To create a COVID-19 cases analysis allotment using data analysis, we can follow these steps:

- 1. Collect data on COVID-19 cases. This data can be collected from a variety of sources, such as the World Health Organization (WHO), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), or local health departments.
- 2. Clean and prepare the data. This may involve removing any duplicate data, correcting any errors, and formatting the data in a consistent way.
- 3. Analyze the data. This may involve using a variety of statistical methods, such as descriptive statistics, regression analysis, and machine learning.
- 4. Create a COVID-19 cases analysis allotment. This allotment should be based on the findings of the data analysis. For example, we might allot more resources to areas with higher rates of COVID-19 cases or to areas with more vulnerable populations.

## Appcode:

The following is a simple approach for analyzing COVID-19 cases and allocating resources:

## Python:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
# Load the data
data = pd.read_csv('covid_data.csv')
```

# Split the data into training and test sets

X\_train, X\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(data[['cases', 'severity']],
data['resources'], test\_size=0.25)

```
# Train a linear regression model
model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

# Make predictions on the test set y\_pred = model.predict(X\_test)

# Evaluate the model r2\_score = model.score(X\_test, y\_test) print('R-squared score:', r2\_score)

# Plot the predicted and actual resources plt.plot(y\_pred, 'b-', label='Predicted')

```
plt.plot(y_test, 'r-', label='Actual')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Days')
plt.ylabel('Resources')
plt.title('COVID-19 Resources Prediction')
plt.show()

# Allocate resources based on the predictions
allocations = model.predict(data[['cases', 'severity']])

# Print the allocations
print('Allocations:', allocations)python
```

This is just a simple example, and more sophisticated approaches can be developed using more advanced data analytics techniques.

## Conclusion:

Data analytics can be used to develop powerful tools for analyzing COVID-19 cases and allocating resources. These tools can help to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of COVID-19 response efforts.