

Q1) WAP to implement singly linked list with following operations

a) Create a linked list.

b) Insertion of a node at first position at any position and at end of list
Display the contents of linked list.

Ans ⇒ #include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {

int data;

struct Node *next;

};

void insert

struct Node* createNode(int data){

struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*) malloc(sizeof(struct node));

if (newNode == NULL) {

printf("Memory allocation failed");

exit(1);

}

newNode → data = data;

newNode → next = NULL;

return newNode;

}

struct Node* createLinkedList(int values[], int size)

{ struct Node* head = NULL;

struct Node* tail = NULL;

for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {

struct Node* newNode = createNode

(values[i]);

if (head == NULL) {

head = newNode;

tail = newNode;

} else {

tail → next = newNode;

tail = newNode;

}

~~object tail → next = newNode;~~

else

} return head;

} void insertFirst (struct Node * head, int data) {

struct Node * newNode = createNode(data);

*newNode → next = * head;

*head = newNode;

void insertAtPosition (struct Node * head, int data,

, int position) {

if (position == 0) {

intertFirst(head,data);

} return;

} int main()

struct Node * linkedList = createLinkedList();

int data;

printf ("Enter data to insert at :Beginning");

scanf ("%d", &data);

insertFirst (&linkedList, data);

int position;

printf ("Enter data to insert at a

specific position : ");

scanf ("%d", &data);

printf ("Enter position : ");

scanf ("%d", &position);

insertAtPosition (&linkedList, data, position);

wcurrent → next = new_node;

} void inserted (struct Node ** head, int data) {

struct Node * new_node = createNode(data);

if (*head == NULL) {

*head = new_node;

} return;

} struct Node * current = * head;

while (current → next != NULL) &

current = current → next;

printf ("%.d → ", head → data);

head = head → next;

printf ("\nNULL \n");

```

printf ("Enter data to insert at end :");
scanf ("%d", &data);
insertEnd (&linkedlist, data);
display (&linkedlist);
return 0;
}

```

Output:-

Enter number of elements : 4
Enter the elements :

1 2 3 4

Enter data to insert at the beginning : 5
Enter data to insert at a specific position : 3 4

Enter the position : 2

Enter data to insert at the end : 66

5 → 1 → 3 → 2 → 3 → 4 → 66 → NULL

a2) WAP to implement singly linked list with following operations.

a) Create a linked list.

b) Deletion of first element , specified element and last element from list.

Display the contents of linked list .

Ans :-

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {

int data;

struct Node * next;

}

```

struct Node * createNode (int data) {
    struct Node * newNode = (struct Node * )
        malloc (sizeof (struct Node));
    if (newNode == NULL) {
        printf ("Memory allocation failed for ");
        exit (1);
    }
    newNode-> data = data;
    newNode-> next = NULL;
    return newNode;
}

struct Node * createLinkedList () {
    struct Node * head = NULL;
    struct Node * tail = NULL;
    int size;
    int i;
    printf ("Enter no. of elements: ");
    scanf ("%d", &size);
    printf ("Enter the elements:\n");
    for (i = 0 ; i < size ; i++) {
        scanf ("%d", &data);
        newNode = createNode (data);
        if (head == NULL) {
            head = newNode;
            tail = newNode;
        } else {
            tail-> next = newNode;
            tail = newNode;
        }
    }
    return head;
}

