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1 •  Create database insurance_db;
2 •  use insurance_db;
3
4 •  create table insurance_data(
5     customerid int primary key auto_increment,
6     age int not null ,
7     gender enum('male','female') not null,
8     bmi decimal(5,2) check(bmi between 0 and 70),
9     children int default 0 check(children>=0),
10    is_smoker enum('yes','no')not null,
11    region enum('northeast','northwest','southeast','southwest'),
12    charges decimal (10,2)check(charges >=0)not null,
13    bmi_category varchar (20),
14    risk_level enum ('High risk', 'low risk') not null
15 );
16

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17
18      -- "Is the insurance customer data correctly loaded and structured for analysis? --
19 •  select customerid,age,gender,bmi,is_smoker,region,charges,bmi_category,risk_level
20   from insurance_data
21   limit 10;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: \_\_\_\_\_ | Edit: Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

	customerid	age	gender	bmi	is_smoker	region	charges	bmi_category	risk_level
▶	1	19	female	27.90	yes	southwest	16884.92	overweight	low risk
2	18	male	33.77	no	southeast	1725.55	obese	low risk	
3	28	male	33.00	no	southeast	4449.46	obese	low risk	
4	33	male	22.71	no	northwest	21984.47	Normal	low risk	
5	32	male	28.88	no	northwest	3866.86	overweight	low risk	
6	31	female	25.74	no	southeast	3756.62	overweight	low risk	
7	46	female	33.44	no	southeast	8240.59	obese	low risk	
8	37	female	27.74	no	northwest	7281.51	overweight	low risk	
9	37	male	29.83	no	northeast	6406.41	overweight	low risk	
10	60	female	25.84	no	northwest	28923.14	overweight	low risk	
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

24
25      -- 1.How many customers do we have and what is the overall range of insurance charges? --
26      -- Business overview (KPI's) --
27
28 •  select count(*) as total_customers,
29      round(avg(charges),2) as avg_charge,
30      min(charges) as min_charges,
31      max(charges) as max_charges
32   from insurance_data;

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Result Grid | Filter Rows: \_\_\_\_\_ | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	total_customers	avg_charge	min_charges	max_charges
▶	1337	13279.12	1121.87	63770.43

```

34      -- 2.Do smokers pay higher insurance charges than non-smokers? --
35      -- impact analysis of Smoker vs Non-smoker --
36
37 •   select is_smoker,
38      count(*) as total_customers,
39      round(avg(charges),2) as avg_charges
40      from insurance_data
41      group by is_smoker;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

is_smoker	total_customers	avg_charges
yes	274	32050.23
no	1063	8440.66

```

42
43      -- 3.Is there a big difference in insurance charges between male and female customers? --
44      -- Gender wise average charge analysis --
45
46 •   select gender,
47      count(*) as total_customers,
48      round(avg(charges),2) as avg_charges
49      from insurance_data
50      group by gender;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

gender	total_customers	avg_charges
female	662	12569.58
male	675	13975.00

```

52      -- 4. Which region generates the highest insurance revenue? --
53      -- Region wise business performance analysis --
54
55 •   select region,
56      count(*) as total_Customers,
57      round(avg(charges),2) as avg_charge,
58      round(sum(charges),2) as total_revenue
59      from insurance_data
60      group by region
61      order by total_revenue desc;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

region	total_Customers	avg_charge	total_revenue
southeast	364	14735.41	5363689.80
northeast	324	13406.38	4343668.64
northwest	324	12450.84	4034072.37
southwest	325	12346.94	4012754.82

```

63      -- 5.Does the number of children affect insurance charges? --
64      -- Children count impact on insurance premium --
65
66 •   select children,
67      count(*) as total_customers,
68      round(avg(charges),2) as avg_charge
69      from insurance_data
70      group by children
71      order by avg_charge desc ;

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Result Grid | Filter Rows:  Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	children	total_customers	avg_charge
▶	3	157	15355.32
	2	240	15073.56
	4	25	13850.66
	1	324	12731.17
	0	573	12384.70
	5	18	8786.04

```

73      -- 6.Do customers with higher BMI pay more insurance charges? --
74      -- category wise BMI analysis --
75
76
77 •   select bmi_category,
78      count(*) as total_people,
79      round(avg(charges),2) as avg_charge
80
81      from insurance_data
82      group by bmi_category
83      order by avg_charge desc ;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	bmi_category	total_people	avg_charge
▶	obese	706	15572.04
	overweight	386	10987.51
	Normal	225	10409.34
	Underweight	20	8852.20

```

85      -- 7.How much higher are the insurance charges for high-risk customers compared to low-risk customers? --
86      -- High risk vs low risk customer analysis --
87
88 •   select risk_level,
89      count(*) as total_customers,
90      round(avg(charges),2)as avg_charge
91      from insurance_data
92      group by risk_level
93      order by avg_charge desc ;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	risk_level	total_customers	avg_charge
▶	High risk	144	41692.81
	low risk	1193	9849.47

```

95      -- 8.How do insurance charges change with age? --
96      -- impact of Age Group on insurance premium analysis --
97
98
99 •   select
100     case when age < 25 then 'Below 25'
101       when age between 25 and 40 then '25-40'
102       when age between 41 and 60 then '41-60'
103       else '60 +'
104     end as age_group,
105
106    count(*) as total_customers,
107    round(avg(charges),2) as avg_charge
108  from insurance_data
109  group by age_group
110  order by avg_charge desc;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

age_group	total_customers	avg_charge
60 +	91	21063.16
41-60	546	15888.76
25-40	423	11013.39
Below 25	277	9037.95

```

112      -- 9. Who are the top 10 customers with the highest insurance charges? --
113      -- Top 10 highest paying customers --
114
115 •   SELECT age, gender, is_smoker, bmi, children, charges
116  FROM insurance_data
117  ORDER BY charges DESC
118  LIMIT 10;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows: |

age	gender	is_smoker	bmi	children	charges
54	female	yes	47.41	0	63770.43
45	male	yes	30.36	0	62592.87
52	male	yes	34.49	3	60021.40
31	female	yes	38.10	1	58571.07
33	female	yes	35.53	0	55135.40
60	male	yes	32.80	0	52590.83
28	male	yes	36.40	1	51194.56
64	male	yes	36.96	2	49577.66
59	male	yes	41.14	1	48970.25
44	female	yes	38.06	0	48885.14

```

120      -- 10. Who is the highest-cost smoker in each region? --
121      -- region wise top costly smoker persons --
122
123 •   select * from
124     (select region,age,gender,charges,
125      rank() over(partition by region order by charges desc )as rnk
126     from insurance_data
127     where is_smoker = 'yes'
128     ) t
129
130     where rnk = 1;
131

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

region	age	gender	charges	rnk
northeast	31	female	58571.07	1
northwest	52	male	60021.40	1
southeast	54	female	63770.43	1
southwest	60	male	52590.83	1