



Digital Logic Design: Unit 1 MCQs

Number Systems & Base

1. What is the base of the decimal number system?

- A) 2
- B) 8
- C) 10
- D) 16

Answer: C) 10

2. What is the base of the binary number system?

- A) 2
- B) 10
- C) 8
- D) 1

Answer: A) 2

3. What is the base of the octal number system?

- A) 16
- B) 10
- C) 8
- D) 2

Answer: C) 8

4. What is the base of the hexadecimal number system?

- A) 8
- B) 16
- C) 10
- D) 32

Answer: B) 16

5. Which number system uses only the digits 0 and 1?

- A) Decimal
- B) Octal
- C) Hexadecimal
- D) Binary

Answer: D) Binary

6. The term 'radix' is also known as?

- A) Digit
- B) Base
- C) Bit
- D) Power

Answer: B) Base

7. How many unique digits are there in the octal number system?

- A) 7
- B) 8



C) 9

D) 10

Answer: B) 8 (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)

8. What does the digit 'B' represent in the hexadecimal system?

A) 10

B) 11

C) 12

D) 13

Answer: B) 11

9. What is the weight of the digit '5' in the number 257?

A) 10^0

B) 10^1

C) 10^2

D) 10^3

Answer: B) 10^1 or 10

10. What is the weight of the LSB (Least Significant Bit) in a binary number?

A) 2^1

B) 2^2

C) 2^0

D) 2^{-1}

Answer: C) 2^0 or 1

11. What is the weight of the MSB (Most Significant Bit) in the binary number 1011?

A) 2^0

B) 2^1

C) 2^2

D) 2^3

Answer: D) 2^3 or 8

12. What character represents the value 15 in hexadecimal?

A) E

B) F

C) 15

D) G

Answer: B) F

13. A group of 4 bits is called a _____.

A) Byte

B) Word

C) Nibble

D) Bit

Answer: C) Nibble

14. A group of 8 bits is called a _____.

A) Nibble

B) Byte



C) Word

D) Group

Answer: B) Byte

15. Which number system is most commonly used in digital electronics?

A) Decimal

B) Binary

C) Octal

D) Roman

Answer: B) Binary

16. What is the positional value of 'A' in the hexadecimal number 3A1F?

A) 16^0

B) 16^1

C) 16^2

D) 16^3

Answer: C) 16^2 or 256

17. In the number $(734)_8$, what is the significance of the subscript 8?

A) It's the largest digit.

B) It's the total number of digits.

C) It indicates the base is Octal.

D) It is a calculation hint.

Answer: C) It indicates the base is Octal.

18. What is the largest single digit in the hexadecimal system?

A) 9

B) 16

C) G

D) F

Answer: D) F (which is 15 in decimal)

19. What is the largest single digit in the octal system?

A) 7

B) 8

C) 9

D) F

Answer: A) 7

20. Is '8' a valid digit in the octal system?

A) Yes

B) No

C) Only at the end

D) Only at the beginning

Answer: B) No

Number System Conversions

21. What is the decimal equivalent of the binary number 101?

A) 4



- B) 5
- C) 6
- D) 7

Answer: B) 5 ($12^2 + 02^1 + 1 \cdot 2^0 = 4 + 0 + 1$)

22. How is the decimal number 10 represented in binary?

- A) 1000
- B) 1010
- C) 1100
- D) 1001

Answer: B) 1010

23. What is the binary equivalent of the octal number 7?

- A) 111
- B) 101
- C) 110
- D) 001

Answer: A) 111

24. Convert the hexadecimal number 'A' to binary.

- A) 1001
- B) 1100
- C) 1010
- D) 1110

Answer: C) 1010

25. What is the octal equivalent of the binary number 110101?

- A) 55
- B) 65
- C) 66
- D) 56

Answer: B) 65 (Grouped as 110 101 -> 6 5)

26. What is the hexadecimal equivalent of the binary number 11011010?

- A) CA
- B) DA
- C) DB
- D) CB

Answer: B) DA (Grouped as 1101 1010 -> D A)

27. Convert the decimal number 25 to hexadecimal.

- A) 19
- B) 1A
- C) F1
- D) 91

Answer: A) 19 ($25 / 16 = 1$ remainder 9)

28. What is the decimal value of the octal number 23?

- A) 19
- B) 20



C) 18

D) 23

Answer: A) 19 ($28^1 + 38^0 = 16 + 3$)

29. What is the decimal value of the hexadecimal number 1A?

A) 25

B) 26

C) 27

D) 36

Answer: B) 26 ($116^1 + 1016^0 = 16 + 10$)

30. To convert a binary number to octal, you group the bits in sets of ____.

A) 2

B) 3

C) 4

D) 8

Answer: B) 3

31. To convert a binary number to hexadecimal, you group the bits in sets of ____.

A) 2

B) 3

C) 4

D) 8

Answer: C) 4

32. Convert $(52)_8$ to decimal.

A) 42

B) 52

C) 40

D) 25

Answer: A) 42 ($58^1 + 28^0 = 40 + 2$)

33. Convert $(10110)_2$ to decimal.

A) 20

B) 22

C) 24

D) 16

Answer: B) 22 ($16 + 0 + 4 + 2 + 0$)

34. What is the octal equivalent of the hexadecimal number 1F?

A) 37

B) 40

C) 3F

D) 73

Answer: A) 37 (1F \rightarrow 0001 1111 \rightarrow 011 111 \rightarrow 3 7)

35. Convert the decimal number 8 to binary.

A) 100

B) 10000



C) 1000

D) 1110

Answer: C) 1000

36. What is the binary representation of the decimal number 15?

A) 1111

B) 1001

C) 1110

D) 1011

Answer: A) 1111

37. Convert the octal number 62 to binary.

A) 110010

B) 101011

C) 010110

D) 111001

Answer: A) 110010 (6 -> 110, 2 -> 010)

38. Convert the hexadecimal number B4 to binary.

A) 10110100

B) 10110010

C) 11000100

D) 10100100

Answer: A) 10110100 (B -> 1011, 4 -> 0100)

39. What is the main method for converting decimal to another base?

A) Successive Multiplication

B) Successive Division

C) Grouping

D) Sum of weights

Answer: B) Successive Division

40. What is the hexadecimal equivalent of $(75)_{10}$?

A) 4A

B) 4B

C) 5B

D) 75

Answer: B) 4B ($75 / 16 = 4$ remainder 11 (B))