```

```
void deleteFirst(struct Node** head) {
    if (*head == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty.");
        return;
    }
    struct Node* temp = *head;
    *head = (*head)->next;
    free(temp);
}
```

```
if ((*head) == next == NULL) {
    free(head);
    head = NULL;
    return;
```

```
void deleteLast(struct Node** head, int key) {
    if (*head == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty.");
        return;
    }
    struct Node* current = *head;
    struct Node* prev = NULL;
    while (current != NULL && current->data != key) {
        prev = current;
        current = current->next;
    }
    if (current == NULL) {
        printf("Elements not found");
        return;
    }
    if (prev == NULL) {
        *head = current->next;
    } else {
        prev->next = current->next;
    }
}
```

```
void display(struct Node* head) {
    while (head != NULL) {
        printf("%d - " head->data);
        head = head->next;
    }
    printf("NULL\n");
}
```

```
int main() {
    struct Node* linkedList = createLinkedList();
    printf("Linked List before deletion:\n");
    display(linkedList);
    int key;
    printf("Enter element to delete: ");
}
```

```
else if (key == current->data) {
    deleteFirst(&linkedList);
}
```

```
y
```

```
y
```

Tue → 29/11/24

```
scanf ("%d", &key);
deleteElement (&linkedlist, key);
```

```
pointf (" linked list after deleting");
display (linked list);
```

```
delete last of linked list);
```

```
print ("Linked list after deleting last element");
display (linked list);
```

```
return;
```

}

Q:-

Enter number of elements : 4

Enter the elements :

```
1 2 3 4
```

Linked list before deletion :

```
1 → 2 → 3 → 4 → NULL
```

Linked list after deleting first element

```
2 → 3 → 4 → NULL
```

y

Enter demand to delete : 4

Deleted list after deleting specified

~~void printList(Struct Node * head){~~

~~while(head != NULL){~~

~~printf ("%d", head->data);~~

~~head = head->next;~~

Deleted list after deleting last element .

```
2 → NULL
```

y
printf ("\n");

Q.) Single Linked List :-

soft;

reverse,

concatenation,

include <stdio.h>

include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {

 int data;

 struct Node * next;

y

void insertAtBeg (struct Node ** header, int data) {

 struct Node * newNode = (struct Node *)

 malloc(sizeof (struct Node));

 newNode->data = data;

 newNode->next = *header;

 *header = newNode;

 *headref = newNode;

y

void printList(Struct Node * head){

 while(head != NULL){

 printf ("%d", head->data);

 head = head->next;

y
printf ("\n");

void sortList(Struct Node ** head) {

 struct Node * current, * nextNode;

```

int temp;
current = head;
while (current != NULL) {
    nextNode = current->next;
    while (nextNode != NULL) {
        if (current->data > nextNode->data) {
            temp = current->data;
            current->data = nextNode->data;
            nextNode->data = temp;
        }
        nextNode = nextNode->next;
    }
    current = current->next;
}

```

```

struct Node* temp = list1;
while (temp->next != NULL) {
    temp = temp->next;
    temp->next = list2;
}

```

```

int main() {
    struct Node * list1 = NULL;
    struct Node * list2 = NULL;
    int choice;
    int data;
    while (1) {
        printf("1. Insert into list1\n");
        printf("2. Insert into list2\n");
        printf("3 - Sort list 1\n");
        printf("4 - Reverse list1\n");
        printf("5 - Concatenation of lists\n");
        printf("6 - Print list \n");
        printf("0. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice) {
            case 1: printf("Enter data : ");
            scanf("%d", &data);
            insertBegin(list1, data);
            break;
            case 2: printf("Enter data to insert : ");
            scanf("%d", &data);
            insertAtBegin(list2, data);
            break;
            case 3: concat(list1, list2);
            break;
            case 4: reverse();
            break;
            case 5: concat(list1, list2);
            break;
            case 6: print(list1);
            break;
        }
    }
}

```

```

case 3: sortList(&list1);
printf("List 1 sorted\n");
break;
case 4: reverseList(&list1);
printf("List 1 reversed\n");
break;
case 5: concat(&list1, list2);
printf("Lists concatenated\n");
break;
case 6: print("List 1");
printList(list3);
printf("List 2\n");
printList(list2); break;
case 7: exit(0);
break;
default: printf("Invalid choice\n");
}
}
return 0;

```

Sab → 2

- 1) WAP to Implement doubly linked list with primitive operations
- a) Create a doubly linked list
- b) Insert a new node to the left of the node.
- c) Delete the node based on a specific value.

