

Hands-on Lab: Stored Procedures in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

Estimated time needed: 20 minutes

In this lab, you will learn how to create tables and load data in the MySQL database service using the phpMyAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use MySQL. MySQL is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) designed to efficiently store, manipulate, and retrieve data.



To complete this lab you will utilize MySQL relational database service available as part of IBM Skills Network Labs (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

Database Used in this Lab

Mysql_learners database has been used in this lab.

Data Used in this Lab

The data used in this lab is internal data. You will be working on the **PETSALE** table.

ID 🛋	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE	SALEDATE	QUANTITY
1	Cat	450.09	2018-05-29	9
2	Dog	666.66	2018-06-01	3
3	Parrot	50.00	2018-06-04	2
4	Hamster	60.60	2018-06-11	6
5	Goldfish	48.48	2018-06-14	24

This lab requires you to have the PETSALE table populated with sample data on mysql phpadmin interface. You might have created and populated a PETSALE table in a previous lab. But for this lab, it is recommended you download the PETSALE-CREATE-v2.sql script below, upload it to phpadmin console and run it. The script will create a new PETSALE table dropping any previous PETSALE table if exists, and will populate it with the required sample data.

• PETSALE-CREATE-v2.sql

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create stored procedures
- Execute stored procedures

Exercise 1

In this exercise, you will create and execute a stored procedure to read data from a table on mysql phpadmin using SQL.

1. Make sure you have created and populated the PETSALE table following the steps in the "Data Used in this Lab" section of this lab.

ID 🛎	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE	SALEDATE	QUANTITY
1	Cat	450.09	2018-05-29	9
2	Dog	666.66	2018-06-01	3
3	Parrot	50.00	2018-06-04	2
4	Hamster	60.60	2018-06-11	6
5	Goldfish	48.48	2018-06-14	24

- 2. You will create a stored procedure routine named **RETRIEVE_ALL**.
 - This RETRIEVE_ALL routine will contain an SQL query to retrieve all the records from the PETSALE table, so you don't need to write the

same query over and over again. You just call the stored procedure routine to execute the query everytime.

o To create the stored procedure routine, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the SQL page. Click Go.

```
DELIMITER //

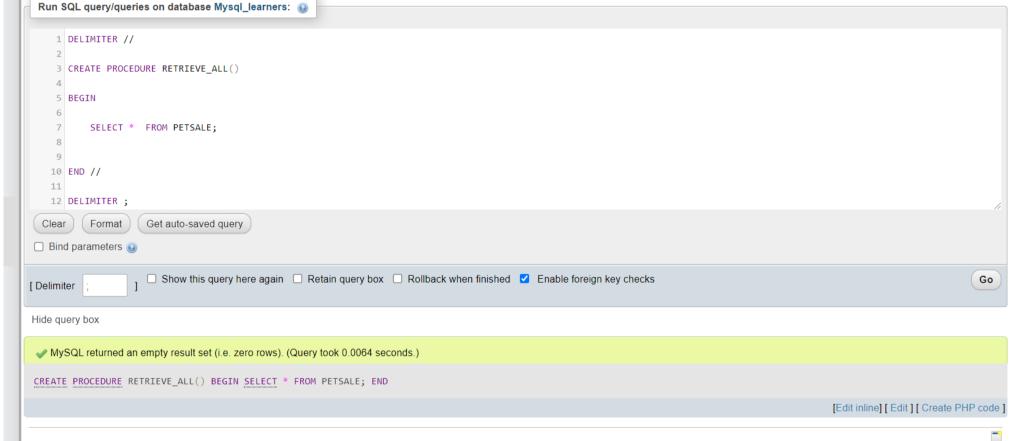
CREATE PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL()

BEGIN

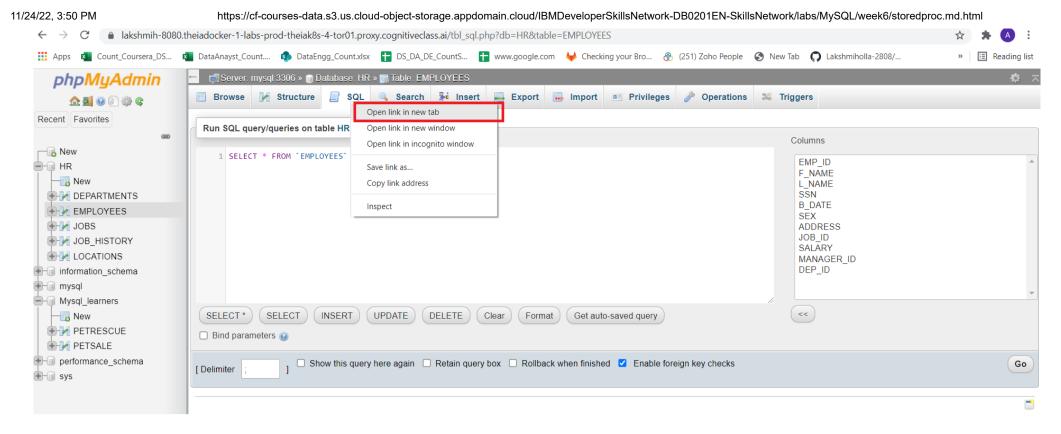
SELECT * FROM PETSALE;

END //

DELIMITER;
```

