Anaconda



- Particular Distribution of Python and R Programming Languages
 - Used primarily for scientific computing
 - Includes many data-science packages out the box
 - Simplifies package management
 - Used ubiquitously in industry
- Python or R?
 - One is not better than the other
 - Both great languages
 - Python
 - More libraries
 - Used more in industry
 - And academia (for data science related research)



Installing Anaconda Python

MAC OS:

- https://repo.anaconda.com/archive/Anaconda3-2021.11-MacOSXx86 64.pkg
- Windows
 - https://repo.anaconda.com/archive/Anaconda3-2021.11-Windowsx86 64.exe
- Linux
 - https://repo.anaconda.com/archive/Anaconda3-2021.11-Linuxx86 64.sh
- If you're using another architecture that's not x86 64-bit:
 - https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual



```
(base) jarvis@Kelechis-MBP CSC-DataScienceExample % conda -h
usage: conda [-h] [-V] command ...
conda is a tool for managing and deploying applications, environments and packages.
Options:
positional arguments:
  command
    clean
                 Remove unused packages and caches.
                 Compare packages between conda environments.
    compare
    config
                 Modify configuration values in .condarc. This is modeled after the git config command.
                 Writes to the user .condarc file (/Users/jarvis/.condarc) by default.
                 Create a new conda environment from a list of specified packages.
    create
    help
                 Displays a list of available conda commands and their help strings.
                 Display information about current conda install.
    info
    init
                 Initialize conda for shell interaction. [Experimental]
                 Installs a list of packages into a specified conda environment.
    install
    list
                 List linked packages in a conda environment.
                 Low-level conda package utility. (EXPERIMENTAL)
    package
                 Remove a list of packages from a specified conda environment.
    remove
    uninstall
                 Alias for conda remove.
                 Run an executable in a conda environment. [Experimental]
    run
                 Search for packages and display associated information. The input is a MatchSpec, a
    search
                 query language for conda packages. See examples below.
                 Updates conda packages to the latest compatible version.
    update
                 Alias for conda update.
    upgrade
```



Virtual Environments

(base) jarvis@Kelechis-MBP CSC-405-605 Fall 2021 % conda install geopandas

Collecting package metadata (current repodata.json): done

- https://docs.conda.io/projects/conda/en/latest/user-guide/tasks/manage-environments.html
- Resolves Version Conflicts Well



- To Create virtual environment
 - conda env create ...
- To create virtual environment from a file
 - conda env create –f {file_name}.yml
 - Course Environment on GitHub
 - ".../CSC-405-605_Spring_2022/environment_CSC605.yml"

jarvis@Kelechis-MBP CSC-405-605_Sring_2022 % conda env create -f environment_CSC605.yml



- To use the environment
 - conda activate {Environment}
- To stop using the environment
 - conda deactivate {Environment}
- Environment

```
(base) jarvis@Kelechis-MBP CSC-405-605_Sring_2022 % conda activate CSC605 (CSC605) jarvis@Kelechis-MBP CSC-405-605_Sring_2022 % conda deactivate (base) jarvis@Kelechis-MBP CSC-405-605_Sring_2022 % ■
```



PIP

- What is PIP?
 - Package Manager to install Python Libraries
 - Traditionally used when not using Anaconda Python
- Pip documentation
 - https://pip.pypa.io/en/stable/ge tting-started/
 - Or pip –h

```
(base) jarvis@Kelechis-MacBook-Pro ~ % pip -h
Usage:
 pip <command> [options]
Commands:
                              Install packages.
 install
 download
                              Download packages.
 uninstall
                              Uninstall packages.
                              Output installed packages in requirements format.
 freeze
 list
                              List installed packages.
                              Show information about installed packages.
  show
                              Verify installed packages have compatible dependencies.
  check
                              Manage local and global configuration.
  config
                              Search PyPI for packages.
  search
                              Inspect and manage pip's wheel cache.
  cache
 wheel
                              Build wheels from your requirements.
                              Compute hashes of package archives.
 hash
                              A helper command used for command completion.
 completion
                              Show information useful for debugging.
 debug
 help
                              Show help for commands.
```



