DIP LAB 9

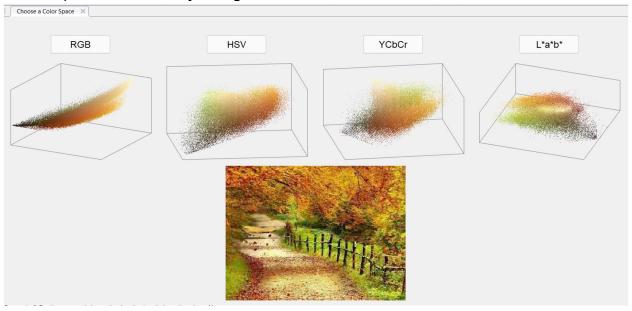
V.M. Bhuvanesh 19BCD7088

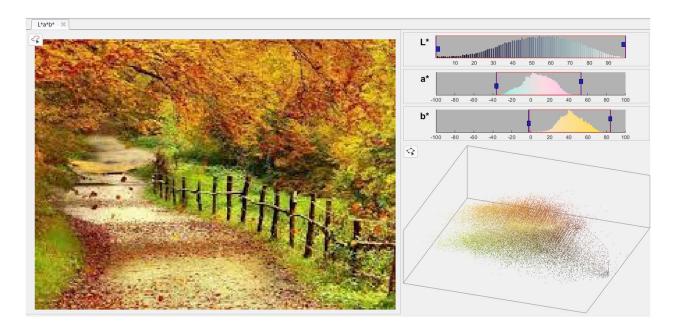
Image Segmentation using thresholding

Original image:

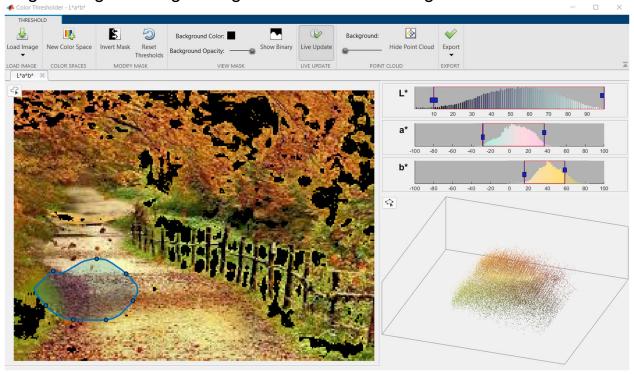


Color spaces shown by image:

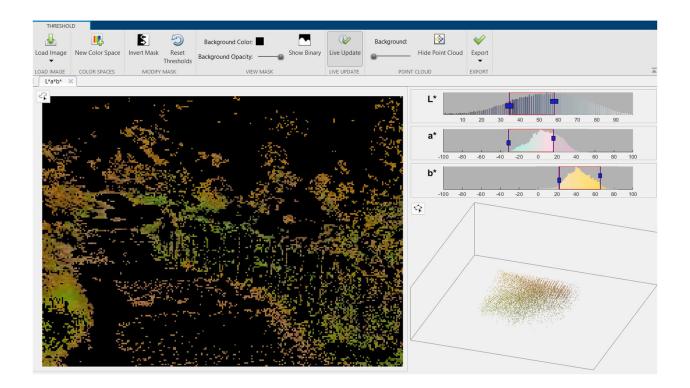




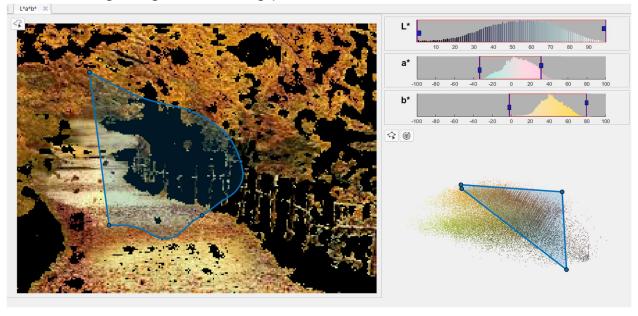
Segmenting the image using automatic thresholding:



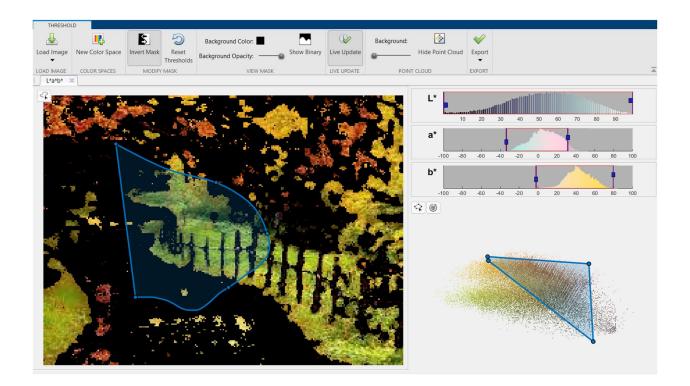
Refining automatic thresholding using color controls:



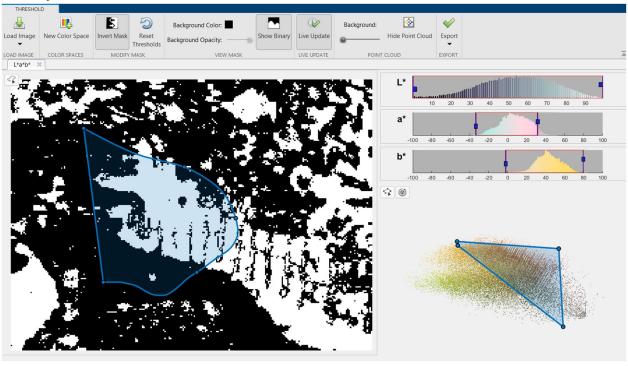
Thresholding image color using point cloud:



Invert mask:



Binary mask:



Code required to recreate the segmentation:

maskedRGBImage(repmat(~BW,[1 1 3])) = 0;

```
lab2.m x lab3.m x lab4.m x lab5.m x lab5.m x lab5c.m x lab5c.m x lab5c.m x lab5d.m x lab6.m x lab6.m x lab7.m x lab8.m x untitled
 1 <del>-</del> 2 <del>-</del>
        function [BW, maskedRGBImage] = createMask(RGB)
        %createMask Threshold RGB image using auto-generated code from colorThresholder app.
        % [BW,MASKEDRGBIMAGE] = createMask(RGB) thresholds image RGB using
 3
        % auto-generated code from the colorThresholder app. The colorspace and
 4
        % range for each channel of the colorspace were set within the app. The
 5
 6
        % segmentation mask is returned in BW, and a composite of the mask and
 7
        % original RGB images is returned in maskedRGBImage.
 8
        % Auto-generated by colorThresholder app on 12-May-2022
10
11
        RGB=imread("nature.jpg");
12
        % Convert RGB image to chosen color space
13
        I = rgb2lab(RGB);
14
15
        % Define thresholds for channel 1 based on histogram settings
16
        channel1Min = 0.196;
17
        channel1Max = 98.960;
18
19
        % Define thresholds for channel 2 based on histogram settings
20
21
        channel2Min = -33.493;
        channel2Max = 31.552;
22
23
        % Define thresholds for channel 3 based on histogram settings
24
25
        channel3Min = -2.092;
        channel3Max = 79.544;
26
27
        % Create mask based on chosen histogram thresholds
28
        sliderBW = (I(:,:,1) >= channel1Min) & (I(:,:,1) <= channel1Max) & ...
29
            (T(:::2) >= channel2Min ) & (T(:::2) <= channel2Max) & ...
30
Command Window
           (\underline{\iota}(:,:,s)) >= \text{channersmin} ) \dot{\alpha} (\underline{\iota}(:,:,s) <= \text{channersmax});
31
32
       % Create mask based on selected regions of interest on point cloud projection
33
       I = double(I);
34
       [m,n,\sim] = size(I);
35
       polyBW = false([m,n]);
36
37
       I = reshape(I,[m*n 3]);
       temp = I(:,1);
38
       I(:,1) = I(:,2);
39
40
       I(:,2) = I(:,3);
41
       I(:,3) = temp;
       clear temp
42
43
44
       % Project 3D data into 2D projected view from current camera view point within app
45
       J = rotateColorSpace(I);
46
       % Apply polygons drawn on point cloud in app
47
48
       polyBW = applyPolygons(J,polyBW);
49
       % Combine both masks
50
       BW = sliderBW & polyBW;
51
53
       % Invert mask
54
       BW = ~BW:
55
       % Initialize output masked image based on input image.
56
57
       maskedRGBImage = RGB;
58
       % Set background pixels where BW is false to zero.
59
```

```
62 L
63
64 📮
        function J = rotateColorSpace(I)
65
66
        % Translate the data to the mean of the current image within app
        shiftVec = [7.467597 43.019465 54.130602];
67
        I = I - shiftVec;
68
        I = [I \text{ ones}(size(I,1),1)]';
69
70
        % Apply transformation matrix
71
        tMat = [0.003618 -0.010458 -0.000000 0.307123;
72
73
            0.008955 0.003159 0.004643 -0.801875;
            0.005200 0.001835 -0.007997 8.772824;
74
75
            0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000];
76
        J = (tMat*I)';
77
78
        end
79
        function polyBW = applyPolygons(J,polyBW)
80 =
81
        % Define each manually generated ROI
82
83
        hPoints(1).data = [0.067122 -0.530150;
            0.592253 -0.598556;
84
            0.614817 -1.343426;
85
86
            0.071225 -0.568153];
87
88
        % Iteratively apply each ROI
89 E
        for ii = 1:length(hPoints)
            if size(hPoints(ii).data,1) > 2
90
                                              2) bosista(ii) data(. a) bosista(ii) data(.
       J = (tMat*I)';
77
78
       end
79
       function polyBW = applyPolygons(J,polyBW)
80 🖵
81
       \% Define each manually generated ROI
82
       hPoints(1).data = [0.067122 -0.530150;
83
84
          0.592253 -0.598556;
          0.614817 -1.343426;
85
          0.071225 -0.568153];
86
87
       % Iteratively apply each ROI
88
89
       for ii = 1:length(hPoints)
          if size(hPoints(ii).data,1) > 2
90
91
              in = inpolygon(J(:,1),J(:,2),hPoints(ii).data(:,1),hPoints(ii).data(:,2));
92
              in = reshape(in,size(polyBW));
             polyBW = polyBW | in;
93
94
95
       end
96
97
       end
```