a) struct node {

int data

struct node * prev;

struct node * next;

}

struct node * head, * tail;

head = 0;

void create_dll()

struct node * newnode;

newnode = (struct node *) malloc(sizeof(struct
node));

printf("Enter data : ");

scanf("%d", newnode->data);

newnode->next = 0;

newnode->prev = 0;

if (head == 0) {

head = tail = newnode;

}

else {

newnode->prev = tail;

tail->next = newnode;

tail = newnode;

}

~~for
start~~

(018)

b.) \rightarrow void insert() {

```
struct node *newnode = NULL;
ptr = head;
newnode = (struct node*) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
printf("Enter data:");
scanf("%d", &newnode->data);
int count = 0, pos;
```

```
print("Enter position:");
scanf("%d", &pos);
while (ptr->next != NULL) {
    if (ptr->data == key) {
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
    else if (ptr->data == key) {
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
}
```

```
newnode->prev = ptr->prev;
newnode->next = ptr;
```

```
ptr->prev = newnode;
ptr->next = newnode;
```

Op:-

Enter data : 5
Enter position : 2

~~if (flag == 1) {
 print("Element deleted");
}~~
~~else {
 print("Element not found");
}~~

Op:-

Enter value to be deleted : 5
Element deleted

Enter data : 3
Enter data : 6
Enter data : 1

5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 1

c.) \rightarrow void del_pos() {

```
struct node *ptr; ptr = head;
int key, val, flag = 0;
```

```
print("Enter val");
scanf("%d", &val);
while (ptr != NULL) {
    if (ptr->data == val) {
        ptr = ptr->next;
        if (flag == 1) {
            ptr = ptr->next;
        }
        else if (ptr->prev != NULL) {
            ptr->prev->next = ptr->next;
        }
        else {
            head = ptr->next;
        }
        free(ptr);
        break;
    }
    else {
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
}
```

Op:-

~~if (flag == 1) {
 print("Element deleted");
}~~
~~else {
 print("Element not found");
}~~

Op:-

Enter value to be deleted : 5

Enter data : 3
Enter data : 6
Enter data : 1

2 3 5 1
2 3 1

Q3) WAP to

- construct Binary search tree
- Traverse the tree using inorder, post order, preorder
- Display the elements in the tree.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

Struct bnode

```
{
    int value;
    struct bnode *left;
    struct bnode *right;
} *root = NULL, *temp = NULL, *t1, *t2;
```

void ~~insert~~ insert();

void create();

void inorder(struct bnode *t);

void preorder(struct bnode *t);

void postorder(struct bnode *t);

Struct bnode *

~~create~~ create() {

int data;

printf("Enter data of node ");

scanf("%d", &data);

temp → value = data;

temp → l = temp → r = NULL; return temp;

}

void ~~insert~~ ~~bnode~~ *insert() {

int data;

struct bnode *root = create();

if (root → l == NULL && root → r == NULL)

root = t;

else {

if (t → value > root → value)

struct bnode *insert (struct bnode *root, int val);

if (root == NULL) {

return createNode(val);

}

if (val < root → val) {

root → left = insert (root → left, val);

} else if (val > root → val) {

root → right = insert (root → right, val);

} return root;

}

void inorder (struct bnode *root) {

if (root == NULL) {

return;

}

inorder (root → left);

printf("%d ", root → value); inorder (root → right);

}

void preorder (struct bnode *root) {

if (root == NULL) {

return;

}

printf("%d ", root → value);

preorder (root → left); preorder (root → right);

}

```
void display ( struct tree *root ) {  
    point ("elements");  
    inorder (root);  
    point ("in");  
}
```

```
void postorder ( struct tree *root ) {  
    if (root == NULL) h  
    postorder (root->left);  
    postorder (root->right);  
    print ("i.d", root->data);  
    g
```