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Question 1: Elevator Pitch: Our project aims to predict Google stock prices using a Recurrent Neural Network (RNN). Leveraging historical stock market data, the RNN will capture temporal patterns and trends, providing reliable predictions for informed decisionmaking. This project will integrate advanced deep learning techniques and financial data analysis to offer a robust stock prediction model.

Question 2: Dataset Details

1) Collector(s):

Yahoo Finance or Alpha Vantage (depending on the selected source for stock market data).

2) Year:

The dataset will include data spanning the past 10 years (e.g., 2014–2024).

3) Title of Dataset:

"Google Stock Historical Data"

4) Version Number (if any):

No specific version number; the data is updated dynamically by the provider.

5) Publisher:

Yahoo Finance or Alpha Vantage.

6) DOI or URL:

Yahoo Finance: https://finance.yahoo.com/ Alpha

Vantage: https://www.alphavantage.co/

7) Study/Paper/Reason:

The data was collected for financial analysis, stock market research, and algorithmic trading purposes.

Question 3: Language and Libraries

Language:

Python 3.13.1

Libraries:

Data Collection & Preprocessing: Pandas, NumPy

Visualization: Matplotlib, Seaborn

• Model Building: TensorFlow/Keras, PyTorch

• Evaluation: Scikit-learn

Data Access: Alpha Vantage or Yahoo Finance API

Question 4: Code will write our own

Data Preprocessing: Cleaning and normalizing stock data, handling missing values, and creating time-series datasets.

Feature Engineering: Selecting features such as closing price, volume, and moving

averages.

Model Architecture: Defining and training the RNN model (e.g., LSTM or GRU).

Hyperparameter Tuning: Writing code to experiment with learning rates, batch sizes,

and sequence lengths.

• Evaluation Metrics: Implementing functions to calculate metrics like RMSE and MAE.

• Visualization: Plotting actual vs. predicted stock prices. Question 5: Best Choice of

Model

Model Choice:

Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) or Gated Recurrent Units (GRU)

Why: These models are designed to capture long-term dependencies in time-series data,
 making them ideal for stock market predictions, where historical trends significantly
 influence future prices.

Question 6: Hyperparameters and Optimization

Key Hyperparameters:

- 1. Learning Rate
- 2. Batch Size
- 3. Sequence Length (number of past days considered)
- 4. Number of LSTM/GRU units

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5. Dropout Rate

Optimization Strategy:

Use a grid search or random search for initial hyperparameter tuning.

Refine using Bayesian optimization or Hyperband for efficiency.

• Cross-validate results to ensure robustness. Question

7: Performance Evaluation

Metrics:

- 1. Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): To measure prediction accuracy.
- 2. **Mean Absolute Error (MAE):** To evaluate the average deviation.
- 3. **R-squared** (\mathbb{R}^2): To assess how well the model fits the data.

Techniques:

- Compare predicted vs. actual stock prices on unseen test data.
- Visualize predictions and trends to assess alignment with real data.

Meeting01:

• I am choosing Option 1 and I am implementing RNN extended approach.