LING/C SC 581:

Advanced Computational Linguistics

Lecture 18

Today's Topic

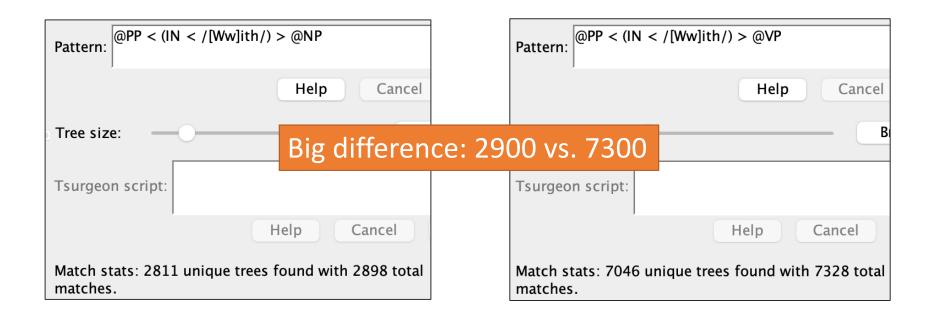
- Homework 8 Review
- ptb package in nltk
- c-command

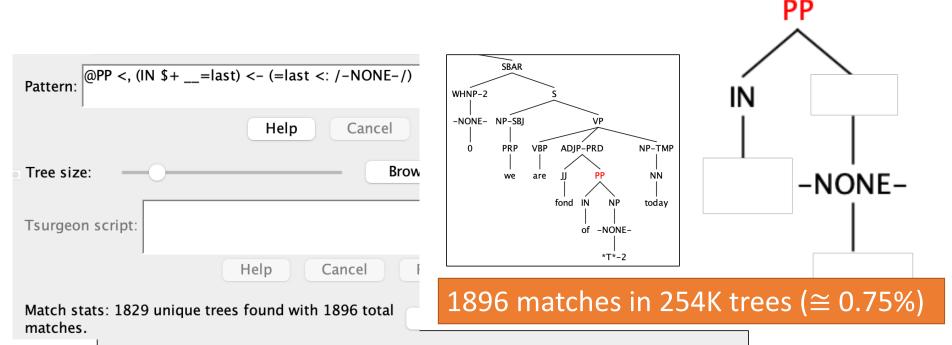
	Statistics Histor	у
Pattern	Trees Matched	Total Matches
PP > NP	36030	52977
@PP > @NP	52115	86462
PP > VP	31323	38658
@PP > @VP	65417	96161

- Are there more cases of PP attachment to NPs or VPs?
 - 86K vs. 96K (almost the same)
 - 53K vs. 39K

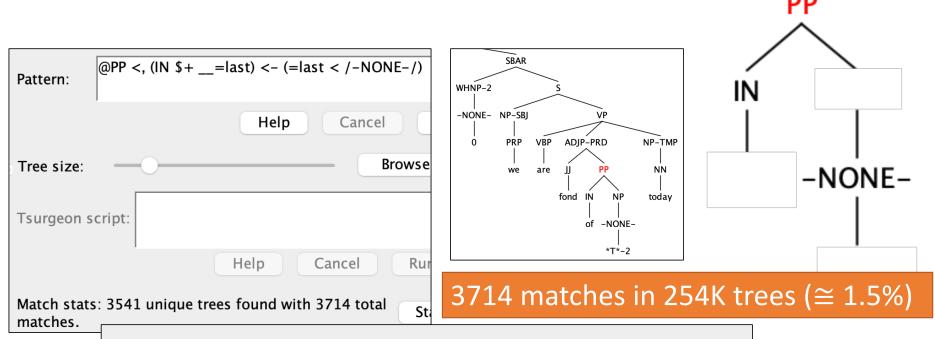
Problem with memory size? Just give java more memory as I explained in class:

2 java -mx2000m -cp `dirname \$0`/stanford-tregex.jar edu.stanford.nlp.trees.treg ex.gui.TregexGUI



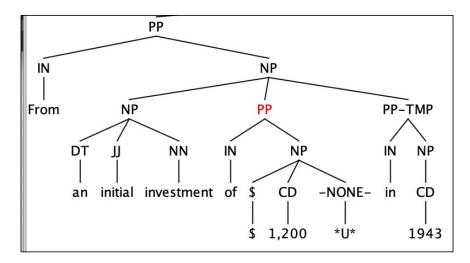


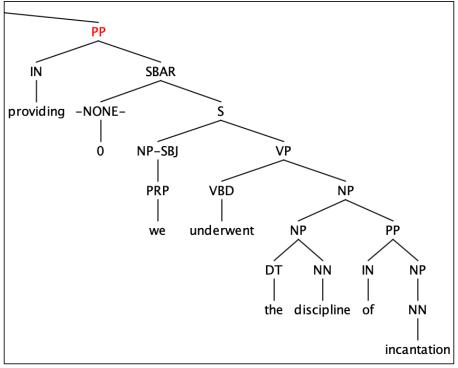
Browse stats: 253568 trees found in the selected files



