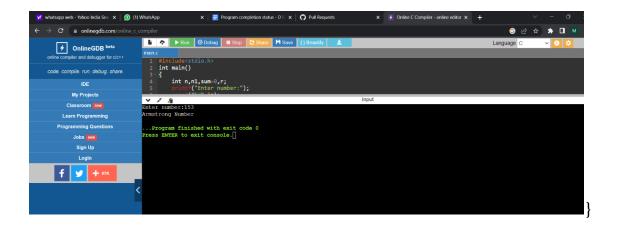
<u>UBA0672 – DAA [DAY – 1]</u>

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1.Armstrong number

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n,n1,sum=0,r;
    printf("Enter number:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    n1=n;
    while (n1>0)
    {
        r=n1%10;
        sum=sum+(r*r*r);
        n1=n1/10;
    }
    if(sum==n)
    {
        printf("Armstrong Number");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Not Armstrong Number");
    }
}
```



2.Time complexity 5 programs

Program-1:

```
Problem Statement 2:
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time
complexity using the counter method.
void function (int n)
    int i = 1, s = 1;
    while
(s \le n)
    {
                        í++;
                        s += i;
     }
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() st
Manually find the complexity using counter method and write the
same in observation
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
For example:
 Input Result
9
       12
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  function(n);
  return 0;
}
void function(int n)
  int c=0;
  int i=1,s=1;
  c++;
  c++;
  while(s<=n)
    c++;
    i++;
    c++;
    s+=i;
    c++;
  c++;
  printf("Time Complexity : %d",c);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa2.exe

12
Time Complexity : 15
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 4.510 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Program-2:

```
Problem
Statement 3:
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time
complexity using the counter method.
void func(int n)
     if
(n==1)
                        printf("");
            }
   else
                        for
(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
                                    for
(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
                                                printf
("");
                                                printf("");
                                                break;
                                    }
                        }
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() st
Manually find the complexity using counter method and write the
same in observation
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  function(n);
  return 0;
}
void function(int n)
  int c=0;
  c++;
  if(n==1)
     printf("");
     c++;
  }
  else
     for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
       c++;
       for(int j=1;j<=1;j++)
       {
          c++;
          printf("");c++;
          printf("");c++;
          break;
       }
       c++;
     c++;
  printf("Time Complexity : %d",c);
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa3.exe

14

Time Complexity : 72

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 3.578 s

Press any key to continue.
```

Program-3:

```
Problem Statement 4:
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time
complexity using counter method.
Factor(n) {
    for (i = 1; i \le num; ++i)
    {
               if (num % i== 0)
                printf("%d ", i);
   }
       return 0;
}
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and printf() statements.
Manually find the complexity using counter method and write the
same in observation
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  Factor(n);
  return 0;
}
int Factor(int n)
{
  int c=0;
  int i=0;
  c++;
  for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
     c++;
     c++;
     if(n%i==0)
       //printf("%d\n",i);
     }
  c++;
  printf("Time Complexity : %d",c);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa4.exe

10
Time Complexity : 22
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 1.964 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Program-4:

```
Problem Statement 5:
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time
complexity using counter method.
void function(int n)
   int c=0;
   for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
       for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
           for(int k=1; k< n; k = k * 2)
               C++;
}
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() st
Manually find the complexity using counter method and write the
same in observation
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  function(n);
  return 0;
}
void function(int n)
{
  int c=0,cn=0;
  cn++;
  for(int i=n/2;i<n;i++)
    cn++;
    for(int j=1;j< n;j=2*j)
       cn++;
       for(int k=1;k<n;k=k*2)
       {
         cn++;
         c++;
         cn++;
       cn++;
    cn++;
```

```
}
cn++;
printf("Time Complexity : %d",cn);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa5.exe

15

Time Complexity : 338

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.648 s

Press any key to continue.
```

Program-5:

```
Problem Statement 6:
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time
complexity using counter method.
void reverse(int n)
  int rev = 0, remainder;
  while (n = 0)
       remainder = n % 10;
       rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
       n/=10;
print(rev);
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() st
Manually find the complexity using counter method and write the
same in observation
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int n;
   scanf("%d",&n);
   reverse(n);
   return 0;
}

void reverse(int n)
{
   int c=0;
```

```
int rev=0,remainder;
  c++;
  while(n!=0)
    c++;
    remainder=n%10;
    c++;
    rev=rev*10+remainder;
    c++;
    n/=10;
    c++;
  }
  c++;
 //printf("%d",rev);
  c++;
 printf("Time Complexity : %d",c);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa6.exe

