

*{Learn, Create, Innovate};*

# Standalone Programming

*Interfacing a microcontroller and  
Puzzlebot*

The logo for Manchester Robotics (MCR²) is a large black circle with a red outline. Inside the circle, the text "MCR" is written in large white letters, and a red "2" is positioned to the upper right of the "R". Above the "2" is a red geometric diagram consisting of three squares connected by lines to form a triangle. Below the "MCR²" text, the words "Manchester Robotics" are written in white, with "Robotics" in red.

MCR<sup>2</sup>

Manchester **Robotics**

# Standalone Programming

*MCU Program*

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# MCU Programming

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## General information

- Arduino and ESP32 are some of the most used MCU's.
- Both can be programmed using the Arduino IDE.
- To program the Puzzlebot, the Arduino IDE will be used.
- The MCR2 Libraries are designed to be use with the Hackerboard, the Arduino Uno and the Arduino Mega.
- Read the documentation for the libraries, on how to use it with different microcontrollers.

## Arduino IDE

- An IDE, or Integrated Development Environment, helps programmers' productivity by combining common activities of writing software into a single application: editing source code, building executables, and debugging.
- Arduino IDE supports C and C++ programming languages.
- A sketch is a program written with the Arduino IDE.
- Sketches are saved on the development computer as text files with the file extension .ino.



# MCU Programming



## Sketch

- The simplest syntax for writing a sketch consists of only two functions:
- `setup()`: This function is called once when a sketch starts after power-up or reset. It is used to initialize variables, input and output pin modes, and other libraries needed in the sketch. It is analogous to the function `main()`.
- `loop()`: The `loop()` function is executed repeatedly in the main program after the `setup()` function. It controls the board until the board is powered off or is reset.

## Sketch Structure

```
// Variable declaration section
```

```
// the setup function runs once when you press reset or power the board
```

```
void setup() {  
  // initialize digital pin LED_BUILTIN as an output.  
  pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);  
}
```

```
// the loop function runs over and over again forever
```

```
void loop() {  
  digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)  
  delay(1000); // wait for a second  
  digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, LOW); // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW  
  delay(1000); // wait for a second  
}
```

**Variable Declaration:**  
Libraries, Components,  
Variables, constants,  
Definitions, etc.

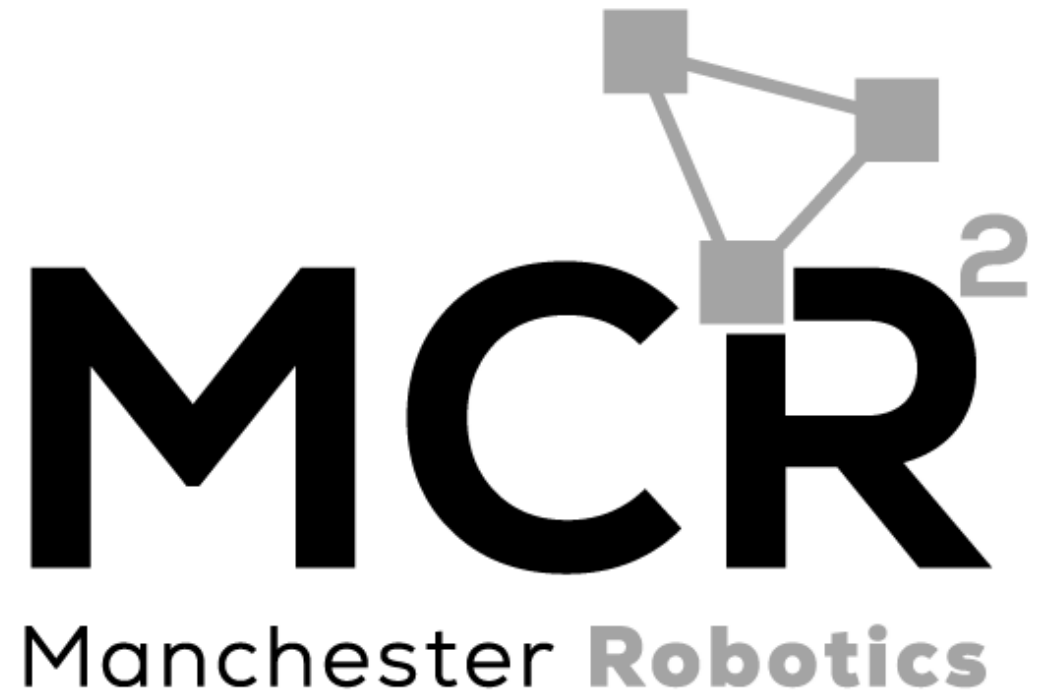
**Setup Section:**  
Set up sensors,  
variables, Ports,  
Functions, Serial comms.