Browse stats: 253568 trees found in the selected files

Overgeneration: < vs <:





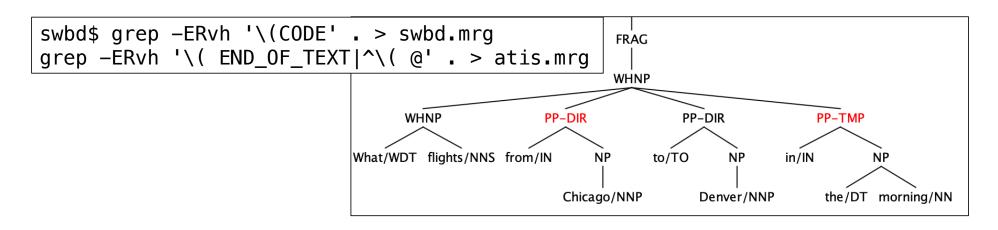
Corpus	Number	Total	%
Brown	282	24243	1.2
WSJ	246	49208	0.5
SWB	1368	*177804	0.8
ATIS	0	*2309	0

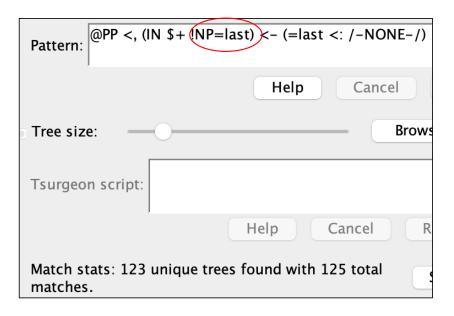
swbd

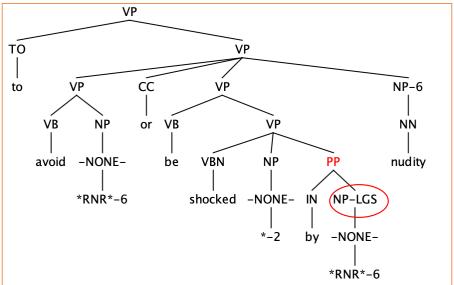
```
13¶
14( (CODE (SYM SpeakerA1) (. .) )) \[
15( (INTJ (UH Okay) (. .) (-DFL- E_S) )) [
16( (S ¶
17
      (INTJ (UH Uh) )¶
      (,,)
18
19
      (ADVP-TMP (RB first))
      (, ,) ¶
20
21
      (INTJ (UH um) )
22
      (,,)
      (NP-SBJ-1 (PRP I) )
23
      (VP (VBP need)
24
```

atis

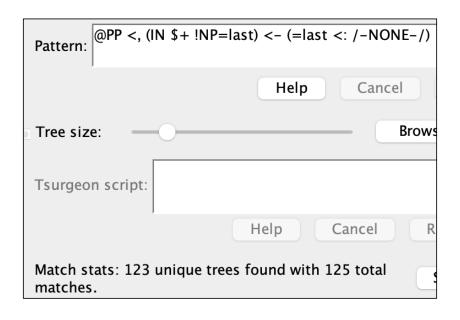
Corpus	Number	Total	%
Brown	282	24243	1.2
WSJ	246	49208	0.5
SWB	1368	111154	1.2
ATIS	0	578	0