Time Complexity : 7

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 1.634 s

Press any key to continue.
```

3. Write a program to search a number in a list using binary search and estimate time complexity

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int c=0;
  int n,k,i,j,f=0,a[50];
  c++;
  printf("Enter number of elements:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    c++;
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  }
  c++;
  printf("Enter Element to search:");
  scanf("%d",&k);
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
     c++;
     c++;
    if(k==a[i])
     {
       printf("Element is found at index %d\n",i);
       f=1;
       c++;
```

```
}
c++;
c++;
if(f==0)
{
    printf("Element is not found");
}
printf("\nTime Complexity : %d",c);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa7-Ls.exe

Enter number of elements:5
Enter elements:

2

7

1

9

8
Enter Element to search:9
Element is found at index 3

Time Complexity: 20

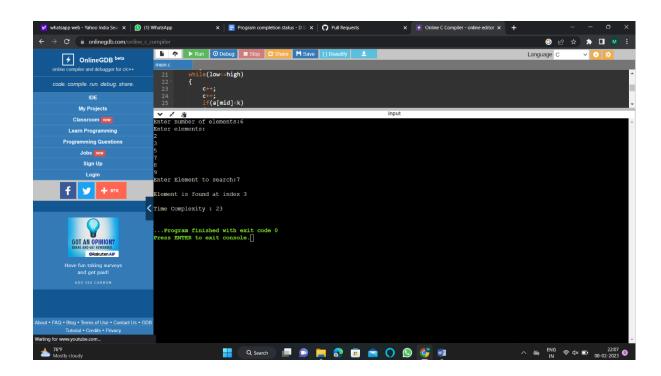
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 15.739 s

Press any key to continue.
```

4. Write a program to search a number in a list using linear search and estimate time complexity

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int c=0;
  int n,k,i,low,high,mid,a[50],temp;
  printf("Enter number of elements:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    c++;
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
  }
  c++;
  printf("Enter Element to search:");
  scanf("%d",&k);
  low=0; c++;
  high=n-1; c++;
  mid=low+high/2; c++;
  c++;
  while(low<=high)</pre>
    c++;
    c++;
    if(a[mid] < k)
       low=mid+1; c++;
    else if(a[mid]==k)
       printf("\nElement is found at index %d\n",mid);
       break;
     }
    else
       high=mid-1; c++;
```

```
}
  mid=(low+high)/2; c++;
}
c++;
c++;
if(low>high)
{
  printf("Element is not found\n");
}
printf("\nTime Complexity : %d\n",c);
}
```



5. Write a program to find the reverse of a given number.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
int c=0;
int n,r,rev=0;
c++;
printf("Enter number:");
scanf("%d",&n);
c++;
while (n!=0)
{
    r=n%10; c++;
    rev=(rev*10)+r; c++;
    n=n/10; c++;
}
c++;
printf("Reverse Number: %d",rev);
printf("\nTime Complexity: %d\n",c);
}
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa9-reverse.exe

Enter number:12345

Reverse Number : 54321

Time Complexity : 18

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 1.764 s

Press any key to continue.
```

6. Write a C program to perform Strassen's Matrix Multiplication for the 2*2 matrix elements and Estimate time complexity.

Program:

#include<stdio.h>

```
int main()
{
  int a[2][2],b[2][2],c[2][2],i,j;
  printf("Enter elements of matrix A:\n");
  for(i=0;i<=1;i++)
     for(j=0;j<=1;j++)
       scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
  printf("Enter elements of matrix B:\n");
  for(i=0;i<=1;i++)
     for(j=0;j<=1;j++)
       scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
     }
  c[0][0]=(a[0][0]*b[0][0])+(a[0][1]*b[1][0]);
  c[0][1]=(a[0][0]*b[0][1])+(a[0][1]*b[1][1]);
  c[1][0]=(a[1][0]*b[0][0])+(a[1][1]*b[1][0]);
  c[1][1]=(a[1][0]*b[0][1])+(a[1][1]*b[1][1]);
  printf("Matrix C : \n");
  for(i=0;i<=1;i++)
     for(j=0;j<=1;j++)
       printf("%d\t",c[i][j]);
```

```
printf("\n");
}

printf("\n");
}

I "C:\Users\Admin\Documents\daa10-Mat Mul.exe"

Enter elements of matrix A:
1     2
3     4
Enter elements of matrix B:
1     2
3     4
Matrix C:
7     10
15     22

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 8.717 s
Press any key to continue.
```