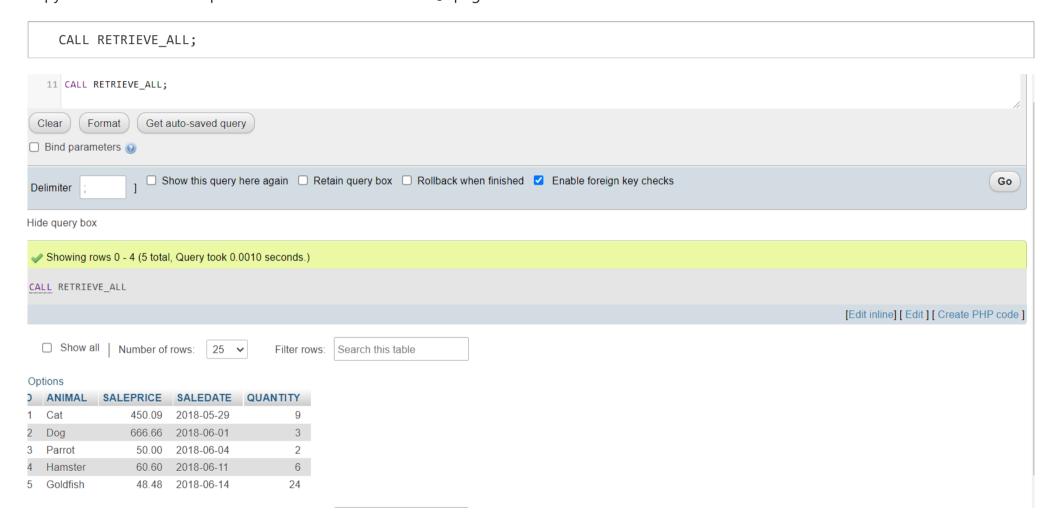


3. To call the RETRIEVE_ALL routine, open another SQL tab by clicking Open in new Tab

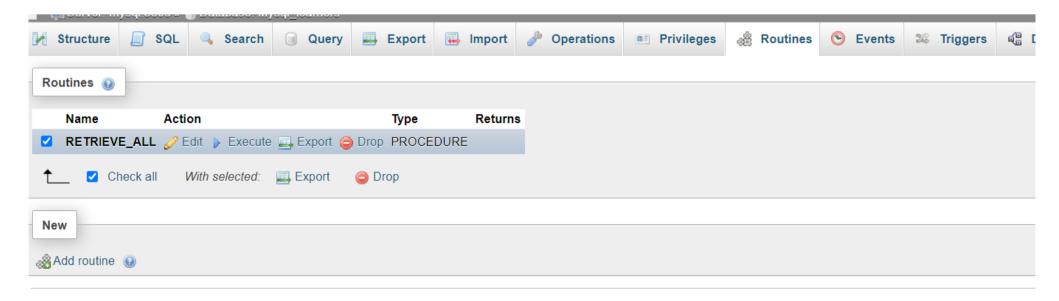


Delete the default line which appears so that you will get a blank window.

copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the SQL page. Click Go.



