

CS 614 – Applications of ML

Project 1 – Computer Vision

Submitted by: Manil Shrestha

Project: Plant disease classification through photographs of leaves

1. Pitch:

State the circumstances an organization or sets of users would be willing to fund the proposed ML application based on their perceived value. Value could be financial, or any other type of outcome organizations or users need to obtain (e.g., institutional image, customer satisfaction, increased quality, or efficiency).

Advancement in computer vision technology can be of great help to farmers and people interested in house (indoor) plants. With the use of this model, plant enthusiasts can identify any diseases that may need attention. The model created in this project can be incorporated into a mobile app that can provide the type of disease. With information on type of disease, mobile developer can use a database to add necessary solutions, such as fertilizers or changes in growing conditions to the plant. Highly effective for famers

2. Data source:

Indicate with a link where you obtained the data. If you generated the data yourself, please provide a link to the code of the used approach.

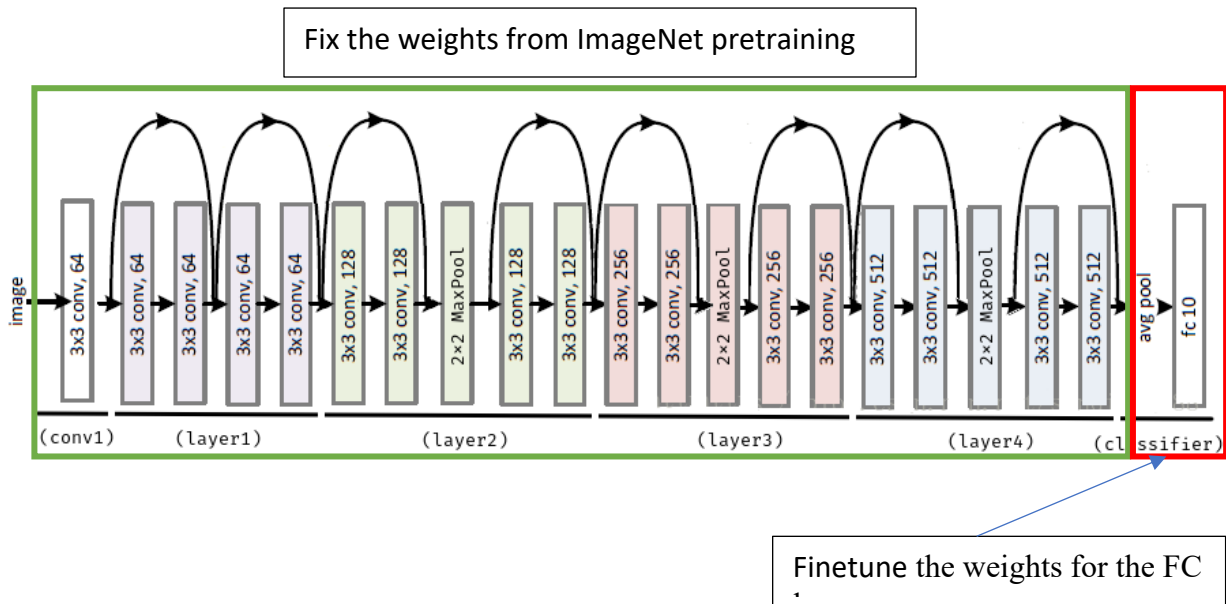
This dataset consists of about 87K rgb images of healthy and diseased crop leaves which is categorized into 38 different classes. Data was downloaded from a Kaggle competition:

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/vip000001/new-plant-diseases-dataset>

3. Model and data justification:

Justify why you chose a specific model to learn from the selected data. If you learned that a given more would be suitable for a type of data from a publication, please provide a link to the source. Note you still have to justify it with your own words (as always, limit to three sentences).

