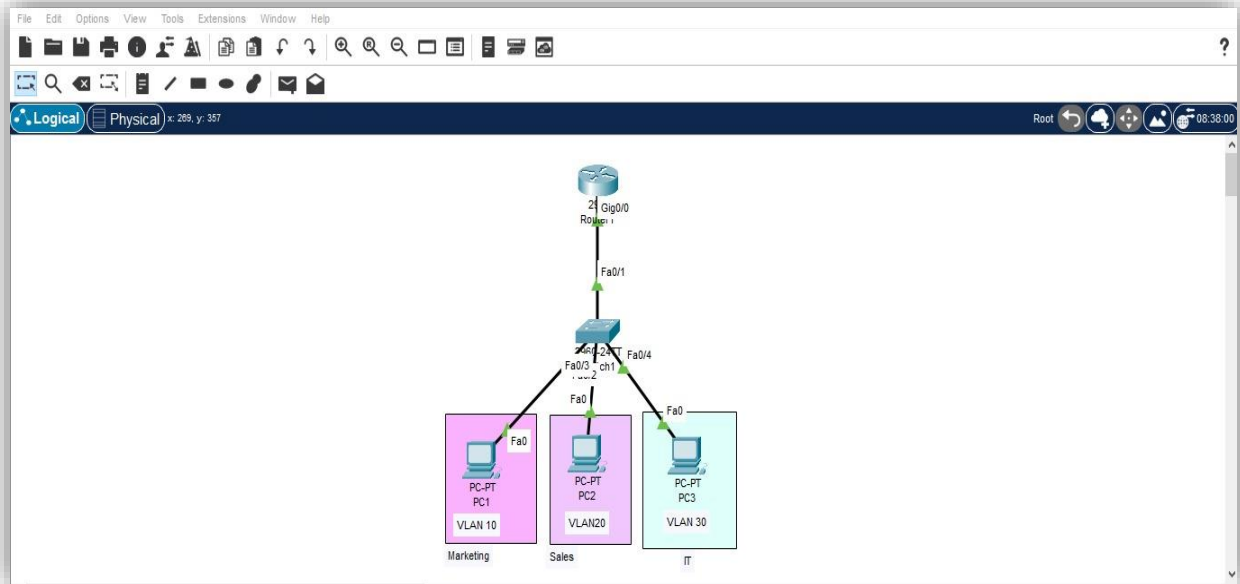


## PROJECT NAME: MULTI-VLAN NETWORK WITH DHCP SERVER ON ROUTER(ROUTER-ON-A-STICK)



- **Core Device:**
  - One Layer 3 capable Router (e.g., Cisco 2911 router or similar)
- **Access Layer Device:**
  - One Layer 2 Switch (e.g., Cisco 2960 switch or similar)
- **End Devices:**
  - Three PCs (representing users in different departments).

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway	VLAN
Router	G0/0.10 (Subinterface)	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	10
Router	G0/0.20 (Subinterface)	192.168.20.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	20
Router	G0/0.30 (Subinterface)	192.168.30.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	30
Switch	F0/1 (Trunk Port)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Switch	F0/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	10
Switch	F0/3	N/A	N/A	N/A	20
Switch	F0/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	30

## **Router Configuration**

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#hostname R1

R1(config)#int g0/0

R1(config-if)#no shut

! Create subinterfaces

R1(config)#int g0/0.10

R1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1Q 10

R1(config-subif)#ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0

R1(config-subif)#ex

R1(config)#int g0/0.20

R1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1Q 20

R1(config-subif)#ip address 192.168.20.1 255.255.255.0

R1(config-subif)#ex

R1(config)#int g0/0.30

R1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1Q 30

R1(config-subif)#ip address 192.168.30.1 255.255.255.0

R1(config-subif)#ex

## **! Configure DHCP Pools**

R1(config)#ip dhcp pool Marketing\_Pool

R1(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0

```
R1(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.10.1
R1(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8
R1(dhcp-config)#ex
R1(config)#ip dhcp pool Sales_Pool
R1(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.20.0 255.255.255.0
R1(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.20.1
R1(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8
R1(dhcp-config)#ex

R1(config)#ip dhcp pool IT_Pool
R1(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.30.0 255.255.255.0
R1(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.30.1
R1(dhcp-config)#dns-server 8.8.8.8
R1(dhcp-config)#ex
R1#copy running-config startup-config
```

## **Switch Configuration**

```
Switch>enable
Switch#configure terminal
Switch(config)#hostname S1
S1(config)#vlan 10
S1(config-vlan)#name Marketing
S1(config-vlan)#ex

S1(config)#vlan 20
S1(config-vlan)#name Sales
```