4. You can view the created stored procedure routine RETRIEVE_ALL. Click on the Routines and view the procedure.



5. If you wish to drop the stored procedure routine RETRIEVE_ALL, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the SQL page. Click

DROP PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL;

CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;

Structure SQL Search Query Export Import Operations Revents Routines Routines Events Triggers Routines Events Triggers Routines Privileges Routines Events Triggers Routines Triggers Routines Events Triggers Triggers Triggers Routines Triggers Triggers

Exercise 2

#1305 - PROCEDURE Mysql_learners.RETRIEVE_ALL does not exist

MySQL said:

In this exercise, you will create and execute a stored procedure to write/modify data in a table on Db2 using SQL.

1. Make sure you have created and populated the **PETSALE** table following the steps in the "Data Used in this Lab" section of this lab.

ID 📤	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE	SALEDATE	QUANTITY
1	Cat	450.09	2018-05-29	9
2	Dog	666.66	2018-06-01	3
3	Parrot	50.00	2018-06-04	2
4	Hamster	60.60	2018-06-11	6
5	Goldfish	48.48	2018-06-14	24

- 2. You will create a stored procedure routine named **UPDATE_SALEPRICE** with parameters **Animal_ID** and **Animal_Health**.
 - This **UPDATE_SALEPRICE** routine will contain SQL queries to update the sale price of the animals in the PETSALE table depending on their

health conditions, BAD or WORSE.

 This procedure routine will take animal ID and health condition as parameters which will be used to update the sale price of animal in the

PETSALE table by an amount depending on their health condition. Suppose - * For animal with ID XX having BAD health condition, the sale price will be reduced further by 25%. * For animal with ID YY having WORSE health condition, the sale price will be reduced further by 50%. * For animal with ID ZZ having other health condition, the sale price won't change.

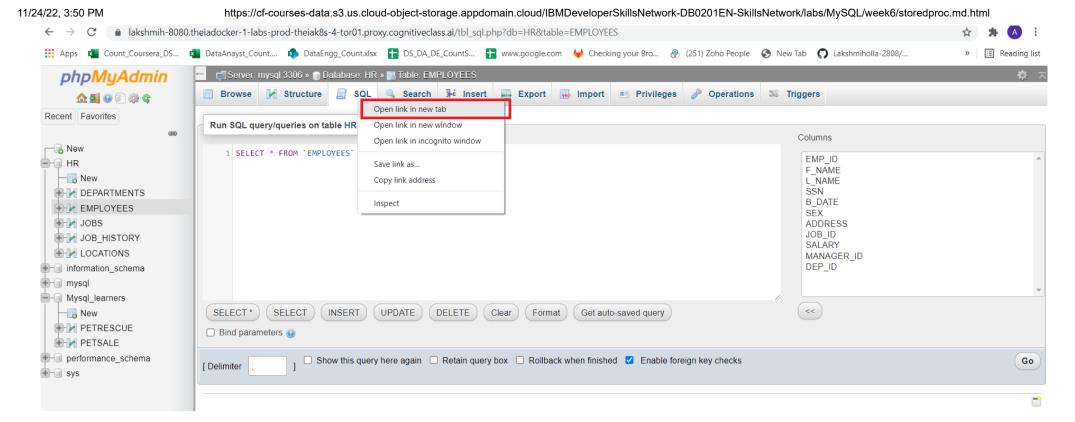
• To create the stored procedure routine, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click **Go**.

```
11/24/22, 3:50 PM
                                 https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-DB0201EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/MySQL/week6/storedproc.md.html
    DELIMITER @
    CREATE PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALEPRICE (
        IN Animal_ID INTEGER, IN Animal_Health VARCHAR(5) )
     BEGIN
        IF Animal_Health = 'BAD' THEN
             UPDATE PETSALE
             SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE - (SALEPRICE * 0.25)
             WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
        ELSEIF Animal_Health = 'WORSE' THEN
             UPDATE PETSALE
             SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE - (SALEPRICE * 0.5)
             WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
         ELSE
             UPDATE PETSALE
             SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE
             WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
        END IF;
     END @
    DELIMITER;
                  SQL
                           Search  Query
                                                 Export Import
                                                                        Operations
                                                                                       Privileges & Routines
                                                                                                                  Events
                                                                                                                                          Designer
      Run SQL query/queries on database Mysql_learners: 🔞
        15
        16
              ELSE
        17
                UPDATE PETSALE
                 SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE
        18
                 WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
        19
        20
        21
              END IF;
        22
        23 END @
        24
        25 DELIMITER;
        26
                       Get auto-saved query
      Clear
             Format
     □ Bind parameters (2)
                        Show this query here again ☐ Retain query box ☐ Rollback when finished ☑ Enable foreign key checks
                                                                                                                                                                 Go
    [ Delimiter
     Hide query box
      MySQL returned an empty result set (i.e. zero rows). (Query took 0.0214 seconds.)
     CREATE PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALEPRICE ( IN Animal_ID INTEGER, IN Animal_Health VARCHAR(5) ) BEGIN IF Animal_Health = 'BAD' THEN UPDATE PETSALE SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE
     (SALEPRICE * 0.25) WHERE ID = Animal_ID; ELSEIF Animal_Health = 'WORSE' THEN UPDATE PETSALE SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE * 0.5) WHERE ID = Animal_ID; ELSE UPDATE
     PETSALE <u>SET</u> SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE WHERE ID = Animal_ID; END <u>IF</u>; END
```