To achieve high accuracy on my task, I utilized a ResNet-18 model that had been pre-trained on the large-scale ImageNet dataset. ResNet-18 has demonstrated outstanding performance on a variety of classification tasks, as shown by a [2018 ACM paper](https://dl.acm.org/doi/abs/10.1145/3194452.3194461) (<https://dl.acm.org/doi/abs/10.1145/3194452.3194461>) and other studies. [Khan et al., 2018]. Given its track record, I was confident that this pre-trained model would produce strong results on my own task.

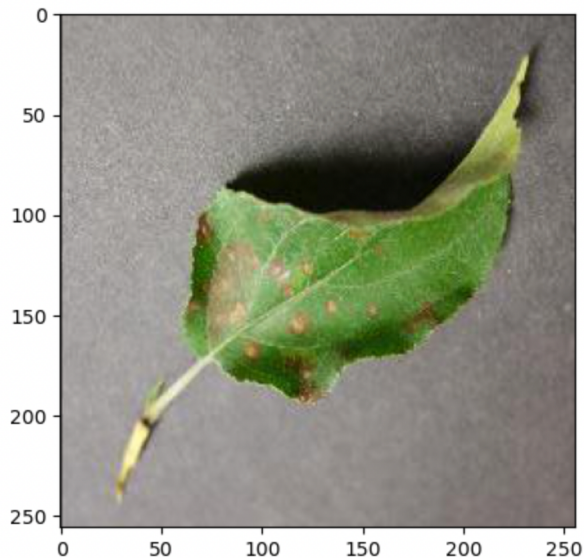


4. Commented examples:

Indicate the input where trained model is applied, the output and whether it is as expected or any observations you may have.

Label :Apple__Cedar_apple_rust(2)

Predicted Label: Apple__Cedar_apple_rust
Softmax Score: 0.9706792235374451



5. Testing:

Provide a confusion matrix with one or more metrics and comment the results.

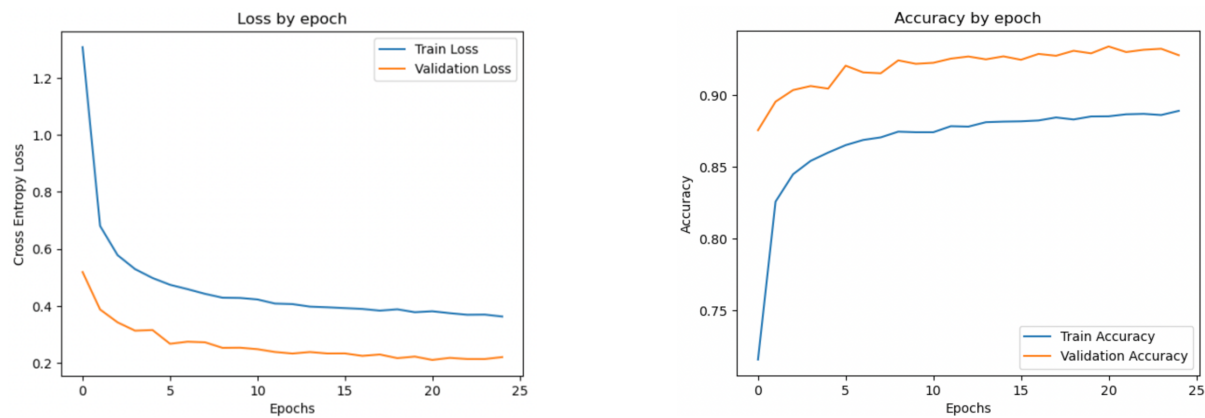


Fig: Loss and accuracy reporting by epoch

The confusion matrix below shows the frequency of actual labels being predicted correctly or not in the validation dataset. As you can see the diagonals have very high frequency, meaning most of the times (i.e., 93.5%), model correctly predicts the labels of the picture. This is by just finetuning the last FC layer of pretrained ResNet-18 model for 25 epochs.