S1(config-vlan)#exit

S1(config)#vlan 30

S1(config-vlan)#name IT

S1(config-vlan)#ex

### **! Configure Trunk Port**

S1(config)#int f0/1

S1(config-if)#switchport mode trunk

S1(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,20,30

S1(config-if)#ex

### **! Assign Access Ports**

S1(config)#int f0/2

S1(config-if)#switchport mode access

S1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10

S1(config-if)#ex

S1(config)#int f0/3

S1(config-if)#switchport mode access

S1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 20

S1(config-if)#ex

S1(config)#int f0/4

S1(config-if)#switchport mode access

S1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30

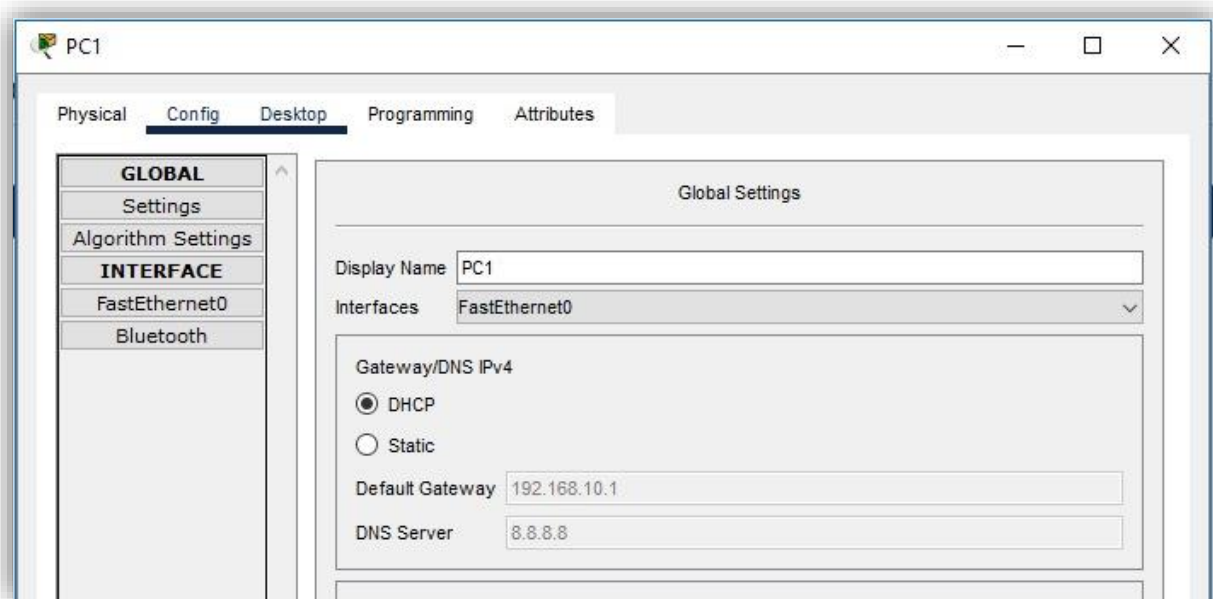
S1(config-if)#ex

S1(config)#ex

S1#copy running-config startup-config

### Verification:

1. **DHCP Address Assignment:** Check the IP configuration on each PC. Each PC should have received an IP address from the router. Use ipconfig (Windows) or ifconfig (Linux) to view the assigned IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.



2. **Ping between PCs in the same VLAN:**

- PC-MKT to another PC on VLAN 10, and so on,
- This should work.

3. **Ping between PCs in different VLANs:**

- PC-MKT (VLAN 10) to PC-SAL (VLAN 20), PC-IT(VLAN 30) etc.
- This should work because of inter-VLAN routing.