3. Let's call the UPDATE_SALEPRICE routine. We want to update the sale price of animal with ID 1 having BAD health condition in the

PETSALE table. open another SQL tab by clicking Open in new Tab

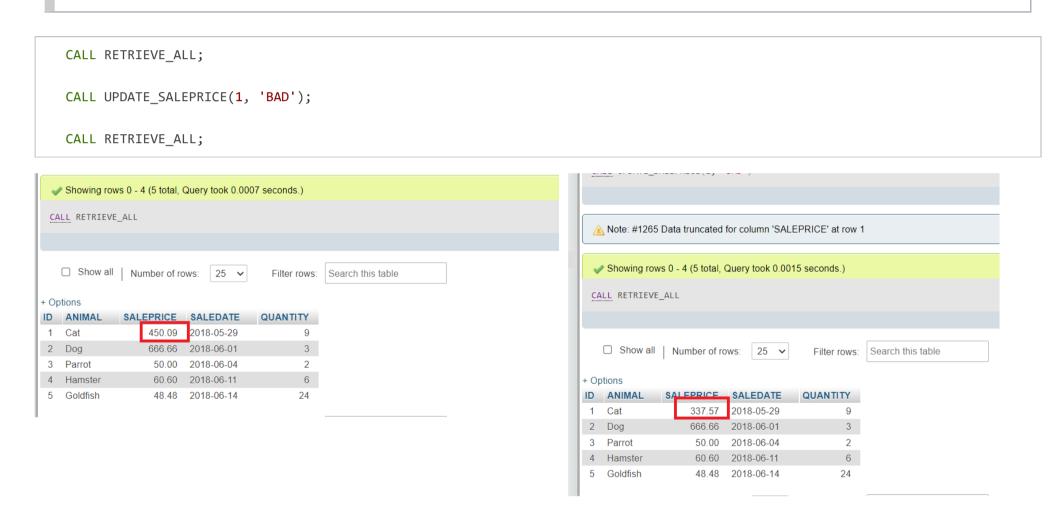
[Edit inline] [Edit] [Create PHP code]



Delete the default line which appears so that you will get a blank window.

copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click **Go**.