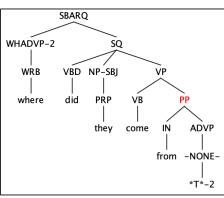


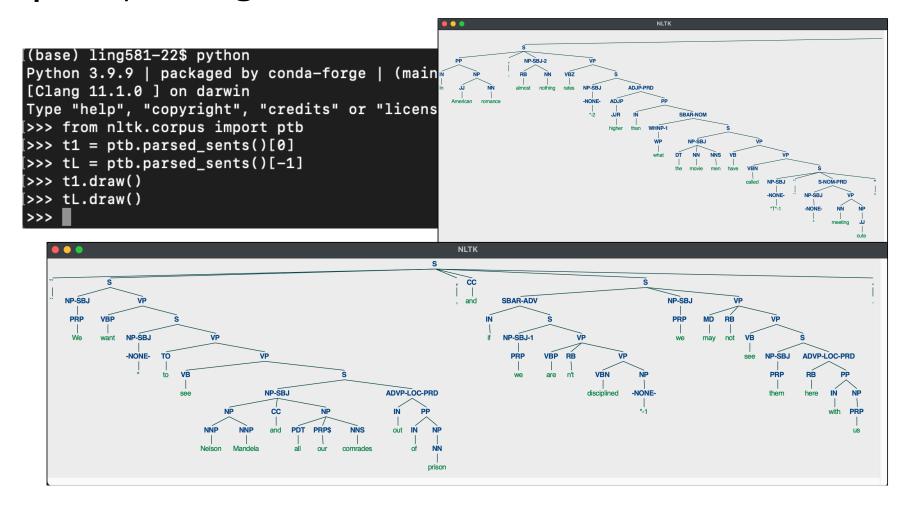




LGS: Logical Subject RNR: Right Node Raising







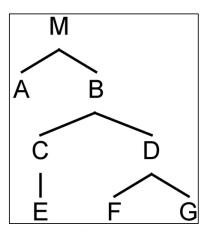
```
>>> t1.label()
'S'
>>> t1.height()
16
>>> t1[0]
>>> t1[1]
Tree(':', ['--'])
>>> t1[2]
>>> t1[3]
Tree('.', ['.'])
>>> t1[4]
Traceback (most recent call last):
                                                                                                             nltk.tree.tree module
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
  File "/opt/miniconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/nltk/tree/tree.py", line 156, in __getitem_
   return list.__getitem__(self, index)
IndexError: list index out of range
>>> len(t1)
```

https://www.nltk.org/api/nltk.tree.tree.html

- Linguistic definition (logic):
 - X c-commands Y iff \exists Z, W such that Z < X and Z < W, W \neq X, (W = Y or W << Y).

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/C-command

- M does not c-command any node because it dominates all other nodes.
- A c-commands B, C, D, E, F, and G.
- B c-commands A.
- C c-commands D, F, and G.
- D c-commands C and E.
- E does not c-command any node because it does not have a sister node or any daughter nodes.
- F c-commands G.
- G c-commands F.



```
    ccommand.py

 1# (c) Sandiway Fong, University of Arizona, 2022
                                                            itertools.permutations(iterable, r=None)
 2 from itertools import permutations
                                                                 Return successive r length permutations of elements in the iterable.
 3 from nltk.tree import Tree
 4t1 = Tree.fromstring("(S (NP I) (VP (V saw) (NP him)))")
 5t2 = Tree.fromstring("(M A (B (C E) (D F G)))")
                                                                              Why yield from?
 7def dom(x):¶
                                               A Python generator is a form of coroutine, but has the limitation that it can only yield to its
      yield x¶
                                                immediate caller. This means that a piece of code containing a yield cannot be factored out and
      if not isinstance(x, str):¶
                                                put into a separate function in the same way as other code. Performing such a factoring causes
           for y in x: ¶
10
               yield from dom(y)¶
                                               the called function to itself become a generator, and it is necessary to explicitly iterate over this
11
12
                                               second generator and re-yield any values that it produces.
13def cc(x):¶
14
      if len(x) > 1:¶
15
           for y,z in permutations(x, 2):\P
16
               for w in dom(z): ¶
                   print(y, 'c-commands', w)¶
17
18
           for u in x: T
19
               cc(u)¶
```

- Let's test the code as follows:
 - python −i ccommand.py
 - cc(t1)

```
1# (c) Sandiway Fong, University of Arizona, 2022
2 from itertools import permutations
3 from nltk.tree import Tree
4t1 = Tree.fromstring("(S (NP I) (VP (V saw) (NP him)))")
5t2 = Tree.fromstring("(M A (B (C E) (D F G)))")
6t3 = Tree.fromstring("(TOP (S (NP I) (VP (V saw) (NP him))))")
8def dom(x):¶
     yield x¶
      if not isinstance(x, str):
11
          for y in x: ¶
12
              yield from dom(y)¶
13
14def cc(x):¶
      if not isinstance(x, str):
16
          if len(x) > 1:¶
17
              for y,z in permutations(x, 2):\P
18
                  for w in dom(z):
                      print(y, 'c-commands', w)¶
              for u in x: ¶
                  cc(u)¶
22
          else:¶
             cc(x[0])
```

- ccommand2.py
- Handles unary branching:
 - e.g. (TOP (S ...)) in t3