**Loop Section:**  
Loops and repeats  
actions.

# Standalone Programming

*Example*

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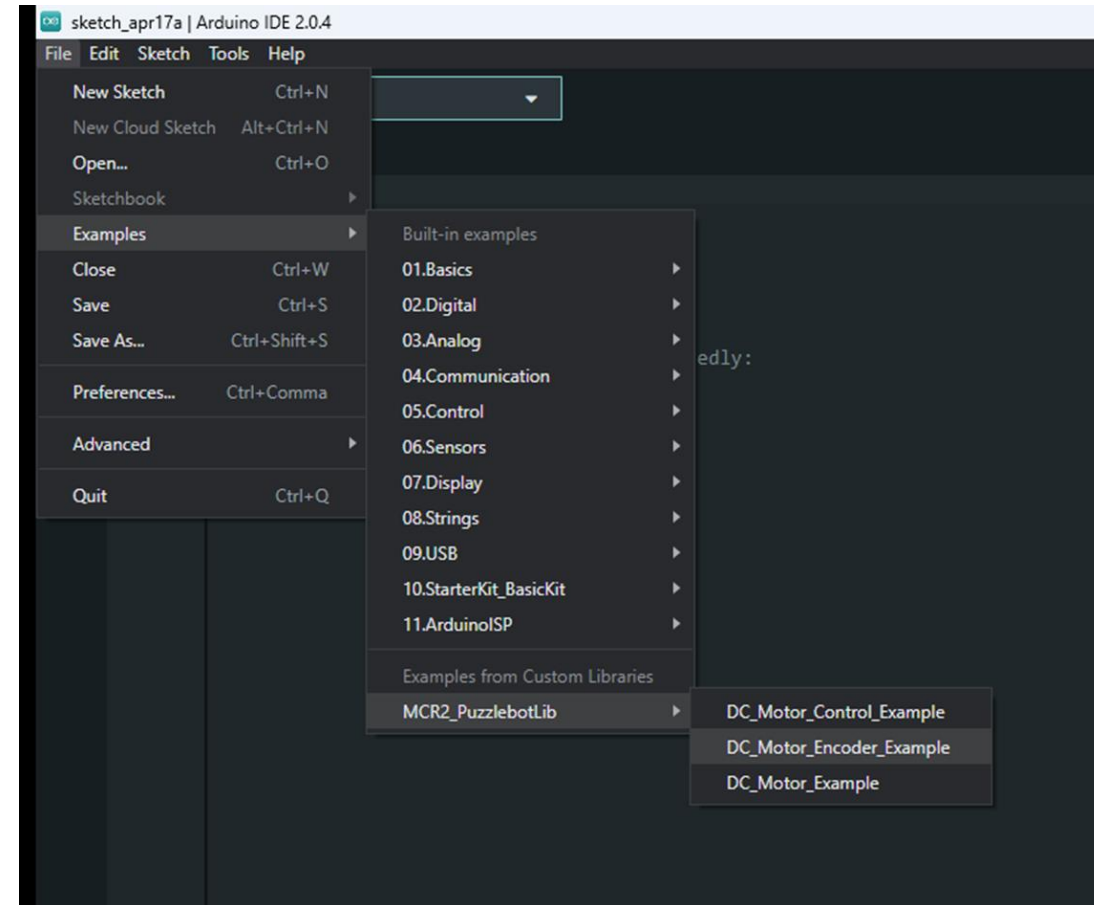


# ROS Sketch Structure



## ROS Libraries Arduino

- Look at the examples provided in the Puzzlebot libraries File > Examples > MCR2\_PuzzlebotLib
- Select any example
- For this case we will use the DC\_Motor\_Example