Note if you have dropped RETREIVE_ALL procedure rerun the creation script of that procedure before executing these lines.



4. Let's call the UPDATE_SALEPRICE routine once again. We want to update the sale price of animal with ID 3 having **WORSE** health condition

in the PETSALE table. copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click **Go**. You will have all the records retrieved from the PETSALE table.

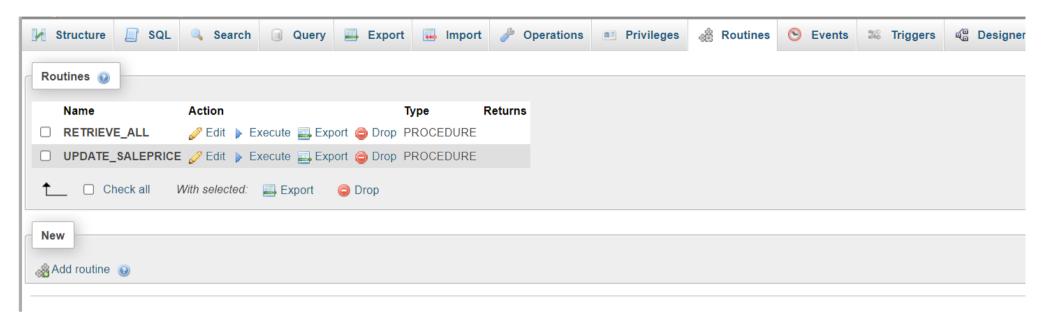
```
CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;

CALL UPDATE_SALEPRICE(3, 'WORSE');

CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;
```

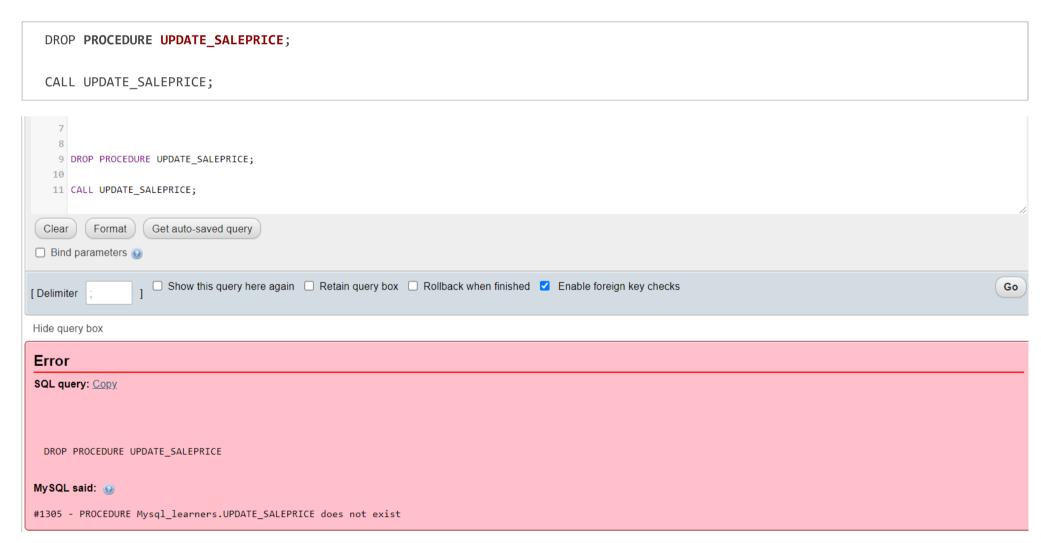


5. You can view the created stored procedure routine UPDATE_SALEPRICE. Click on the Routines and view the procedure.



6. If you wish to drop the stored procedure routine UPDATE_SALEPRICE, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the **SQL** page. Click

Go.



Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.

Author(s)

Lakshmi Holla

Malika Singla

Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2021-08-09	0.2	Sathya Priya	Updated HTML tags and SQL link
2021-11-01	0.1	Lakshmi Holla, Malika Singla	Initial Version

© IBM Corporation 2021. All rights reserved.