Python

- Wide array of libraries for majority of data science applications
 - Numerical (NumPy, Pandas)
 - Scientific (SciPy)
 - Machine Learning (Sci-Kit, Tensorflow, PyTorch, OpenAI, NLTK)
 - Visualization (Matplotlib, Plotly, GeoPandas)
 - Big Data (PySpark)
- Easy to learn
- Excellent Documentation
- Thriving user base in comparison to R
- Preferred language of choice for most Data Science positions



IPython

- IPython provides a rich architecture for interactive computing
- Power Interactive shells (terminal and Qt-based)
- A <u>browser-based notebook</u> (Jupyter Notebook) *with support for code, rich testing, mathematical expressions, inline plots, and other rich media
- Support for interactive data visualization
- Flexible, embeddable interpreter to load into your own projects
- Easy to use, high performance tools for parallel computing



Ipython (Jupyter) Notebook

- Runs code in a web browser
- Stored in Json format
- Allows for code and text (Markdown)
- Has a debugger
- Has Checkpoints
- Sharing / co-editing is a lot easier
- Has access to all python libraries (locally imported and system installed)
- All assignments will use jupyter notebooks



JupyterLab

- An extension of Jupyter Notebooks
 - · Web-based lightweight IDE for notebooks, code, and data
 - Flexible interface
 - 3rd party extensions



Jupyter

- To Run JupyterLab locally
 - jupyter lab

```
(base) jarvis@Kelechis-MBP CSC-405-605_Sring_2022 %                        <u>conda activate C</u>SC605
(CSC605) jarvis@Kelechis-MBP CSC-405-605_Sring_2022 % jupyter lab
 [I 2022-01-15 22:38:48.716 ServerApp] jupyterlab | extension was successfully linked.
 I 2022-01-15 22:38:49.219 ServerApp] pholossic Laytension
 I 2022-01-15 22:38:49.266 ServerApp]
                                      The port 8888 is already in use, trying another port.
 I 2022-01-15 22:38:49.266 ServerApp] The port 8889 is already in use, trying another port.
 I 2022-01-15 22:38:49.275 LabApp] JupycerLub extension touded from /osers/jurvis/ope/unaconda3/envs/CSC605/lib/python3.8/site-packages/jup
vterlab
 I 2022-01-15 22:38:49.275 LabApp] JupyterLab application directory is /Users/jarvis/opt/anaconda3/envs/CSC605/share/jupyter/lab
  2022-01-15 22:38:49.279 ServerApp] jupyterlab | extension was successfully loaded.
  2022-01-15 22:38:49.285 ServerApp] nbclassic | extension was successfully loaded.
  2022-01-15 22:38:49.286 ServerApp] Sarving notabooks from local directory: (Usars/jarvis/GooglaDrive/Work/UNCG/CSC-105-605 Sring 2022
  2022-01-15 22:38:49.286 ServerApp
                                      Jupyter Server 1.4.1 is running at:
  2022-01-15 22:38:49.286 ServerApp
                                      http://localhost:8890/lab?token=14bd80f90ebb84dfa57207ea8b306bbe99d956e29fb0d7b0
                                      or http://127.0.0.1:8890/lab?token=14bd80f90ebb84dfa57207ea8b306bbe99d956e29fb0d7b0
 T 2022-01-15 22:38:49.286 ServerApp
 I 2022-01-15 22:38:49.286 ServerApp
                                      Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
[C 2022-01-15 22:38:49.290 ServerApp]
   To access the server, open this file in a browser:
       file:///Users/jarvis/Library/Jupyter/runtime/jpserver-55132-open.html
   Or copy and paste one of these URLs:
       http://localhost:8890/lab?token=14bd80f90ebb84dfa57207ea8b306bbe99d956e29fb0d7b0
    or http://127.0.0.1:8890/lab?token=14bd80f90ebb84dfa57207ea8b306bbe99d956e29fb0d7b0
```



Cloud Resources

- Microsoft Azure UNCG
 - https://kangaroo.uncg.edu
 - Login with Spartan ID
 - May show security exception, just confirm it and proceed
 - May take a few minutes to startup
- Google CoLab
 - https://colab.research.google.com/notebooks/welcome.ipynb
 - Links to google drive for data
- Both have limitations
 - Using your own laptop/desktop gives you more control
- Use whatever makes you comfortable
 - Support only for local installations using class conda environment



IPython Tutorial