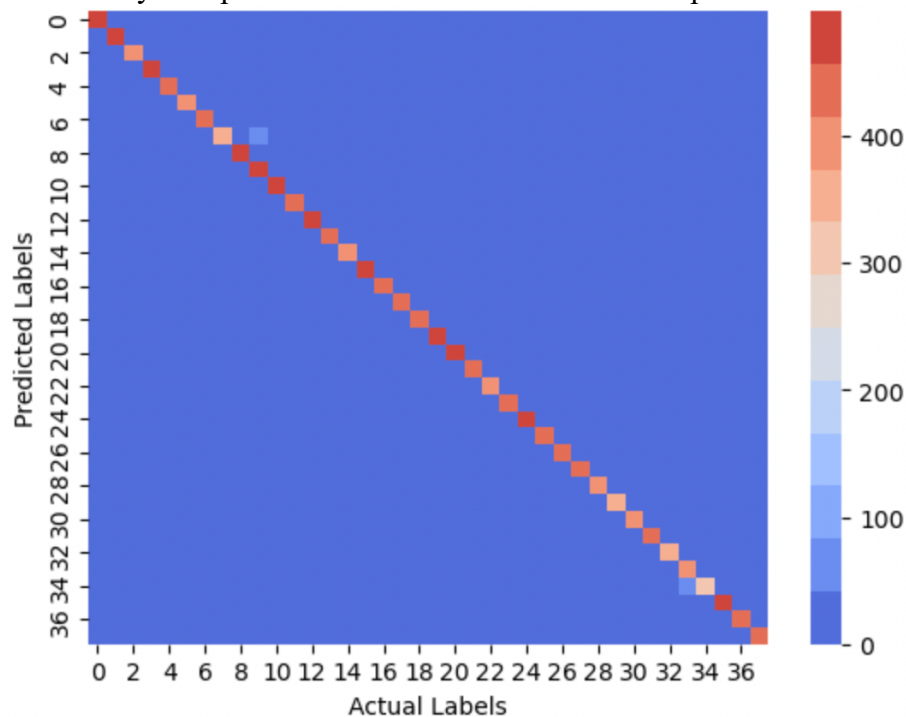


Fig: Confusion matrix for the validation set

Labels	precision	recall	f1-score
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0	0.961	0.938	0.95
1	0.996	0.93	0.961
2	0.958	0.927	0.942
3	0.947	0.96	0.954
4	0.901	0.978	0.938
5	0.993	0.962	0.977
6	0.98	0.985	0.982
7	0.956	0.854	0.902
8	0.986	1	0.993
9	0.886	0.964	0.924
10	1	0.989	0.995
11	0.978	0.939	0.958
12	0.938	0.979	0.958
13	0.993	0.977	0.985
14	0.974	0.979	0.976
15	0.986	0.99	0.988
16	0.952	0.954	0.953
17	0.946	0.972	0.959
18	0.932	0.941	0.937
19	0.932	0.968	0.95
20	0.985	0.957	0.971
21	0.948	0.905	0.926
22	0.967	0.893	0.928
23	0.991	0.98	0.985
24	0.978	0.952	0.965
25	0.991	0.998	0.994
26	0.977	0.975	0.976
27	0.978	0.996	0.987
28	0.967	0.906	0.936
29	0.777	0.775	0.776
30	0.825	0.834	0.829
31	0.859	0.906	0.882
32	0.834	0.821	0.828
33	0.75	0.897	0.817
34	0.787	0.672	0.725
35	0.934	0.976	0.954
36	0.871	0.962	0.914
37	0.925	0.894	0.909

6. Code and instructions to run it:

Provide a link to the code and any required instructions to run it. Please include some testing examples so we can quickly experience what you experienced with the model.

Here is the link to Jupyter Notebook which has been uploaded in the github:

<https://github.com/ManilShrestha/SparseCoding/blob/main/Plants-ResNet18-Pretrained.ipynb>

You can recreate the training and experiments by following the steps:

1. Change the data_dir to the root directory where your data resides after downloading from: <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/vipooooool/new-plant-diseases-dataset>
2. Make sure all the dependencies are installed in your machine.
3. Run all the cells in the notebook.