# ROS Sketch Structure



## ROS Libraries Arduino

- Look at the examples provided in the puzzlebot libraries File > Examples > MCR2\_PuzzlebotLib
- Open the Example *DC\_motor\_Example*
  - *This example is configured to be used with the Hackerboard.*
  - *To use it with Arduino Mega or Arduino Uno, redefine the Pins PWMpin, pinA, pinB*
  - *To use multiple motors with the ESP32 (Hackerboard), specify a different PWM Channel as follows*

```
motor.DriverSetup(PWMpin, Channel, pinA, pinB);  
  
motor_R.DriverSetup(motR_pins[0], 0, motR_pins[1], motR_pins[2]);  
  
motor_L.DriverSetup(motR_pins[0], 1, motR_pins[1], motR_pins[2]);
```

```
/**  
 \brief Define the MotorDriver Pins and rotation  
 sign (PWMpin, Pin A, Pin B, Sign (-1,1))  
 Arduino Pins: 2,3,4 / ESP32 pins 4,15,18  
 */  
#ifdef ESP32  
    #define PWMpin 4  
    #define pinA 15  
    #define pinB 18  
    #define motorSign -1  
#else  
    #define PWMpin 2  
    #define pinA 3  
    #define pinB 4  
    #define motorSign -1  
#endif
```

# ROS Serial Communication

*Compilation and  
Uploading*

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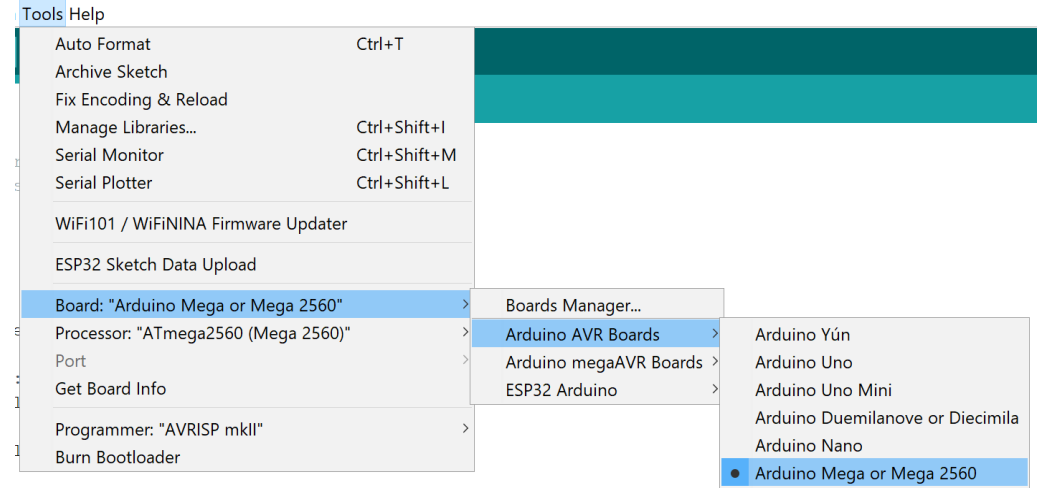
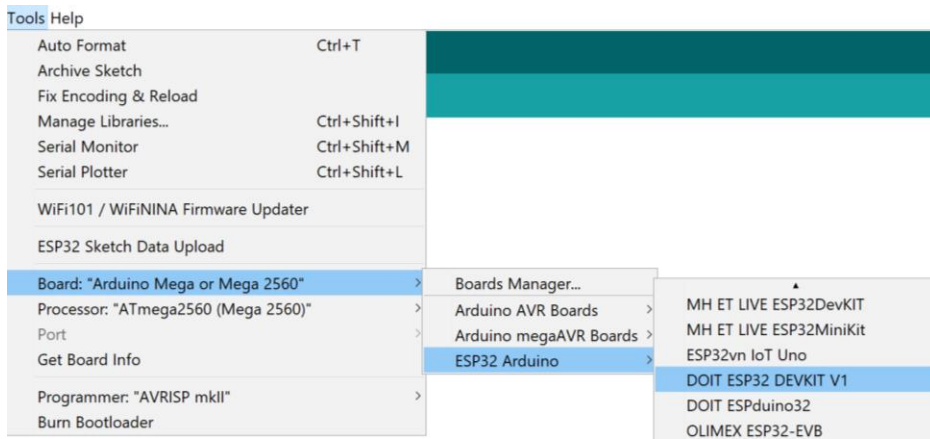


# Activity



## Compilation (Arduino IDE)

- Open Arduino IDE (previously configured).
- Type the code in the previous slide.
- Select the board to be used Tools>Board ESP32 for Hackeboard or Arduino Mega
  - For Arduino Select Arduino AVR Boards>Arduino Mega or Mega 2560
  - For Hackerboard select ESP32 Arduino > DOIT ESP32 DEVKIT V1



- Compile the code using by clicking check mark button located on the upper left corner.