The screenshot shows a PC1 desktop environment with a taskbar at the top containing icons for Physical, Config, Desktop, Programming, and Attributes. The Desktop tab is active. A Command Prompt window is open, displaying the following text:

```
C:\>ping 192.168.20.1

Pinging 192.168.20.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.20.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.20.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.20.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.20.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.20.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

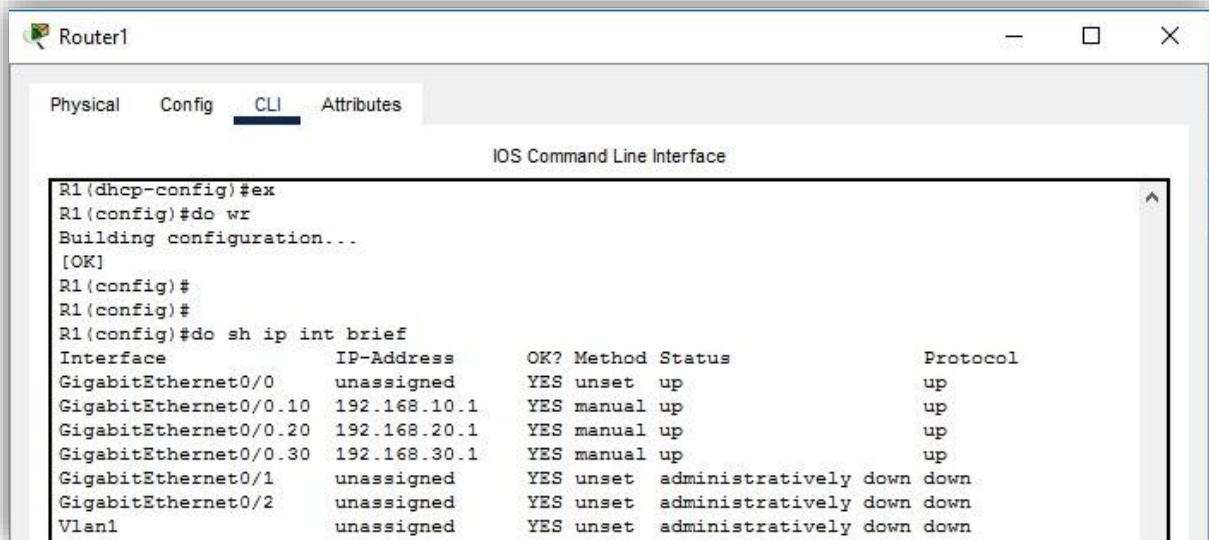
C:\>ping 192.168.30.1

Pinging 192.168.30.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.30.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.30.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.30.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.30.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.30.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

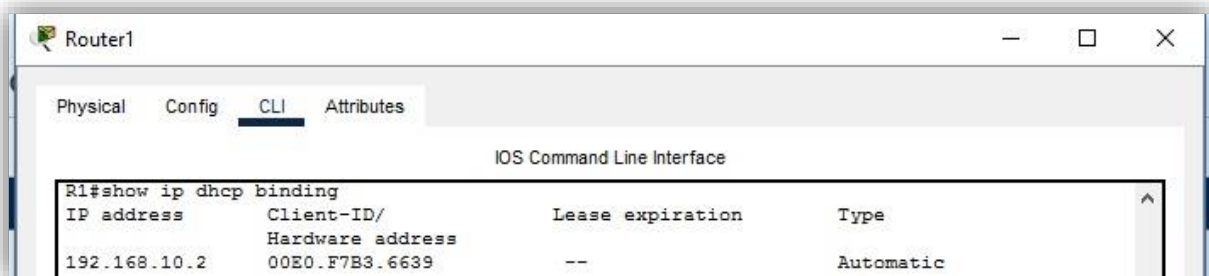
4. **Use show ip interface brief** on the Router to see subinterface IP addresses.



The screenshot shows the Router1 CLI window with the 'CLI' tab selected. The command 'show ip interface brief' has been executed, displaying a table of interface configurations.

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status	Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	up	up
GigabitEthernet0/0.10	192.168.10.1	YES	manual	up	up
GigabitEthernet0/0.20	192.168.20.1	YES	manual	up	up
GigabitEthernet0/0.30	192.168.30.1	YES	manual	up	up
GigabitEthernet0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
GigabitEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down
Vlan1	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively down	down

5. **Use show ip dhcp binding** on the Router to check DHCP address leases.



The screenshot shows the Router1 CLI window with the 'CLI' tab selected. The command 'show ip dhcp binding' has been executed, displaying a table of DHCP bindings.

IP address	Client-ID/ Hardware address	Lease expiration	Type
192.168.10.2	00E0.F7B3.6639	--	Automatic

6. **Use show vlan brief on the switch** to check VLAN port assignments.
7. **Use show interface trunk on the switch** to check the trunk link status.



Switch1

Physical Config CLI Attributes

IOS Command Line Interface

```
SW1>
SW1>en
SW1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW1(config)#do sh vlan brief
```

VLAN Name	Status	Ports
1 default	active	Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8 Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12 Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16 Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20 Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24 Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10 Marketing	active	Fa0/2
20 Sales	active	Fa0/3
30 IT	active	Fa0/4
1002 fddi-default	active	
1003 token-ring-default	active	
1004 fddinet-default	active	
1005 trnet-default	active	

```
SW1(config)#do sh int trunk
```

Port	Mode	Encapsulation	Status	Native vlan
Fa0/1	on	802.1q	trunking	1

Port	Vlans allowed on trunk
Fa0/1	10,20,30

Port	Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Fa0/1	10,20,30

Port	Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Fa0/1	10,20,30