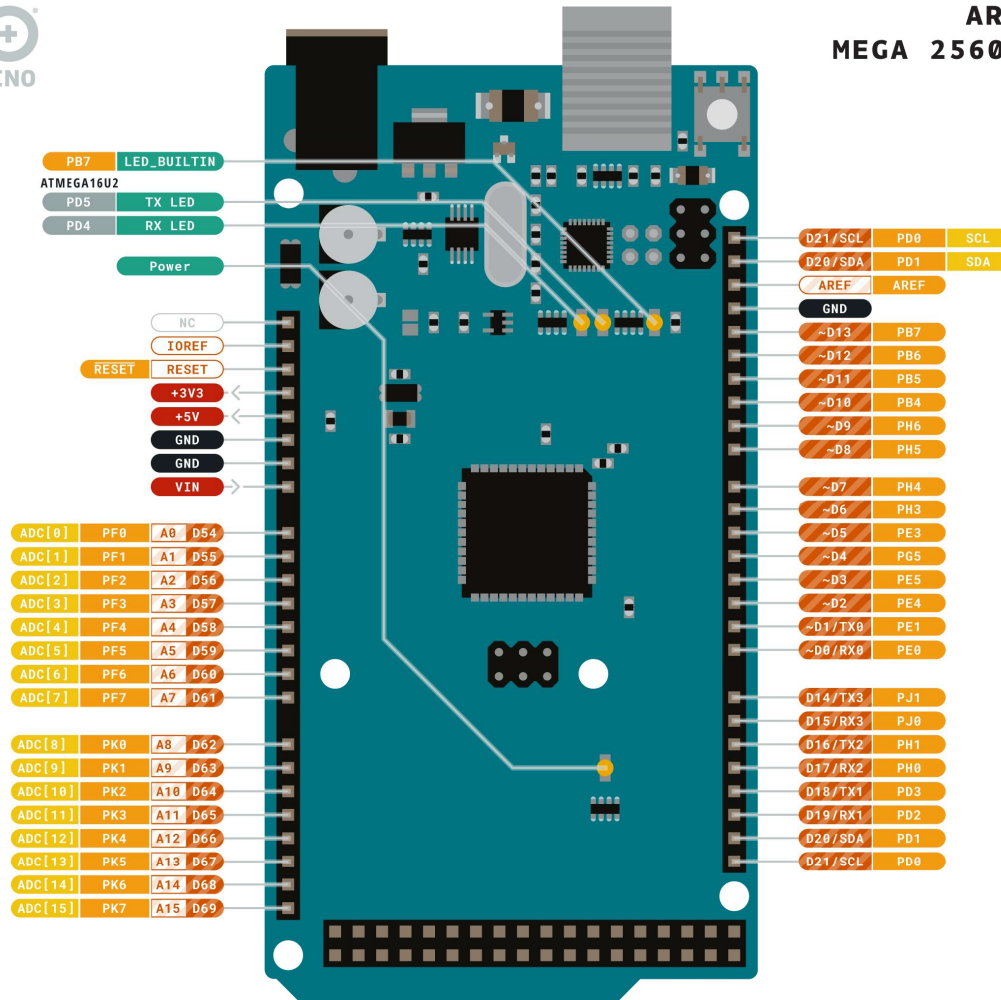
```
“#include <ros/time.h>”
```

- The results of this task must be included in the report in less than 1/2 page.





## ARDUINO MEGA 2560 REV3



Ground	Internal Pin	Digital Pin	Microcontroller's Port
Power	SWD Pin	Analog Pin	
LED	Other Pin	Default	

ARDUINO.CC



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# Rules

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- This is challenge, **not** a class. The students are encouraged to research, improve tune explain their algorithms by themselves.
- MCR2(Manchester Robotics) Reserves the right to answer a question if it is determined that the question contains partially or an answer.
- The students are welcome to ask only about the theoretical aspect of the class.
- No remote control or any other form of human interaction with the simulator or ROS is allowed (except at the start when launching the files).
- It is **forbidden** to use any other internet libraries except for standard libraries such as NumPy.
- If in doubt about libraries, please ask any teaching assistant.
- Improvements to the algorithms are encouraged and may be used if the students provide the reasons and a detailed explanation of the improvements.
- All the students must respect each other and abide by the previously defined rules.
- Manchester Robotics reserves the right to provide any form of grading. Grading and grading methodology are done by the professor in charge of the unit.