- The following message should be displayed:

Done compiling.

Sketch uses 9424 bytes (3%) of program storage space. Maximum is 253952 bytes.

Global variables use 1826 bytes (22%) of dynamic memory, leaving 6366 bytes for local variables. Maximum is 8192 bytes.

- For compilation errors or troubleshoot with the libraries, see presentation MCR2\_ROS\_Arduino\_IDE\_Configuration.

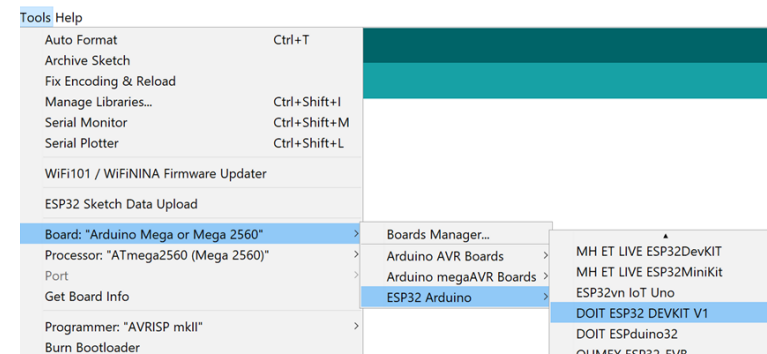
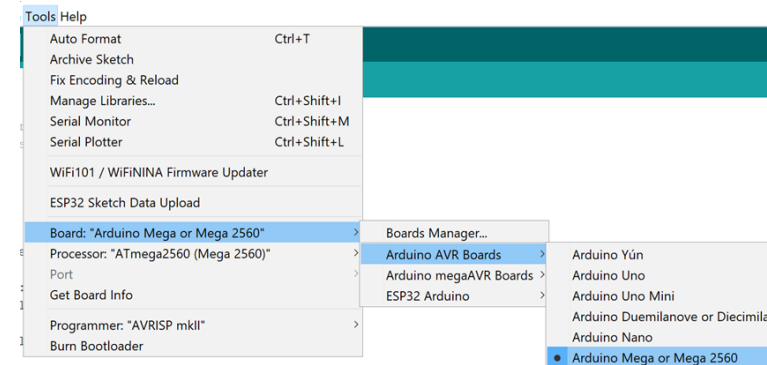
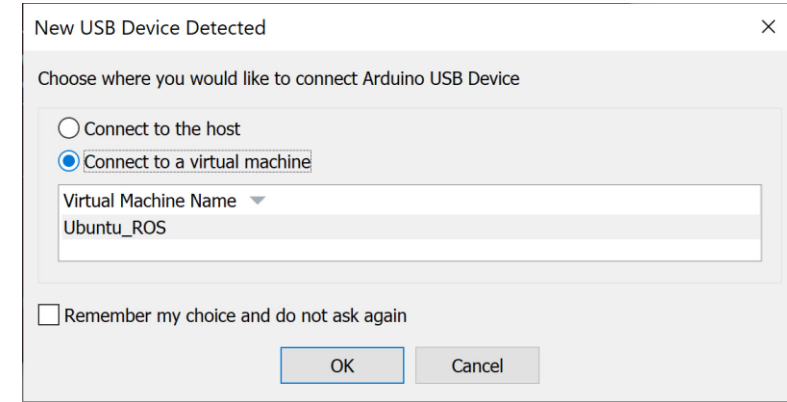


# Activity



## Uploading (Arduino IDE)

- Connect the board
- Select the port to be used Tools>Port
  - If working on the VM, you must first select the option Connect to a virtual machine when automatically prompted (shown) and then select the port.
- Select the board to be used Tools>Board
  - For Arduino Select Arduino AVR Boards>Arduino Mega or Mega 2560
  - For Hackerboard select ESP32 Arduino > DOIT ESP32 DEVKIT V1





# Activity

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## Uploading (Arduino IDE)

- Upload the code using the arrow on the top left corner of the IDE.



- The following message should appear on the IDE

```
Done uploading.  
  
Sketch uses 1488 bytes (4%) of program storage space.  
Global variables use 198 bytes (9%) of dynamic memory
```

## Troubleshoot (Arduino IDE)

- For troubleshoot using the Arduino IDE, follow the steps in the presentation

MCR2\_ArduinoIDE\_Configuration\_Windows\_Ubuntu.pdf